

Optimal Vehicle Path Generator

Using Optimization Methods

by

Peeroon (Pete) Ramanata

Mehdi Ahmadian, Chairman

Pushkin Kachroo, Co-Chairman

Mechanical Engineering

This research explores the idea of developing an optimal path generator that can be used in conjunction with a feedback steering controller to automate track testing experiment. This study specifically concentrates on applying optimization concepts to generate paths that meet two separate objective functions; minimum time and maximum tire forces.

A three-degree-of freedom vehicle model is used to approximate the handling dynamics of the vehicle. Inputs into the vehicle model are steering angle and longitudinal force at the tire. These two variables approximate two requirements that are essential in operating a vehicle. The Third order Runge-Kutta integration routine is used to integrate vehicle dynamics equations of motion. The Optimization Toolbox of Matlab is used to evaluate the optimization algorithm. The vehicle is constrained with a series of conditions, includes, a travel within the boundaries of the track, traction force limitations at the tire, vehicle speed, and steering.

The simulation results show that the optimization applied to vehicle dynamics can be useful in designing an automated track testing system. The optimal path generator can be used to develop meaningful test paths on existing test tracks. This study can be used to generate an accelerated tire wear test path, perform parametric study of suspension geometry design using vehicle dynamics handling test data, and to increase repeatability in generating track testing results.

Acknowledgments

First and foremost, I would like to say thank you to Dr. Mehdi Ahmadian for his help, support and guidance over the past two years. With his encouragement, I am able to successfully accomplish my goals in completing my Master's degree and also to get my foot in the door in the field of vehicle dynamics. He has taught me how to become successful in many aspects of life. I am very grateful to have had him as an advisor.

I would also like to thank Dr. Pushkin Kachroo for his expertise in vehicle dynamic modeling (X-Y plane). His guidance helped me clarify the scope of this research and focus on the objective. I would like to thank Dr. Douglas J. Nelson for his time in serving on my committee. I also owe Dr. Eugene M. Cliff tremendous thanks for getting me over the hurdle in optimal controls.

Special thanks are due to The Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company for their help in providing me with tire data. Specifically I would like to thank Steve Rohweder who not only initiated the idea for this thesis but also did the leg work in sending me the tire data. Without his help, this thesis would not have been completed.

I would like to thank the Department of Mechanical Engineering for providing financial funding towards my graduate studies.

I would like to thank AVDL members, Chet Dhruna, Matt Doyle, Chris Pare, Brian Reichert, and Jaime Venezia for making the years in graduate school the most memorable and fun. I would like to thank Xubin Song for his help in answering Matlab questions, guiding me to the resources I needed for my simulation and for giving me unrestricted computer time. I also would like to thank Michael Kaiser for letting me use his computer and office in time of need.

I would like to thank my family, Phaiboone, Poonsup and Art Ramanata for their love and support throughout the years at Virginia Tech. Finally, I would like to say thank you to Susan for her patience, understanding, sacrifice, and love over the years.

Contents

1.0 Introduction.....	1
1.1 Motivation for Studying Vehicle Dynamics	1
1.2 Motivation for this Research	
1.3 Research Objective	3
1.4 Literature Review	4
1.4.1 Minimum Time Optimal Path.....	5
1.4.2 Vehicle and Tire Model.....	6
1.4.3 Autonomous Vehicles	7
1.5 Thesis Outline.....	8
2.0 Vehicle Dynamics Modeling.....	10
2.1 Vehicle Axis System	10
2.2 Vehicle Models.....	13
2.3 Three-Degree-of-Freedom Vehicle Model Derivation	16
2.3.1 Equations of Motion	16
2.3.2 Front Tire Slip Angle Derivation	18
2.3.3 Rear Tire Slip Angle Derivation	19
2.4 Longitudinal (Traction/Braking) Force.....	20
2.5 Segel Lateral Force Model.....	21
2.6 Friction Ellipse Concept.....	22
2.7 Friction Circle Concept.....	23
2.8 State Space Representation.....	24
2.9 Vehicle Model Verification	25
2.9.1 Vehicle Steering Symmetry Validation: Step Input	29
2.9.2 Vehicle Steering Symmetry Validation: Saw-Tooth Input.....	34
2.9.3 Vehicle Steering Symmetry Validation: Sine Wave Input.....	39
3.0 Path Optimization	45
3.1 Optimization Routine Formulation	45
3.2 Matlab Optimization Toolbox Function.....	46

3.3 Optimal Vehicle Path Simulation.....	47
3.4 Computation Time.....	47
3.5 Variable Definitions	48
3.5.1 State Variables.....	48
3.5.1.1 State Variable Constraints	48
3.5.2 System Input Variables.....	50
3.5.2.1 System Input Variables Constraints.....	50
3.5.3 Path Constraint	53
3.6 Cost Function	57
3.6.1 Time Minimization Cost Function	57
3.6.2 Tire Force Maximization Cost Function.....	59
4.0 Optimal Path Simulation	62
4.1 Simulation Test Tracks	62
4.2 Optimal Path Simulation	63
4.3 Simulation Cases	64
4.4 Minimum Time Simulation.....	65
4.4.1 Two-Section Test Track	65
4.4.1.1 Step Input	66
4.4.1.1.1 Case No. 1: Minimum Time, $V_{\eta} = 10$ m/s, Step Input.....	66
4.4.1.1.2 Case No. 2: Minimum Time, $V_{\eta} = 10$ m/s, Step Input.....	75
4.4.1.2 Sine Wave Input.....	83
4.4.1.2.1 Case No. 3: Minimum Time, $V_{\eta} = 10$ m/s, Sine Input.....	84
4.4.2 Three-Section Test Track.....	91
4.4.2.1.1 Case No. 4: Minimum Time, $V_{\eta} = 10$ m/s, Step Input.....	92
4.5 Maximum Front Tire Forces Simulation.....	100
4.5.1.1 Case No. 5: Maximum Front Tire Forces, $V_{\eta} = 10$ m/s, Step Input	100
4.5.1.2 Case No. 6: Maximum Front Tire Forces, $V_{\eta} = 10$ m/s, Step Input	109
4.5.1.3 Case No. 7: Maximum Front Tire Forces, $V_{\eta} = 10$ m/s, Sine Input.....	118
4.5.1.4 Case No. 8: Maximum Front Tire Forces, $V_{\eta} = 10$ m/s, Step Input	126

5.0 Conclusion	134
5.1 Conclusion	134
5.2 Practical Use	134
5.3 Improvement on Overall Approach.....	135
5.4 Future Research.....	136
5.4.1 Using Optimal Controls Method.....	136
5.4.2 Applying Optimal Path	136
5.4.3 Using Different Vehicle and Tire Models.....	136
5.4.4 Parallel Processing Computation	137
References.....	138
Vita.....	141

List of Figures

Figure 1.1 Automated Vehicle Handling Track Testing Outline.....	4
Figure 1.2 Literature Review Keyword Search Diagram	5
Figure 2.1 Vehicle Axis System	10
Figure 2.2 Walking Analogy to Tire Slip Angles	11
Figure 2.3 SAE Tire Axis System	12
Figure 2.4 Body-Slip Angle	13
Figure 2.5 Two-Degree-of-Freedom Model	14
Figure 2.6 Three-Degree-of-Freedom Model	14
Figure 2.7 Rotational Degree of Freedom at Wheel.....	15
Figure 2.8 Eight-Degree-of-Freedom Model.....	15
Figure 2.9 Three-Degree-of-Freedom Model Used in this Research	16
Figure 2.10 Front Tire Slip Angle	18
Figure 2.11 Rear Tire Slip Angle	19
Figure 2.12 Friction Ellipse Diagram.....	23
Figure 2.13 Friction Circle Diagram.....	24
Figure 2.14 Smith Vehicle Response with Saw-Tooth Input.....	26
Figure 2.15 Three-Degree-of-Freedom Model Response Subjected to Saw-Tooth Input	26
Figure 2.16 Smith Vehicle Response with Step Input.....	27
Figure 2.17 Three-Degree-of-Freedom Model Response Subjected to Step Input	27
Figure 2.18 System Inputs with Step Steering Angle for Cases A, B, and C	30
Figure 2.19 Results for Case A	31
Figure 2.20 Results for Case B	32
Figure 2.21 Results for Case C	33
Figure 2.22 System Inputs with Step Steering Angle for Cases D, E, and F.....	35
Figure 2.23 Results for Case D	36
Figure 2.24 Results for Case E	37
Figure 2.25 Results for Case F.....	38
Figure 2.26 System Inputs with Step Steering Angle for Cases G, H, and I.....	40

Figure 2.27 Results for Case G	41
Figure 2.28 Results for Case H	42
Figure 2.29 Results for Case I.....	43
Figure 3.1 Optimal Vehicle Path Simulation Program Flow Chart	47
Figure 3.2 Path Constraint Definition for a Generic Road.....	53
Figure 3.3 Path Constraint Function.....	55
Figure 3.4 Path Constraint Function Derivation	56
Figure 4.1 A Modular Test Track Section.....	62
Figure 4.2 Simulation Test Tracks	63
Figure 4.3 Two-Section Test Track	65
Figure 4.4 Case No. 1: Optimal System Input	68
Figure 4.5 Case No. 1: Optimal Vehicle Path.....	70
Figure 4.6 Case No. 1: Lateral Position, Velocity, & Acceleration	71
Figure 4.7 Case No. 1: Longitudinal Velocity, Yaw Angle & Velocity	72
Figure 4.8 Case No. 1: Lateral Force, Slip Angle, & Speed Constraint.....	73
Figure 4.9 Case No. 1: Path Constraint, Steering Angle Constraint, & Longitudinal Force Constraint	74
Figure 4.10 Case No. 2: Optimal System Input	76
Figure 4.11 Case No. 2: Optimal Vehicle Path.....	78
Figure 4.12 Case No. 2: Lateral Position, Velocity, & Acceleration	79
Figure 4.13 Case No. 2: Longitudinal Velocity, Yaw Angle & Velocity	80
Figure 4.14 Case No. 2: Lateral Force, Slip Angle, & Speed Constraint.....	81
Figure 4.15 Case No. 2: Path Constraint, Steering Angle Constraint, & Longitudinal Force Constraint	82
Figure 4.16 Case No. 3: Optimal System Input	85
Figure 4.17 Case No. 3: Optimal Vehicle Path.....	86
Figure 4.18 Case No. 3: Lateral Position, Velocity, & Acceleration	87
Figure 4.19 Case No. 3: Longitudinal Velocity, Yaw Angle & Velocity	88
Figure 4.20 Case No. 3: Lateral Force, Slip Angle, & Speed Constraint.....	89

Figure 4.21 Case No. 3: Path Constraint, Steering Angle Constraint, & Longitudinal Force Constraint	90
Figure 4.22 Three-Section Test Track	91
Figure 4.23 Case No. 4: Optimal System Input	92
Figure 4.24 Case No. 4: Optimal Vehicle Path	95
Figure 4.25 Case No. 4: Lateral Position, Velocity, & Acceleration	96
Figure 4.26 Case No. 4: Longitudinal Velocity, Yaw Angle & Velocity	97
Figure 4.27 Case No. 4: Lateral Force, Slip Angle, & Speed Constraint.....	98
Figure 4.28 Case No. 4: Path Constraint, Steering Angle Constraint, & Longitudinal Force Constraint	99
Figure 4.29 Case No. 5: Optimal System Input	101
Figure 4.30 Case No. 5: Optimal Vehicle Path	103
Figure 4.31 Case No. 5: Lateral Position, Velocity, & Acceleration	104
Figure 4.32 Case No. 5: Longitudinal Velocity, Yaw Angle & Velocity	105
Figure 4.33 Case No. 5: Lateral Force, Slip Angle, & Speed Constraint.....	106
Figure 4.34 Case No. 5: Path Constraint, Steering Angle Constraint, & Longitudinal Force Constraint	107
Figure 4.35 Case No. 5: Maximum Tire Force Objective Variable, Resultant Tire Force	108
Figure 4.36 Case No. 6: Optimal System Input	109
Figure 4.37 Case No. 6: Optimal Vehicle Path	112
Figure 4.38 Case No. 6: Lateral Position, Velocity, & Acceleration	113
Figure 4.39 Case No. 6: Longitudinal Velocity, Yaw Angle & Velocity	114
Figure 4.40 Case No. 6: Lateral Force, Slip Angle, & Speed Constraint.....	115
Figure 4.41 Case No. 6: Path Constraint, Steering Angle Constraint, & Longitudinal Force Constraint	116
Figure 4.42 Case No. 6: Maximum Tire Force Objective Variable, Resultant Tire Force	117
Figure 4.43 Case No. 7: Optimal System Input	119
Figure 4.44 Case No. 7: Optimal Vehicle Path	120
Figure 4.45 Case No. 7: Lateral Position, Velocity, & Acceleration	121
Figure 4.46 Case No. 7: Longitudinal Velocity, Yaw Angle & Velocity	122

Figure 4.47 Case No. 7: Lateral Force, Slip Angle, & Speed Constraint.....	123
Figure 4.48 Case No. 7: Path Constraint, Steering Angle Constraint, & Longitudinal Force Constraint	124
Figure 4.49 Case No. 7: Maximum Tire Force Objective Variable, Resultant Tire Force	125
Figure 4.50 Case No. 8: Optimal System Input	127
Figure 4.51 Case No. 8: Optimal Vehicle Path	128
Figure 4.52 Case No. 8: Lateral Position, Velocity, & Acceleration	129
Figure 4.53 Case No. 8: Longitudinal Velocity, Yaw Angle & Velocity	130
Figure 4.54 Case No. 8: Lateral Force, Slip Angle, & Speed Constraint.....	131
Figure 4.55 Case No. 8: Path Constraint, Steering Angle Constraint, & Longitudinal Force Constraint	132
Figure 4.56 Case No. 8: Maximum Tire Force Objective Variable, Resultant Tire Force	133

List of Tables

Table 2.1 Vehicle Parameter Used in Simulation Study	17
Table 2.2 Vehicle Model Validation Test Cases	29
Table 3.1 Weighting Factors for Minimum Time Cost Function	59
Table 3.2 Weighting Factors for Maximum Tire Force Cost Function	61
Table 4.1 Simulation Cases.....	64
Table 4.2 Two-Section Test Track Specifications	65
Table 4.3 Values of Initial System Inputs for Step Input/Two-Section Track	66
Table 4.4 Case No. 1 Initial Values of Step/Two-Section Track Simulation	67
Table 4.5 Case No. 1 Optimal Values of Step/Two-Section Track Simulation.....	69
Table 4.6 Case No. 2 Initial Values of Step/Two-Section Track Simulation	75
Table 4.7 Case No. 2 Optimal Values of Step/Two-Section Track Simulation.....	77
Table 4.8 Values of Initial System Inputs for Sine Input/Two-Section Track.....	83
Table 4.9 Case No. 3 Initial Values of Sine/Two-Section Track Simulation.....	84
Table 4.10 Case No. 3 Optimal Values of Sine/Two-Section Track Simulation	85
Table 4.11 Three-Section Test Track Specifications.....	91
Table 4.12 Case No. 4 Initial Values of Step/Three-Section Track Simulation.....	92
Table 4.13 Case No. 4 Optimal Values of Step/Three-Section Track Simulation	94
Table 4.14 Case No. 5 Initial Values of Step/Two-Section Track Simulation	100
Table 4.15 Case No. 5 Optimal Values of Step/Two-Section Track Simulation.....	102
Table 4.16 Case No. 6 Initial Values of Step/Two-Section Track Simulation	109
Table 4.17 Case No. 6 Optimal Values of Step/Two-Section Track Simulation.....	111

Table 4.18 Case No. 7 Initial Values of Sine/Two-Section Track Simulation.....	118
Table 4.19 Case No. 7 Optimal Values of Sine/Two-Section Track Simulation	119
Table 4.20 Case No. 8 Initial Values of Step/Three-Section Track Simulation.....	126
Table 4.21 Case No. 8 Optimal Values of Step/Three-Section Track Simulation	127