# Comparison of Energy Efficiency, Eco-Friendliness, Cost, and Convenience of



## Phase-Change and Biosolar Materials in Solar Panels



## Purpose

The purpose of this study is to conclude whether bio-solar materials or phase change materials are better in terms of energy efficiency, eco-friendliness, and cost and convenience in solar panels. We will explore these factors in a variety of different conditions and designs, for each type of material. To come to the most accurate conclusion, we created a rating system, based on government regulations, industry standards, and common scientific values.

## Background Info

Two materials currently being researched for solar panels are phase change materials (PCM) and biosolar materials. PCMs are useful in solar panels since they can hold their shape, are thermally conductive, and are corrosion-resistant (Dwivedi et al., 2016). However, their efficiency can be affected by temperature, they are very expensive, and they need a secondary panel since they cannot generate power directly. Biosolar materials do not need to be used in conjunction with different materials for generating electricity and can form the whole solar cell, but it requires specific species of bacteria and must be cleaned regularly (Reshma et al., 2017).

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### **Experimental Methods**

Figure 1. Biosolar Solar Panel Layout.

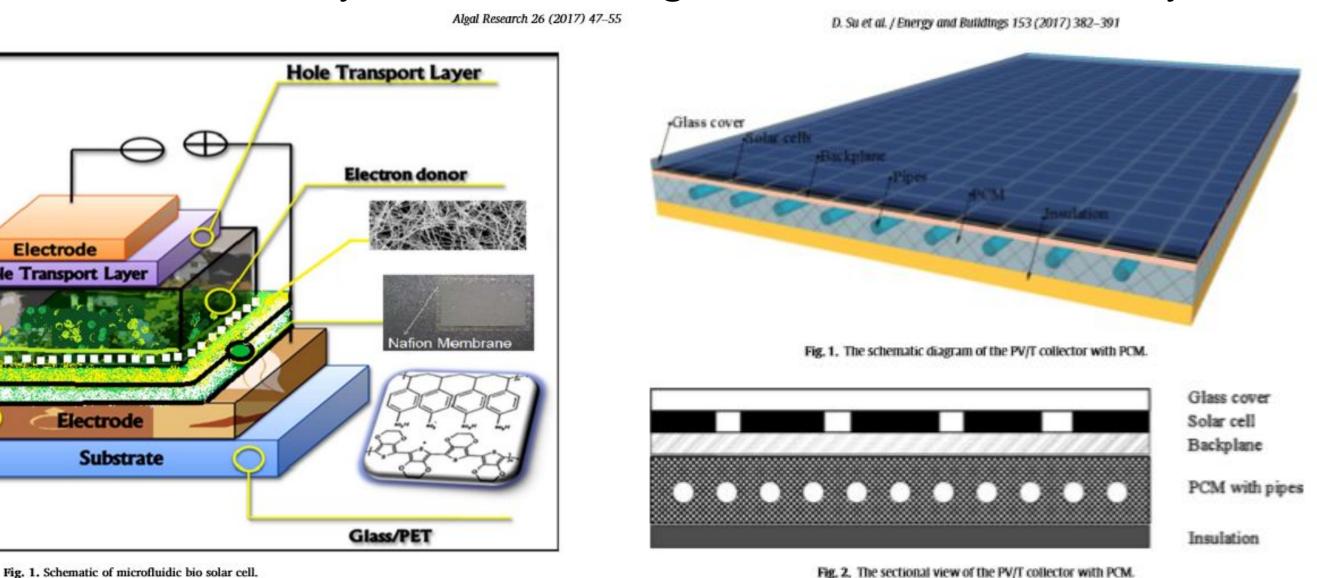


Figure 2. PCM Solar Panel Layout.

#### **Efficiency**

- Voltmeters and ammeters will measure voltage and current.
- Measurements in the morning, afternoon, and evening.
- Different test variables, including amount of sunlight exposure, cleanliness, temperature, weather, and more.

#### **Eco-friendliness**

- Measure the effects created by each material on natural water and air.
- Comparison of data to current environmental regulations and industry standards.

#### **Cost and Convenience**

- Keep track of the materials that we use, how much we use of each material, and how much each material costs.
- Potentially test alternative materials to see if there is a benefit to using more or less expensive materials.
- Look at ease of installation, maintenance, and versatility.

## **Expected Outcomes**

**Table 1.** Decision Matrix in Comparing Aspects of PCMs and Biosolar Materials. \* Poor +, Average ++, Good +++, Excellent ++++

Category	Phase Change Materials (PCM)	Biosolar Materials
Efficiency	++++	+++
Eco-Friendliness	++	+++
Cost	++	+++
Convenience	+++	++

### Future Implications

- We believe that biosolar materials will be the best choice of material, because it will be efficient, eco-friendly, and low cost.
- Future work should focus on the development of biosolar material solar panels.

### References

Dwivedi, V. K., Tiwari, P., & Tiwari, S. (2016). Importance of phase change material (PCM) in solar thermal applications: A review. In 2016 International Conference on Emerging Trends in Electrical Electronics Sustainable Energy Systems (ICETEESES) (pp. 42–45). https://doi.org/10.1109/ICETEESES.2016.7581349

Reshma, L., Chaitanyakumar, A., Aditya, A. L. G. N., Ramaraj, B., & Santhakumar, K. (2017). Modeling of microfluidic bio-solar cell using microalgae through multiphysics platform: A greener approach en route for energy production. *Algal Research*, 26, 47–55. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1016/j.algal.2017.07.002">https://doi.org/10.1016/j.algal.2017.07.002</a>

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