

**Study of Relationships between Apparel Manufacturers'
Supply Chain Management, Company Characteristics, and Inventory Performance**

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(ABSTRACT)

The purpose of this study is to examine apparel manufacturers' inventory performance, which is one of the major performance indicators of supply chain management (SCM) with the consideration of company characteristics. The objectives of the study are (a) to identify the level of SCM activities of apparel manufacturers, (b) to examine the differences of apparel manufacturers' characteristics (i.e., product characteristic, production system, fabric suppliers, retail customers) according to the level of SCM activities, and (c) to illustrate how the SCM activities and apparel manufacturers' characteristics relate to the inventory management performance in terms of levels within the type (i.e., raw material, work-in-process, finished goods). Through an intensive literature review six SCM dimensions and 26 SCM activities were identified and four company characteristics selected for the study were found to influence the company performance. Inventory levels within the type were compared as a result of levels of SCM activities and company characteristics. Data were collected via a self-administered mail questionnaire sent to a random proportional stratified sample of 1,195 US apparel manufacturers in SIC 231 to 234. In the data analyses, 93 returned surveys were used with the adjusted response rate of 9.49%.

Cluster analysis was used to identify the SCM activity groups who showed different levels of SCM activities. Factor analysis was used to determine the number of SCM dimensions and SCM activity scales, and to identify the SCM activity level of each cluster. ANOVA, Chi-square, Tukey-test, matched sample t-test, t-test, regression, and

correlation were employed to determine the relationships between SCM activity level, company characteristics and inventory levels within the type.

Statistical analyses supported the research hypotheses. Apparel manufacturers' SCM activity level differs and company characteristics are significantly related with the SCM activity level. Company characteristics and SCM activity level are significantly related with the inventory performance. Findings imply that basic goods manufacturers are more likely to see the benefits of SCM activity implementation in inventory performance. Lead-time for fashion goods procurement, production, and delivery takes longer than basic goods and is hard to be shortened. Limitations of the study and suggestions for future study were discussed.

Dedicated to my Parents, Husband, and Son

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Special thanks are given to:

My advisor, Dr. Doris, H. Kincade, for her continued guidance, incredible patience, support, and encouragement through out the process of the research as well as my new life in Virginia Tech.

My committee members, Dr. Ralph D. Badinelli, Dr. Jessie Chen-yu, Dr. Valerie Giddings, and Dr. Kusum Singh for their valuable suggestion, keen interest, and co-operation with the research.

My sister, Naree, and My friends, Caroline, Don, Joni, and Kate for their valuable assistance with the data collection.

My parents-in-law for their endless patience and support.

My advisor in Korea, Eun-Young Rhee, for teaching me to love what I do in this area.

My parents for their unending love, trust, patience, and support.

My son, Isaac. Now you will know why I could not spend more time with you during your first nine month in the world.