

S
123
E22
NO. 86-1
c. 2

COSTSUM: A System for Analysis of Operational Cost Data from Coal Surface Mines: A User's Guide

C. E. Zipper and W. L. Daniels

VB18V
a1000906968/b



**James R. Nichols, Dean and Director
College of Agriculture and Life Sciences
Virginia Agricultural Experiment Station
Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University
Blacksburg, Virginia 24061**

The Virginia Agricultural and Mechanical College came into being in 1872 upon acceptance by the Commonwealth of the provisions of the Morrill Act of 1862 "to promote the liberal and practical education of the industrial classes in the several pursuits and professions of life." Research and investigations were first authorized at Virginia's land-grant college when the Virginia Agricultural Experiment Station was established by the Virginia General Assembly in 1886.

The Virginia Agricultural Experiment Station received its first allotment upon passage of the Hatch Act by the United States Congress in 1887. Other related Acts followed, and all were consolidated in 1955 under the Amended Hatch Act which states "It shall be the object and duty of the State agricultural experiment stations . . . to conduct original and other researches, investigations and experiments bearing directly on and contributing to the establishment and maintenance of a permanent and effective agricultural industry of the United States, including the researches basic to the problems of agriculture and its broadest aspects and such investigations as have for their purpose the development and improvement of the rural home and rural life and the maximum contributions by agriculture to the welfare of the consumer . . . "

In 1962, Congress passed the McIntire-Stennis Cooperative Forestry Research Act to encourage and assist the states in carrying on a program of forestry research, including reforestation, land management, watershed management, rangeland management, wildlife habitat improvement, outdoor recreation, harvesting and marketing of forest products, and "such other studies as may be necessary to obtain the fullest and most effective use of forest resources."

In 1966, the Virginia General Assembly "established within the Virginia Polytechnic Institute a division to be known as the Research Division . . . which shall encompass the now existing Virginia Agricultural Experiment Station . . . "

To simplify terminology, trade names of products or equipment may have been used in this publication, but no endorsement of products or firms mentioned is intended, nor is criticism implied of those not mentioned. Material appearing here may be reprinted provided no endorsement of a commercial product is stated or implied. Please credit the researchers involved and the Virginia Agricultural Experiment Station.

Virginia Tech does not discriminate against employees, students, or applicants on the basis of race, sex, handicap, age, veteran status, national origin, religion, or political affiliation. Anyone having questions concerning discrimination should contact the Equal Employment/Affirmative Action Office.

COSTSUM:

A System for Analysis of Operational Cost Data
From Coal Surface Mines
- A User's Guide -

C. E. Zipper and W. L. Daniels

Department of Agronomy

Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University
Blacksburg, Virginia 24061

Virginia Agricultural Experiment Station

Bulletin 86-1

April, 1986

S
123
E22
No. 86-1
C.2

ABSTRACT

COSTSUM is a series of computer programs designed to provide detailed analysis of the costs of coal surface mining and reclamation. It works with data from haulback operations, where haulers, loaders, and dozers are the primary machines used to handle spoil. It is intended for use by mining engineers, regulatory agency personnel, and researchers with an interest in the effects of spoil handling and reclamation practices upon overall mining cost. The primary data requirements are that the times, types, and locations of all machine operations at the site of interest be recorded on a daily basis. Additional required data include coal production, coal prices, overburden volumes, and machinery operating costs. Data are entered into computer files according to specified formats. The programs calculate cost totals for each mining area, which are compared to returns in order to assess the profitability of mining that area. Cost totals are broken down into cost categories for each mining area and recalculated on a per cubic yard of spoil basis for spoil handling operations and a per ton basis for coal handling operations. Thus, the user is able to identify those areas where spoil was handled most efficiently and those where spoil handling was most costly, and the reasons why.

This bulletin serves as a guide for the use of COSTSUM. Copies of the programs may be obtained free of charge by contacting the authors.

Acknowledgements

COSTSUM was developed as a portion of a research project funded by the Powell River Project, U.S. Office of Surface Mining, and the Virginia Mining and Mineral Resources Research Institute through the U. S. Bureau of Mines.

CONTENTS

Abstract	iii
Acknowledgments	iv
Introduction	1
Assumptions	4
Data Requirements	7
The Programs	23
Level 1 Programs	27
Level 2 Programs	32
MOVE	34
COST	37
Use and Modification	48
Making Use of the Output	54
Concluding Remarks	57
References	58
Appendix A: HAULER	59
Appendix B: LOADER	66
Appendix C: DOZER	74
Appendix D: DRILL	81
Appendix E: OTHER	84
Appendix F: MOVE	89
Appendix G: COST	103
Appendix H: EXEC file and subroutines	126

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1.	Example of form used for recording daily site data for input to COSTSUM	8
Figure 2.	Input requirements, and input and output file names, for the seven programs of COSTSUM	24
Figure 3.	Generalized flowchart for the five Level 1 programs	28
Figure 4.	Generalized flowchart for the program MOVE	35
Figure 5.	Generalized flowchart for the program COST	38

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1.	Column format for file HAULER INDATA, the input to program HAULER FORTRAN . . .	12
Table 2.	Column format for file LOADER INDATA, the input to program LOADER FORTRAN . . .	13
Table 3.	Column format for file DOZER INDATA, the input to program DOZER FORTRAN . . .	14
Table 4.	Column format for file DRILL INDATA, the input to program DRILL FORTRAN . . .	15
Table 5.	Column format for file OTHER INDATA, the input to program OTHER FORTRAN . . .	16
Table 6.	Formats for file DATA MOVINPUT, the input file to program MOVE FORTRAN . .	18
Table 7.	Formats for file DATA COSINPUT, the input file to program COST FORTRAN . .	19
Table 8.	Cost data required by COST FORTRAN, with cost item numbers	20
Table 9.	Cost categories used by COST FORTRAN, with category numbers	40
Table 10.	Major internal variables and quantities represented, program COST	41
Table 11.	Primary operations performed by programming code associated with data READ statements, by GO symbol, program COST	42

INTRODUCTION

COSTSUM (COST of SURface Mining) is a system for collection and analysis of coal surface mine data. The system was developed by the Agronomy Department at Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University between 1983 and 1985 and is intended for use at haulback operations, where dozers, loaders, and haulers are the primary equipment used to remove the overburden covering the coal. The influence of spoil handling and reclamation practices upon overall mining costs were a primary concern during development of COSTSUM (1,2).

The purpose of this bulletin is to serve as a user's guide to COSTSUM. The system can assist anyone who wishes to conduct detailed cost analyses of haulback surface mining operations. Mining engineers with a desire to improve the cost effectiveness of their mining systems and their ability to estimate future costs will find this data-handling system useful. Regulatory agency personnel can use COSTSUM to assist in preparation of reclamation cost estimates when setting performance bond amounts. Also, COSTSUM is useful for research purposes due to continuing concern over the issue of regulatory costs both within and outside the mining industry. This bulletin is written

with the assumption that the user possesses a basic knowledge of computer operation and FORTRAN programming, including the ability to construct and edit data files, and to edit, compile, load, and run FORTRAN programs.

The COSTSUM user should record machinery operation data at the mine site on a daily basis. Additional data on mining progress should be recorded periodically, and the hourly costs of operating mining machinery must be estimated. Coal production and price figures and an estimate of overhead cost are also required. The data are entered into computer files according to specified formats and analyzed by a series of FORTRAN 77 programs; these programs give a detailed breakdown of the cost of mining and reclamation. Cost totals are prepared and broken down into 15 operational categories for the entire job, each mining block, and each lift of each mining block. When the user can provide volume estimates for the mining blocks and lifts, the above costs are recalculated and output on a per cubic yard of spoil handled basis. In addition, the net and per ton profit or loss is calculated for the entire job and for each mining block. A variety of additional outputs include stripping ratios and spoil movement data.

The time requirements for using COSTSUM are minor on a day to day basis. If a person who is regularly at the site consents to keep daily records, our experience has shown that generally no more than 10 minutes of his

or her time per day are required. Another 10 minutes or so per day are required to enter the daily data into computer files. The time required to obtain block volume, coal production and price, and hourly machine cost figures will vary depending upon access to mining firm records and personnel. Once required data are on the computer, it takes approximately one hour to assemble input files and run the seven data analysis programs of COSTSUM.

ASSUMPTIONS

The primary assumptions of COSTSUM are that the major costs of coal surface mining are machinery operation and labor used to perform specific tasks such as run machinery. Thus, a per hour operating cost is assigned to each machine on the site, and the primary components of the total cost of mining are the total hours of operation x hourly operating cost for each machine on the site. Aside from machinery and labor used for machinery operation and other defined tasks, only three other categories of cost are recognized: coal hauling, supplies, and overhead. It is assumed that some portion of the coal produced is hauled from the site by a contract hauling firm at a per ton rate; however, any portion or all of the coal tonnage may be exempted from incurring this cost. The quantities and costs of seeding and blasting supplies are input by the user and totaled by the computer. Seeding supplies are accounted on an area treated, or on a "batches" of seeding mix applied, basis. Blasting supplies may be accounted on per-lb.-of-explosive, per-hole, and per-foot-of-hole bases. All other costs are lumped into one category: overhead. These are entered as a per-ton-of-coal- produced figure; COSTSUM calculates

the total overhead cost as the product of the per-ton input and the coal tonnage produced over the mining period. However, the user may instruct COSTSUM to consider certain machinery operation costs as overhead, as discussed below. Furthermore, it is assumed that the per-hour machinery operation and other operating costs remain constant over the period of study.

The primary objective of the mining operation is assumed to be mining coal; thus, no other classes of revenue are recognized. Also, the overall mining site is seen as a series of mining "blocks," or areas, and total job profitability is seen as the result of a series of decisions regarding the mining of certain blocks. Those decisions include whether each block should be mined and, if the block is mined, what spoil-handling practices should be used to remove the overburden. The objective of the COSTSUM programs is to assign all costs to the mining blocks, and to break those costs down in detail. Thus, the results of the the decisions made for each mining block, in terms of their effect upon profitability, can be assessed.

The assumptions used in assigning costs to mining blocks are fairly straightforward. First, all costs of overburden handling are charged to the block of spoil origin. Thus, all costs of blasting, dozing, carrying, loading, hauling, and reclaiming mined material are charged to the mining block where the spoil originated. Likewise, costs of coal augering, loading, and hauling

are charged to the block of coal origin. Finally, since the primary cost of mining coal is moving overburden, the total overhead cost is distributed to the mining blocks on a per undisturbed or bank cubic yard (bcy) of overburden basis.

DATA REQUIREMENTS

The primary data required are detailed accounts of the operation of each machine at the site (Tables 1-5). We have found that this information is best recorded at the conclusion of each working day by the job foreman on forms developed specifically for that purpose (Fig. 1). Four primary machine types can be handled by COSTSUM: haulers, loaders, dozers, and drills. Currently, the programs are capable of working with data from sites where two types of dozers (A and B; typically, a mining dozer and a reclamation dozer) and three types of loaders (A, B, and C) are used; multiple units of each machine type can be handled. However, it is assumed that the majority of the overburden pushing and carrying will be performed by the A dozers and the A loaders, respectively (Tables 2 and 3). The system also accepts data on the use of water trucks, a coal auger, coal haulers, road graders, backhoes, seeding equipment, and labor. A person with a moderate knowledge of FORTRAN programming should be able to expand the program's ability to handle additional types of machinery in a few hours, based upon the information in this manuscript.

DAILY RECORD OF MACHINERY OPERATION AND
MINING PROGRESS - PONY RUN COAL CO.

Date: _____ Day: M Tu W Th F S (check one)

Person filling out form: _____

Weather: _____

1. HAULERS

Machine	NH	Haul From			Haul To Block #	Distri- bution	Dist- ance	Cycle Time	Loads
		1	2	3					
No. 1									
No. 2									

Comments:

NH: No. of hours hauling to each location or set of locations.

Haul From: 1 = 992 #1 2 = 992 #2 3 = 992 #3 or 988 or 945B

Haul To: Please write Block # or #'s; if a Block number does not describe the location, please describe as comment.

Distribution: If hauler(s) haul to more than one location during "NH" time period, please indicate proportion hauled to each.

Distance: Please estimate average one-way haul distance, in feet.

Cycle Time: If you estimate an average round trip cycle time (including time to load) please record.

Loads: Number of loads hauled (to be filled in by CZ from data recorded by drivers.)

Figure 1: Example of form used for recording daily site data for input to COSTUM.

2. LOADERS

Mach- ine	NH	Block Lift		Operation							Material					
		No.	No.	L1	L2	LC	CD	R	DS	O	S	TSS	SO	Tx	C	O
992																
945 B																
988																

Carry & Dump: Approx. one way carry distance = _____ ft. to Block _____

Comments:

NH: Number of hours machine was operated, production time only.

Block No.: Location of Operation (H1 = first hollow, H2 = second hollow, DS = Dump Site.)

Bench No.: (For L1, L2, CD only) 1 = top bench, 2 = second bench, X = To Coal

Operation: If "NH" time period is used for more than one operation, please distribute NH hours among operations, or indicate time distribution using fractions or percentages.

L1 = Load 1 hauler

L2 = Load 2 haulers

LC = Load Coal, clean coal, prepare coal for loading

CD = Carry and Dump

R = Road work (no need to record routine haul road scraping)

DS = Dumpsite

O = Other (please comment)

Material:

TS = Top Soil

TSS = Top Soil Substitute

SO = Shot Overburden

Tx = Toxic material, special handling

C = Coal

O = Other

Figure 1. Continued.

3. DOZER

Machine	NH	Location	Operation											
			ST	PD	FO	PO	DS	Rec	HB	HF	HD	HT	R	O
D9#1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
D9#2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
FL 14	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

PO: Approx. push distance = _____ ft. from _____ Lift of Block _____
to Block _____. (1 = Top Lift, 2 = second, X = To Coal)

Comments:

NH: Number of Hours of operation, production time only

Location: Please write Block Number or Block Numbers

Operation: If "NH" time period is used for more than one operation, please distribute "NH" hours among operations, or indicate time distribution using fractions or percentages. If this is impossible, please explain.

- | | |
|---|---|
| ST = Strip Topsoil | HB = Hollow fill, work Body |
| PD = Prepare Drill Bench | HF = Hollow fill, work Face |
| FO = Feed Overburden to loader | HD = Hollow fill, work Drainage |
| PO = Push Overburden from one location to another | HT = Hollow fill, work Toe |
| DS = work Dump Site | R = Road work within mining area (no need to record routine haul road scraping) |
| Rec = Reclamation; grade or prepare surface for seeding | O = Other (please comment) |

Figure 1. Continued.

4. DRILLING AND BLASTING

		X if	Drill Hours:
		To Coal	
Block. No. _____	Lift No. _____	1 (top)	_____ = warmup
		2	_____ = drill
		3	_____ = move

Number of Holes Drilled: _____ Average Depth: _____ ft.

Diameter (if not $5 \frac{7}{8}$): _____ in.

Lb. ANFO: _____ Hrs. Labor to fetch, load, and shoot: _____

5. MISCELLANY

Labor: _____ men, _____ hours each, plus _____

Additional machinery
and hours of use

Did anything unusual
happen today to
disrupt normal
operation?

6. AUGER

_____ = Location _____ Hours of operation

_____ = Number of man hours to operate or set up

_____ = Number of holes _____ = hole diameters

_____ = (feet) (sections) of average hole depth

7. COAL LOADED TODAY - Please record pit dimensions on map

_____ = average thickness of seam (inches)

_____ = number of loads stripped from Block _____

_____ = number of loads stripped from Block _____

_____ = number of loads augured from Block _____

8. LONG TERM RECORDS

Fuel Delivered today: _____ gallons

Long Term Coal Production Figures: _____ Tons produced

From _____ To _____

Figure 1. Continued.

Table 1: Column format for file HAULER INDATA, the input to program HAULER FORTRAN (1).

Columns	Format	Variable	Description
1-5	A5	HLDATE	Calendar date.
9-12	A4	HLBLK	Location of operation; source block for spoil handling operations.
14	A1	HLLIFT	Lift of source block
19-22	A4	HLDEST	Spoil disposal area, for spoil movement operation.
24-26	I3	RECPCT	Percentage of hauling time accounted as reclamation expense of spoil disposal area.
30-34	F5.2	HLHRS	Hours of operation.
38-40	I3	HLOADS	Number of loads hauled.
44-47	I4	HLDIS	Haul distance.
50-51	A2	HLMATL	Material hauled.
55-79	A25	HLCOMM	Comment.

1. Variables HLDATE, HLDIS, HLMATL, and HLCOMM for user reference, not processed by HAULER FORTRAN.

For the purposes of data recording, the site is divided into a number of different areas; each is given a four-character identifying symbol. These areas will primarily be two types: mining blocks and reclamation (spoil disposal) areas. The mining blocks are subdivided into lifts; a maximum of 5 lifts can be handled by the program code. It may also prove useful to define other areas where significant machine operation costs might be incurred (haul roads, sediment ponds, etc.). All machinery operations are recorded by

Table 2: Column format for file LOADER INDATA, the input to program LOADER FORTRAN (1).

Columns	Format	Variable	Description
1-5	A5	LDDATE	Calendar date.
9-12	A4	LDBLK	Location of operation; source block for spoil handling operations.
14	A1	LDLIFT	Lift of source block.
20-21	A2	LDOP1	Primary operation; present choices: ST: Strip topsoil CT: Clear trees PD: Prep drillbench L1: Load 1 hauler L2: Load 2 haulers CD: Carry and dump DS: Work dumpsite LC: Prep or load coal HF: Work in hollow fill PA: Prepare for auger RR: Reclamation grading.
23-24	A2	LDOP2	Secondary operation, if performed simultaneously with primary.
29-33	F5.2	LDHRS	Hours of operation.
34	A1	LDMACH	Machine (2); : Loader A B: Loader B C: Coal Loader
40-42	I3	LDCDIS	Carry Distance (CD only)
44-47	A4	LDDEST	Spoil disposal area: CD destination, DS location.
50-51	A2	LDMATL	Material.
55-79	A25	LDCOMM	Comment.

1. Variables LDDATE, LDCDIS, LDMATL, and LDCOMM for user reference, not processed by LOADER FORTRAN.
2. Blank character designates loader A.

Table 3: Column format for file DOZER INDATA, the input to program DOZER FORTRAN (1).

Columns	Format	Variable	Description
1-5	A5	DZDATE	Calendar date.
9-12	A4	DZBLK	Location of operation; source block for spoil handling operations.
14	A1	DZLIFT	Lift of source block.
19-23	F5.2	DZHRS	Hours of operation.
20-21	A2	DZOP1	Primary operation; present choices: ST: Strip topsoil CT: Clear trees PD: Prep drillbench FO: Feed loader, hauling LC: Feed loader, carrying PO: Push overburden DS: Work dumpsite LC: Prep or load coal HP: Prep hollow for fill HB: Work fill body HT: Work fill toe HD: Work fill drainage HF: Work fill face PA: Prepare for auger RR: Reclamation grading.
23-24	A2	DZOP2	Secondary operation, if performed simultaneously with primary.
29-33	F5.2	DZHRS	Hours of operation.
34	A1	DZMACH	Machine (2): : primary dozer (A) C: other dozer.
40-42	I3	DZDIST	Push distance (PO only).
44-47	A4	DZDEST	Spoil disposal area: PO destination, DS location.
50-51	A2	DZMATL	Material.
55-79	A25	DZCOMM	Comment.

1. Variables DZDATE, DZDIST, DZMATL, and DZCOMM for user reference, not processed by DOZER FORTRAN.
2. Blank character designates primary dozer.

Table 4: Column format for file DRILL INDATA, the input to program DRILL FORTRAN (1).

Columns	Format	Variable	Description
1-5	A5	DRDATE	Calendar date.
9-12	A4	DRBLK	Location, mining block.
14	A1	DRLIFT	Lift.
20-21	I2	DRHOLS	Number of holes drilled.
30-31	I2	DRDEP	Average hole depth, feet.
40-43	F4.2	DRHRS	Hours of operation.
50-53	I4	DRANFO	Pounds of explosive.
60-62	F3.1	DRLAB	Labor hours required for blasting.
65-79	A15	DRCOMM	Comment.

1. Variables DRDATE and HLCOMM for user reference, not processed by DRILL FORTRAN.

location and the area to which the cost of operation is to be charged.

For each machine, the hours of operation and location are recorded for each operation performed during the working day. If the purpose of that operation is movement of overburden or soil, the area where that material is taken (the destination, or spoil disposal area) is also recorded. Symbols and operational categories recognized by the programs are listed in Tables 2, 3, and 5. Additional data are recorded for drilling and blasting operations: number of holes, average depth, pounds of explosive, and the labor required to load holes and set off the shot. If

Table 5: Column format for file OTHER INDATA, the input to program OTHER FORTRAN (1).

Columns	Format	Variable	Description
1-5	A5	MIDATE	Calendar date.
10-11	I2	LABHRS	Labor hours.
13	I1	JOBMEN	Number of employees on job.
15	I1	SUP	Number of supervisors on job.
19-22	A4	COLBLK	Coal removal block.
23	A1	AUGCOL	'A' if coal removed is auger coal.
25-28	I4	COLTON	Tons of coal removed.
30-33	I4	FUEL	Gallons of fuel delivered.
36-38	A3	OMAC	Other machinery used or labor hours to be charged to specific cost category: MAC: coal hauler GRD: road grader WAT: water truck MEN: labor hours TEM: temporary employee labor hours BKH: backhoe AUG: auger SED: seeder
41-42	I2	OMACHR	OMAC hours
44-45	I2	AUGLAB	If OMAC = AUG: labor hours on auger; if OMAC = SED: number of batches or acres seeded; otherwise: cost category operation should be charged to (Table 6).
48-51	A4	OMACBL	Location of OMAC operation.
55-79	A25	MICOMM	Comment.

1. Variables DRDATE and HLCOMM for user reference, not processed by OTHER FORTRAN. Variables LABHRS, JOBMEN, SUP, and FUEL processed by OTHER FORTRAN but not processed by COST FORTRAN.

the hauler drivers consent to keep a daily count of the number of loads hauled, this count is also recorded. Additional daily data required by the programs include labor and supervisor hours, and coal production.

Additional data are required to define the characteristics of the mining operation (Tables 6 and 7). In our experience, block and lift volume estimates have proved most difficult to obtain (1,2). Measurement of the empty blocks after overburden removal but before the initiation of backfilling activities can give a rough estimate of block volumes. These estimates can be improved if periodic surveying enables accurate location of the mining blocks on a detailed topographic map, particularly if the user has access to topographic modeling software with volume calculation capabilities (3). Also, the user may provide estimates of the average rates of spoil movement by hauling, loader carry, and dozer push operations; providing such estimates will allow the system's capability for dealing with reclamation costs to be fully realized.

Detailed cost data are also required (Table 8). These should include hourly costs of operating machinery, blasting supply and seeding supply costs, contract coal hauling rates, and overhead costs. Machine operating costs should include the costs of ownership, depreciation, repairs, and operator wage. The only exception is the coal auger, since number of operators can vary; coal auger operator hours are input

Table 6. Formats for file DATA MOVINPUT, the input file to program MOVE FORTRAN (3).

Priority (1)	'GO' (2)	Data (3)	Format (4)
1		Job average swell factor estimate (e.g.: 0.3)	F10.5(6-15)
2		Average hauler load, average loader carry volumes (lcy)	2F10.5(6-25)
3		Default values, hauler and loader loads per hour, dozer push rate (lcy/hr.)	3F10.5(6-35)
4	HLA	HRSOURCE HAULER	
	HLP	LDSPERHR HAULER	
	LDA	CDHOURS LOADER (A loader only)	
	LDP	Route specific loader carry rate (loads/hr.)	CDHOURS LOADER
	DZA	POHOURS DOZER (A dozer only)	
	DZP	Route specific dozer push rate (lcy/hr.)	POHOURS DOZER
	VOL	Mining block Lift Volume (bcy) Swell (if different from average)	A4(5-8) A1(10) I7(12-18) F6.3(20-25)
5	END		
6		Job start date	A15(6-20)
7		Job end date	A15(6-20)
8		Job name	A15(6-20)

1. No required order of entry for inputs of same priority.
2. Three characters in columns 1-3 of otherwise blank record to indicate data type of records following.
3. File inputs contain data only; all headers, trailers, and records containing word 'Total' removed.
4. Columns in parentheses; formats for files as output.

Table 7. Formats for file DATA COSINPUT, the input file to program COST FORTRAN (1).

Priority	'GO'	Data	Format
1	COS	Each record contains: - cost item number (2) - cost	I2(5-6) F10.6(8-17)
2	HLR	HRSOURCE HAULER	
	LDA	OPHOURS, A Loader	
	LDB	OPHOURS, B Loader	
	LDC	OPHOURS, C Loader	
	DZA	OPHOURS, A Dozer	
	DZC	OPHOURS, C Loader	
	DRL	TOTALS DRILL	
	MIS	Other machinery data from TOTALS OTHER	
	COL	Coal data from TOTALS OTHER, plus: - tonnage not incurring contract hauler charge - price received for coal, if different from COST(22)	I5(25-29) F6.3(32-35)
	VOL	COSINPUT MOVE	
3	SPB	One record per special block: - 'OHD' or 'REC' - location symbol	A3(5-8) A4(11-15)
4	RCL	COSINPUT MOVE	
5	RED	Reclamation expense redistribution location (follow with additional RCL input)	A4(5-8)
6	END	COSINPUT MOVE	

1. Notes for table entries as for Table 6.

2. See Table 8.

Table 8. Cost data required by COST FORTRAN, with cost item numbers.

Item Number	Cost
1	Haulers, per operating hour
2	A loader, per operating hour
3	B loader, per operating hour
4	C loader, per operating hour
5	A dozer, per operating hour
6	C dozer, per operating hour
7	Drill, per operating hour
8	Drill and blast cost, per hole
9	Drill and blast cost, per foot of hole
10	Explosive, per pound
11	Labor, per hour
12	Coal haul truck, per operating hour
13	Water truck, per operating hour
14	Grader, per operating hour
15	Seeder, per operating hour
16	Backhoe, per operating hour
17	Coal auger, per operating hour
18	Job foreman, per labor hour
19	Overhead, per ton produced
20	Temporary employee, per labor hour
21	Contract coal hauling, per ton
22	Revenue received for coal, per ton
23	Seeding cost, per batch or acre

separately from the number of auger operating hours (Table 5), so operator wage should not be considered a component of hourly coal auger operating cost. Contract coal hauling rates are input as a per ton figure. The overhead cost supplied by the user should incorporate all costs not specifically detailed in the above categories; it is estimated on a per ton of mined coal basis.

In order for the total cost of the job to be distributed to the mining blocks, the total cost must be reflected in the inputs (Table 8). It should be emphasized that the total of the daily labor hours recorded in the OTHER INDATA file (Table 5) is not multiplied by the labor per hour input, cost item 11, by any of the COSTSUM programs; the only labor costs calculated in this fashion are the labor hours required for blasting (DRLAB, Table 4), labor required to operate the coal auger (Table 5), and other labor hours listed specifically in columns 36 to 51 of OTHER INDATA (when OMAC is listed as MEN, Table 5). The wages of equipment operators should be included in the per hour machinery operation costs. In our study of mining costs (2), we observed that the majority of labor hours which were not listed on daily forms as spent performing specific tasks were actually spent maintaining machinery. The cost of this "residual" labor was then added to a general machinery ownership, maintenance, repair, and depreciation budget; this

budget was distributed among the machines at the site on the basis of industry average cost figures (4) and operating hours in order to estimate hourly operating costs. Another way of accounting for residual labor hours would be to include their cost in the overhead budget.

To allow calculation of overall and per block profits, the price expected or received per ton of coal must be supplied. Since that price may not be constant over the entire job, individual prices may be supplied for each block for tonnage mined by both strip and auger methods.

THE PROGRAMS

Seven data analysis computer programs form the body of COSTSUM (Figure 2). Five Level 1 programs (HAULER, LOADER, DOZER, DRILL, and OTHER) are designed to analyze the files containing daily records of machine operations. These programs compile totals of the hours spent performing each type of operation which are subtotaled by location, destination (for overburden movement operations), and other criteria. Other quantities, such as hauler loads, feet of drill hole, and pounds of explosives, are also totaled. Two additional programs (MOVE and COST) are defined as Level 2, since their primary inputs are the outputs of the Level 1 programs. If data on overburden volume, hauler capacities, and average dozer and loader material movement rates can be supplied, the program MOVE will estimate the quantities of material moved from each mining block to each spoil disposal area. If mining cost and coal price data are supplied, the program COST will provide a detailed analysis of cost and profitability. Eight subroutines accompany the seven main programs.

The programs are written in FORTRAN 77. The logic of operation of each program is emphasized by using

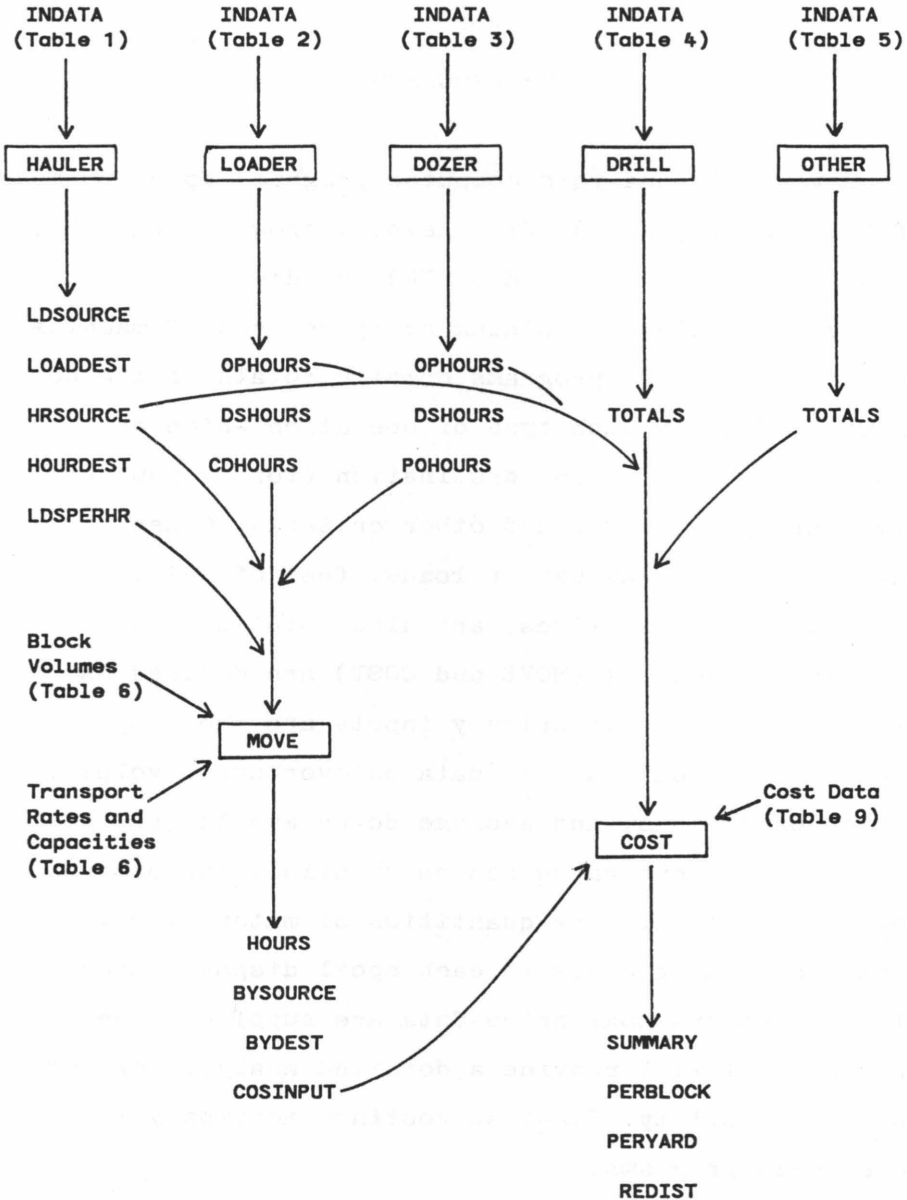


Figure 2. Input requirements, and input and output file names, for the seven programs of COSTSUM.

embedded comments to define and to describe the functions of integrated blocks of program code.

Similarly, important internal variables are defined with embedded comments. Certain conventions regarding variable names have been followed throughout all programs. Generally, if two or more variables are declared as the same type on the same program line, they are used to represent quantities defined by the same units. For example, in the program HAULER, the variables HLOADS and TOLDS both represent quantities of hauler loads. As an input record is read, the number of hauler loads recorded in that record is stored in the variable HLOADS, while the total number of hauler loads recorded in all the input records read thus far is accumulated in the variable TOLDS. Also, all integer variables whose names end with the three characters "DIM" represent the dimensions of one or more arrays. For example, throughout the programs, the variable BDIM represents the dimension of the BLOCK array, which is the maximum number of location symbols the programs can handle; BDIM serves to regulate performance of arithmetic operations which are repeated for each location. The variables ICOUNT and IMAX are used to protect against read errors which might result in endless loops. ICOUNT keeps a count of the number of input records read; if that number exceeds IMAX (which is set to 1000 in all programs), the program exits.

Formatted input is used throughout. Thus, it is critical that quantities be entered into the input records in the specified columns using the proper formats (Tables 1 - 7). Only three variable types are used in the programs: character, integer, and real. Appendices A through G contain examples of the input files.

Input and output are accomplished by referring to specified files by number in READ and WRITE statements. Under the VM/CMS operating system used at Virginia Tech, these numbered files are assigned names using FILEDEF statements previous to loading the compiled code and starting execution. These are placed in the program COSTSUM EXEC, which also serves to load and start the compiled FORTRAN programs on the Virginia Tech VM/CMS operating system. In this text, input and output files will be discussed by name. File names are associated with file numbers in comments embedded in each program immediately preceding the first READ statement.

The FORTRAN statements which comprise each of the seven programs are listed in the Appendices A through G of this bulletin; the eight subroutines and COSTSUM EXEC are listed in Appendix H. To illustrate use of the programs, a sample data set has been constructed and the seven programs executed. In the appendices, each program listing is preceded by the sample input and followed by selected output files. What follows is a

brief description of the purpose, logic, and output of each of the seven programs.

Level 1 Programs

The purpose of the five Level 1 programs is to total the daily operational data recorded on the mine site. Their methods of operation are similar in many respects. Each requires an input file composed of a portion of the daily data. The first four programs total the data on operation of a particular type of machine, while the fifth (OTHER) accepts all additional daily data. The outputs of the Level 1 programs consist of machinery operation totals assembled under various categories. Those output files which are to be input to Level 2 programs also contain three character variables in columns 1 through 3 of selected records, generally following headers but preceding data. The purpose of these three character symbols is to key the Level 2 programs' interpretation of the associated input data.

The logical structures of these five programs are also similar (Fig. 3). To begin, all program variables are declared and arrays are declared and dimensioned. The next step is to give variables and arrays initial values where required. For the most part, this step is accomplished with assignment statements and DO loops. However, initialization of the arrays which are assigned values by subroutines (block and lift symbol arrays, operation symbol arrays in LOADER and DOZER) is

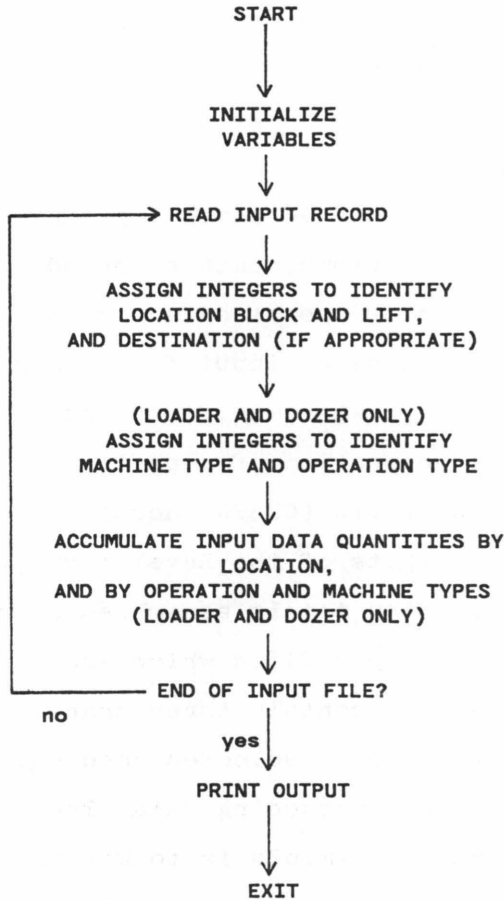


Figure 3. Generalized flowchart for the five Level 1 programs.

accomplished by calling the appropriate initialization subroutines (ABLOCK, ALIFT, ALDOP, and ADZOP, respectively).

Following initialization is a READ statement, which marks the beginning of a series of program lines that are executed for each input record. Each symbol or

quantity of the input record is read into a separate variable for temporary storage. Subroutines KBLOCK and JLIFT are called to assign integers which identify operation location. Thus, the data are stored in a series of arrays in which one or more dimensions are coded for location using the integer identifiers. Programs LOADER and DOZER use a similar procedure (with the subroutines XLDOP and XDZOP) to store data according to type of operation. The quantities read by the input line are added to the quantities previously stored in the array positions specific to the appropriate location and/or operational type. Upon completion of the calculations associated with the individual input record, the programs return to the READ statement and the process is repeated for the next data record. If the record encountered is the end of the input file, the program goes to the first statement of the block of programming which writes the output files (7000 in LOADER and DOZER, 9000 in the others). Execution of the subsequent series of statements completes the program's run.

HAULER FORTRAN totals hauler data (hours and loads) by block and lift of spoil origin and by destination. Thus, the output of the program tells the user how much hauling time was spent and how many loads were carried over each haul route on the site. If the variable RECPCT (Table 1) is set equal to zero (i.e. left blank), program logic is straightforward: quantities

are accumulated in three dimensional arrays (source block, source lift, destination) and output accordingly. However, a positive value for RECPCT indicates that a portion of the hauling cost should be charged to reclamation of the destination block rather than as an expense of removing spoil from the source. This variable may be used if, for example, hauling topsoil or topsoil substitute material for use as a surface medium entails a greater expense than would routine disposal. In this case, the user estimates the percentage of total hauling time which constitutes the extra cost; this time is stored in array RRR rather than HRS, the array normally used to accumulate hours due to routine hauling.

Five files are output by HAULER. HRSOURCE HAULER lists the total time spent hauling from each source location to each destination; this information is organized and totaled by source. The symbol 'R' following the destination block symbol indicates operation time to be charged as a destination expense. HOURDEST HAULER contains similar information but with a different organization: hauler hours are organized and totaled by destination rather than by source. Also, only total hauling time is listed; no distinction is made between source and destination accounts. LDSOURCE HAULER and LOADDEST HAULER list hauler load totals organized by source and destination, respectively. The LDSPERHR HAULER output file contains the loads per hour

hauling rate calculated for each hauler route; these rates are calculated only from input records where some positive number of hauler loads is recorded. Thus, a missing hauler load count is not interpreted as 0 loads hauled when these rates are calculated. The HRSOURCE and LDSPERHR files are used as Level 2 inputs.

LOADER FORTRAN and DOZER FORTRAN operate according to identical logic. Their primary activities are to accumulate time of operation data in arrays (OPHRS) dimensioned by machine, location, lift, and operation type. If a data record lists both primary and secondary operations, the hours recorded are split evenly between the two operations, as the program executes statements 2000 through 5000 twice. In addition, hours moving overburden (loader carry and dump, dozer push) are totaled in arrays CDHRS, dimensioned by machine, source block, source lift, and destination. Hours working dumpsites are totaled in arrays WBHRS, which are dimensioned by machine and dumpsite location (destination).

Execution of each program results in three output files; within each, data are totaled separately for each machine. The OPHOURS files list machine operations totaled by source block and lift. Files CDHOURS LOADER and POHOURS DOZER contain hours spent moving material from each source block to each destination. The DSHOURS files list the time spent working dumpsites at each location. The OPHOURS, CDHOURS, and POHOURS files are

required as inputs to Level 2.

DRILL FORTRAN is the simplest and shortest of the seven programs. It totals the quantities of each input record in a series of arrays dimensioned by block and lift. In addition, average hole depths and drilling rates are calculated for each block and lift. The output file TOTALS DRILL is used as an input to program COST.

OTHER FORTRAN totals all additional data recorded on a daily basis. Labor hours, labor days, supervisor days, and fuel purchases are added into simple totals. Coal tonnage is totaled by block and mining method (auger or strip). The hours worked by other machines (OMAC; Table 5) on the site are totaled by location and by cost category. The labor hours required to operate the auger in each coal block are also totaled. The number of 'batches' of seed and fertilizer applied by the seeder (or the area treated, if seeding is performed by an outside contractor) are totaled by location. All of the above quantities are output in the file TOTALS OTHER; the coal tonnage and machine operation totals are required for input to program COST.

Level 2 Programs

The primary inputs to MOVE FORTRAN and COST FORTRAN are the modified outputs of the Level 1 programs. MOVE estimates the quantities of overburden moved from each

source location to each destination, while COST provides a detailed cost analysis of the mining operation. Execution of program MOVE results in an output file that is input to COST, to direct the distribution of reclamation expenses (which have been listed at spoil disposal locations) to the sources of the reclaimed materials, the mining blocks.

The logical structures of the two programs are similar. After variable and array declaration and initialization, the programs execute a series of programming blocks designed to read and interpret the input data (Tables 6,7, and 11); each is keyed to the GO variable, a three-character symbol which may be found in columns 1-3 of an input record. If any READ statement encounters any non-blank character in columns 1-3, program control is shifted to statement 9700. The code which follows is designed to identify the GO variable; if the symbol read from columns 1 through 3 is recognized, program control is then shifted to the programming block designed to read and interpret the input records which follow. If another non-blank GO variable is encountered, program control goes back to 9700 and the process is repeated. If the GO variable is not recognized, an error message is issued and the program exits.

The end of input is marked by a record where the characters 'END' are placed in columns 1-3 followed by three records containing the starting date of the time

period represented by the data, the ending date, and the job name. Then, the program enters a block of code which uses the stored input quantities to calculate desired totals. Finally, the totals are used to generate output files, and program execution is complete.

MOVE

The purpose of MOVE FORTRAN is to generate a file to direct the distribution of reclamation expenses to the mining blocks on the basis of the relative quantities of material disposed in each reclaimed area originating in each mining block (Figure 4). In the process of generating this information, MOVE performs a series of calculations to estimate the quantities of material moved by each of three modes (hauler, loader carry, dozer push) over each source-to-destination route. These estimates are also passed to program COST, as bank cubic yards (bcy) of material removed from each source block by each of three modes; they are used by COST to calculate the per-cubic-yard-handled costs of moving overburden by dozer and loader, and by hauler. The accuracy of the moved quantity estimates performed by program MOVE will vary, depending upon the importance placed by the user upon the resultant cost data and willingness to spend time developing accurate movement rate estimates.

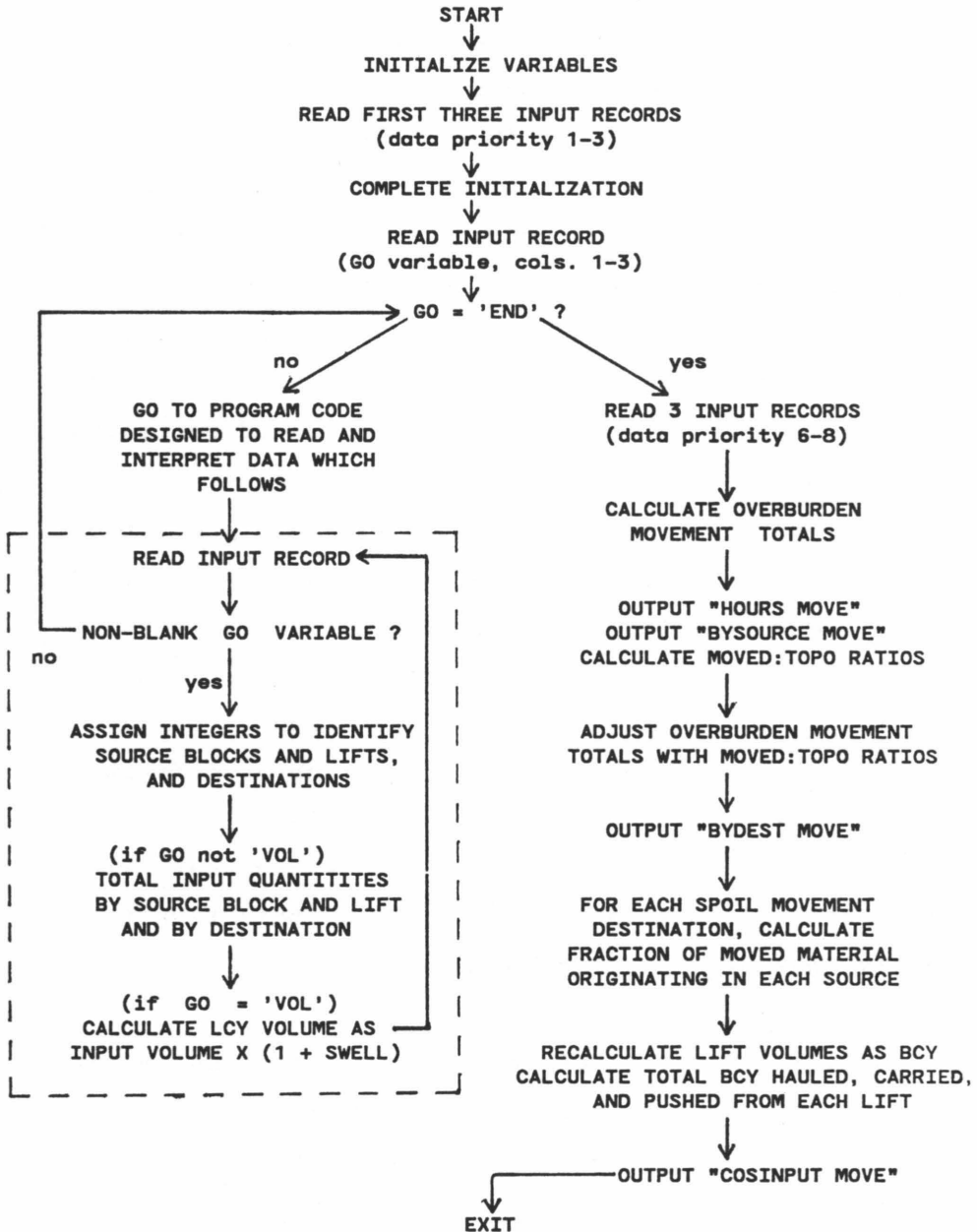


Figure 4. Generalized flowchart for the program MOVE; section of flowchart enclosed in dotted lines represents 8 separate programming blocks each designed to read and interpret data records keyed to individual GO symbols.

Inputs to MOVE include the undisturbed (bank cubic yard, or bcy) volumes of each lift, and the "swell" expected upon disturbance (5). These quantities are used to calculate the amount of material (in loose cubic yards, or lcy) which must be removed from each block in order to expose the coal. The primary inputs used to calculate moved-volume estimates are hours spent hauling, carrying, and pushing material over each transport route (Level 1 output files), and estimates of the rates of material movement. For loaders and haulers, movement rates are estimated as a product of the loads carried or hauled per hour and average load lcy volumes. For the dozer, the rates are estimated directly as an lcy per hour quantity. Average hauler and loader loads per hour, and dozer push rates, are estimated by the user for the entire job as default values; the user may override these defaults by estimating the route specific rates, where that information is available. For haulers, this task is easily done by using the LDSPERHR output file as an input to MOVE.

An initial series of transport quantity estimates is calculated as the product of hours x rate for each transport route. These estimates are refined by comparing the total calculated quantity of material removed from each lift of each mining block to the lcy volume of the lift calculated directly from the inputs and adjusting accordingly.

Four output files are generated by executing the program. HOURS MOVE is a direct output of the operating hours spent moving material from each source block and lift to each destination by each of the three modes (haul, carry, push). BYSOURCE MOVE is a summary of the hours x rate calculations performed on the input quantities, organized and totaled by mining block; it also lists "moved:topo ratios," the proportion of the input lcy volume represented by the quantity calculated as having been removed from the source lift and block before adjustment. BYDEST MOVE contains the moved volume estimates after adjustment with the moved:topo ratios. COSINPUT MOVE contains the input block volumes, the volumes calculated as being removed from each block by each of the three modes, and a listing of the proportion of the material disposed in each disposal area originating in each source. Data is written to the COSINPUT file in a format suitable for direct input to COST FORTRAN.

COST

The purpose of COST FORTRAN is to provide the user with a detailed analysis of the costs of mining and reclamation so as to allow assessment of the effects of those costs upon mining profitability (Figure 5). The method used in programming to meet this purpose is to provide a system whereby all mining expenses are charged to the mining blocks, or areas where spoil is

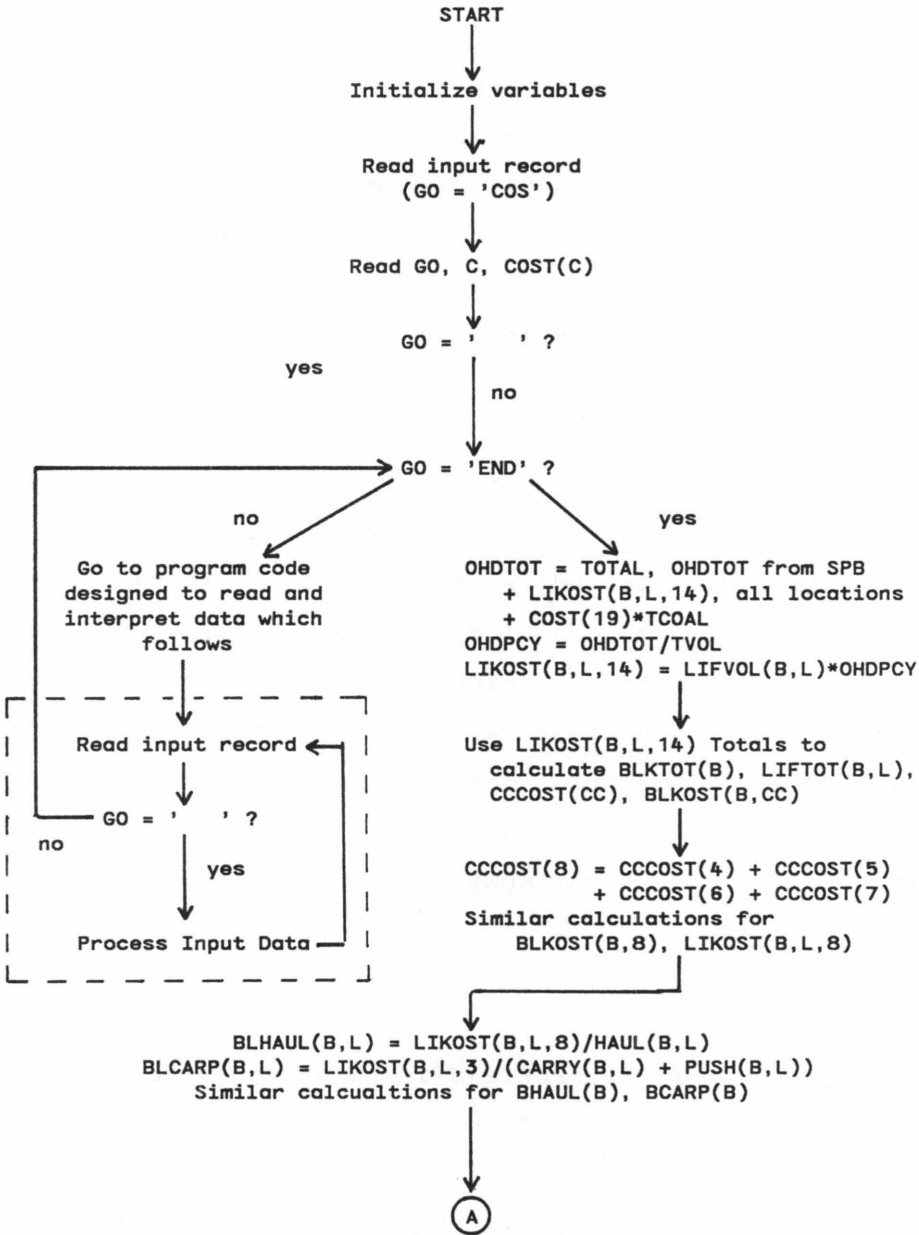


Figure 5. Generalized flowchart for the program COST; section of flowchart enclosed with dotted lines represents 10 separate programming blocks, each designed to read and interpret data records keyed to specified GO symbols (Table 11). Variable names defined in Table 10.

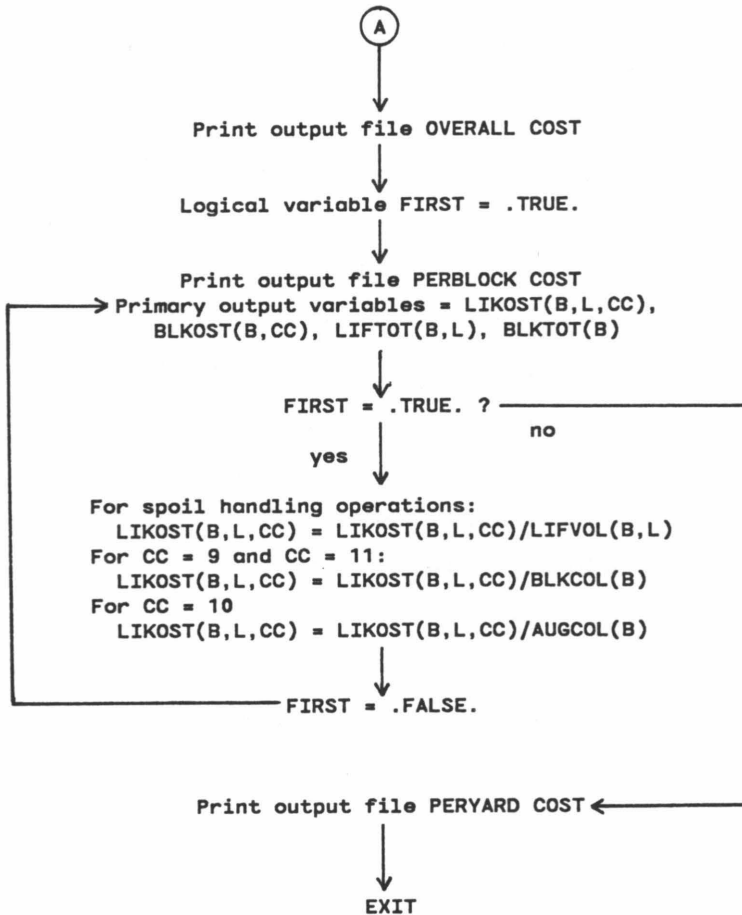


Figure 5. Continued.

removed to expose coal. The expenses are further broken down into 15 cost categories (Table 9); these are calculated on a gross basis and recalculated on a per-bcy basis for spoil handling operations and a per-ton basis for coal handling operations. Thus, the user is able to identify the mining areas where spoil was handled in cost effective fashion and those areas

Table 9. Cost categories used by COST FORTRAN, with category numbers.

Number	Category
1	Clear and bench, strip topsoil
2	Drill and blast
3	Loader carry and dozer push
4	Load and haul, loader
5	Load and haul, dozer feed to loader
6	Load and haul, hauling
7	Load and haul, working dumpsite
8	Load and haul. total (4 + 5 + 6 + 7)
9	Prepare and load coal
10	Auger coal
11	Haul coal
12	Reclamation expenses at area of occurrence
13	Other
14	Overhead
15	Reclamation expenses after redistribution to source

where spoil handling was most costly, and (through comparisons of individual block category costs to one another and to site averages) the reasons for the differences.

Costs incurred while removing overburden to expose coal are charged directly to the mining block on the basis of machine operating hours and user-supplied hourly operating costs. However, two costs which cannot

Table 10. Major internal variables and quantities represented, program COST.

Quantity	Variable Names (1)
Dollar cost per cost item	COST(C)
Total cost of operations	BLKOST(B,L), CCCOST(CC) BLKTOT(B), LIFTOT(B,L), LIKOST(B,L,CC)
Total overhead cost	OHDTOT
Price received per ton coal: auger	AUGPRI(B)
strip	STRPRI(B)
Coal tonnage:	
strip	SCOAL
auger	ACOAL, AUGCOL(B)
total	TCOAL, BLKCOL(B)
Source (block, lift) volumes	
total	TVOL, BLKVOL(B), LIFVOL(B,L)
moved by hauler	HTOT, BLHAUL(B,L), HAUL(B,L), BHAUL(B)
moved by loader carry (LC)	CTOT, CARRY(B,L)
moved by dozer push (PO)	PTOT, PUSH(B,L)
moved by LC and PO	BCARP(B), BLCARP(B,L)
Total hours to operate individual machines (2) (HRSxxx)	HRSHLR, HRSLDA, HRSLDB, HRSLDC, HRSDZA, HRSDZC, HRSDRL, HRSMIS
Total cost to operate machinery types (2) (xx COST)	HLCOST, LDCOST, DZCOST, DRCOST, MICOST
Cost of labor to load holes and set of shot	SHCOST

1. Level at which quantities are accumulated represented by array subscripts: B = block, L = lift, C = cost item, CC = cost category. Non-subscripted variables accumulate totals for the entire job.
2. HRSMIS and MICOST represent total hours of operation and cost of operation, all OMAC machines and labor (Table 5).

Table 11. Primary operations performed by programming code associated with data READ statements, by GO symbol, program COST.

GO Symbol	Primary Operations (1)
COS	Read C, COST(C) If C = 22, then AUGPRI(B) = COST(22) STRPRI(B) = COST(22), for all B
HLR LDA LDB LDC DZA DZC DRL MIS	Read location, hours of operation, type of operation (loaders, dozers, and OMAC only) Assign array subscripts B,L,C,CC LIKOST(B,L,CC) = LIKOST(B,L,CC) + COST(C)*Hours HRSxxx = HRSxxx + Hours xxCOST = xxCOST + COST(C)*Hours
COL	Read location, coal tonnage (COAL), 'AUGER' if auger coal, tonnage exempt from contract hauler charge (SECOHL), price per ton (PRICE) Assign array subscript B BLKCOL(B) = BLKCOL(B) + COAL; TCOAL = TCOAL + COAL If 'AUGER': AUGCOL(B) = AUGCOL(B) + COAL; ACOAL = ACOAL + COAL If not 'AUGER': SCOAL = SCOAL + COAL COCOHL = COAL - SECOHL LIKOST(B,4,11) = LIKOST(B,4,11) + COCOHL*COST(21) If PRICE greater than 0.10: STRPRI(B) = PRICE, or (if 'AUGER') AUGPRI(B) = PRICE
VOL	Read Block and lift, bcy volume (VOLUME), volumes hauled (H), carried (CA) and pushed (P) from that lift Assign array subscripts B,L LIFVOL(B,L) = LIFVOL(B,L) + VOLUME BLKVOL(B) = BLKVOL(B) + VOLUME HAUL(B,L) = H CARRY(B,L) = CA PUSH(B,L) = P
RCL	For each block (2) Write LIKOST(B,L,12) to file RECLAM COST, all L Set RCLEXP(B) = LIKOST(B,L,12) totaled for all L Set LIKOST(B,L,12) = 0.0, all L Read destination block, fraction of total material disposed at destination originating at source (FRAC), source block, source lift Assign array subscripts SB (source block), SL (source lift), DB (destination block) X = FRAC*RCLEXP(DB) LIKOST(SB,SL,15) = LIKOST(SB,SL,15) + X Write BLOCK(SB), LIFT(SL), FRAC, BLOCK(DB), X to file RECLAM COST

Table 11. Continued.

GO Symbol	Primary Operations (1)
SPB	Read special block symbol (CHAR), location If CHAR = 'REC' Assign array subscript B; set T = 0.0 For each CC: X = total LIKOST(B,L,CC), all L Write X to file RECLAM COST Total T = T + LIKOST(B,L,CC) for all L,CC LIKOST(B,1,12) = T If CHAR = 'OHD' Assign array subscript B; set T = 0.0 For each CC: X = total LIKOST(B,L,CC), all L Write X to file RECLAM COST Total T = T + LIKOST(B,L,CC) for all L,CC OHDTOT = OHDTOT + T Set LIKOST(B,L,CC) = 0.0 for all L,CC in Block B
RED	Read location symbol (BLK) Assign array subscript B For all L: LIKOST(B,L,12) = LIKOST(B,L,12) + LIKOST(B,L,15) LIKOST(B,L,15) = 0.0
END	Read job start date (DAYONE) Read job end date (DAYEND) Read job name (JOB) Write JOB, DAYONE, DAYEND to all output files Exit data read

1. Array subscripts: B = block, L = lift, C = cost item, CC = cost category; subscripts B and L assigned by subroutines KBLOCK and JLIFT.

be directly charged are reclamation expenses and overhead. As stated previously, reclamation expenses are distributed to mining blocks in amounts proportionate to quantities of reclaimed spoil originating in each block. Overhead costs are also

distributed on a per-bcy basis rather than the per-ton basis commonly used in the coal industry. Our reason for this method is our interest in spoil-handling costs; a per-ton basis for overhead cost distribution will have disproportionate effects upon the calculated per-bcy spoil-handling costs of mining various blocks due to differences in stripping ratios. Since the primary cost of surface mining is the movement of overburden, not the movement of coal, we feel that a per-ton overhead cost distribution system gives a distorted picture of block to block spoil handling cost comparisons. However, since the per-ton basis is more commonly used by industry, overhead cost is input as a per-ton quantity.

The program distributes overhead costs after reading all inputs (statements 8810 +). Costs which are considered as overhead include any OMAC operation listed as cost category 14 in OTHER INDATA regardless of location. The total cost of operating machinery in any location is considered as overhead if it is identified by the user as a special block (after setting GO equal to 'SPB') with the symbol OHD in the DATA COSINPUT file (data priority 5, Table 7). Costs which can be conveniently handled in this fashion may include construction and maintenance of roads to the site or sediment ponds and other environmental control structures. In addition, the input overhead cost per ton (cost item 19) is multiplied by the total tonnage

produced and added to the overhead total; that total is then distributed to the mining blocks and lifts in direct proportion to their undisturbed (bcy) volumes.

The primary operations considered as reclamation are dozer grading, seeding, and hauling identified as reclamation costs by the user with the RECPCT variable (Table 1). In addition, if the user identifies a location as a special block with the symbol 'REC', all operations performed at that location will be considered as reclamation costs (category 12). Thus, no special operation symbols are required to categorize daily dozer and loader operations in these areas as reclamation expenses, and a printout of the costs by category previous to placement of all costs in category 12 is obtained. This option has proved useful for handling the costs of constructing excess spoil disposal facilities such as hollow fills.

If the GO variable 'RCL' is placed in the DATA COSINPUT file and followed by the appropriate inputs, the program will redistribute all spoil disposal area reclamation expenses (category 12) to the source blocks (category 15). That set of appropriate inputs should consist of a listing of the spoil disposal areas; each disposal area symbol is repeated for each mining block which acted as a source of material disposed in that area, and is accompanied by the the fraction of total spoil disposed in that area which originated in that mining block (Appendix G); this set of inputs can be

taken directly from the COSINPUT MOVE output file. However, the above procedure may cause destination reclamation expenses to be distributed to an area which has acted as a source of material but is not itself a mining block. For example, if topsoil removal is required for the stability of hollow fill 2 (HF2), that topsoil may be disposed in hollow fill 1 (HF1), causing a portion of the HF1 construction costs to be distributed to HF2, a non mining area. This problem can be solved by inserting a record in the input file which sets GO equal to 'RED' followed by a record designating HF2 (data priority 5, Table 7). This procedure causes HF2 category 15 expenses to be moved to HF2 category 12. A second use of the RCL option will now redistribute these expenses to the appropriate mining blocks.

Execution of COST FORTRAN results in four output files. SUMMARY COST contains the most general output; included are a listing of the input costs, a profit summary for each block, total job costs by cost category, machine cost and operating hours totals, and block and lift cost summaries which include stripping ratios, and per-bcy and per-ton cost totals. PERBLOCK COST contains a listing of all costs for each mining block, by lift and by cost category. There are two separate listings in PERBLOCK COST for each block, the first containing cost totals and the second containing per-block-bcy overburden-handling costs and per-ton

coal handling costs. PERYARD COST contains the same per-bcy and per-ton costs, but in a format which facilitates cost comparisons among the mining blocks. In addition, the costs of moving material from each source block by load and haul operations (category 8) and by loader carry and dozer push operations (category 3) are listed per bcy of spoil handled by each operation. A record of the distribution of overhead and reclamation costs is placed in file RECLAM COST.

USE AND MODIFICATION

This set of programs has been used extensively on an IBM 3084 mainframe computer with a VM/CMS operating system and a VS FORTRAN compiler. The programs will run on other operating systems making use of other FORTRAN 77 compilers as is, or with minor modifications. On some systems, it may be necessary to define input and output file names with OPEN statements within the programs (6). The only library functions used are those which transform integer variables to real, and vice versa: IFIX, REAL, and FLOAT.

In order to use COSTSUM, the user must first assemble the necessary input data and construct input files for the five Level 1 programs. However, before running any programs, the user may wish to modify subroutines ABLOCK and KBLOCK, to facilitate processing of a set of location symbols appropriate to the site under study. Modification of ALIFT and KLIFT may also be desirable. The present system uses T to designate the top lift, 2 to designate the second, 3 to designate the third, X to designate the lift just above the coal seam (lift number 4), and R to designate the fifth; the R lift symbol is used for rehandled material. If no lift symbol is provided (reclamation

areas and sediment ponds, for example), JLIFT assigns that operation to lift number 5.

The next step is to run the five Level 1 programs. After all five of these programs have been executed successfully, an input file should be assembled for program MOVE (Table 6; Appendix F). Data of priorities 1 through 3 is entered into file DATA MOVINPUT manually. The fourth record should contain a GO variable appropriate to priority 4 data. The minimum priority 4 data set will consist of data keyed to GO symbol 'HLA', 'LDA', or 'DZA', and data keyed to 'VOL'. The data keyed to GO variables 'HLA', 'HLP', 'LDA', and 'DZA' may consist of the modified outputs of Level 1 programs. Required modifications consist of removal of headers and footers, and removal of records containing the word 'TOTAL'; blank records may remain or be removed, at user option. The 'LDP' and 'DZP' data sets are read by MOVE in near identical formats as the 'LDA' and 'DZA' data sets, the only difference being that two decimal places are acceptable in 'LDP' and 'DZP'. Thus, duplicates of the CDHOURS LOADER and POHOURS DOZER file segments used as 'LDA' and 'DZA' inputs can be used as "masks" if the user elects to assemble 'LDP' and 'DZP' inputs; correct column placement is facilitated by overlaying existing F5.1 data with loader and dozer spoil movement rates in F5.2 format. The data keyed to 'VOL' and 'END' are input manually. If the user elects to have the program use the job average swell factor

(data priority 1) for any lift or lifts, a decimal point (or 0.0) entry is required for the swell factor in the corresponding 'VOL' input records, or a data read error may result.

To begin assembly of file DATA COSINPUT (Table 7; Appendix G), the GO symbol 'COS' is manually entered on the first record and followed by 23 records, each containing a cost item number and corresponding dollar cost figure (Table 8). The 25th data record should consist of a priority 2 GO variable. Data keyed to 'HLR', 'LDA', 'LDC', 'DZA', 'DZC', and 'DRL' are taken directly from Level 1 output files. Again, manual removal of headers, footers, and records containing the word 'TOTAL' is required. Data keyed to 'MIS' and 'COL' come from the TOTALS OTHER output file. To prepare this file for placement in DATA COSINPUT, remove all records from the top of the file to immediately preceding 'MIS'; remove all lines below containing the word 'TOTAL', and then remove the 'COAL PRODUCTION' and 'BLOCK TONS' header records. The GO symbol 'COL' and the coal production figures remain, but the 'TOTL' record and all that follow are removed. Finally, data defining the coal tonnage not incurring the contract hauler charge (COST(21)) and block specific coal prices (if appropriate) are manually entered.

Data keyed to 'VOL', 'RCL', and 'RED' are taken directly from output file COSINPUT MOVE. If no priority 3 or 5 data are required to run COST, no editing of

COSINPUT MOVE is required and file assembly is completed. Otherwise, the data keyed to 'SPB' and/or 'RED' should be entered manually, as indicated in Table 7.

Extensive use of the programs may require that minor modifications be made, if the programs are to fit the user's site-specific data requirements. Currently, COSTSUM is set to handle 22 location symbols. Expansion of this number requires an alteration of the array declaration statements of each program, upgrading the current "22" as appropriate. The statements assigning initial value to variable BDIM must also be altered so as to conform to the enlarged arrays. Expansion of the number of lifts from the current 5 cannot be accomplished easily due to the output formats.

If the user wishes to expand the number of possible dozer and loader operations, similar modifications are required of programs LOADER and DOZER. The dimensions of arrays OP and OPHRS and the initial assignments of value to variables LDIM (in LOADER) and DZDIM (in DOZER) will need to be altered. In addition, program COST requires modification if those operations are to be charged to the appropriate cost categories; the required changes can be made by adding to the blocks of statements (3015 + and 4015 +) that assign a value to integer variable CC. No modification of subroutines is required.

If the program's capability to handle OMAC machines is not sufficient, similar changes are again possible. Program OTHER can handle up to 14 separate OMAC machines in its present configuration. To increase this number, arrays MACHIN, MACHT, and MACHRS require expansion, as does the initial assignment of IDIM. Program COST will also require modification. Arrays COITEM and COST require expansion, in order to enable the per unit cost of operation of the additional OMAC item to be entered. The initial assignment to variable CDIM will need to be enlarged if these additional cost items are to be processed. A program statement which assigns a 20-character identifier to the additional COITEM elements will allow identification of the cost item in the SUMMARY output file. Finally, the series of conditional assignment statements following 6015 will require modification if the program is to assign the proper cost when it encounters the additional OMAC item.

If the cost categories used here are to be changed or expanded, only program COST requires user attention. First, the COCAT assignment statement block should be modified as appropriate; the dimension of array COCAT and assignment of variable CCDIM may require expansion; the appropriate dimensions of arrays LIKOST, BLKOST, and CCCOST also need to be enlarged. Finally, the conditional assignment statements for the integer

variable CC will have to be altered, in order to assign the appropriate costs to the new cost category. These statements are found throughout the program, but they are always associated with the block of statements following the input READ or in the 9700 block. Changes in the cost categories may affect subsequent calculations. Statements 8930 + calculate the total load and haul cost (category 8) by adding the totals in cost categories 4, 5, 6, and 7 (statements 8930 +). Also, categories 9, 10, and 11 deal with coal-handling costs and are recalculated on per-ton (rather than per-block-bcy) bases by statements 9500 +. The per-bcy-handled calculations for costs in categories 3 and 8 are performed by statements following 8950. Calculations specific to categories 12 and 15 (reclamation) and 14 (overhead) have been detailed above.

MAKING USE OF THE OUTPUT

In order to make use of the data output of COSTSUM, a person must have a strong interest in a particular mining operation. Such persons may include mining engineers, regulatory agency personnel, and researchers.

The output data from COSTSUM can help mining engineers to know exactly what their costs are, on a block by block basis (2), and thus what they might be in future situations. Although every mining block is unique, there are certain situations which tend to repeat themselves as the mining operation moves through a particular landscape. By referring to data describing costs incurred during recently past mining activities, engineers and operators will be better able to assess the likely profitability of future mining. Thus, they will be better able to make decisions regarding the advisability of taking additional blocks and to develop more cost effective spoil-handling strategies. Also, accurate cost data on present operations will facilitate preparation of estimates of the costs of mining future sites.

Computer models to estimate mining costs are becoming increasingly available; some have detailed

data requirements (7). Accurate data on the machinery operation times and costs required by existing mining operations can facilitate using such models to prepare accurate mining-cost estimates.

The Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 requires that mining firms post performance bonds in amounts sufficient to cover the cost of reclamation. Maintaining accurate mining-cost data can help firms to prepare accurate reclamation cost estimates, thus eliminating costs associated with excess bond amounts. An accurate record of cost data can help the firm to justify these reclamation cost estimates in case of regulatory inquiries. Similarly, if the regulatory agency can arrange to monitor the costs of representative mining operations within its service district, that agency will have an empirical basis for judging the reclamation cost estimates provided by firms mining in similar conditions.

Within the mining industry and regulatory agencies, there is much concern regarding the costs of the environmental protection standards imposed by the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977. Accurate documentation of costs can assist those who wish to research the cost effects of the Act, and the regulations implementing the Act, upon current surface mining operations. For example, the costs specific to certain provisions of the Act can be interpreted in more meaningful fashion in the context of an accurate

record of the overall costs of mining. In addition, an accurate cost record, in conjunction with mining cost simulation models, can aid the preparation of estimates of cost comparisons between presently legislated spoil-handling and reclamation practices and proposed alternatives. Such research can assist those who wish to develop more cost effective environmental protection laws and regulations for the surface mining industry.

CONCLUDING REMARKS

We have been collecting data from active surface mine sites since July of 1983 (1,2). Since developing COSTSUM, our ability to process that data reliably and efficiently has increased immeasurably. This ability allows us to concentrate attention where it belongs: at the site. Despite the sophistication of any data-processing system, accurate data gathering at the site and accurate interpretation of site-gathered data remain essential to any study of the costs associated with coal surface mining operations.

The programs which constitute COSTSUM can be obtained free of charge by sending an IBM PC compatible double-sided, double-density diskette and a self-addressed envelope to Dr. W. L. Daniels, Dept. of Agronomy, Virginia Tech, Blacksburg, 24061 (703-961-7175).

References

1. Zipper, C. E., and W. L. Daniels. 1984. Economic monitoring of a contour surface mine in steep slope Appalachian topography. Pp. 97-103. In: Proceedings, 1984 Symposium on Surface Mining, Hydrology, Sedimentology, and Reclamation. University of Kentucky, Lexington.
2. Zipper, C. E., Andy T. Hall and W. L. Daniels. 1985. Costs of mining and reclamation at a contour surface mine in steep slope topography. Pp. 193-200. In: Proceedings, 1985 Symposium on Surface Mining, Hydrology, Sedimentology, and Reclamation. University of Kentucky, Lexington.
3. Radian Corp. CPS/PC: Advanced Software System for Gridding, Contouring, Mapping, and Analysis. 1986. 8501 Mopac Blvd., Austin, Texas. 1985.
4. Dataquest, Inc. Cost Reference Guide for Construction Equipment. 1984. San Jose, California.
5. Caterpillar Tractor Co. Caterpillar Performance Handbook. 1985. Peoria, Ill.
6. Crawley, J. W., and C. E. Miller. A Structured Approach to Fortran. 1983. Reston Publishing, Reston, Va.
7. Zipper, C.E., A. Chakraborty, E. Topuz, and W.L. Daniels. 1985. A surface mining simulator for application in steep slope topography. Pp. 25-28. In: Proceedings, 1985 Symposium on Surface Mining, Hydrology, Sedimentology, and Reclamation. University of Kentucky, Lexington.

APPENDIX A: HAULER

	*	*	*	HAULER	INDATA	*	*	*
DAY 2	MB1	1	SD1	14.00	100	500	SO	SHOT OVERBURDEN
DAY 3	MB1	1	SD1	14.00	100	500		
DAY 4	MB1	1	SD1	14.00	100	500		
DAY 5	MB2	1	SD2	10.	80	300		2 HRS. CHANGE OIL
DAY 6	MB1	2	SD1	14.	120	400		
DAY 7	MB1	2	SD1	14.	130	400		
DAY 8	MB1	2	SD1	4.	15	500		FINISH BLOCK
DAY 8	MB2	2	SD2	10.	85	500		
DAY 9	MB2	2	SD2	4.	30	500		
DAY 9	MB3	1	SD1	30	6.	30	1000	TS TOPSOIL FOR SURFACE
D 10	MB3	1	SD2	20	5.	28	850	TS

```

*      *      *      HAULER  FORTRAN      *      *      *
*
*      *      *      C O S T S U M      *      *      *
*
*      PROGRAMMED BY C.E. ZIPPER, 1985
*      DOCUMENTATION: VIRGINIA AGR. EXP. STATION BULLETIN NO. 86-1
*      VPI & SU, BLACKSBURG 24061

```

```

*      PROGRAM HAULER
*
*      THIS PROGRAM TOTALS HAULER DATA (HOURS AND LOADS) BY BLOCKS
*      AND LIFTS OF ORIGIN AND BY BLOCKS OF DESTINATION

```

```

*      CHARACTER*5 HLDATE
*      CHARACTER*4 HLBLK, BLOCK(22) , BLANK, BLK(22)
*      CHARACTER*1 HLLIFT
*      CHARACTER*4 HLDEST
*      INTEGER      RECPCT
*      REAL         HLHRS, TOHRS, TOPER, REC, LTOHRS
*      INTEGER      HLOADS, TOLDS
*      INTEGER      HLDIS
*      CHARACTER*2 HLMATL
*      CHARACTER*25 HLCOMM
*      INTEGER      ICOUNT, IMAX, I, J, K, BDIM
*      CHARACTER*1 R, Q

```

```

*      THE FOLLOWING ARRAYS ARE DEFINED TO ACCUMULATE HOUR AND LIFT TOTAL
*      TOTALS, "HRS" SUFFIX INDICATES HOUR ACCUMULATORS, WHILE "LDS"
*      INDICATES LOADS. PREFIXES INDICATE THE FOLLOWING:
*      " XXX(I,J,K) FROM BLOCK I LIFT J TO BLOCK K
*      "BBXXX(I,K) FROM BLOCK I TO BLOCK K
*      "BLXXX(I,J) FROM BLOCK I, LIFT J
*      "FXXX(I) FROM BLOCK I
*      "TXXX(K) TO BLOCK K

```

```

*      ANY HOURS ARRAY NAME PRECEDED BY 'L' ACCUMULATES ONLY IF LOADS>0
*      THUS, LOADS PER HOUR CALCULATIONS DO NOT INCLUDE 0 LOAD
*      ENTRIES, AND ARE NOT DISTORTED BY MISSING DATA

```

```

*      INTEGER LDS(22,5,22)
*      INTEGER BBLDS(22,22), BLLDS(22,5)
*      INTEGER FLDS(22), TLDS(22)
*      REAL HRS(22,5,22), RRR(22,5,22)
*      REAL LHRS(22,5,22)
*      REAL BBHRS(22,22), BLHRS(22,5)
*      REAL LBBHRS(22,22),LBLHRS(22,5)
*      REAL FHRS(22), THRS(22)
*      REAL LFHRS(22), LTHRS(22)
*      REAL PER(22,5,22)

```

```

REAL BBPER(22,22),BLPER(22,5)
REAL FPER(22), TPER(22)
*
*   BDIM IS THE NUMBER OF MINING AREAS, OR BLOCKS, ON THE JOB
*
BDIM = 22
*
*   INITIALIZE VARIABLES
*
TOLDS = 0
TOHRS = 0.0
LTOHRS = 0.0
ICOUNT = 0
BLANK = ' '
R = 'R'
Q = ' '
*
*   IMAX = ENDLESS LOOP PROTECTION, SET TO MAXIMUM ICOUNT
*
IMAX = 1000
*
*   INITIALIZE ACCUMULATOR ARRAYS - CALL ABLOCK FOR "BLOCK" ARRAY
*
DO 40 I = 1,BDIM
  FLDS(I) = 0
  TLDS(I) = 0
  FHRS(I) = 0.0
  THRS(I) = 0.0
  LFHRS(I) = 0.0
  LTHRS(I) = 0.0
40 CONTINUE
  DO 60 J = 1,5
    DO 50 K = 1,BDIM
      BLHRS(I,J) = 0.0
      LBLHRS(I,J) = 0.0
      BLLDS(I,J) = 0
50 CONTINUE
60 CONTINUE
    DO 80 J = 1,5
      DO 70 I = 1,BDIM
        LDS(I,J,K) = 0
        HRS(I,J,K) = 0.0
        LHRS(I,J,K) = 0.0
        RRR(I,J,K) = 0.0
70 CONTINUE
80 CONTINUE
90 CONTINUE
      DO 95 I = 1,BDIM
        DO 93 K = 1,BDIM
          BBHRS(I,K) = 0.0
          LBBHRS(I,K) = 0.0
          BBLDS(I,K) = 0
93 CONTINUE
95 CONTINUE
      CALL ABLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM)
*
*   WRITE(06,*) 'BDIM = ', BDIM, '           ENTER READ BLOCK'
*
*   READ DATA
*
*           FILE 10  HAULER  INDATA
*           FILE 31  HRSOURCE HAULER
*           FILE 32  LDSOURCE HAULER
*           FILE 33  LOADDEST HAULER
*           FILE 34  HOURDEST HAULER
*           FILE 35  LDSPERHR HAULER
*
1000 READ (10,1010,ERR=9910,END=9000) HLDATE,HLBLK,HLLIFT,HLDEST,
1 RECPCT,HLHRS,HLOADS,HLDIS,HLMATL,HLCOMM

```

```

1010 FORMAT (A5,3X,A4,1X,A1,4X,A4,1X,I3,3X,F5.2,3X,I3,1X,2X,I4,
1      2X,A2,3X,A25)
*
*      THIS BLOCK ONLY FOR PARTITION OF HAULER EXPENSE AMONG
*      SOURCE AND DESTINATION; 'RRR' ARRAY ACCUMULATES
*      HOURS TO BE REDISTRIBUTED, AS INDICATED BY 'RECPCT'
*      INPUT VARIABLE; HOURS TO BE REDISTRIBUTED INDICATED
*      IN HOURS-BY-SOURCE OUTPUT, BY 'R' AFTER DEST. BLOCK.
*
*      I: SOURCE BLOCK
*      J: LIFT
*      K: DESTINATION BLOCK
*
*      GIVE VALUES TO I,J,K
1070 CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,HLBLK,I)
CALL JLIFT (HLLIFT,J)
CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,HLDEST,K)
*
*      IF RECPCT > 0:
*      THE HAULER HOURS TO BE CHARGED TO DESTINATION BLOCK ARE
*      INDICATED BY 'R'; THE COST PROGRAM WILL CONSIDER
*      'R' HOURS AS AN EXPENSE OF RECLAIMING THE DESTINATION
*
*      'RRR' ARRAY ACCUMULATES 'R' HOURS
*
*      IF (RECPCT .NE. 0) THEN
*      REC = HLHRS*(RECPCT/100.0)
*      RRR(I,J,K) = RRR(I,J,K) + REC
*      HRS(I,J,K) = HRS(I,J,K) + HLHRS - REC
*      ELSE
*      HRS(I,J,K) = HRS(I,J,K) + HLHRS
*      ENDIF
*
*      COUNT AND TOTAL
*
*      ICOUNT = ICOUNT +1
*      IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GOTO 9910
*      BBHRS(I,K) = BBHRS(I,K) + HLHRS
*      BLHRS(I,J) = BLHRS(I,J) + HLHRS
*      FHRS(I) = FHRS(I) + HLHRS
*      THRS(K) = THRS(K) + HLHRS
*      LDS(I,J,K) = LDS(I,J,K) + HLOADS
*      BBLDS(I,K) = BBLDS(I,K) + HLOADS
*      BLLDS(I,J) = BLLDS(I,J) + HLOADS
*      FLDS(I) = FLDS(I) + HLOADS
*      TLDS(K) = TLDS(K) + HLOADS
*      TOLDS = TOLDS + HLOADS
*      TOHRS = TOHRS + HLHRS
*
*      IF LOADS WERE COUNTED, ACCUMULATE L___HRS QUANTITIES
*
*      IF (HLOADS .GT. 0) THEN
*      LTOHRS = LTOHRS + HLHRS
*      LBBHRS(I,K) = LBBHRS(I,K) + HLHRS
*      LBLHRS(I,J) = LBLHRS(I,J) + HLHRS
*      LFHRS(I) = LFHRS(I) + HLHRS
*      LTHRS(K) = LTHRS(K) + HLHRS
*      LHRS(I,J,K) = LHRS(I,J,K) + HLHRS
*      ENDIF
*      GOTO 1000
*
*      9000 WRITE (06,*) 'COUNTING COMPLETE ENTERED WRITE BLOCK'
*
*      FORMAT STATEMENTS FOR WRITE BLOCKS
*
*      9010 FORMAT (6X,'FROM',3X,'TO',5(4X,'FROM'),13X,'TO')
*      9020 FORMAT(5X,'BLOCK',1X,'BLOCK',2X,'T LIFT',2X,'3 LIFT',2X,'2 LIFT',
1      2X,'X LIFT',2X,'R LIFT',3X,'TOTAL',3X,'BLOCK')
*      9030 FORMAT (5X,A4,2X,A4,3X,5(F6.1,2X),F7.1,2X,A4)
*      9031 FORMAT (5X,A4,2X,A4,1X,A1,1X,5(F6.1,2X))

```

```

9032 FORMAT (5X,A4,2X,A4,3X,5(F6.2,2X),F7.2,2X,A4)
9040 FORMAT (5X,A4,2X,A4,3X,5(I6,2X),I7,2X,A4)
9060 FORMAT (6X,'TO',3X,'FROM',5(4X,'FROM'),12X,'FROM')
9070 FORMAT (5X,A4,49X,F7.1)
9080 FORMAT (5X,A4,49X,I7)
9090 FORMAT (11X,A4,43X,I7)
9095 FORMAT (11X,A4,43X,F7.1)

```

```

*
*       HAULER HOURS BY ORIGIN TO FILE 31
*

```

```

9098 WRITE (31,*)
      WRITE (31,*) 'HAULER HOURS BY ORIGIN'
      WRITE (31,*)
      WRITE (31,9010)
      WRITE (31,9020)
      WRITE (31,*)
      WRITE (31,9099)
9099 FORMAT ('HLR')
9100 DO 9120 I = 1,BDIM
      DO 9110 K = 1,BDIM
        IF (BBHRS(I,K) .EQ. 0.0) GOTO 9110
        WRITE (31,9030) BLOCK(I),BLOCK(K),HRS(I,1,K),HRS(I,2,K),
1         HRS(I,3,K),HRS(I,4,K),HRS(I,5,K),BBHRS(I,K),BLOCK(K)
          REC = 0.0
          DO 9105 J = 1,5
            REC = REC + RRR(I,J,K)
9105      CONTINUE
          IF (REC .LT. 0.1) GOTO 9110
          WRITE (31,9031)BLOCK(I),BLOCK(K),R,RRR(I,1,K),RRR(I,2,K),
1         RRR(I,3,K),RRR(I,4,K),RRR(I,5,K)
9110      CONTINUE
          IF (FHRS(I) .LT. 1.0) GOTO 9120
          WRITE(31,9030) BLOCK(I),BLANK,BLHRS(I,1),BLHRS(I,2),BLHRS(I,3),
1         BLHRS(I,4),BLHRS(I,5),FHRS(I),BLANK
          WRITE(31,*)
9120 CONTINUE
      WRITE (31,9430) TOHRS
      WRITE (31,*) 'LAST DATE PROCESSED = ',HLDATE
      DO 9177 I = 1,BDIM
        DO 9176 J = 1,5
          DO 9175 K = 1,BDIM
            HRS(I,J,K) = HRS(I,J,K) + RRR(I,J,K)
9175          CONTINUE
9176        CONTINUE
9177 CONTINUE

```

```

*
*       HAULER LOADS BY ORIGIN TO FILE 32
*

```

```

      WRITE (32,*)
      WRITE (32,*) 'HAULER LOADS BY ORIGIN '
      WRITE (32,*)
      WRITE (32,9010)
      WRITE (32,9020)
      WRITE (32,*)
9200 DO 9220 I = 1,BDIM
      DO 9210 K = 1,BDIM
        IF (BBLDS(I,K) .EQ. 0) GOTO 9210
        WRITE (32,9040) BLOCK(I),BLOCK(K),LDS(I,1,K),LDS(I,2,K),
1         LDS(I,3,K),LDS(I,4,K),LDS(I,5,K),BBLDS(I,K),BLOCK(K)
9210      CONTINUE
          IF (FLDS(I) .EQ. 0) GOTO 9220
          WRITE(32,9040) BLOCK(I),BLANK,BLLDS(I,1),BLLDS(I,2),BLLDS(I,3),
1         BLLDS(I,4),BLLDS(I,5),FLDS(I),BLANK
          WRITE(32,*)
9220 CONTINUE
      WRITE (32,*) 'TOTAL HAULER LOADS = ', TOLDS
      WRITE (32,*) 'LAST DATE PROCESSED = ',HLDATE

```

```

*
*       HAULER LOADS BY DESTINATION TO FILE 33
*

```

```

WRITE (33,*)
WRITE (33,*) 'HAULER LOADS BY DESTINATION'
WRITE (33,*)
WRITE (33,9060)
WRITE (33,9020)
WRITE (33,*)
9300 DO 9320 K = 1,BDIM
      DO 9310 I = 1,BDIM
          IF (BBLDS(I,K) .EQ. 0) GOTO 9310
          WRITE (33,9040) BLOCK(K),BLOCK(I),LDS(I,5,K),LDS(I,4,K),
1          LDS(I,3,K),LDS(I,2,K),LDS(I,1,K),BBLDS(I,K),BLOCK(I)
9310      CONTINUE
          IF (TLDS(K) .EQ. 0) GOTO 9320
          WRITE(33,9080) BLOCK(K),TLDS(K)
          WRITE(33,*)
9320  CONTINUE
      WRITE (33,*) 'TOTAL HAULER LOADS = ', TOLDS
      WRITE (33,*) 'LAST DATE PROCESSED = ', HLDATE
*
*      HAULER HOURS BY DESTINATION TO FILE 34
*
      WRITE (34,*)
      WRITE (34,*) 'HAULER HOURS BY DESTINATION'
      WRITE (34,*)
      WRITE (34,9060)
      WRITE (34,9020)
      WRITE (34,*)
9400 DO 9420 K = 1,BDIM
      DO 9410 I = 1,BDIM
          IF (BBHRS(I,K) .LT. 0.1) GOTO 9410
          WRITE (34,9030) BLOCK(K),BLOCK(I),HRS(I,1,K),HRS(I,2,K),
1          HRS(I,3,K),HRS(I,4,K),HRS(I,5,K),BBHRS(I,K),BLOCK(I)
9410      CONTINUE
          IF (THRS(K) .EQ. 0) GOTO 9420
          WRITE(34,9070) BLOCK(K),THRS(K)
          WRITE(34,*)
9420  CONTINUE
      WRITE (34,9430) TOHRS
9430  FORMAT(5X,'TOTAL HAULER HOURS = ',1X,F7.1)
*
*      LOADS PER HOUR CALCULATIONS
*
      WRITE(35,*)
      WRITE(35,*) 'LOADS PER HOUR BY HAULER SOURCE'
      WRITE(35,*)
      DO 9530 I = 1,BDIM
          DO 9520 K = 1,BDIM
              DO 9510 J = 1,5
                  IF (LHRS(I,J,K) .LT. 0.1) THEN
                      PER(I,J,K) = 0.0
                  ELSE
                      PER(I,J,K) = LDS(I,J,K)/LHRS(I,J,K)
                  ENDIF
9510          CONTINUE
          IF (LBBHRS(I,K) .LT. 0.1) THEN
              BBPER(I,K) = 0.0
          ELSE
              BBPER(I,K) = BBLDS(I,K)/LBBHRS(I,K)
          ENDIF
9520  CONTINUE
          IF (LFHRS(I) .LT. 0.1) THEN
              FPER(I) = 0.0
          ELSE
              FPER(I) = FLDS(I)/LFHRS(I)
          ENDIF
          IF (LTHRS(I) .LT. 0.1) THEN
              TPER(I) = 0.0
          ELSE
              TPER(I) = TLDS(I)/LTHRS(I)
          ENDIF

```

```

9530 CONTINUE
DO 9550 I = 1,BDIM
  DO 9540 J = 1,5
    IF (LBLHRS(I,J) .LT. 0.1) THEN
      BLPER(I,J) = 0.0
    ELSE
      BLPER(I,J) = BLLDS(I,J)/LBLHRS(I,J)
    ENDIF
  ENDIF
9540 CONTINUE
9550 CONTINUE
*
*           LOADS-PER-HOUR OUTPUT FILE 35
*
WRITE(35,9020)
WRITE(35,9010)
WRITE(35,*)
WRITE(35,9590)
9590 FORMAT ('HLP')
9600 DO 9620 I = 1,BDIM
  DO 9610 K = 1,BDIM
    IF (BBPER(I,K) .LT. 0.1) GOTO 9610
    WRITE (35,9032) BLOCK(I),BLOCK(K),PER(I,1,K),PER(I,2,K),
1     PER(I,3,K),PER(I,4,K),PER(I,5,K),BBPER(I,K),BLOCK(K)
9610 CONTINUE
    IF (FPER(I) .LT. 0.1) GOTO 9620
    WRITE(35,9032) BLOCK(I),BLANK,BLPER(I,1),BLPER(I,2),BLPER(I,3),
1     BLPER(I,4),BLPER(I,5),FPER(I),BLANK
    WRITE(35,*)
9620 CONTINUE
*
*           LOADS PER HOUR TO DESTINATION BLOCKS
*
WRITE(35,*)
WRITE(35,*) 'LOADS-PER-HOUR TO DESTINATION BLOCKS'
WRITE(35,*)
DO 9700 I = 1,BDIM
  IF(TPER(I) .LT. 0.1) GOTO 9700
  WRITE(35,9690) BLOCK(I), TPER(I)
9690 FORMAT(5X,A4,2X,F6.2)
9700 CONTINUE
WRITE(35,*)
WRITE(35,*) 'TOTAL JOB AVERAGE'
WRITE(35,*)
WRITE(35,9710)TOLDS
9710 FORMAT(5X,'TOTAL LOADS =           ',I8)
WRITE(35,9720)LTOHRS
9720 FORMAT(5X,'TOTAL HOURS =           ',F8.1)
TOPER = TOLDS/LTOHRS
WRITE(35,9730)TOPER
9730 FORMAT(5X,'TOTAL LOADS PER HOUR =',F8.2)
WRITE(35,*)
*
*           FINALE
*
WRITE (35,*) 'LAST DATE PROCESSED = ',HLDATE
WRITE (35,*)
WRITE (06,*) 'FINISHED; TOTAL RECORDS PROCESSED = ', ICOUNT
GOTO 9999
9910 WRITE (06,*) 'READ ERROR; ICOUNT = ',ICOUNT
9999 STOP
END

```

```

*           *           *           HRSOURCE HAULER           *           *           *
HAULER HOURS BY ORIGIN
FROM TO FROM FROM FROM FROM FROM FROM TO
BLOCK BLOCK T LIFT 3 LIFT 2 LIFT X LIFT R LIFT TOTAL BLOCK

```

HLR								
MB1	SD1	42.0	32.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	74.0	SD1
MB1		42.0	32.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	74.0	
MB2	SD2	10.0	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	24.0	SD2
MB2		10.0	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	24.0	
MB3	SD1	4.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	SD1
MB3	SD1 R	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
MB3	SD2	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	SD2
MB3	SD2 R	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
MB3		11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.0	
TOTAL HAULER HOURS =		109.0						

* * * HOURDEST HAULER * * *

HAULER HOURS BY DESTINATION

TO BLOCK	FROM BLOCK	FROM T LIFT	FROM 3 LIFT	FROM 2 LIFT	FROM X LIFT	FROM R LIFT	TOTAL	FROM BLOCK
SD1	MB1	42.0	32.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	74.0	MB1
SD1	MB3	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	MB3
SD1							80.0	
SD2	MB2	10.0	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	24.0	MB2
SD2	MB3	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	MB3
SD2							29.0	

* * * LDSPERHR HAULER * * *

LOADS PER HOUR BY HAULER SOURCE

BLOCK FROM	BLOCK TO	T LIFT FROM	3 LIFT FROM	2 LIFT FROM	X LIFT FROM	R LIFT FROM	TOTAL	BLOCK TO
MB1	SD1	7.14	8.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.64	SD1
MB1		7.14	8.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.64	
MB2	SD2	8.00	8.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.13	SD2
MB2		8.00	8.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.13	
MB3	SD1	5.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.00	SD1
MB3	SD2	5.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.60	SD2
MB3		5.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.27	

LOADS-PER-HOUR TO DESTINATION BLOCKS

SD1	7.44
SD2	7.69

TOTAL JOB AVERAGE

TOTAL LOADS =	818
TOTAL HOURS =	109.0
TOTAL LOADS PER HOUR =	7.50

LAST DATE PROCESSED = D 10

APPENDIX B: LOADER

	*	*	*	LOADER INDATA	*	*	*
DAY 2	MB1	1	L2	7.0			
DAY 3	MB1	1	L2	7.0			
DAY 4	MB1	1	L2	7.0			
DAY 5	MB2	1	L2	5.0			
DAY 5	MB1	2	CD	2.	100 SD1		CARRY TO NEARBY AREA
DAY 6	MB1	2	L2	7.			
DAY 7	MB1	2	L2	7.			
DAY 8	MB1	2	L2	2.			
DAY 8	MB2	2	L2	5.			
DAY 9	MB2	2	L1	4.			SLOW LOADING BOTTOM
DAY 9	MB3	T	L2	3.		TS	
DAY 9	MB1	X	LC	5.		C	
DAY 9	MB1	X	PA	2.		C	
D 10	MB3	T	L2	2.5		TS	
D 10	MB2	X	LC	7.		C	

* * * * *
 * * * * *
 * * * * *
 * * * * *
 * * * * *
 * * * * *

PROGRAMMED BY C.E. ZIPPER, 1985
 DOCUMENTATION: VIRGINIA AGR. EXP. STATION BULLETIN NO. 86-1
 VPI & SU, BLACKSBURG 24061

PROGRAM LOADER

THIS PROGRAM WILL TOTAL LOADER HOURS BY OPERATION AND LOCATION
 IT ALSO TOTAL CARRY - DUMP HOURS BY DESTINATION AND SOURCE,
 AND HOURS WORKING DUMPSITE BY DESTINATION. DATA FROM THREE
 LOADER MODELS CAN BE HANDLED BY THE PROGRAM.

DECLARE VARIABLE TYPES

CHARACTER*5 LDDATE
 CHARACTER*4 LDBLK, BLK(22)
 CHARACTER*1 LDLIFT, LIFT(5)
 CHARACTER*2 LDOP1, OPER
 CHARACTER*2 LDOP2
 REAL LDHRS, HRS, OPHRS(3,15,22,5)
 REAL AHR5, BHRS, CHR5
 REAL CDHRS(3,22,5,22), BCDHRS(3,22), SCDHRS, TCDHRS
 REAL WBTHRS, BWBHR5, WBHR5(3,22)
 REAL WBAHR5, WBBHR5, WBCHR5
 REAL TOTHR5
 REAL LHRST, LHR52, LHR53, LHR5X, LHR5C
 REAL BHR5OP, BLKHR5(3,22)
 CHARACTER*1 LDMACH
 INTEGER LDCDIS
 CHARACTER*4 LDDEST
 CHARACTER*2 LDMATL
 CHARACTER*25 LDCOMM
 CHARACTER*2 OP(15)
 INTEGER ONEOP, FIRST
 INTEGER IMAX, ICOUNT
 INTEGER RCOUNT, LDIM, BDIM, I, J, K, L, LL, D, BCD, KK

ARRAY SUBSCRIPTS

I: MACHINE TYPE
 J: LOADER OPERATION
 K: SOURCE BLOCK


```

*      L: SOURCE LIFT
*      D: DESTINATION BLOCK
*
*      INITIALIZE VARIABLES
*
BDIM = 22
LDIM = 15
LL = 5
IMAX = 1000
AHRS = 0.0
BHRS = 0.0
CHRS = 0.0
TOTHR = 0.0
CDPHRS = 0.0
TCDHRS = 0.0
WBTHRS = 0.0
WBAHRS = 0.0
WBBHRS = 0.0
WBCHRS = 0.0
*
CALL ABLOCK (BLK,BDIM)
CALL ALDOP (OP,LDIM)
CALL ALIFT (LIFT,LL)
*
DO 40 I = 1,3
  DO 30 J = 1,LDIM
    DO 20 K = 1,BDIM
      DO 10 L = 1,5
        OPHRS(I,J,K,L) = 0.0
10 CONTINUE
20 CONTINUE
30 CONTINUE
40 CONTINUE
  DO 60 K = 1,BDIM
    DO 50 I = 1,3
      BLKHS(I,K) = 0.0
      BCDHRS(I,K) = 0.0
      WBHRS(I,K) = 0.0
50 CONTINUE
60 CONTINUE
  DO 140 I = 1,3
    DO 130 D = 1,BDIM
      DO 120 K = 1,BDIM
        DO 110 L = 1,5
          CDHRS(I,K,L,D) = 0.0
110 CONTINUE
120 CONTINUE
130 CONTINUE
140 CONTINUE
RCOUNT = 0
*
*      READ DATA AND COUNT
*
*      FILE 11  LOADER  INDATA
*      FILE 45  OPHOURS LOADER
*      FILE 46  DSHOURS LOADER
*      FILE 47  CDHOURS LOADER
*
1000 READ (11,1011,ERR=9900,END=7000)
1      LDDATE,LDBLK,LDLIFT,LDOPL,LDOP2,LDHRS,
2      LDMACH,LDCDIS,LDDEST,LDMATL,LDCOMM
1011 FORMAT (A5,3X,A4,1X,A1,5X,A2,1X,A2,4X,F5.2,A1,5X,I3,1X,
1      A4,2X,A2,3X,A25)
RCOUNT = RCOUNT + 1
TOTHR = TOTHR + LDHRS
*
*      ASSIGN VALUE TO I TO INDICATE MACHINE TYPE
*
I = 4
IF (LDMACH .EQ. ' ') I = 1

```

```

IF (LDMACH .EQ. 'B') I = 2
IF (LDMACH .EQ. 'C') I = 3
IF (I .EQ. 4) THEN
  WRITE (45,*) 'WRONG CHARACTER LDMAC ',LDDATE
ENDIF
*
* IF DUAL OPERATIONS PERFORMED:
* - LDHRS SPLIT BETWEEN LDOPI AND LDOP2
* - ONEOP AND FIRST ACT AS LOGICAL VARIABLES
* 1 = .TRUE 0 = .FALSE.
* - PROGRAM ROUTED THROUGH STATEMENT 2000 TWICE
* VIA LOGICAL VARIABLE ACTIVITY STATEMENTS 4900+
*
1500 IF (LDOP2 .NE. ' ') THEN
  ONEOP = 0
  FIRST = 1
  OPER = LDOPI
  HRS = LDHRS/2.0
ELSE
  ONEOP = 1
  HRS = LDHRS
  OPER = LDOPI
ENDIF
*
* ASSIGN VALUE TO J TO INDICATE OPERATION TYPE
* ASSIGN VALUE TO K TO INDICATE SOURCE BLOCK
* ASSIGN VALUE TO L TO INDICATE SOURCE LIFT
*
2000 CALL XLDOP(OP,LDIM,OPER,J)
CALL KBLOCK(BLK,BDIM,LDBLK,K)
CALL JLIFT(LDLIFT,L)
IF (LDBLK .EQ. ' ') WRITE(45,*) LDDATE,'CHECK SOURCE'
IF (LDOPI .EQ. ' ') WRITE(45,*) LDDATE,'CHECK OPERATION'
*
* CHECK FOR ENDLESS LOOP
*
ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GOTO 9900
*
* TOTAL HOURS BY MACHINE AND OPERATION
*
3000 IF (I .EQ. 1) AHRS = AHRS + HRS
IF (I .EQ. 2) BHRS = BHRS + HRS
IF (I .EQ. 3) CHRS = CHRS + HRS
OPHRS (I,J,K,L) = OPHRS(I,J,K,L) + HRS
BLKHRS(I,K) = BLKHRS(I,K) + HRS
*
* IF OPERATION = CD ASSIGN D TO CARRY - DUMP DESTINATION
* TOTAL CD HOURS BY DESTINATION
*
IF (OPER .EQ. 'CD') THEN
4000 CALL KBLOCK (BLK,BDIM,LDDDEST,D)
IF (LDDDEST .EQ. ' ') WRITE(47,*) LDDATE,'CHECK DESTINATION'
4100 CDHRS(I,K,L,D) = CDHRS(I,K,L,D) + HRS
BCDHRS(I,K) = BCDHRS(I,K) + HRS
ENDIF
*
* IF OPERATION = WB OR DS:
* ASSIGN D TO IDENTIFY DESTINATION
* TOTAL WB/DS HOURS
* (WB = WORK BACKFILL, SAME MEANING AS DS)
*
4200 IF (OPER .EQ. 'WB' .OR. OPER .EQ. 'DS') THEN
CALL KBLOCK (BLK,BDIM,LDDDEST,KK)
IF (LDDDEST .EQ. ' ') WRITE(46,*) LDDATE,'CHECK DESTINATION'
WBHRS(I,KK) = WBHRS(I,KK) + HRS
WBTHRS = WBTHRS + HRS
ENDIF
*
*

```

```

*      IF DUAL OPERATIONS FIRST TIME THROUGH
*      RETURN TO STATEMENT 2000 TO TOTAL LDOP2
*
4900 IF (ONEOP .EQ. 1) GOTO 6000
      IF (FIRST .EQ. 1) THEN
          FIRST = 0
          OPER = LDOP2
5000   GOTO 2000
      ENDIF
*
*
6000 GOTO 1000
*
*              INPUTS FINISHED          WRITE TOTALS
*
*              TOTAL LOAD HOURS BY OPERATION          FILE 45
*
7000 WRITE (45,*) ' B LOADER OPERATION HOURS TOTALS BY BLOCK AND LIFT'
      WRITE (45,*)
      WRITE (45,7020)
7020 FORMAT (5X,'BLOCK',2X,'OPER',2X,'T LIFT',2X,'2 LIFT',2X,'3 LIFT',
1       2X,'X LIFT',2X,'R LIFT',2X,'TOTAL')
      WRITE (45,*)
      WRITE (45,7021)
7021 FORMAT('LDB')
      DO 7070 K = 1,BDIM
          LHRST = 0.0
          LHR2 = 0.0
          LHR3 = 0.0
          LHRX = 0.0
          LHRSC = 0.0
          DO 7060 J = 1,LDIM
              BHR SOP =OPHRS(2,J,K,1) + OPHRS(2,J,K,2) + OPHRS(2,J,K,3)
1              + OPHRS(2,J,K,4) + OPHRS(2,J,K,5)
              IF (BHR SOP .LT. 0.1) GOTO 7060
              WRITE (45,7050) BLK(K),OP(J),OPHRS(2,J,K,1),OPHRS(2,J,K,2),
1              OPHRS(2,J,K,3),OPHRS(2,J,K,4),OPHRS(2,J,K,5),BHR SOP
7050   FORMAT (5X,A4,4X,A2,6(2X,F6.1))
          LHRST = LHRST + OPHRS(2,J,K,1)
          LHR2 = LHR2 + OPHRS(2,J,K,2)
          LHR3 = LHR3 + OPHRS(2,J,K,3)
          LHRX = LHRX + OPHRS(2,J,K,4)
          LHRSC = LHRSC + OPHRS(2,J,K,5)
7060   CONTINUE
          IF (BLKHRS(2,K) .LT. 0.1) GOTO 7070
          WRITE(45,7065)BLK(K),LHRST,LHR2,LHR3,LHRX,LHRSC,BLKHRS(2,K)
7065   FORMAT (5X,A4,6X,6(1X,F7.1))
          WRITE (45,*)
7070   CONTINUE
          WRITE (45,*) ' LAST DATE PROCESSED = ', LDDATE
      GOTO 8000
*
*
*
8000 WRITE (45,*)
      WRITE (45,*)
      WRITE (45,*) ' A LOADER OPERATION HOURS TOTALS'
      WRITE (45,*) ' BLOCKS AND LIFTS ARE MATERIAL SOURCES'
      WRITE (45,*)
      WRITE (45,7020)
      WRITE (45,*)
      WRITE (45,8021)
8021 FORMAT('LDA')
      DO 8070 K = 1,BDIM
          LHRST = 0.0
          LHR2 = 0.0
          LHR3 = 0.0
          LHRX = 0.0
          LHRSC = 0.0

```

```

DO 8060 J = 1,LDIM
  BHR SOP =OPHRS(1,J,K,1) + OPHRS(1,J,K,2) + OPHRS(1,J,K,3)
  + OPHRS(1,J,K,4) + OPHRS(1,J,K,5)
  IF (BHR SOP .LT. 0.1) GOTO 8060
  WRITE (45,7050) BLK(K),OP(J),OPHRS(1,J,K,1),OPHRS(1,J,K,2),
  1 OPHRS(1,J,K,3),OPHRS(1,J,K,4),OPHRS(1,J,K,5),BHR SOP
  LHRST = LHRST + OPHRS(1,J,K,1)
  LHR S2 = LHR S2 + OPHRS(1,J,K,2)
  LHR S3 = LHR S3 + OPHRS(1,J,K,3)
  LHR SX = LHR SX + OPHRS(1,J,K,4)
  LHR SC = LHR SC + OPHRS(1,J,K,5)
8060 CONTINUE
  IF (BLKHRS(1,K) .LT. 0.1) GOTO 8070
  WRITE(45,7065)BLK(K),LHRST,LHR S2,LHR S3,LHR SX,LHR SC,BLKHRS(1,K)
  WRITE (45,*)
8070 CONTINUE
  WRITE (45,*) ' LAST DATE PROCESSED = ', LDDATE
  GOTO 9000
*
*
*
9000 WRITE (45,*)
  WRITE (45,*)
  WRITE (45,*) 'COAL LOADER OPERATION HOURS TOTALS BY BLOCK AND LIFT'
  WRITE (45,*)
  WRITE (45,7020)
  WRITE (45,*)
  WRITE (45,*)
  WRITE (45,9021)
9021 FORMAT('LDC')
  DO 9070 K = 1,BDIM
    LHRST = 0.0
    LHR S2 = 0.0
    LHR S3 = 0.0
    LHR SX = 0.0
    LHR SC = 0.0
    DO 9060 J = 1,LDIM
      BHR SOP =OPHRS(3,J,K,1) + OPHRS(3,J,K,2) + OPHRS(3,J,K,3)
      + OPHRS(3,J,K,4) + OPHRS(3,J,K,5)
      IF (BHR SOP .LT. 0.1) GOTO 9060
      WRITE (45,7050) BLK(K),OP(J),OPHRS(3,J,K,1),OPHRS(3,J,K,2),
      1 OPHRS(3,J,K,3),OPHRS(3,J,K,4),OPHRS(3,J,K,5),BHR SOP
      LHRST = LHRST + OPHRS(3,J,K,1)
      LHR S2 = LHR S2 + OPHRS(3,J,K,2)
      LHR S3 = LHR S3 + OPHRS(3,J,K,3)
      LHR SX = LHR SX + OPHRS(3,J,K,4)
      LHR SC = LHR SC + OPHRS(3,J,K,5)
9060 CONTINUE
      IF (BLKHRS(3,K) .LT. 0.1) GOTO 9070
      WRITE(45,7065)BLK(K),LHRST,LHR S2,LHR S3,LHR SX,LHR SC,BLKHRS(3,K)
      WRITE (45,*)
9070 CONTINUE
      WRITE (45,*)
      WRITE(45,*)
      WRITE (45,*) ' LAST DATE PROCESSED = ', LDDATE
      WRITE(45,*)'NUMBER OF RECORDS READ = ',RCOUNT
*
*
*
  WRITE WB/DS HOURS TOTALS
*
  WRITE(46,*)
  WRITE(46,*)
  WRITE(46,*) 'LOADER WORK DUMPSITE HOUR TOTALS BY DESTINATION'
  WRITE (46,9347)
9347 FORMAT (' ',6X,'TO',8X,' L O A D E R S ')
  WRITE(46,9350)
9350 FORMAT(' ',2X,' ',2X,'BLOCK',4X,' A ',5X,' B ',5X,' C ')
  LD BLK = ' '
  LD LIFT = ' '

```

```

DO 9370 KK = 1,BDIM
  WBAHRS = WBAHRS + WBHRS(1,KK)
  WBBHRS = WBBHRS + WBHRS(2,KK)
  WBCHRS = WBCHRS + WBHRS(3,KK)
  BWBHRS = WBHRS(1,KK) + WBHRS(2,KK) + WBHRS(3,KK)
  IF (BWBHRS .LT. 0.1) GOTO 9370
  WRITE(46,9360)LDDBLK,LDLIFT,BLK(KK),WBHRS(1,KK),WBHRS(2,KK),
1      WBHRS(3,KK),BWBHRS,KK
9360  FORMAT(A4,1X,A1,3X,A4,4(2X,F6.1),10X,I2)
9370  CONTINUE
  WRITE(46,*)
  WRITE(46,9380) LDBLK,LDLIFT,WBAHRS,WBBHRS,WBCHRS,WBTHRS
9380  FORMAT (A4,1X,A1,3X,'TOTAL',1X,F6.1,2X,F6.1,2X,F6.1,2X,F6.1)
  IF (WBTHRS .NE. WBAHRS + WBBHRS + WBCHRS) THEN
    WRITE(46,*) 'PROBLEM WITH WB HOURS TOTAL; WBTHRS = ',WBTHRS
  ENDIF
  WRITE(46,*)
  WRITE(46,*)'NUMBER OF RECORDS READ = ',RCOUNT
  WRITE(46,*) ' LAST DATE PROCESSED = ', LDDATE

*
*
*
*
*
      WRITE CD HOURS TOTALS - FILE 47

*
*
*
*
      A LOADERS

  WRITE(47,*)
  WRITE(47,*) ' A LOADER CD HOURS'
  WRITE(47,*)
  WRITE(47,9510)
9510  FORMAT (6X,'FROM',3X,'TO',5(4X,'FROM'))
  WRITE(47,9520)
9520  FORMAT (5X,'BLOCK',1X,'BLOCK',2X,'T LIFT',2X,'2 LIFT',2X,'3 LIFT',
1      2X,'X LIFT',2X,'R LIFT',2X,'TOTAL')
  WRITE(47,8021)
  TCDHRS = 0.0
  DO 9580 K = 1,BDIM
    IF (BCDHRS(1,K) .LT. 0.1) GOTO 9580
    LHRST = 0.0
    LHRS2 = 0.0
    LHRS3 = 0.0
    LHRXS = 0.0
    LHRSC = 0.0
    BCD = 0
    DO 9550 D = 1,BDIM
      SCDHRS = CDHRS(1,K,1,D) + CDHRS(1,K,2,D) + CDHRS(1,K,3,D) +
1      CDHRS(1,K,4,D) + CDHRS(1,K,5,D)
      IF (SCDHRS .LT. 0.1) GOTO 9550
      LHRST = LHRST + CDHRS(1,K,1,D)
      LHRS2 = LHRS2 + CDHRS(1,K,2,D)
      LHRS3 = LHRS3 + CDHRS(1,K,3,D)
      LHRXS = LHRXS + CDHRS(1,K,4,D)
      LHRSC = LHRSC + CDHRS(1,K,5,D)
      BCD = BCD + 1
      WRITE (47,9530) BLK(K),BLK(D),CDHRS(1,K,1,D),CDHRS(1,K,2,D),
1      CDHRS(1,K,3,D),CDHRS(1,K,4,D),CDHRS(1,K,5,D),SCDHRS
9530  FORMAT (5X,A4,2X,A4,6(F6.1,2X))
9550  CONTINUE
      TCDHRS = TCDHRS + BCDHRS(1,K)
      IF (BCD .LT. 2) GOTO 9570
      WRITE(47,9560) BLK(K),LHRST,LHRS2,LHRS3,LHRXS,LHRSC,BCDHRS(1,K)
9560  FORMAT(5X,A4,6X,6(F6.1,2X))
9570  WRITE(47,*)
9580  CONTINUE
      WRITE(47,9590) TCDHRS
9590  FORMAT(5X,'TOTAL A CARRY & DUMP HOURS = ',F6.1)
      WRITE(47,*)
      WRITE(47,*)
      WRITE(47,*) ' LAST DATE PROCESSED = ', LDDATE

*
*

```

```

*           B LOADERS
*
WRITE(47,*)
WRITE(47,*) ' B LOADER CD HOURS'
WRITE(47,*)
WRITE(47,9510)
WRITE(47,9520)
TCDHRS = 0.0
DO 9680 K = 1,BDIM
  IF (BCDHRS(2,K) .LT. 0.1) GOTO 9680
  LHRST = 0.0
  LHR2 = 0.0
  LHR3 = 0.0
  LHRX = 0.0
  LHRSC = 0.0
  BCD = 0
  DO 9650 D = 1,BDIM
    SCDHRS = CDHRS(2,K,1,D) + CDHRS(2,K,2,D) + CDHRS(2,K,3,D) +
1          CDHRS(2,K,4,D) + CDHRS(2,K,5,D)
    IF (SCDHRS .LT. 0.1) GOTO 9650
    LHRST = LHRST + CDHRS(2,K,1,D)
    LHR2 = LHR2 + CDHRS(2,K,2,D)
    LHR3 = LHR3 + CDHRS(2,K,3,D)
    LHRX = LHRX + CDHRS(2,K,4,D)
    LHRSC = LHRSC + CDHRS(2,K,5,D)
    BCD = BCD + 1
    WRITE (47,9530) BLK(K),BLK(D),CDHRS(2,K,1,D),CDHRS(2,K,2,D),
1          CDHRS(2,K,3,D),CDHRS(2,K,4,D),CDHRS(2,K,5,D),SCDHRS
9650  CONTINUE
    TCDHRS = TCDHRS + BCDHRS(2,K)
    IF (BCD .LT. 2) GOTO 9670
    WRITE(47,9560) BLK(K),LHRST,LHR2,LHR3,LHRX,LHRSC,BCDHRS(2,K)
9670  WRITE(47,*)
9680  CONTINUE
    WRITE(47,9690) TCDHRS
9690  FORMAT(5X,'TOTAL B CARRY & DUMP HOURS = ',F6.1)
    WRITE(47,*)
    WRITE(47,*)
*
*           COAL LOADER
*
WRITE(47,*)
WRITE(47,*) ' C LOADER CD HOURS'
WRITE(47,*)
WRITE(47,9510)
WRITE(47,9520)
TCDHRS = 0.0
DO 9780 K = 1,BDIM
  IF (BCDHRS(3,K) .LT. 0.1) GOTO 9780
  LHRST = 0.0
  LHR2 = 0.0
  LHR3 = 0.0
  LHRX = 0.0
  LHRSC = 0.0
  BCD = 0
  DO 9750 D = 1,BDIM
    SCDHRS = CDHRS(3,K,1,D) + CDHRS(3,K,2,D) + CDHRS(3,K,3,D) +
1          CDHRS(3,K,4,D) + CDHRS(3,K,5,D)
    IF (SCDHRS .LT. 0.1) GOTO 9750
    LHRST = LHRST + CDHRS(3,K,1,D)
    LHR2 = LHR2 + CDHRS(3,K,2,D)
    LHR3 = LHR3 + CDHRS(3,K,3,D)
    LHRX = LHRX + CDHRS(3,K,4,D)
    LHRSC = LHRSC + CDHRS(3,K,5,D)
    BCD = BCD + 1
    WRITE (47,9530) BLK(K),BLK(D),CDHRS(3,K,1,D),CDHRS(3,K,2,D),
1          CDHRS(3,K,3,D),CDHRS(3,K,4,D),CDHRS(3,K,5,D),SCDHRS
9750  CONTINUE
    TCDHRS = TCDHRS + BCDHRS(3,K)

```

```

        IF (BCD .LT. 2) GOTO 9770
        WRITE(47,9560) BLK(K),LHRST,LHRS2,LHRS3,LHRSX,LHRSC,BCDHRS(3,K)
9770    WRITE(47,*)
9780    CONTINUE
        WRITE(47,9790) TCDHRS
9790    FORMAT(5X,'TOTAL C CARRY & DUMP HOURS = ',F6.1)
        WRITE(47,*)
        WRITE(47,*)
*
        WRITE(47,*)
        WRITE(47,*)'NUMBER OF RECORDS READ = ',RCOUNT
        WRITE(06,*)'FINISHED; ',RCOUNT,' RECORDS PROCESSED'
        GOTO 9999
9900    WRITE (06,*) 'READ ERROR; LDDATE = ', LDDATE,' IMAX = ',J
        GOTO 9999
9911    WRITE (06,*) 'READ ERROR LDDATE = ', LDDATE
9999    STOP
        END

```

```

*           *           *           OPHOURS LOADER           *           *           *

```

A LOADER OPERATION HOURS TOTALS
BLOCKS AND LIFTS ARE MATERIAL SOURCES

	BLOCK	OPER	T LIFT	2 LIFT	3 LIFT	X LIFT	R LIFT	TOTAL
LDA	MB1	L2	21.0	16.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	37.0
	MB1	CD	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0
	MB1		21.0	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	39.0
	MB2	L1	0.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0
	MB2	L2	5.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0
	MB2		5.0	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.0
	MB3	L2	5.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.5
	MB3		5.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.5

COAL LOADER OPERATION HOURS TOTALS BY BLOCK AND LIFT

	BLOCK	OPER	T LIFT	2 LIFT	3 LIFT	X LIFT	R LIFT	TOTAL
LDC	MB1	LC	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0
	MB1	PA	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	2.0
	MB1		0.0	0.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	7.0
	MB2	LC	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	7.0
	MB2		0.0	0.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	7.0

```

*           *           *           CDHOURS LOADER           *           *           *

```

A LOADER CD HOURS

	FROM BLOCK	TO BLOCK	FROM T LIFT	FROM 2 LIFT	FROM 3 LIFT	FROM X LIFT	FROM R LIFT	TOTAL
LDA	MB1	SD1	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0
	TOTAL A CARRY & DUMP HOURS = 2.0							

APPENDIX C: DOZER

```

*           *           *           DOZER  INDATA           *           *           *
DAY 1      MB1  1      ST PD      1.0
DAY 1      MB2  1      ST PD      1.0
DAY 2      MB1  1      FO          5.0
DAY 2      MB1  1      DS          2.0          SD1
DAY 3      MB1  1      FO          5.0
DAY 3      MB1  1      DS          2.          SD1
DAY 4      MB2  1      PO          7.          100 SD2          NEARBY AREA
DAY 5      MB2  1      FO          5.
DAY 5      MB2  1      FO          2.
DAY 5      MB2  1      DS          3.          SD2
DAY 5      MB1  2      FC          2.
DAY 6      MB1  2      FO          3.
DAY 6      MB1  2      DS          4.          SD1
DAY 7      MB1  2      FO          5.
DAY 8      SD1          RR          5.          TS
DAY 8      SD2          RR          5.
DAY 9      MB3  T      ST          5.          TS
D 10      SD1          RR          4.          C
D 10      SD2          RR          3.          C

```

```

*           *           *           DOZER  FORTRAN           *           *           *
*           *           *           C O S T S U M           *           *           *

```

PROGRAMMED BY C.E. ZIPPER, 1985
DOCUMENTATION: VIRGINIA AGR. EXP. STATION BULLETIN NO. 86-1
VPI & SU, BLACKSBURG 24061

PROGRAM DOZER

THIS PROGRAM TOTALS DOZER HOURS BY OPERATION AND LOCATION
IT ALSO TOTALS PUSH OVERBURDEN HOURS BY SOURCE AND
DESTINATION, AND IT TOTALS WORK DUMPSITE HOURS.

DECLARE VARIABLE TYPES

```

CHARACTER*5  DZDATE
CHARACTER*4  DZBLK, BLK(22)
CHARACTER*1  DZLIFT, LIFT(5)
CHARACTER*2  DZOP1, OPER
CHARACTER*2  DZOP2
REAL         DZHRS, HRS, OPHRS(2,20,22,5)
REAL         AHRS, CHRS
REAL         CDHRS(2,22,5,22),BCDHRS(2,22), SCDHRS
REAL         WBAHRS, WBCHRS, BWBHRS, WBHRS(3,22)
REAL         DZTHRS, DZPHRS, TOTHRS
REAL         LHRST, LHR2,LHR3,LHR3X,LHRSC
REAL         BHR3OP, BLKHRS(2,22)
CHARACTER*1  DZMACH
INTEGER      DZDIST
CHARACTER*4  DZDEST
CHARACTER*2  DZMATL
CHARACTER*25 DZCOMM
CHARACTER*2  OP(20)
INTEGER      ONEOP, FIRST
INTEGER      ICOUNT, IMAX
INTEGER      RCOUNT, DZDIM, BDIM, I, J, K, L, LL, D, BCD, KK

```

ARRAY SUBSCRIPTS

I: MACHINE TYPE


```

*       J: LOADER OPERATION
*       K: SOURCE BLOCK
*       L: SOURCE LIFT
*       D: DESTINATION BLOCK
*
*       INITIALIZE VARIABLES
*
BDIM = 22
DZDIM = 20
IMAX = 1000
LL = 5
AHRs = 0.0
CHRs = 0.0
TOTHRs = 0.0
CDPHRS = 0.0
TCDHRS = 0.0
WBAHRS = 0.0
WBCHRS = 0.0
WBTHRS = 0.0
*
CALL ABLOCK (BLK,BDIM)
CALL ADZOP (OP,DZDIM)
CALL ALIFT (LIFT,LL)
*
DO 40 I = 1,2
  DO 30 J = 1,DZDIM
    DO 20 K = 1,BDIM
      DO 10 L = 1,5
        OPHRS(I,J,K,L) = 0.0
10 CONTINUE
20 CONTINUE
30 CONTINUE
40 CONTINUE
  DO 60 K = 1,BDIM
    DO 50 I = 1,2
      BLKHRS(I,K) = 0.0
      BCDHRS(I,K) = 0.0
      WBHRS(I,K) = 0.0
50 CONTINUE
60 CONTINUE
  DO 140 I = 1,2
    DO 130 D = 1,BDIM
      DO 120 K = 1,BDIM
        DO 110 L = 1,5
          CDHRS(I,K,L,D) = 0.0
110 CONTINUE
120 CONTINUE
130 CONTINUE
140 CONTINUE
    RCOUNT = 0
*
*       READ DATA AND COUNT
*
*       FILE 12 DOZER INDATA
*       FILE 55 OPHOURS DOZER
*       FILE 56 DSHOURS DOZER
*       FILE 57 POHOURS DOZER
*
1000 READ (12,1012,ERR=9911,END=7000)
  1 DZDATE,DZBLK,DZLIFT,DZOP1,DZOP2,DZHRs,
  2 DZMACH,DZDIST,DZDEST,DZMATL,DZCOMM
1012 FORMAT (A5,3X,A4,1X,A1,5X,A2,1X,A2,4X,F5.2,A1,5X,I3,1X,
  1 A4,2X,A2,3X,A25)
  RCOUNT = RCOUNT + 1
  TOTHRs = TOTHRs + DZHRs
*
*       ASSIGN VALUE TO I TO INDICATE MACHINE TYPE
*
I = 4
IF (DZMACH .EQ. ' ') I = 1

```

```

IF (DZMACH .EQ. 'C') I = 2
IF (I .EQ. 4) THEN
WRITE (55,*) 'WRONG CHARACTER DZMAC ',DZDATE
ENDIF

*
* IF DUAL OPERATIONS PERFORMED:
* - SPLIT DZHRS AMONG LDO1 AND LDO2
* - ONEOP AND FIRST ACT AS LOGICAL VARIABLES
* 1 = .TRUE 0 = .FALSE.
* - PROGRAM GOES THROUGH STATEMENT 2000 TWICE VIA
* LOGICAL VARIABLE OPERATION IN STATEMENTS 6000 +
*
1500 IF (DZOP2 .NE. ' ') THEN
ONEOP = 0
FIRST = 1
OPER = DZOP1
HRS = DZHRS/2.0
ELSE
ONEOP = 1
HRS = DZHRS
OPER = DZOP1
ENDIF

*
* ASSIGN VALUE TO J TO INDICATE OPERATION TYPE
* ASSIGN VALUE TO K TO INDICATE SOURCE BLOCK
* ASSIGN VALUE TO L TO INDICATE SOURCE LIFT
*
2000 CALL XDZOP(OP,DZDIM,OPER,J)
CALL KBLOCK(BLK,BDIM,DZBLK,K)
CALL JLIFT(DZLIFT,L)

*
* ENDLESS LOOP PROTECTION
*
ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GO TO 9911

*
* TOTAL HOURS BY MACHINE AND OPERATION
*
3000 IF (I .EQ. 1) AHRS = AHRS + HRS
IF (I .EQ. 2) CHRHS = CHRHS + HRS
OPHRS (I,J,K,L) = OPHRS(I,J,K,L) + HRS
BLKHRS(I,K) = BLKHRS(I,K) + HRS

*
* IF OPERATION = PO ASSIGN D TO PUSH OVERBURDEN DESTINATION
* TOTAL PO HOURS BY DESTINATION
* 'CD' SYMBOLS STAND FOR 'PO' OPERATION VARIABLES
*
IF (OPER .EQ. 'PO') THEN
4000 CALL KBLOCK (BLK,BDIM,DZDEST,D)
IF (DZDEST .EQ. ' ') WRITE(57,*) DZDATE,'CHECK DESTINATION'
4100 CDHRS(I,K,L,D) = CDHRS(I,K,L,D) + HRS
BCDHRS(I,K) = BCDHRS(I,K) + HRS
ENDIF

*
* IF OPER = WB OR DS
* TOTAL WB HOURS BY DESTINATION
* ASSIGN D TO IDENTIFY DESTINATION
* (WB MEANS WORK BACKFILL, SAME MEANING AS DS)
*
4200 IF (OPER .EQ. 'WB' .OR. OPER .EQ. 'DS') THEN
CALL KBLOCK (BLK,BDIM,DZDEST,D)
IF (DZDEST .EQ. ' ') WRITE(56,*) DZDATE,'CHECK DESTINATION'
WBHRS(I,D) = WBHRS(I,D) + HRS
WBTHRS = WBTHRS + HRS
ENDIF

*
* IF DUAL OPERATIONS FIRST TIME THROUGH
* RETURN TO STATEMENT 2000 TO TOTAL DZOP2
*

```

```

4900 IF (ONEOP .EQ. 1) GOTO 6000
      IF (FIRST .EQ. 1) THEN
          FIRST = 0
          OPER = DZOP2
5000   GOTO 2000
      ENDIF
*
*
* 6000 GOTO 1000
*
*           READ FINISHED           WRITE TOTALS
*
*           TOTAL LOAD HOURS BY OPERATION           FILE 55
*
7000 WRITE (55,*) ' C DOZER OPERATION HOURS TOTALS BY BLOCK AND LIFT'
      WRITE (55,*)
      WRITE (55,7020)
7020 FORMAT (5X,'BLOCK',2X,'OPER',2X,'T LIFT',2X,'2 LIFT',2X,'3 LIFT',
1       2X,'X LIFT',2X,'R LIFT',2X,'TOTAL')
      WRITE (55,*)
      WRITE (55,7021)
7021 FORMAT ('DZC')
      DO 7070 K = 1,BDIM
          LHRST = 0.0
          LHR2 = 0.0
          LHR3 = 0.0
          LHRX = 0.0
          LHRSC = 0.0
          DO 7060 J = 1,DZDIM
              BHR SOP = OPHRS(2,J,K,1) + OPHRS(2,J,K,2) + OPHRS(2,J,K,3)
1              + OPHRS(2,J,K,4) + OPHRS(2,J,K,5)
              IF (BHR SOP .LT. 0.1) GOTO 7060
              WRITE (55,7050) BLK(K),OP(J),OPHRS(2,J,K,1),OPHRS(2,J,K,2),
1              OPHRS(2,J,K,3),OPHRS(2,J,K,4),OPHRS(2,J,K,5),BHR SOP
7050   FORMAT (5X,A4,4X,A2,6(2X,F6.1))
          LHRST = LHRST + OPHRS(2,J,K,1)
          LHR2 = LHR2 + OPHRS(2,J,K,2)
          LHR3 = LHR3 + OPHRS(2,J,K,3)
          LHRX = LHRX + OPHRS(2,J,K,4)
          LHRSC = LHRSC + OPHRS(2,J,K,5)
7060   CONTINUE
          IF (BLK HRS(2,K) .LT. 0.1) GOTO 7070
          WRITE(55,7065)BLK(K),LHRST,LHR2,LHR3,LHRX,LHRSC,BLK HRS(2,K)
7065   FORMAT (5X,A4,6X,6(1X,F7.1))
          WRITE (55,*)
7070   CONTINUE
      GOTO 8000
*
*
*
8000 WRITE (55,*)
      WRITE (55,*)
      WRITE (55,*) ' A DOZERS OPERATION HOURS TOTALS BY BLOCK AND LIFT'
      WRITE (55,*)
      WRITE (55,7020)
      WRITE (55,*)
      WRITE (55,8021)
8021 FORMAT ('DZA')
      DO 8070 K = 1,BDIM
          LHRST = 0.0
          LHR2 = 0.0
          LHR3 = 0.0
          LHRX = 0.0
          LHRSC = 0.0
          DO 8060 J = 1,DZDIM
              BHR SOP = OPHRS(1,J,K,1) + OPHRS(1,J,K,2) + OPHRS(1,J,K,3)
1              + OPHRS(1,J,K,4) + OPHRS(1,J,K,5)
              IF (BHR SOP .LT. 0.1) GOTO 8060
              WRITE (55,7050) BLK(K),OP(J),OPHRS(1,J,K,1),OPHRS(1,J,K,2),

```

```

1          OPHRS(1,J,K,3),OPHRS(1,J,K,4),OPHRS(1,J,K,5),BHRSOP
      LHRST = LHRST + OPHRS(1,J,K,1)
      LHR2 = LHR2 + OPHRS(1,J,K,2)
      LHR3 = LHR3 + OPHRS(1,J,K,3)
      LHR4 = LHR4 + OPHRS(1,J,K,4)
      LHR5 = LHR5 + OPHRS(1,J,K,5)
8060    CONTINUE
      IF (BLK(1,K) .LT. 0.1) GOTO 8070
      WRITE(55,7065)BLK(K),LHRST,LHR2,LHR3,LHR4,LHR5,BLK(1,K)
      WRITE (55,*)
8070    CONTINUE
      WRITE (55,*)
      WRITE (55,*)
      WRITE (55,*) 'LAST RECORD PROCESSED = ', DZDATE
      WRITE (55,*) 'NUMBER OF RECORDS READ = ',RCOUNT
*
*
*          WRITE WB/DS HOURS TOTALS
*
      WRITE(56,*)
      WRITE(56,*)
      WRITE(56,*) 'DOZERS WORK DUMPSITE HOUR TOTALS BY DESTINATION'
      WRITE (56,9347)
9347    FORMAT (' ',6X,'TO',8X,'D O Z E R S')
      WRITE(56,9350)
9350    FORMAT(' ',1X,' ',3X,'BLOCK',4X,' A ',5X,' C ')
      WRITE(56,*)
      DZBLK = ' '
      DZLIFT = ' '
      DO 9370 KK = 1,BDIM
          WBAHRS = WBAHRS + WBHRS(1,KK)
          WBCHRS = WBCHRS + WBHRS(2,KK)
          BWBHRS = WBHRS(1,KK) + WBHRS(2,KK)
          IF (BWBHRS .LT. 0.1) GOTO 9370
          WRITE(56,9360)DZBLK,DZLIFT,BLK(KK),WBHRS(1,KK),WBHRS(2,KK),
1          BWBHRS
9360    FORMAT(A4,1X,A1,3X,A4,3(2X,F6.1))
9370    CONTINUE
      WRITE (56,*)
      WRITE (56,9380) DZBLK,DZLIFT,WBAHRS,WBCHRS,WBTHRS
9380    FORMAT (A4,1X,A1,3X,'TOTAL',1X,F6.1,2X,F6.1,2X,F6.1)
      IF (WBTHRS .NE. WBAHRS + WBCHRS) THEN
          WRITE (56,*) 'PROBLEM WITH WB HOURS TOTAL; WBTHRS = ',WBTHRS
      ENDIF
      WRITE(56,*)
      WRITE(56,*) 'NUMBER OF RECORDS READ = ',RCOUNT
      WRITE (56,*) 'LAST RECORD PROCESSED = ', DZDATE
*
*
*          WRITE PO HOURS TOTALS - FILE 57
*
      D-9 DOZERS
*
      WRITE(57,*)
      WRITE(57,*) ' A DOZERS PO HOURS'
      WRITE(57,*)
      WRITE(57,9510)
9510    FORMAT (6X,'FROM',3X,'TO',5(4X,'FROM'))
      WRITE(57,9520)
9520    FORMAT (5X,'BLOCK',1X,'BLOCK',2X,'1 LIFT',2X,'2 LIFT',2X,'3 LIFT',
1          2X,'X LIFT',2X,'R LIFT',2X,'TOTAL')
      WRITE(57,8021)
      TCDHRS = 0.0
      DO 9580 K = 1,BDIM
          IF (BCDHRS(1,K) .LT. 0.1) GOTO 9580
          LHRST = 0.0
          LHR2 = 0.0
          LHR3 = 0.0
          LHR4 = 0.0
          LHR5 = 0.0

```

```

BCD = 0
DO 9550 D = 1,BDIM
  SCDHRS = CDHRS(1,K,1,D) + CDHRS(1,K,2,D) + CDHRS(1,K,3,D) +
  CDHRS(1,K,4,D) + CDHRS(1,K,5,D)
1  IF (SCDHRS .LT. 0.1) GOTO 9550
    LHRST = LHRST + CDHRS(1,K,1,D)
    LHR2 = LHR2 + CDHRS(1,K,2,D)
    LHR3 = LHR3 + CDHRS(1,K,3,D)
    LHR4 = LHR4 + CDHRS(1,K,4,D)
    LHR5 = LHR5 + CDHRS(1,K,5,D)
    BCD = BCD + 1
    WRITE (57,9530) BLK(K),BLK(D),CDHRS(1,K,1,D),CDHRS(1,K,2,D),
    CDHRS(1,K,3,D),CDHRS(1,K,4,D),CDHRS(1,K,5,D),SCDHRS
9530  FORMAT (5X,A4,2X,A4,6(F6.1,2X))
9550  CONTINUE
    TCDHRS = TCDHRS + BCDHRS(1,K)
    IF (BCD .LT. 2) GOTO 9570
    WRITE(57,9560) BLK(K),LHRST,LHR2,LHR3,LHR4,LHR5,BCDHRS(1,K)
9560  FORMAT(5X,A4,6X,6(F6.1,2X))
9570  WRITE(57,*)
9580  CONTINUE
    WRITE(57,9590) TCDHRS
9590  FORMAT(5X,'TOTAL A DOZER PUSH OVERBURDEN HOURS = ',F6.1)
    WRITE(57,*)
*
*
*      C    DOZER
*
    WRITE(57,*)
    WRITE(57,*) ' C DOZER PO HOURS'
    WRITE(57,*)
    WRITE(57,9510)
    WRITE(57,9520)
    TCDHRS = 0.0
    DO 9680 K = 1,BDIM
      IF (BCDHRS(2,K) .LT. 0.1) GOTO 9680
      LHRST = 0.0
      LHR2 = 0.0
      LHR3 = 0.0
      LHR4 = 0.0
      LHR5 = 0.0
      BCD = 0
      DO 9650 D = 1,BDIM
        SCDHRS = CDHRS(2,K,1,D) + CDHRS(2,K,2,D) + CDHRS(2,K,3,D) +
        CDHRS(2,K,4,D) + CDHRS(2,K,5,D)
1      IF (SCDHRS .LT. 0.1) GOTO 9650
        LHRST = LHRST + CDHRS(2,K,1,D)
        LHR2 = LHR2 + CDHRS(2,K,2,D)
        LHR3 = LHR3 + CDHRS(2,K,3,D)
        LHR4 = LHR4 + CDHRS(2,K,4,D)
        LHR5 = LHR5 + CDHRS(2,K,5,D)
        BCD = BCD + 1
        WRITE (57,9530) BLK(K),BLK(D),CDHRS(2,K,1,D),CDHRS(2,K,2,D),
        CDHRS(2,K,3,D),CDHRS(2,K,4,D),CDHRS(2,K,5,D),SCDHRS
9650  CONTINUE
        TCDHRS = TCDHRS + BCDHRS(2,K)
        IF (BCD .LT. 2) GOTO 9670
        WRITE(57,9560) BLK(K),LHRST,LHR2,LHR3,LHR4,LHR5,BCDHRS(2,K)
9670  WRITE(57,*)
9680  CONTINUE
        WRITE(57,9690) TCDHRS
9690  FORMAT(5X,'TOTAL C DOZER PUSH OVERBURDEN HOURS = ',F6.1)
        WRITE(57,*)
        WRITE(57,*)
*
*      WRITE(57,*)
*      WRITE(57,*) 'NUMBER OF RECORDS READ = ',RCOUNT
*      WRITE (57,*) 'LAST RECORD PROCESSED = ', DZDATE
*      WRITE(57,*)

```

```

WRITE(06,*)'FINISHED; ',RCOUNT,' RECORDS PROCESSED'
GOTO 9999
9911 WRITE (06,*) 'READ ERROR LDDATE = ', DZDATE, 'ICOUNT = ',ICOUNT
9999 STOP
END

```

```

*           *           *           OPHOURS DOZER           *           *           *
C DOZER OPERATION HOURS TOTALS BY BLOCK AND LIFT
DZC
BLOCK OPER T LIFT 2 LIFT 3 LIFT X LIFT R LIFT TOTAL
SD1 RR 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 4.0 4.0
SD1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 4.0 4.0
SD2 RR 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 3.0 3.0
SD2 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 3.0 3.0

```

```

A DOZERS OPERATION HOURS TOTALS BY BLOCK AND LIFT
DZA
BLOCK OPER T LIFT 2 LIFT 3 LIFT X LIFT R LIFT TOTAL
MB1 ST 0.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.5
MB1 PD 0.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.5
MB1 FO 10.0 8.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 18.0
MB1 DS 4.0 4.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 8.0
MB1 FC 0.0 2.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 2.0
MB1 15.0 14.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 29.0
MB2 ST 0.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.5
MB2 PD 0.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.5
MB2 FO 7.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 7.0
MB2 PD 7.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 7.0
MB2 DS 3.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 3.0
MB2 18.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 18.0
MB3 ST 5.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 5.0
MB3 5.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 5.0
SD1 RR 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 5.0 5.0
SD1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 5.0 5.0
SD2 RR 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 5.0 5.0
SD2 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 5.0 5.0

```

```

*           *           *           POHOURS DOZER           *           *           *
A DOZERS PO HOURS
DZA
FROM TO FROM FROM FROM FROM FROM
BLOCK BLOCK T LIFT 2 LIFT 3 LIFT X LIFT R LIFT TOTAL
MB2 SD2 7.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 7.0
TOTAL A DOZER PUSH OVERBURDEN HOURS = 7.0

```

```

*           *           *           DSHOURS DOZER           *           *           *
DOZERS WORK DUMPSITE HOUR TOTALS BY DESTINATION
TO D O Z E R S
BLOCK A C
SD1 8.0 0.0 8.0
SD2 3.0 0.0 3.0
TOTAL 11.0 0.0 11.0

```

APPENDIX D: DRILL

```

*           *           *           DRILL INDATA           *           *           *
DAY 1  MB1  T    50           20           7.0           5000           3.5
DAY 2  MB1  T    50           20           7.0           5000           3.5
DAY 3  MB2  T    50           20           7.0           5000           3.5
DAY 4  MB1  X    50           15           7.0           2500           3.5
DAY 5  MB1  X    50           15           7.0           2500           3.5
DAY 6  MB2  X    50           15           7.0           2500           3.5

```

```

*           *           *           DRILL FORTRAN           *           *           *
*           *           *           C O S T S U M           *           *           *
*           *           *           PROGRAMMED BY C.E. ZIPPER, 1985
*           *           *           DOCUMENTATION: VIRGINIA AGR. EXP. STATION BULLETIN NO. 86-1
*           *           *           VPI & SU, BLACKSBURG 24061

```

```

*           *           *           PROGRAM DRILL
*           *           *           THE PURPOSE OF THIS PROGRAM IS TO TOTAL DRILLING HOURS AND
*           *           *           MATERIALS BY BLOCK AND LIFT

```

```

*           *           *           CHARACTER*5  DRDATE
*           *           *           CHARACTER*4  DRBLK, BLK(22)
*           *           *           CHARACTER*1  DRLIFT, LIFT(5)
*           *           *           INTEGER      DRHOLS, HOLES, BHOLES, LHOLES(22,5)
*           *           *           INTEGER      DRDEP
*           *           *           INTEGER      HOLFT, BHOLFT, LHOLFT(22,5)
*           *           *           REAL        AVGDEP, BAVG, LAVG
*           *           *           REAL        DRHRS, HRS, BHRS, LHRS(22,5)
*           *           *           INTEGER      DRANFO, ANFO, BANFO, LANFO(22,5)
*           *           *           REAL        DRLAB, ADRLAB, SHTLAB, BSHTL, LSHTL(22,5)
*           *           *           CHARACTER*15  DRCOMM
*           *           *           INTEGER      ICOUNT, BDIM,K,L, II, IMAX
*           *           *           REAL        RATE

```

```

*           *           *           INITIALIZE VARIABLES
*           *           *           BDIM = 22
*           *           *           IMAX = 1000
*           *           *           HOLES = 0
*           *           *           HOLFT = 0
*           *           *           ANFO = 0
*           *           *           ICOUNT = 0
*           *           *           HRS = 0.0
*           *           *           SHTLAB = 0.0

```

```

*           *           *           ADRLAB IS DEFAULT VALUE FOR DRLAB
*           *           *           ADRLAB = 0.0
*           *           *           DO 110 K=1,BDIM
*           *           *           DO 100 L = 1,5
*           *           *           LHOLES(K,L) = 0
*           *           *           LHOLFT(K,L) = 0
*           *           *           LHRS(K,L) = 0.0
*           *           *           LANFO(K,L) = 0
*           *           *           LSHTL(K,L) = 0.0

```

```

*           *           *           100 CONTINUE
*           *           *           110 CONTINUE
*           *           *           CALL ABLOCK(BLK,BDIM)
*           *           *           CALL ALIFT(LIFT)

```

```

*
*          READ          DATA          AND          TOTAL
*          FILE 13      DRILL INDATA
*          FILE 70      TOTALS DRILL
*
1000 READ (13,1013,ERR=9900,END=9000)
      1          DRDATE,DRBLK,DRLIFT,DRHOLS,DRDEP,DRHRS,
      2          DRANFO,DRLAB,DRCOMM
1013 FORMAT (A5,3X,A4,1X,A1,5X,I2,8X,I2,7X,F5.2,6X,I4,6X,
      1          F3.1,2X,A15)
*
      CALL KBLOCK (BLK,BDIM,DRBLK,K)
      CALL JLIFT (DRLIFT,L)
*
*          LIFT TOTALS THEN JOB TOTALS
*
LHOLES(K,L) = LHOLES (K,L) + DRHOLS
LHOLFT(K,L) = LHOLFT(K,L) + (DRHOLS*DRDEP)
LHRS(K,L)   = LHRS(K,L)   + DRHRS
LANFO(K,L)  = LANFO(K,L)  + DRANFO
IF (DRLAB .EQ. 0.0) DRLAB = 3.5
LSHTL(K,L)  = LSHTL(K,L)  + DRLAB
*
HOLES = HOLES + DRHOLS
HOLFT = HOLFT + (DRHOLS*DRDEP)
HRS = HRS + DRHRS
ANFO = ANFO + DRANFO
SHTLAB = SHTLAB + DRLAB
*
*          ENDLESS LOOP PROTECTION
*
ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GOTO 9910
*
GOTO 1000
*
*          FINISHED READ ENTER WRITE; 'B' VARIABLES = BLOCK TOTALS
*
9000 AVGDEP = REAL(HOLFT)/REAL(HOLES)
      WRITE (60,*)
      WRITE (60,*) 'DRILLING TOTALS      '
      WRITE (60,*)
      WRITE (60,9010)
9010 FORMAT (18X,'DRILL',2X,'AVERAGE',9X,'DRILL',3X,'SHOOT',4X,
      1          'DRILLING RATE')
      WRITE (60,9020)
9020 FORMAT (5X,'BLK',1X,'L',2X,'HOLES',2X,'FEET',3X,'DEPTH',3X,
      1          'ANFO',2X,'HOURS',3X,'LABOR',4X,'FEET PER HOUR')
      WRITE (60,9021)
9021 FORMAT ('DRL')
      DO 9032 K = 1,BDIM
          BHOLES = 0
          BHOLFT = 0
          BHRS = 0.0
          BANFO = 0
          BSHTL = 0.0
          DO 9026 L = 1,5
              IF (LHOLES(K,L) .EQ. 0) GOTO 9026
              LAVG = REAL(LHOLFT(K,L))/LHOLES(K,L)
*
*          RATE = LHOLFT(K,L)/LHRS(K,L)
*
          WRITE (60,9024) BLK(K),LIFT(L),LHOLES(K,L),LHOLFT(K,L),
      1          LAVG, LANFO(K,L),LHRS(K,L),LSHTL(K,L),RATE
9024  FORMAT (4X,A4,1X,A1,2X,I4,2X,I6,2X,F5.1,1X,I7,1X,F6.1,1X,
      1          F6.1,8X,F6.2)
          BHOLES = BHOLES + LHOLES(K,L)
          BHOLFT = BHOLFT + LHOLFT(K,L)
          BHRS = BHRS + LHRS(K,L)
          BANFO = BANFO + LANFO(K,L)

```



```

          BSHTL = BSHTL + LSHTL(K,L)
9026  CONTINUE
      IF (BHOLES .EQ. 0) GOTO 9032
      BAVG = REAL(BHOLFT)/BHOLES
      RATE = BHOLFT/BHRS
*
      WRITE(60,9030) BLK(K),BHOLES,BHOLFT,BAVG,BANFO,BHRS,BSHTL,
1          RATE
9030  FORMAT (4X,A4,4X,I4,2X,I6,2X,F5.1,1X,I7,1X,F6.1,1X,F6.1,8X,
1          F6.2)
      WRITE(60,*)
9032  CONTINUE
*
*                               FINALE
*
      RATE = HOLFT/HRS
      WRITE (60,*)
      WRITE (60,9040) HOLES, HOLFT, AVGDEP, ANFO, HRS, SHTLAB, RATE
9040  FORMAT (5X,'TOTAL',2X,I4,2X,I6,2X,F5.1,1X,I7,1X,F6.1,1X,F6.1,8X,
+          F6.2)
      WRITE (60,*)
      WRITE (60,*) 'NUMBER OF RECORDS PROCESSED = ', ICOUNT
      WRITE (60,*) 'LAST DATE PROCESSED = ', DRDATE
      WRITE (06,*) 'FINISHED; ', ICOUNT, ' RECORDS PROCESSED'
      GOTO 9999
9900  WRITE (06,*) ' READ ERROR DRDATE = ', DRDATE
      GOTO 9999
9910  WRITE (06,*) 'LOOPING; ICOUNT = ',ICOUNT, 'DRDATE = ',DRDATE
9999  STOP
      END

```

```

*          *          *          TOTALS  DRILL          *          *          *
DRILLING TOTALS

```

DRL	BLK	L	HOLES	DRILL FEET	AVERAGE DEPTH	ANFO	DRILL HOURS	SHOOT LABOR	DRILLING RATE FEET PER HOUR
MB1	T		100	2000	20.0	10000	14.0	7.0	142.86
MB1	X		100	1500	15.0	5000	14.0	7.0	107.14
MB1			200	3500	17.5	15000	28.0	14.0	125.00
MB2	T		50	1000	20.0	5000	7.0	3.5	142.86
MB2	X		50	750	15.0	2500	7.0	3.5	107.14
MB2			100	1750	17.5	7500	14.0	7.0	125.00
TOTAL			300	5250	17.5	22500	42.0	21.0	125.00

APPENDIX E: OTHER

```

      *           *           *           OTHER INDATA           *           *           *
DAY 1      16 2              1000
DAY 2      40 5 1
DAY 3      40 5 1
DAY 4      40 5 1
DAY 5      40 5 1
DAY 6      40 5 1
DAY 7      40 5 1
DAY 8      40 5 1
DAY 9      40 5 1      MB1  1060      1000  GRD  02 13  ROAD
D  10      40 5 1      MB2  570              MAC  7 11  MB2  HAUL COAL
D  10      MB2 A  300              AUG  3 6  MB2
D  11      16 2 0              SED  5 4  SD1  COMPANY
D  11              SED  2 3  SD2  SEEDER
D  11              MAN  5 12 SD1  SEVEN
D  11              MAN  2 12 SD2  BATCHES
    
```

```

      *           *           *           OTHER FORTRAN           *           *           *
      *           *           *           C O S T S U M           *           *           *
    
```

PROGRAMMED BY C.E. ZIPPER, 1985
 DOCUMENTATION: VIRGINIA AGR. EXP. STATION BULLETIN NO. 86-1
 VPI & SU, BLACKSBURG 24061

```

PROGRAM          OTHER
THE PURPOSE OF THIS PROGRAM IS TO TOTAL QUANTITIES IN OTHER INDATA
FILE: MANHOURS, OTHER MACHINE HOURS, FUEL, COAL TONNAGE, MANDAYS
    
```

```

CHARACTER*5     MIDATE
INTEGER         LABHRS, TOTLAB, MANHRS
INTEGER         JOBMEN, X, JOBDAY
INTEGER         SUP, TSUP
CHARACTER*4     COLBLK, BLOCK(22)
CHARACTER*1     AUGCOL
INTEGER         COLTON, COAL, BLKCOL(2,22)
INTEGER         FUEL, TOFUEL
CHARACTER*3     OMAC, MACHIN(14)
INTEGER         OMACHR, MACTOT, MACHRS(14,22,15), MACT(14)
INTEGER         AUGLAB, AUGMH(22), AUGMHT
INTEGER         SEDBAT, SEDBA(22)
CHARACTER*4     OMACBL
CHARACTER*1     OMACLI
CHARACTER*25    MICOMM
INTEGER         I, ICOUNT, IMAX, INUM
INTEGER         BDIM, K, A, IAUG, CC, CCDIM, IDIM
    
```

INITIALIZE VARIABLES

```

IDIM = 14
CCDIM = 15
BDIM = 22
IMAX = 1000
AUGMHT = 0
COAL = 0
TOFUEL = 0
TOTLAB = 0
MACTOT = 0
ICOUNT = 0
JOBDAY = 0
TSUP = 0
    
```

```

SEDBAT = 0
*
*           ARRAY CONTENTS
* MACHIN(I): OMAC SYMBOLS
* MACTH(I): TOTAL OMAC HOURS BY OMAC TYPE
* MACHRS(I,K,CC) OMAC HOURS BY OMAC TYPE, BLOCK, AND COST CATEGORY
* BLOCK(K): COAL BLOCKS AND MINESITE OPERATION AREAS
* BLKCOL(A,K): COAL TONNAGE BY MINING METHOD AND BLOCK
* AUGMH(K): AUGER MAN HOURS BY BLOCK
* SEDBA(K): HYDROSEEDER BATCHES PER RECLAMATION BLOCK
*
* MACHRS ARE TOTALED BY COST CATEGORY (ARRAY SUBSCRIPT CC) AS FOLLOWS:
*
* COCAT(01) = 'PRE-DRILL          '
* COCAT(02) = 'DRILL AND SHOOT   '
* COCAT(03) = 'CARRY AND PUSH    '
* COCAT(04) = 'LOAD & HAUL: LOADERS'
* COCAT(05) = 'LOAD & HAUL: DOZERS '
* COCAT(06) = 'LOAD & HAUL: HAULERS'
* COCAT(07) = 'LOAD & HAUL:DUMPSITE'
* COCAT(08) = 'LOAD & HAUL: TOTAL '
* COCAT(09) = 'COAL: CLEAN & LOAD '
* COCAT(10) = 'COAL: AUGER       '
* COCAT(11) = 'COAL: HAULING     '
* COCAT(12) = 'RECLAMATION      '
* COCAT(13) = 'OTHER            '
* COCAT(14) = 'OVERHEAD         '
*
* DO 50 I = 1, IDIM
*   MACHIN(I) = ' '
*   MACTH(I) = 0
*   DO 40 K = 1, BDIM
*     DO 30 CC = 1, CCDIM
*       MACHRS(I,K,CC) = 0
30   CONTINUE
40   CONTINUE
50   CONTINUE
*   DO 60 K = 1, BDIM
*     BLKCOL(1,K) = 0
*     BLKCOL(2,K) = 0
*     AUGMH(K) = 0
*     SEDBA(K) = 0
60   CONTINUE
*   CALL ABLOCK (BLOCK, BDIM)
*   WRITE (06,*) 'ENTER READ DATA'
*
*
*           READ DATA
*           FILE 14   OTHER INDATA
*           FILE 70   TOTALS OTHER
*
1000 READ (14,1014,ERR=9910,END=9000)
1      MIDATE, LABHRS, JOBMEN, SUP, COLBLK, AUGCOL, COLTON, FUEL,
2      OMAC, OMACHR, AUGLAB, OMACBL, MICOMM
1014 FORMAT (A5,4X,I2,1X,I1,1X,I1,3X,A4,A1,1X,I4,1X,I4,2X,A3,2X,
1      I2,1X,I2,2X,A4,3X,A25)
*
*           CALCULATE JOB TOTALS
*
TOTLAB = TOTLAB + LABHRS
JOBDAY = JOBDAY + JOBMEN
TOFUEL = TOFUEL + FUEL
TSUP = TSUP + SUP
*
*           ENDLESS LOOP PROTECT
*
ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GOTO 9910
*
*           IF 'OMAC' RECORDED:           ASSIGN VALUE OF K TO LOCATION
*           ASSIGN VALUE OF I TO MACHINE TYPE 'OMAC'
*           LOAD MACHINE TYPE 'OMAC' SYMBOLS INTO ARRAY MACHIN(I)

```

```

*          TOTAL MACHINE HOURS BY OMAC TYPE IN MACHT(I) ARRAY
*          TOTAL MACHINE HOURS BY OMAC TYPE, COCAT, AND LOCATION
*          IN MACHRS(I,K,CC) ARRAY
*          AUGLAB REPRESENTS: AUGER LABOR HOURS WHEN OMAC = 'AUG'
*          SEEDER BATCHES WHEN OMAC = 'SED'
*          COST CATEGORY OTHERWISE
*
IF (OMAC .EQ. ' ') GOTO 3000
CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,OMACBL,K)
*
I = 1
2000 IF (MACHIN(I) .EQ. OMAC) GOTO 2100
IF (MACHIN(I) .EQ. ' ') THEN
MACHIN(I) = OMAC
INUM = I
GOTO 2100
ENDIF
I = I + 1
IF (I .GT. IDIM) GOTO 9900
GOTO 2000
2100 MACHT(I) = MACHT(I) + OMACHR
MACTOT = MACTOT + OMACHR
IF (OMAC .EQ. 'AUG') THEN
CC = 10
AUGMHT = AUGMHT + AUGLAB
AUGMH(K) = AUGMH(K) + AUGLAB
ELSE IF (OMAC .EQ. 'SED') THEN
CC = 12
SEDBAT = SEDBAT + AUGLAB
SEDBA(K) = SEDBA(K) + AUGLAB
ELSE
CC = AUGLAB
ENDIF
MACHRS(I,K,CC) = MACHRS(I,K,CC) + OMACHR
*
*          TOTAL COAL TONNAGE BY BLOCK AND MINING METHOD
*          ASSIGN: A=1 FOR STRIP COAL, A=2 FOR AUGER COAL
*
3000 IF (COLTON .EQ. 0) GOTO 1000
A = 1
IF (AUGCOL .EQ. 'A') A = 2
CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,COLBLK,K)
BLKCOL(A,K) = BLKCOL(A,K) + COLTON
COAL = COAL + COLTON
*
GOTO 1000
*
*          FINISHED READ      ENTER WRITE
*
9000 WRITE(70,*)
WRITE(70,*) 'TOTALS: OTHER MACHINERY, COAL, FUEL, LABOR'
WRITE(70,*)
MICOMM = 'COAL PRODUCED = '
WRITE(70,9001) MICOMM,COAL
MICOMM = 'FUEL PURCHASED = '
WRITE(70,9002) MICOMM,TOFUEL
MICOMM = 'LABOR DAYS = '
WRITE(70,9003) MICOMM,JOBDAY
MICOMM = 'SUPERVISOR DAYS = '
WRITE(70,9003) MICOMM,TSUP
MICOMM = 'LABOR HOURS = '
WRITE(70,9003) MICOMM,TOTLAB
9001 FORMAT (1X,A17,I7,' TONS')
9002 FORMAT (1X,A17,I7,' GALLONS')
9003 FORMAT (1X,A17,I7)
*
WRITE(70,*)
WRITE(70,9004)
9004 FORMAT (7X,'OTHER MACHINERY OPERATION')
WRITE(70,9005)

```

```

9005 FORMAT(5X,'MACH',2X,'BLK',1X,'L',2X,'HOURS',1X,'LAB/BAT',1X,'CC')
      WRITE(70,9006)
9006  FORMAT('MIS')
      DO 9090 I = 1,INUM
        IF (MACHT(I) .EQ. 0) GOTO 9090
        DO 9080 K = 1,BDIM
          DO 9025 CC = 1,CCDIM
            IF (MACHRS(I,K,CC) .EQ. 0) GOTO 9025
            IF (MACHIN(I) .EQ. 'AUG') THEN
              WRITE(70,9010) MACHIN(I), BLOCK(K), MACHRS(I,K,CC),
+             AUGMH(K),CC
9010  FORMAT(5X,A3,2X,A4,4X,I5,2X,I5,2X,I2)
              IAUG = I
            ELSE IF (MACHIN(I) .EQ. 'SED') THEN
              WRITE (70,9010) MACHIN(I), BLOCK(K),MACHRS(I,K,CC),
+             SEDBA(K),CC
9020  WRITE(70,9020) MACHIN(I), BLOCK(K), MACHRS(I,K,CC),CC
              FORMAT (5X,A3,2X,A4,4X,I5,9X,I2)
            ENDIF
          CONTINUE
6030  IF (K .EQ. BDIM) THEN
9040  WRITE(70,9040) MACHT(I)
          FORMAT(11X,'TOTAL',2X,I5)
          WRITE(70,*)
        ENDIF
9080  CONTINUE
9090  CONTINUE
*
      WRITE(70,*)
      WRITE(70,9130) MACTOT
9130  FORMAT(5X,'TOTAL HOURS OTHER MACHINES = ',1X,I7)
      WRITE(70,9140) AUGMHT
9140  FORMAT(5X,'TOTAL MAN HOURS ON AUGER = ',1X,I7)
      IF (AUGMHT .GT. 0) THEN
        MANHRS = MACTOT + AUGMHT - MACHT(IAUG)
      ELSE
        MANHRS = MACTOT
      ENDIF
      WRITE(70,9144) MANHRS
9144  FORMAT(5X,'TOTAL OTHER MACHINE MAN HOURS = ',1X,I7)
*
*   COAL TOTALS - TRAILING 0 AND . TO FACILITATE COST INPUTS
*
      WRITE(70,*)
      WRITE(70,*) ' COAL PRODUCTION'
      WRITE(70,*)
      WRITE(70,9150)
9150  FORMAT(3X,'BLOCK',3X,'TONS')
      WRITE(70,9155)
9155  FORMAT('COL')
9161  DO 9200 K = 1,BDIM
        IF (BLKCOL(1,K) .NE. 0) THEN
          WRITE(70,9120) BLOCK(K), BLKCOL(1,K)
9120  FORMAT(4X,A4,2X,I5,7X,6X,'0',4X,'.')
        ENDIF
9200  CONTINUE
        DO 9300 K = 1,BDIM
          IF (BLKCOL(2,K) .NE. 0) THEN
            WRITE(70,9220) BLOCK(K), BLKCOL(2,K)
9220  FORMAT(4X,A4,2X,I5,2X,'AUGER',6X,'0',4X,'.')
          ENDIF
9300  CONTINUE
          WRITE(70,*)
          WRITE(70,9310) COAL
          WRITE(70,*)
9310  FORMAT(5X,'TOTL',1X,I5)
*
*
*           FINALE
*

```

```

WRITE(70,*)'NUMBER OF RECORDS PROCESSED = ', ICOUNT
WRITE(70,*)'LAST DATE PROCESSED = ',MIDATE
WRITE(06,*)'FINISHED ',ICOUNT, ' RECORDS PROCESSED'
GOTO 9999
9900 WRITE(06,*) 'OMAC ASSIGNMENT ERROR; I = ',I, 'OMAC = ', OMAC
GOTO 9999
9910 WRITE(06,*) 'READ PROBLEM; MIDATE = ',MIDATE, ',ICOUNT = ',ICOUNT
9999 STOP
END

```

```

*          *          *          TOTALS OTHER          *          *          *
TOTALS: OTHER MACHINERY, COAL, FUEL, LABOR

```

```

COAL PRODUCED   = 1930 TONS
FUEL PURCHASED = 2000 GALLONS
LABOR DAYS      = 49
SUPERVISOR DAYS = 9
LABOR HOURS     = 392

```

```

OTHER MACHINERY OPERATION
MACH BLK L  HOURS LAB/BAT CC
MIS
GRD ROAD      2      13
   TOTAL      2
MAC MB2        7      11
   TOTAL      7
AUG MB2        3      6  10
   TOTAL      3
SED SD1        5      4  12
SED SD2        2      3  12
   TOTAL      7
MAN SD1        5      12
MAN SD2        2      12
   TOTAL      7

```

```

TOTAL HOURS OTHER MACHINES = 26
TOTAL MAN HOURS ON AUGER = 6
TOTAL OTHER MACHINE MAN HOURS = 29

```

COAL PRODUCTION

```

BLOCK  TONS
COL
MB1    1060      0  .
MB2    570      0  .
MB2    300 AUGER  0  .
TOTL   1930

```

```

NUMBER OF RECORDS PROCESSED = 15
LAST DATE PROCESSED = D 11

```

APPENDIX F: MOVE

```

      *           *           *           DATA MOVINPUT           *           *           *
      .30
      30.0      10.0
      8.0      20.0      200.0
HLR
  MB1  SD1      42.0      32.0      0.0      0.0      0.0      74.0  SD1
  MB1      42.0      32.0      0.0      0.0      0.0      74.0
  MB2  SD2      10.0      14.0      0.0      0.0      0.0      24.0  SD2
  MB2      10.0      14.0      0.0      0.0      0.0      24.0
  MB3  SD1      4.2       0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0      6.0   SD1
  MB3  SD1  R    1.8       0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0
  MB3  SD2      4.0       0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0      5.0   SD2
  MB3  SD2  R    1.0       0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0
  MB3      11.0      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0      11.0
HLP
  MB1  SD1      7.14      8.28      0.00     0.00     0.00     7.64  SD1
  MB1      7.14      8.28      0.00     0.00     0.00     7.64
  MB2  SD2      8.00      8.21      0.00     0.00     0.00     8.13  SD2
  MB2      8.00      8.21      0.00     0.00     0.00     8.13
  MB3  SD1      5.00      0.00      0.00     0.00     0.00     5.00  SD1
  MB3  SD2      5.60      0.00      0.00     0.00     0.00     5.60  SD2
  MB3      5.27      0.00      0.00     0.00     0.00     5.27
LDA
  MB1  SD1      0.0       2.0       0.0      0.0      0.0      2.0
DZA
  MB2  SD2      7.0       0.0       0.0      0.0      0.0      7.0
VOL
  MB1  T      8000      .2
  MB1  2      5000      .4
  MB2  T      4000      .2
  MB2  2      2500      .4
  MB3  T      1200      .
END
  DAY 1 1999
  DAY 11 1999
  PONY RUN

```

```

      *           *           *           MOVE   FORTRAN           *           *           *
      *           *           *           C O S T S U M           *           *           *
      *           *           *           PROGRAMMED BY C.E. ZIPPER, 1985
      *           *           *           DOCUMENTATION: VIRGINIA AGR. EXP. STATION BULLETIN NO. 86-1
      *           *           *           VPI & SU, BLACKSBURG 24061
      *
      *           *           *           PROGRAM MOVE
      *
      *           *           *           THIS PROGRAM'S PURPOSE IS GENERATE AN INPUT TO PROGRAM COST
      *           *           *           WHICH ALLOWS RECLAMATION EXPENSES TO BE DISTRIBUTED FROM
      *           *           *           DESTINATION TO SOURCE BASED UPON THE PROPORTION OF THE
      *           *           *           TOTAL MATERIAL RECLAIMED ORIGINATING IN EACH SOURCE BLOCK.
      *           *           *           PURPOSE IS ACHIEVED THROUGH ESTIMATION OF QUANTITY OF OVERBURDEN
      *           *           *           MOVED FROM EACH BLOCK AND LIFT TO EACH DESTINATION BY EACH
      *           *           *           OF THREE MODES OF MOVEMENT: HAULER, LOADER CARRY, DOZER PUSH.
      *           *           *           INPUTS: MACHINE HOURS FOR EACH MOVEMENT ROUTE, CAPACITY ESTIMATES,
      *           *           *           AND ESTIMATED RATES OF MOVEMENT.
      *           *           *           SOURCE BLOCK AND LIFT UNDISTURBED VOLUME AND SWELL ESTIMATES
      *           *           *           ARE ALSO ENTERED; THE INITIAL ESTIMATES OF QUANTITIES MOVED

```

```

* ARE ADJUSTED SO THAT THE TOTALED ESTIMATE OF MATERIAL MOVED
* FROM EACH SOURCE BLOCK AND LIFT EQUALS THE UNDISTURBED
* VOLUME X SWELL INPUT.
* DEFAULT VALUES FOR MOVEMENT RATES ARE ALSO ENTERED; MOVED QUANTITY
* OVER ANY ROUTE WITH NO SPECIFIC MOVEMENT RATE IS CALCULATED
* USING DEFAULT VALUES
* IT ALSO PRODUCES OUTPUT OF OVERBURDEN BCY VOLUME TOTALS AND
* QUANTITIES HAULED, CARRIED, AND PUSHED FROM EACH BLOCK-LIFT
*

```

```

REAL      HRS(22,5,22),HPER(22,5,22),HLPER, HFRAC
REAL      LRS(22,5,22),LPER(22,5,22),LDPER, CFRAC
REAL      DRS(22,5,22),DPER(22,5,22),DZPER, PFRAC
REAL      HRS(22,5,22),TOTHS
REAL      BRS(22),BLRS(22,5),BTHRS(22,22),THRS(22)
REAL      RATIO(22,5), BRATIO(22), JRATIO,   FRAC
INTEGER   HYDS(22,5,22)
INTEGER   LYDS(22,5,22)
INTEGER   DYDS(22,5,22)
INTEGER   YDS(22,5,22),TOTYDS
INTEGER   BYDS(22),BLYDS(22,5),BTYDS(22,22),TYDS(22)
INTEGER   H,HLB,HLT,HLTOT
INTEGER   C,LDB,LDT,LDTOT
INTEGER   P,DZB,DZT,DZTOT
INTEGER   HL(5),LD(5),DZ(5)
INTEGER   HAUL(22,5), CARRY(22,5), PUSH(22,5)
REAL      RH,RHLB,RHLT,RHLTOT
REAL      RC,RLDB,RLDT,RLDTOT
REAL      RP,RDZB,RDZT,RDZTOT
REAL      RHL(5),RLD(5),RDZ(5)
REAL      LIFHRS(5),BLKHRS
REAL      LIFPER(5),BLKPER
INTEGER   BLKVOL(22),LIFVOL(22,5),TOTVOL,VOLUME
INTEGER   NEWVOL(22),NEWTOT
INTEGER   B,L,T,BDIM,LDIM,TDIM,MODES,TT
INTEGER   ICOUNT,IMAX
CHARACTER*1 LIF,LIFT(5),R
CHARACTER*4 BLK,DES,BLOCK(22)
CHARACTER*3 GO
CHARACTER*5 CHAR
CHARACTER*15 DAYONE,DAYEND, JOB
REAL      HLCAP, LDCAP
REAL      SWELL, DSWELL
REAL      XSWELL(22,5)
REAL      W,X,Y,Z,FLOAT
INTEGER   IFIX,IX,IY

```

```

*
* INITIALIZE VARIABLES
*

```

```

BDIM = 22
LDIM = 5
TDIM = 22
IMAX = 1000
ICOUNT = 0
TOTVOL = 0
TOTYDS = 0
TOTHS = 0.0

```

```

*
* FILE 71 DATA MOVINPUT
* FILE 72 BYSOURCE MOVE
* FILE 73 BYDEST MOVE
* FILE 74 COSINPUT MOVE
* FILE 75 HOURS MOVE
*

```

```

* READ INITIAL INPUTS:
* DSWELL: ESTIMATE OF JOB AVERAGE SWELL (E.G. 1.3)
* HLCAP & LDCAP: AVERAGE HAULER LOAD, AVERAGE LOADER CARRY (LCY)
* HLPER, LDPER, DZPER: DEFAULT VALUES, HAULER AND LOADER LOADS
* PER HOUR, DOZER PUSH RATE (LCY/HOUR)
*

```

```

READ (71,5) DSWELL

```



```

+          LIFHRS(3),LIFHRS(4),LIFHRS(5),BLKHRS
1010 FORMAT(A3,2X,A4,2X,A4,1X,A1,1X,6(F7.1,1X))
      ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
      IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GOTO 9990
      IF (GO .NE. ' ') GOTO 9700
      IF (DES .EQ. ' ') GOTO 1000
      IF (BLK .EQ. ' ') GOTO 1000
      CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,BLK,B)
      CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,DES,T)
      DO 1020 L = 1,5
          HRS(B,L,T) = HRS(B,L,T) + LIFHRS(L)
1020 CONTINUE
      GOTO 1000
*
*HLP          LDSPERHR HAULER FILE
*
1500 WRITE(06,*) 'HAULER PER BLOCK READ; ICOUNT =',ICOUNT
1501 READ(71,1510,END=9915,ERR=9915) GO,BLK,DES,LIFPER(1),LIFPER(2),
+          LIFPER(3),LIFPER(4),LIFPER(5),BLKPER
1510 FORMAT(A3,2X,A4,2X,A4,3X,6(F7.2,1X))
      ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
      IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GOTO 9990
      IF (GO .NE. ' ') GOTO 9700
      IF (DES .EQ. ' ') GOTO 1501
      IF (BLK .EQ. ' ') GOTO 1501
      CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,BLK,B)
      CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,DES,T)
      DO 1520 L = 1,5
          IF (LIFPER(L) .GT. 0.1) HPER(B,L,T) = LIFPER(L)
1520 CONTINUE
      GOTO 1501
*
*LDA          LOADER INPUTS: CDHOURS LOADER FORMAT
*
2000 WRITE(06,*) 'LOADER HOURS BLOCK READ; ICOUNT =',ICOUNT
2001 READ(71,2010,END=9920,ERR=9920) GO,BLK,DES,LIFHRS(1),LIFHRS(2),
+          LIFHRS(3),LIFHRS(4),LIFHRS(5),BLKHRS
2010 FORMAT(A3,2X,A4,2X,A4,6(F7.2,1X))
      ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
      IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GOTO 9990
      IF (GO .NE. ' ') GOTO 9700
      IF (DES .EQ. ' ') GOTO 2001
      IF (BLK .EQ. ' ') GOTO 2001
      CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,BLK,B)
      CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,DES,T)
      DO 2020 L = 1,5
          LHRS(B,L,T) = LHRS(B,L,T) + LIFHRS(L)
2020 CONTINUE
      GOTO 2001
*
*LDP
*
2500 WRITE(06,*) 'LOADER PER BLOCK READ; ICOUNT =',ICOUNT
2501 READ(71,2010,END=9925,ERR=9925) GO,BLK,DES,LIFPER(1),LIFPER(2),
+          LIFPER(3),LIFPER(4),LIFPER(5),BLKPER
      ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
      IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GOTO 9990
      IF (GO .NE. ' ') GOTO 9700
      IF (DES .EQ. ' ') GOTO 2501
      IF (BLK .EQ. ' ') GOTO 2501
      CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,BLK,B)
      CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,DES,T)
      DO 2520 L = 1,5
          IF (LIFPER(L) .GT. 0.1) LPER(B,L,T) = LIFPER(L)
2520 CONTINUE
      GOTO 2501
*
*DZA          DOZER INPUTS: POHOURS DOZER FORMATS
*
3000 WRITE(06,*) 'DOZER HOURS BLOCK READ; ICOUNT =',ICOUNT

```

```

3001 READ(71,3010,END=9930,ERR=9930) GO,BLK,DES,LIFHRS(1),LIFHRS(2),
+ LIFHRS(3),LIFHRS(4),LIFHRS(5),BLKHRS
3010 FORMAT(A3,2X,A4,2X,A4,6(F7.2,1X))
      ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
      IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GOTO 9990
      IF (GO .NE. ' ') GOTO 9700
      IF (DES .EQ. ' ') GOTO 3001
      IF (BLK .EQ. ' ') GOTO 3001
      CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,BLK,B)
      CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,DES,T)
      DO 3020 L = 1,5
          DHRS(B,L,T) = DHRS(B,L,T) + LIFHRS(L)
3020 CONTINUE
      GOTO 3001
*
*DZP
*
3500 WRITE(06,*) 'DOZER PER      BLOCK READ; ICOUNT =',ICOUNT
3501 READ(71,3010,END=9935,ERR=9935) GO,BLK,DES,LIFPER(1),LIFPER(2),
+ LIFPER(3),LIFPER(4),LIFPER(5),BLKPER
      ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
      IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GOTO 9990
      IF (GO .NE. ' ') GOTO 9700
      IF (DES .EQ. ' ') GOTO 3501
      IF (BLK .EQ. ' ') GOTO 3501
      CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,BLK,B)
      CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,DES,T)
      DO 3520 L = 1,5
          IF (LIFPER(L) .GT. 0.1) DPER(B,L,T) = LIFPER(L)
3520 CONTINUE
      GOTO 3501
*
*VOL      VOLUME INPUT: COST INPUT FORMAT + 'SWELL'
*
7000 WRITE(06,*) 'VOLUME      BLOCK READ; ICOUNT =',ICOUNT
7001 READ(71,7010,END=9970,ERR=9970) GO,BLK,LIF,VOLUME,SWELL
7010 FORMAT(A3,1X,A4,1X,A1,1X,I7,F8.3)
      ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
      IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GOTO 9990
      IF (GO .NE. ' ') GOTO 9700
      IF (BLK .EQ. ' ') GOTO 7000
      CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,BLK,B)
      CALL JLIFT (LIF,L)
      IF (SWELL .LT. 0.01) SWELL = DSWELL
      X = VOLUME*(1.0000000 + SWELL) + 0.50000
      XSWELL(B,L) = 1.0000000 + SWELL
      LIFVOL(B,L) = LIFVOL(B,L) + X
      BLKVOL(B)  = BLKVOL(B)  + X
      TOTVOL    = TOTVOL      + X
      GOTO 7001
*
*END      CALCULATE AND FILL ARRAYS
*          H: HAUL
*          C: CARRY
*          P: PUSH
*          TT: TOTAL
*
8000 READ (71,8010,END=8020,ERR=8020) DAYONE
      READ (71,8010,END=8020,ERR=8020) DAYEND
      READ (71,8010,END=8020,ERR=8020) JOB
      WRITE(06,*) 'CALCULATING; ICOUNT =',ICOUNT
8010 FORMAT (5X,A15)
*
8020 DO 8050 B = 1,BDIM
      DO 8040 L = 1,LDIM
          DO 8030 T = 1,TDIM
              X = HHR(B,L,T)*HPR(B,L,T)*HLCAP
              Y = LHR(B,L,T)*LPR(B,L,T)*LDCAP
              Z = DHR(B,L,T)*DPER(B,L,T)
              HRS(B,L,T) = HHR(B,L,T) + LHR(B,L,T) + DHR(B,L,T)
          
```



```

      MODES = MODES + 1
    ENDIF
    IF (RC .GT. 0.0) THEN
      CHAR = 'CARRY'
      WRITE (75,8820) CHAR,LHRS(B,1,T),LHRS(B,2,T),
+       LHRS(B,3,T),LHRS(B,4,T),LHRS(B,5,T),RC
      MODES = MODES + 1
    ENDIF
    IF (RP .GT. 0.0) THEN
      CHAR = 'PUSH'
      WRITE (75,8820) CHAR,DHRS(B,1,T),DHRS(B,2,T),
+       DHRS(B,3,T),DHRS(B,4,T),DHRS(B,5,T),RP
      MODES = MODES + 1
    ENDIF
    IF (MODES .GT. 1) THEN
      CHAR = 'HOURS'
      WRITE (75,8820) CHAR,HRS(B,1,T),HRS(B,2,T),
+       HRS(B,3,T),HRS(B,4,T),HRS(B,5,T),BTHRS(B,T)
    ENDIF
8820  FORMAT(21X,A5,6(1X,F7.1))
8900  CONTINUE
      RHLTOT = RHLTOT + RHLB
      RLDTOT = RLDTOT + RLDB
      RDZTOT = RDZTOT + RDZB
      CHAR = 'TOTAL'
      WRITE(75,8810) BLOCK(B),CHAR
      CHAR = 'HAUL'
      WRITE(75,8820)CHAR,RHL(1),RHL(2),RHL(3),RHL(4),RHL(5),RHLB
      CHAR = 'CARRY'
      WRITE(75,8820)CHAR,RLD(1),RLD(2),RLD(3),RLD(4),RLD(5),RLDB
      CHAR = 'PUSH'
      WRITE(75,8820)CHAR,RDZ(1),RDZ(2),RDZ(3),RDZ(4),RDZ(5),RDZB
      CHAR = 'HOURS'
      WRITE(75,8820) CHAR,BLHRS(B,1),BLHRS(B,2),BLHRS(B,3),
+       BLHRS(B,4),BLHRS(B,5),BHRS(B)
8950  CONTINUE
      WRITE(75,8960)
8960  FORMAT(5X,'TOTAL JOB')
      WRITE(75,*)
      CHAR = 'HAUL'
      WRITE(75,8970)CHAR,RHLTOT
      CHAR = 'CARRY'
      WRITE(75,8970)CHAR,RLDTOT
      CHAR = 'PUSH'
      WRITE(75,8970)CHAR,RDZTOT
      CHAR = 'HOURS'
      WRITE(75,8970)CHAR,TOTHR
8970  FORMAT(21X,A5,38X,F10.1)
*
*       OUTPUT BY SOURCE BLOCK - CALCULATED DIRECTLY FROM INPUTS
*       COMPARE TO INPUT VOLUME*SWELL TO CALCULATE RATIOS
*
      WRITE(72,9010)
9010  FORMAT (25X,'LOOSE CUBIC YARD VOLUMES')
      WRITE(72,9011) DAYONE,DAYEND,JOB
9011  FORMAT (10X,A15, ' THRU ',A15,3X,A15)
      WRITE(72,9012)
9012  FORMAT (17X,'ESTIMATES BASED ON HOURS AND RATES INPUTS')
      WRITE(72,*)
      WRITE(72,9020)
9020  FORMAT(1X,'FROM',6X,'TO',5X,'VIA',5X,6('FROM',4X),'% OF')
      WRITE(72,9030)
9030  FORMAT(1X,'BLOCK',4X,'BLOCK',2X,7X,'T LIFT 2 LIFT 3 LIFT X LIFT
+ R LIFT TOTAL TOTAL')
      WRITE (72,*)
      HLTOT = 0
      LDTOT = 0
      DZTOT = 0
      DO 9250 B = 1,BDIM
      IF (BYDS(B) .EQ. 0) GOTO 9250

```

```

HLB = 0
LDB = 0
DZB = 0
DO 9090 L = 1,LDIM
  HL(L) = 0
  LD(L) = 0
  DZ(L) = 0
9090 CONTINUE
DO 9200 T = 1,TDIM
  IF (BTYDS(B,T) .EQ. 0) GOTO 9200
  H = 0
  C = 0
  P = 0
  MODES = 0
  DO 9100 L = 1,LDIM
    IF (YDS(B,L,T) .EQ. 0) GOTO 9100
    H = H + HYDS(B,L,T)
    C = C + LYDS(B,L,T)
    P = P + DYDS(B,L,T)
    HL(L) = HL(L) + HYDS(B,L,T)
    LD(L) = LD(L) + LYDS(B,L,T)
    DZ(L) = DZ(L) + DYDS(B,L,T)
9100 CONTINUE
    HLB = HLB + H
    LDB = LDB + C
    DZB = DZB + P
9110 WRITE (72,9110) BLOCK(B),BLOCK(T)
    FORMAT(1X,A5,1X,'TO',2X,A5)
    IF (H .GT. 0) THEN
      HFRAC = (H*100.0)/BYDS(B)
      CHAR = 'HAUL'
      + WRITE (72,9120) CHAR,HYDS(B,1,T),HYDS(B,2,T),
      + HYDS(B,3,T),HYDS(B,4,T),HYDS(B,5,T),H,HFRAC
      MODES = MODES + 1
    ENDIF
    IF (C .GT. 0) THEN
      CHAR = 'CARRY'
      CFRAC = (C*100.0)/BYDS(B)
      + WRITE (72,9120) CHAR,LYDS(B,1,T),LYDS(B,2,T),
      + LYDS(B,3,T),LYDS(B,4,T),LYDS(B,5,T),C,CFRAC
      MODES = MODES + 1
    ENDIF
    IF (P .GT. 0) THEN
      CHAR = 'PUSH'
      PFRAC = (P*100.0)/BYDS(B)
      + WRITE (72,9120) CHAR,DYDS(B,1,T),DYDS(B,2,T),
      + DYDS(B,3,T),DYDS(B,4,T),DYDS(B,5,T),P,PFRAC
      MODES = MODES + 1
    ENDIF
    IF (MODES .GT. 1) THEN
      FRAC = (BTYDS(B,T)*100.0)/BYDS(B)
      CHAR = 'MOVED'
      + WRITE (72,9120) CHAR,YDS(B,1,T),YDS(B,2,T),
      + YDS(B,3,T),YDS(B,4,T),YDS(B,5,T),BTYDS(B,T),FRAC
    ENDIF
9120 FORMAT(17X,A5,6(1X,I7),2X,F6.1,'%')
9200 CONTINUE
    HLTOT = HLTOT + HLB
    LDTOT = LDTOT + LDB
    DZTOT = DZTOT + DZB
    HFRAC = (HLB*100.0)/BYDS(B)
    CFRAC = (LDB*100.0)/BYDS(B)
    PFRAC = (DZB*100.0)/BYDS(B)
    FRAC = HFRAC + CFRAC + PFRAC
    CHAR = 'TOTAL'
    WRITE(72,9110) BLOCK(B),CHAR
    CHAR = 'HAUL'
    WRITE(72,9120) CHAR,HL(1),HL(2),HL(3),HL(4),HL(5),HLB,HFRAC
    CHAR = 'CARRY'
    WRITE(72,9120) CHAR,LD(1),LD(2),LD(3),LD(4),LD(5),LDB,CFRAC

```

```

CHAR = 'PUSH'
WRITE(72,9120) CHAR,DZ(1),DZ(2),DZ(3),DZ(4),DZ(5),DZB,PFRAC
CHAR = 'MOVED'
WRITE(72,9120) CHAR,BLYDS(B,1),BLYDS(B,2),BLYDS(B,3),
+ BLYDS(B,4),BLYDS(B,5),BYDS(B),FRAC
CHAR = 'TOPO'
WRITE(72,9120) CHAR,LIFVOL(B,1),LIFVOL(B,2),LIFVOL(B,3),
+ LIFVOL(B,4),LIFVOL(B,5),BLKVOL(B)
DO 9225 L = 1,5
  IF (LIFVOL(B,L) .EQ. 0) THEN
    RATIO(B,L) = 1.0
  ELSE
    RATIO(B,L) = REAL(BLYDS(B,L))/REAL(LIFVOL(B,L))
  ENDIF
9225 CONTINUE
  IF (BLKVOL(B) .EQ. 0) THEN
    BRATIO(B) = 0.0
  ELSE
    BRATIO(B) = REAL(BYDS(B))/REAL(BLKVOL(B))
  ENDIF
  WRITE(72,9230) RATIO(B,1),RATIO(B,2),RATIO(B,3),RATIO(B,4),
+ RATIO(B,5),BRATIO(B)
9230 FORMAT(12X,'MOVED:TOPO',6(2X,F6.2))
  WRITE(72,*)
9250 CONTINUE
  WRITE(72,9260)
9260 FORMAT(1X,'TOTAL JOB')
  WRITE(72,*)
  HFRAC = (HLTOT*100.0)/TOTYDS
  CFRAC = (LDTOT*100.0)/TOTYDS
  PFRAC = (DZTOT*100.0)/TOTYDS
  FRAC = HFRAC + CFRAC + PFRAC
  CHAR = 'HAUL'
  WRITE(72,9270)CHAR,HLTOT,HFRAC
  CHAR = 'CARRY'
  WRITE(72,9270)CHAR,LDTOT,CFRAC
  CHAR = 'PUSH'
  WRITE(72,9270)CHAR,DZTOT,PFRAC
  CHAR = 'MOVED'
  WRITE(72,9270)CHAR,TOTYDS,FRAC
  CHAR = 'TOPO'
  WRITE(72,9271)CHAR,TOTVOL
9270 FORMAT(17X,A5,38X,I10,F8.1,'%')
9271 FORMAT(17X,A5,38X,I10)
  JRATIO = REAL(TOTYDS)/REAL(TOTVOL)
  WRITE(72,9280) JRATIO
9280 FORMAT(12X,'MOVED:TOPO',40X,F8.2)
*
*           USE RATIOS TO ADJUST ___YDS ARRAYS
*
NEWTOT = 0
DO 9330 B = 1,BDIM
  NEWVOL(B) = 0
  DO 9320 T = 1,TDIM
    BTYDS(B,T) = 0
    DO 9310 L = 1,LDIM
      IF (RATIO(B,L) .GT. 0.01) THEN
        X = HYDS(B,L,T)/RATIO(B,L)
        Y = LYDS(B,L,T)/RATIO(B,L)
        Z = DYDS(B,L,T)/RATIO(B,L)
        HYDS(B,L,T) = IFIX(X)
        LYDS(B,L,T) = IFIX(Y)
        DYDS(B,L,T) = IFIX(Z)
        YDS(B,L,T) = HYDS(B,L,T) + LYDS(B,L,T) + DYDS(B,L,T)
        NEWVOL(B) = NEWVOL(B) + YDS(B,L,T)
        BTYDS(B,T) = BTYDS(B,T) + YDS(B,L,T)
      ENDIF
    ENDIF
  CONTINUE
9310 CONTINUE
9320 CONTINUE
  NEWTOT = NEWTOT + NEWVOL(B)

```

```

9330 CONTINUE
*
*   TOTAL BCY HAUL, CARRY, PUSH VOLUMES BY BLOCK-LIFT OF ORIGIN
*   RECALCULATE LIFT VOLUMES AS BANK CUBIC YARDS
*
9340 DO 9370 B = 1,BDIM
      DO 9360 L = 1,LDIM
        IF (LIFVOL(B,L) .EQ. 0) GOTO 9360
        DO 9350 T = 1,TDIM
          HAUL(B,L) = HAUL(B,L) + HYDS(B,L,T)
          CARRY(B,L) = CARRY(B,L) + LYDS(B,L,T)
          PUSH(B,L) = PUSH(B,L) + DYDS(B,L,T)
6350      CONTINUE
          IF (XSWELL(B,L) .EQ. 0.000) THEN
            WRITE (73,9355) B,L,XSWELL(B,L)
6355      FORMAT ('XSWELL(',I2,',',I1,') = ',F6.4)
            GOTO 9360
          ENDIF
          W = LIFVOL(B,L)/XSWELL(B,L) + 0.5
          X = HAUL(B,L)/XSWELL(B,L) + 0.5
          Y = CARRY(B,L)/XSWELL(B,L) + 0.5
          Z = PUSH(B,L)/XSWELL(B,L) + 0.5
          LIFVOL(B,L) = IFIX(W)
          HAUL(B,L) = IFIX(X)
          CARRY(B,L) = IFIX(Y)
          PUSH(B,L) = IFIX(Z)
6360      CONTINUE
9370 CONTINUE
*
*   OUTPUT BY DESTINATION BLOCK
*   MOVED VOLUMES ADJUSTED VIA MOVE:TOPO RATIOS
*
      WRITE(73,9010)
      WRITE(73,9011) DAYONE, DAYEND, JOB
      WRITE(73,9376)
6376  FORMAT(14X, 'MOVED VOLUMES ADJUSTED VIA MOVE:TOPO RATIOS')
      WRITE(73,*)
      WRITE(73,9377)
6377  FORMAT(1X, 'FROM', 6X, 'TO', 5X, 'VIA', 5X, 6('FROM', 4X))
      WRITE(73,9378)
6378  FORMAT(1X, 'BLOCK', 4X, 'BLOCK', 2X, 7X, 'T LIFT 2 LIFT 3 LIFT X LIFT
+ R LIFT TOTAL')
      WRITE (73,*)
      TOTYDS = 0
      HLTOT = 0
      LDTOT = 0
      DZTOT = 0
      DO 9550 T = 1,TDIM
        IF (TYDS(T) .EQ. 0) GOTO 9550
        HLT = 0
        LDT = 0
        DZT = 0
        DO 9500 B = 1,BDIM
          IF (BTYDS(B,T) .EQ. 0) GOTO 9500
          H = 0
          C = 0
          P = 0
          MODES = 0
          DO 9400 L = 1,LDIM
            IF (BLYDS(B,L) .EQ. 0) GOTO 9400
            H = H + HYDS(B,L,T)
            C = C + LYDS(B,L,T)
            P = P + DYDS(B,L,T)
6400      CONTINUE
            HLT = HLT + H
            LDT = LDT + C
            DZT = DZT + P
            WRITE (73,9110) BLOCK(B), BLOCK(T)
            IF (H .GT. 0) THEN
              CHAR = 'HAUL'

```



```

+       WRITE (73,9120) CHAR,HYDS(B,1,T),HYDS(B,2,T),
+       HYDS(B,3,T),HYDS(B,4,T),HYDS(B,5,T),H
+       MODES = MODES + 1
+       ENDIF
+       IF (C .GT. 0) THEN
+       CHAR = 'CARRY'
+       WRITE (73,9120) CHAR,LYDS(B,1,T),LYDS(B,2,T),
+       LYDS(B,3,T),LYDS(B,4,T),LYDS(B,5,T),C
+       MODES = MODES + 1
+       ENDIF
+       IF (P .GT. 0) THEN
+       CHAR = 'PUSH'
+       WRITE (73,9120) CHAR,DYDS(B,1,T),DYDS(B,2,T),
+       DYDS(B,3,T),DYDS(B,4,T),DYDS(B,5,T),P
+       MODES = MODES + 1
+       ENDIF
+       IF (MODES .GT. 1) THEN
+       CHAR = 'TOTAL'
+       WRITE (73,9120) CHAR,YDS(B,1,T),YDS(B,2,T),
+       YDS(B,3,T),YDS(B,4,T),YDS(B,5,T),BTYDS(B,T)
+       ENDIF
9500  CONTINUE
+       HLTOT = HLTOT + HLT
+       LDTOT = LDTOT + LDT
+       DZTOT = DZTOT + DZT
+       CHAR = 'TOTAL'
+       WRITE(73,9110) CHAR,BLOCK(T)
+       CHAR = 'HAUL'
+       WRITE(73,9270) CHAR,HLT
+       CHAR = 'CARRY'
+       WRITE(73,9270) CHAR,LDT
+       CHAR = 'PUSH'
+       WRITE(73,9270) CHAR,DZT
+       CHAR = 'MOVED'
+       TYDS(T) = HLT + LDT + DZT
+       WRITE(73,9270) CHAR,TYDS(T)
+       WRITE(73,*)
9550  CONTINUE
+       WRITE(73,9260)
+       CHAR = 'HAUL'
+       WRITE(73,9270) CHAR,HLTOT
+       CHAR = 'CARRY'
+       WRITE(73,9270) CHAR,LDTOT
+       CHAR = 'PUSH'
+       WRITE(73,9270) CHAR,DZTOT
+       TOTYDS = HLTOT + LDTOT + DZTOT
+       CHAR = 'MOVED'
+       WRITE(73,9270) CHAR,TOTYDS
+       WRITE(73,*)
*
*       FILE 74 = BCY VOLUMES OUTPUT: TOTAL, HAUL, CARRY, PUSH
*
*       WRITE (74,9555)
9555  FORMAT('VOL')
+       DO 9590 B = 1,BDIM
+       DO 9580 L = 1,LDIM
+       IF (LIFVOL(B,L) .EQ. 0) GOTO 9580
+       WRITE(74,9570) BLOCK(B), LIFT(L), LIFVOL(B,L), HAUL(B,L),
+       CARRY(B,L), PUSH(B,L)
9570  FORMAT (4X,A4,1X,A1,4(1X,I9))
9580  CONTINUE
9590  CONTINUE
*
*       FILE 74 = INPUT FOR RECLAMATION COST REDISTRIBUTION: COST FORTRAN
*
*       WRITE (74,9601)
9601  FORMAT ('RCL')
+       DO 9625 T = 1,TDIM
+       TYDS(T) = 0
+       DO 9620 L = 1,LDIM

```

```

          DO 9615 B = 1, BDIM
          TYDS(T) = TYDS(T) + YDS(B,L,T)
9615    CONTINUE
9620    CONTINUE
9625    CONTINUE
*
9630 DO 9690 T = 1, TDIM
      DO 9680 L = 1, LDIM
        DO 9670 B = 1, BDIM
          IF (TYDS(T) .LE. 0) GOTO 9670
          IX = YDS(B,L,T)
          IY = TYDS(T)
          X = FLOAT(IX)
          Y = FLOAT(IY)
          FRAC = X/Y
          IF (FRAC .GE. .0001) THEN
8640            WRITE (74,9640) BLOCK(T),FRAC,BLOCK(B),LIFT(L)
            FORMAT (4X,A4,1X,F8.6,1X,A4,1X,A1)
          ENDIF
9670    CONTINUE
9680    CONTINUE
9690    CONTINUE
      WRITE (74,9692)
9692    FORMAT ('END')
      WRITE (74,8010) DAYONE
      WRITE (74,8010) DAYEND
      WRITE (74,8010) JOB
*
      GOTO 9999
*
*          9700 BLOCK
*          ANYTIME CHARACTERS ARE ENTERED IN COLUMNS 1-3 OF INPUT
*          RECORD, PROGRAM IS ROUTED HERE
*
9700 IF (GO .EQ. 'HLR') GOTO 1000
      IF (GO .EQ. 'HLP') GOTO 1500
      IF (GO .EQ. 'LDA') GOTO 2000
      IF (GO .EQ. 'LDP') GOTO 2500
      IF (GO .EQ. 'DZA') GOTO 3000
      IF (GO .EQ. 'DZP') GOTO 3500
      IF (GO .EQ. 'VOL') GOTO 7000
      IF (GO .EQ. 'END') GOTO 8000
      WRITE(06,*) 'GO ERROR EXITING 9700 BLOCK'
      GOTO 9998
*
*          ERROR MESSAGES
*
9905 WRITE(06,*) 'READ ERROR STATEMENT 70'
      GOTO 9999
9910 WRITE(06,*) 'READ ERROR STATEMENT 1000'
      GOTO 9999
9915 WRITE(06,*) 'READ ERROR STATEMENT 1000'
      GOTO 9999
9920 WRITE(06,*) 'READ ERROR STATEMENT 2000'
      GOTO 9999
9925 WRITE(06,*) 'READ ERROR STATEMENT 2500'
      GOTO 9999
9930 WRITE(06,*) 'READ ERROR STATEMENT 3000'
      GOTO 9999
9935 WRITE(06,*) 'READ ERROR STATEMENT 3500'
      GOTO 9999
9970 WRITE(06,*) 'READ ERROR STATEMENT 7000'
      GOTO 9999
9990 WRITE(06,*) 'IMAX EXCEEDED; ICOUNT = ', ICOUNT, ' GO = ', GO
      GOTO 9999
9998 WRITE(06,*) 'FINISHED ', ICOUNT, ' RECORDS PROCESSED'
9999 STOP
      END

```

* * *		* BYSOURCE		MOVE		* * *		* * *	
DAY 1 1999		LOOSE CUBIC YARD		VOLUMES		PONY RUN			
ESTIMATES		THRU DAY 11 1999		AND RATES		INPUTS			
FROM BLOCK	TO BLOCK	VIA	FROM T LIFT	FROM 2 LIFT	FROM 3 LIFT	FROM X LIFT	FROM R LIFT	FROM TOTAL	% OF TOTAL
MB1	TO	SD1							
		HAUL	8996	7948	0	0	0	16944	97.7%
		CARRY	0	400	0	0	0	400	2.3%
		MOVED	8996	8348	0	0	0	17344	100.0%
MB1	TO	TOTAL							
		HAUL	8996	7948	0	0	0	16944	97.7%
		CARRY	0	400	0	0	0	400	2.3%
		PUSH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
		MOVED	8996	8348	0	0	0	17344	100.0%
		TOPO	9600	7000	0	0	0	16600	
		MOVED:TOPO	0.94	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.04	
MB2	TO	SD2							
		HAUL	2400	3448	0	0	0	5848	80.7%
		PUSH	1400	0	0	0	0	1400	19.3%
		MOVED	3800	3448	0	0	0	7248	100.0%
MB2	TO	TOTAL							
		HAUL	2400	3448	0	0	0	5848	80.7%
		CARRY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
		PUSH	1400	0	0	0	0	1400	19.3%
		MOVED	3800	3448	0	0	0	7248	100.0%
		TOPO	4800	3500	0	0	0	8300	
		MOVED:TOPO	0.79	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.87	
MB3	TO	SD1							
		HAUL	900	0	0	0	0	900	51.7%
MB3	TO	SD2							
		HAUL	840	0	0	0	0	840	48.3%
MB3	TO	TOTAL							
		HAUL	1740	0	0	0	0	1740	100.0%
		CARRY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
		PUSH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
		MOVED	1740	0	0	0	0	1740	100.0%
		TOPO	1560	0	0	0	0	1560	
		MOVED:TOPO	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.12	
TOTAL JOB									
		HAUL						24532	93.2%
		CARRY						400	1.5%
		PUSH						1400	5.3%
		MOVED						26332	100.0%
		TOPO						26460	
		MOVED:TOPO						1.00	

* * *		* BYDEST		MOVE		* * *		* * *	
DAY 1 1999		LOOSE CUBIC YARD		VOLUMES		PONY RUN			
MOVED VOLUMES		THRU DAY 11 1999		ADJUSTED VIA MOVE:TOPO		RATIOS			
FROM BLOCK	TO BLOCK	VIA	FROM T LIFT	FROM 2 LIFT	FROM 3 LIFT	FROM X LIFT	FROM R LIFT	FROM TOTAL	
MB1	TO	SD1							
		HAUL	9600	6664	0	0	0	16264	
		CARRY	0	335	0	0	0	335	
		TOTAL	9600	6999	0	0	0	16599	
MB3	TO	SD1							

TOTAL TO	SD1	HAUL	806	0	0	0	0	806
		HAUL						17070
		CARRY						335
		PUSH						0
		MOVED						18244
MB2 TO	SD2	HAUL	3031	3500	0	0	0	6531
		PUSH	1768	0	0	0	0	1768
		TOTAL	4799	3500	0	0	0	8299
MB3 TO	SD2	HAUL	753	0	0	0	0	753
TOTAL TO	SD2	HAUL						7284
		CARRY						0
		PUSH						1768
		MOVED						8088
TOTAL JOB		HAUL						24354
		CARRY						335
		PUSH						1768
		MOVED						26457

	*	*	*	COSINPUT	MOVE	*	*	*
VOL								
MB1 T	8000	8000		0	0			
MB1 2	5000	4760		239	0			
MB2 T	4000	2526		0	1473			
MB2 2	2500	2500		0	0			
MB3 T	1200	1199		0	0			
RCL								
SD1 0.551566	MB1 T							
SD1 0.046309	MB3 T							
SD1 0.402126	MB1 2							
SD2 0.530159	MB2 T							
SD2 0.083186	MB3 T							
SD2 0.386655	MB2 2							
END								
	DAY 1	1999						
	DAY 11	1999						
	PONY	RUN						

APPENDIX G: COST

	*	*	*	DATA	COSINPUT	*	*	*
COS								
1								
2	75.							
3	100.							
4	80.							
5	70.							
6	70.							
7	40.							
8	70.							
9	2.50							
10	0.10							
11	0.10							
12	20.							
13	50.							
14	50.							
15	40.							
16	30.							
17	35.							
18	70.							
19	8.00							
20	3.001							
21	8.00							
22	1.50							
23	20.000							
	100.00							
HLR								
MB1	SD1		42.0	32.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	74.0 SD1
MB1			42.0	32.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	74.0
MB2	SD2		10.0	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	24.0 SD2
MB2			10.0	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	24.0
MB3	SD1		4.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0 SD1
MB3	SD1	R	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
MB3	SD2		4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0 SD2
MB3	SD2	R	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
MB3			11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.0
LDA								
MB1	L2		21.0	16.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	37.0
MB1	CD		0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0
MB1			21.0	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	39.0
MB2	L1		0.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0
MB2	L2		5.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0
MB2			5.0	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.0
MB3	L2		5.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.5
MB3			5.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.5
LDC								
MB1	LC		0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0
MB1	PA		0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	2.0
MB1			0.0	0.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	7.0
MB2	LC		0.0	0.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	7.0
MB2			0.0	0.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	7.0
DZC								
SD1	RR		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	4.0
SD1			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	4.0
SD2	RR		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	3.0
SD2			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	3.0
DZA								
MB1	ST		0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5

MB1	PD	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	
MB1	FO	10.0	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	18.0	
MB1	DS	4.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.0	
MB1	FC	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	
MB1		15.0	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	29.0	
MB2	ST	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	
MB2	PD	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	
MB2	FO	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.0	
MB2	PO	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.0	
MB2	DS	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	
MB2		18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	18.0	
MB3	ST	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	
MB3		5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	
SD1	RR	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0	
SD1		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0	
SD2	RR	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0	
SD2		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0	
DRL								
MB1	T	100	2000	20.0	10000	14.0	7.0	142.86
MB1	X	100	1500	15.0	5000	14.0	7.0	107.14
MB1		200	3500	17.5	15000	28.0	14.0	125.00
MB2	T	50	1000	20.0	5000	7.0	3.5	142.86
MB2	X	50	750	15.0	2500	7.0	3.5	107.14
MB2		100	1750	17.5	7500	14.0	7.0	125.00
MIS								
GRD	ROAD	2		13				
MAC	MB2	7		11				
AUG	MB2	3	6	10				
SED	SD1	5	4	12				
SED	SD2	2	3	12				
MAN	SD1	5		12				
MAN	SD2	2		12				
COL								
MB1	1060		0					
MB2	570		200	22.				
MB2	300	AUGER	0	18.50				
VOL								
MB1	T	8000	8000	0	0			
MB1	2	5000	4760	239	0			
MB2	T	4000	2526	0	1473			
MB2	2	2500	2500	0	0			
MB3	T	1200	1199	0	0			
SPB								
OHD	ROAD							
RCL								
SD1	0.551566	MB1	T					
SD1	0.046309	MB3	T					
SD1	0.402126	MB1	2					
SD2	0.530159	MB2	T					
SD2	0.083186	MB3	T					
SD2	0.386655	MB2	2					
END								
DAY	1	1999						
DAY	11	1999						
PONY	RUN							

* * * * * COST FORTRAN * * * * *

* * * * * C O S T S U M * * * * *

PROGRAMMED BY C.E. ZIPPER, 1985

DOCUMENTATION: VIRGINIA AGR. EXP. STATION BULLETIN NO. 86-1

VPI & SU, BLACKSBURG 24061

```

*
* PROGRAM COST
*
* THE PURPOSE OF THIS PROGRAM IS TO TOTAL COSTS FOR SURFACE MINING
* OPERATIONS - OVERHEAD DISTRIBUTED PER CUBIC YARD
*
INTEGER C,B,L,CC,I,J
INTEGER SB,SL,DB,DL
INTEGER BDIM,CDIM,LDIM,CCDIM
INTEGER ICOUNT, IMAX
INTEGER HOLES, FEET, ANFO
INTEGER H, HTOT, HAUL(22,5)
INTEGER CA, CTOT, CARRY(22,5)
INTEGER P, PTOT, PUSH(22,5)
INTEGER IHRS, AUGHRS
INTEGER COAL, BLKCOL(22), AUGCOL(22), TCOAL, ACOAL, SCOAL
INTEGER COCOHL, TOCOHL, SECOHL
INTEGER VOLUME, LIFVOL(22,5), BLKVOL(22), TVOL, V
REAL COST(23), PREOHD, STRPRI(22), PRICE, AUGPRI(22)
REAL LIFHRS(5), BLKHRS, HRS, SHTHRS, HRSST
REAL HRSHLR,HRSLDA,HRSLDB,HRSLDC,HRSDZA,HRSDZC,HRSDRL,HRSMIS
REAL LIKOST(22,5,15), BLKOST(22,15), CCCOST(15), BLKTOT(22)
REAL LIFTOT(22,5), RCLEXP(22), RCLDXP(22)
REAL HLCOST, LDCOST, DZCOST, DRCOST, MICOST, SHCOST
REAL LICOST, BLCOST, X, T, Y, TOT, W, WO
REAL YDCOST, TNCOST, SRATIO
REAL RATEA, RATEB, RATEC, AVG, LPH
REAL OHDTOT, OHDPY
REAL BLHAUL(22,5), BHAUL(22)
REAL BLCARP(22,5), BCARP(22)
LOGICAL FIRST
CHARACTER*1 LIFT(5), LIF, SOLIFT, DELIFT, R
CHARACTER*2 OPER
CHARACTER*3 GO, MACHIN
CHARACTER*4 BLOCK(22), BLK, DES, LOC, DEBLK, SOBLK
CHARACTER*5 AUGER
CHARACTER*15 DAYONE, DAYEND
CHARACTER*20 COITEM(23), COCAT(15), CHAR, JOB
*
* THIS PROGRAM ACCUMULATES COSTS IN ARRAYS
* PER ITEM COSTS ARE READ BY 1000 BLOCK AND PUT INTO ARRAY"COST"
* SUBSCRIPT 'C' CORRESPONDS TO COSTS IN 'COST' ARRAY
* COST ITEMS CORRESPONDING TO ENTRIES IN THE "COST" ARRAY ARE:
*
COITEM(01) = 'HAULER PER HOUR '
COITEM(02) = ' A LOADER PER HOUR '
COITEM(03) = ' B LOADER PER HOUR '
COITEM(04) = 'COAL LOADER PER HOUR'
COITEM(05) = ' A DOZER PER HOUR '
COITEM(06) = ' C DOZER PER HOUR '
COITEM(07) = 'DRILL PER HOUR '
COITEM(10) = 'ANFO PER LB. '
COITEM(08) = 'DRILL/BLAST PER HOLE'
COITEM(09) = 'DRILL HOLE PER FOOT '
COITEM(11) = 'LABOR PER HOUR '
COITEM(12) = 'COAL TRUCK PER HOUR '
COITEM(13) = 'WATER TRUCK PER HOUR'
COITEM(14) = 'GRADER PER HOUR '
COITEM(15) = 'SEEDER PER HOUR '
COITEM(16) = 'BACKHOE PER HOUR '
COITEM(17) = 'AUGER PER HOUR '
COITEM(18) = 'FOREMAN LABOR HOUR '
COITEM(19) = 'OVERHEAD PER TON '
COITEM(20) = 'TEMPORARY LABOR HOUR'
COITEM(21) = 'CONTRACT COAL HAUL '
COITEM(22) = 'COAL REVENUE PER TON'
COITEM(23) = 'SEEDING / BATCH,ACRE'
*
* COSTS ARE TOTALED BY COST CATEGORY (ARRAY SUBSCRIPT CC) AS FOLLOWS:
*

```

```

COCAT(01) = 'CLEAR AND BENCH '
COCAT(02) = 'DRILL AND SHOOT '
COCAT(03) = 'CARRY AND PUSH '
COCAT(04) = 'LOAD & HAUL: LOADERS'
COCAT(05) = 'LOAD & HAUL: DOZERS '
COCAT(06) = 'LOAD & HAUL: HAULERS'
COCAT(07) = 'LOAD & HAUL: DUMPSITE'
COCAT(08) = 'LOAD & HAUL: TOTAL '
COCAT(09) = 'COAL: CLEAN & LOAD '
COCAT(10) = 'COAL: AUGER '
COCAT(11) = 'COAL: HAULING '
COCAT(12) = 'RECLAMATION - DESTIN'
COCAT(13) = 'OTHER '
COCAT(14) = 'OVERHEAD PER TON '
COCAT(15) = 'RECLAMATION - SOURCE'

```

```

*
* COSTS ARE ALSO TOTALED BY BLOCK (SUBSCRIPT 'B') AND LIFT (SUB. 'L')
*

```

```

* EACH INPUT BLOCK IS PRECEDED BY A CHARACTER*3 VARIABLE
* 'GO' IN COLS 1-3. IF A READ STATEMENT ENCOUNTERS A NON-BLANK
* 'GO', PROGRAM CONTROL GOES TO 9700 BLOCK. FINAL 'GO' IS 'END',
*

```

```

* INITIALIZE VARIABLES
*

```

```

BDIM = 22
CDIM = 23
LDIM = 5
CCDIM = 15
CALL ABLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM)
CALL ALIFT (LIFT,LDIM)
DO 30 B = 1,BDIM
  BLKCOL(B) = 0
  BLKVOL(B) = 0
  AUGCOL(B) = 0
  BLKTOT(B) = 0.0
  RCLEXP(B) = 0.0
  RCLDXP(B) = 0.0
  DO 20 L = 1,LDIM
    HAUL(B,L) = 0
    CARRY(B,L) = 0
    PUSH(B,L) = 0
    LIFVOL(B,L) = 0
    LIFTOT(B,L) = 0.0
  DO 10 CC = 1,CCDIM
    LIKOST(B,L,CC) = 0.0
10  CONTINUE
20  CONTINUE
30  CONTINUE
  DO 50 B = 1,BDIM
    DO 40 CC = 1,CCDIM
      BLKOST(B,CC) = 0.0
40  CONTINUE
50  CONTINUE
  DO 60 CC = 1,CCDIM
    CCCOST(CC) = 0.0
60  CONTINUE
HLCOST = 0.0
LDCOST = 0.0
DZCOST = 0.0
DRCOST = 0.0
MICOST = 0.0
SHCOST = 0.0
TCOAL = 0
ACOAL = 0
COCOHL = 0
TOCOHL = 0
HTOT = 0
CTOT = 0
PTOT = 0
TVOL = 0

```



```

HRSHLR = 0.0
HRSLDA = 0.0
HRSLDB = 0.0
HRSLDC = 0.0
HRSDZA = 0.0
HRSDZC = 0.0
HRSDRL = 0.0
HRSSHT = 0.0
HRSMIS = 0.0
OHDTOT = 0.0
OHDP CY = 0.0
*
*      "ICOUNT" AND "IMAX" FUNCTION AS ENDLESS LOOP PROTECTORS
*
ICOUNT = 0
IMAX   = 1800
*
*
*      FILE 03  DATA      COSINPUT
*      FILE 92  REDIST     COST
*      FILE 93  SUMMARY    COST
*      FILE 94  PERBLOCK   COST
*      FILE 95  PERYARD    COST
*
*      READ FIRST INPUT RECORD - SHOULD BE COS, COLS. 1 - 3
*
800 READ(03,900) GO
900 FORMAT (A3)
IF (GO .EQ. 'COS') GOTO 1000
GOTO 9900
*
* COS      READ "C"(COLS 5&6), "COST(C)"('.' IN COL. 11)
*
1000 READ (03,1010,ERR=9901,END=9901) GO, C, COST(C)
1010 FORMAT (A3,1X,I2,F11.6)
IF (GO .NE. ' ') GOTO 9700
ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GOTO 9901
IF (C .EQ. 19) PREOHD = COST(C)
IF (C .EQ. 22) THEN
DO 1020 B = 1,BDIM
AUGPRI(B) = COST(22)
STRPRI(B) = COST(22)
1020 CONTINUE
ENDIF
GOTO 1000
*
* HLR      HRSOURCE HAULER
*
2000 C = 1
WRITE (06,*) 'IN HLR BLOCK ICOUNT = ', ICOUNT
2005 READ (03,2010,ERR=9902,END=9902) GO, BLK, DES, R, LIFHRS(1), LIFHRS(2),
+ LIFHRS(3), LIFHRS(4), LIFHRS(5), BLKHRS
2010 FORMAT (A3,2X,A4,2X,A4,1X,A1,1X,5(F6.1,2X),F7.1)
*
ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GOTO 9902
IF (GO .NE. ' ') GOTO 9700
IF (DES .EQ. ' ') GOTO 2005
IF (BLK .EQ. ' ') GOTO 2005
CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,BLK,B)
*
IF (R .EQ. 'R') THEN
CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,DES,B)
CC = 12
ELSE
CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,BLK,B)
CC = 6
ENDIF
*
TOTAL

```

```

DO 2020 L = 1,LDIM
  LIKOST(B,L,CC) = LIKOST(B,L,CC) + LIFHRS(L)*COST(C)
  HLCOST          = HLCOST          + LIFHRS(L)*COST(C)
  HRSHLR         = HRSHLR         + LIFHRS(L)
2020  CONTINUE
      GOTO 2005
*
*LDA, LDB, OR LDC          OPHOURS LOADER
*
3000 READ(03,3010,ERR=9903,END=9903) GO,BLK,OPER,LIFHRS(1),LIFHRS(2),
+   LIFHRS(3), LIFHRS(4), LIFHRS(5), BLKHRS
3010 FORMAT (A3,2X,A4,4X,A2,6(2X,F6.1))
*
                                          SETUP
      ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
      IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GOTO 9903
      IF (GO .NE. ' ') GOTO 9700
      IF (BLK .EQ. ' ') GOTO 3000
      IF (OPER .EQ. ' ') GOTO 3000
      CC = 13
3015 IF (OPER .EQ. 'ST') CC = 1
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'PD') CC = 1
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'L1') CC = 4
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'L2') CC = 4
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'CD') CC = 3
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'LC') CC = 9
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'WB') CC = 7
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'DS') CC = 7
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'HP') CC = 01
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'HB') CC = 03
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'HD') CC = 13
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'HT') CC = 13
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'HF') CC = 13
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'CT') CC = 01
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'RR') CC = 12
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'PA') CC = 10
      CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,BLK,B)
*
                                          TOTAL
DO 3020 L = 1,LDIM
  LIKOST(B,L,CC) = LIKOST(B,L,CC) + LIFHRS(L)*COST(C)
  LDCOST          = LDCOST          + LIFHRS(L)*COST(C)
  IF (C .EQ. 2) HRSLDA = HRSLDA + LIFHRS(L)
  IF (C .EQ. 3) HRSLDB = HRSLDB + LIFHRS(L)
  IF (C .EQ. 4) HRSLDC = HRSLDC + LIFHRS(L)
3020  CONTINUE
      GOTO 3000
*
*DZA OR DZC          OPHOURS DOZER
*
4000 READ(03,4010,ERR=9904,END=9904) GO,BLK,OPER,LIFHRS(1),LIFHRS(2),
+   LIFHRS(3), LIFHRS(4), LIFHRS(5), BLKHRS
4010 FORMAT (A3,2X,A4,4X,A2,6(2X,F6.1))
*
                                          SETUP
      ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
      IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GOTO 9904
      IF (GO .NE. ' ') GOTO 9700
      IF (BLK .EQ. ' ') GOTO 4000
      IF (OPER .EQ. ' ') GOTO 4000
      CC = 13
4015 IF (OPER .EQ. 'ST') CC = 1
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'PD') CC = 1
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'FO') CC = 5
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'FL') CC = 5
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'FC') CC = 3
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'PO') CC = 3
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'LC') CC = 9
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'WB') CC = 7
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'DS') CC = 7
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'HP') CC = 1
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'HB') CC = 3
      IF (OPER .EQ. 'HD') CC = 13

```

```

IF (OPER .EQ. 'HT') CC = 13
IF (OPER .EQ. 'HF') CC = 12
IF (OPER .EQ. 'CT') CC = 1
IF (OPER .EQ. 'RR') CC = 12
IF (OPER .EQ. 'PA') CC = 10
CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,BLK,B)
*
TOTAL
DO 4020 L = 1,LDIM
  LIKOST(B,L,CC) = LIKOST(B,L,CC) + LIFHRS(L)*COST(C)
  DZCOST = DZCOST + LIFHRS(L)*COST(C)
  IF (C .EQ. 5) HRSDZA = HRSDZA + LIFHRS(L)
  IF (C .EQ. 6) HRSDZC = HRSDZC + LIFHRS(L)
4020 CONTINUE
GOTO 4000
*
*DRL TOTALS DRILL
*
5000 CC = 2
5005 READ (03,5010,ERR=9905,END=9905) GO, BLK, LIF, HOLES, FEET, AVG,
+ ANFO, HRS, SHTHRS
5010 FORMAT (A3,1X,A4,1X,A1,1X,I5,3X,I5,3X,F4.1,2X,I6,2(2X,F5.1))
* SETUP
ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GOTO 9905
IF (GO .NE. ' ') GOTO 9700
IF (LIF .EQ. ' ') GOTO 5005
IF (BLK .EQ. ' ') GOTO 5005
X = HRS*COST(7) + ANFO*COST(10) + HOLES*COST(8) + SHTHRS*COST(11)
+ FEET*COST(9)
CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,BLK,B)
CALL JLIFT (LIF,L)
*
TOTAL
LIKOST(B,L,CC) = LIKOST(B,L,CC) + X
DRCOST = DRCOST + HRS*COST(7)
HRSDRL = HRSDRL + HRS
SHCOST = SHCOST + SHTHRS*COST(11)
HRSSHT = HRSSHT + SHTHRS
GOTO 5005
*
*MIS READ MISC MACHINE HOURS FROM OTHER TOTALS
* IF MACHIN = 'SED' AUGHRS REPRESENTS SEEDER BATCHES
* IF MACHIN = 'AUG' AUGHRS REPRESENTS LABOR TO RUN AUGER
* OTHER WISE AUGHRS SHOULD EQUAL ZERO
*
6000 READ (03,6010,ERR=9906,END=9906) GO,MACHIN,BLK,IHRS,AUGHRS,CC
6010 FORMAT (A3,2X,A3,2X,A4,4X,I5,2X,I5,2X,I2)
* SETUP
ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GOTO 9906
IF (GO .NE. ' ') GOTO 9700
IF (MACHIN .EQ. ' ') GOTO 6000
C = 0
6015 IF (MACHIN .EQ. 'MAC') C = 12
IF (MACHIN .EQ. 'MEN') C = 11
IF (MACHIN .EQ. 'MAN') C = 11
IF (MACHIN .EQ. 'WAT') C = 13
IF (MACHIN .EQ. 'GRD') C = 13
IF (MACHIN .EQ. 'SED') C = 15
IF (MACHIN .EQ. 'BAC') C = 16
IF (MACHIN .EQ. 'AUG') C = 17
IF (MACHIN .EQ. 'SUP') C = 18
IF (MACHIN .EQ. 'TEM') C = 20
IF (C .EQ. 0) GOTO 9916
IF (CC .EQ. 0) THEN
  CC = 13
  WRITE (92,*) 'NO CC GIVEN, MACHINE = ',MACHIN,' GO = MIS'
ENDIF
IF (CC .EQ. 9 .OR. CC .EQ. 10 .OR. CC .EQ. 11) THEN
  L = 4
ELSE

```

```

        L = 1
        ENDIF
        Y = 0.0
        IF (MACHIN .EQ. 'AUG') Y = AUGHRS*COST(11)
        IF (MACHIN .EQ. 'SED') Y = AUGHRS*COST(23)
        X = IHRS*COST(C) + Y
        HRSMIS = HRSMIS + IHRS
        CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,BLK,B)
*
*
* TOTAL
        LIKOST(B,L,CC) = LIKOST(B,L,CC) + X
        MICOST      = MICOST      + X
        GOTO 6000
*
*COL      READ PER BLOCK TONNAGE FROM OTHER TOTALS
*          READ TONS OF COAL SELF-HAULED, COLUMNS 25-29
*
*          READ PRICE PER TON, COLUMNS 34-38, IF DIFFERENT FROM COST(22)
*
*          TCOAL = TOTAL TONNAGE
*          SCOAL = STRIP TONNAGE (NON-AUGER)
*          SECOHL = TONNAGE SELF HAULED, NOT HAULED BY CONTRACT
*          COCHL = TONNAGE HAULED BY CONTRACT HAULER @ COST(21)
*
7000 READ (03,7010,ERR=9907,END=9907) GO,BLK,COAL,AUGER,SECOHL,PRICE
7010 FORMAT (A3,1X,A4,2X,I5,2X,A5,2X,I5,2X,F6.3)
*
*          SETUP
*          ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
*          WRITE (06,*) ICOUNT, 'COAL ', COCOHL, ' CONT HAUL $',COST(21)
*          IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GOTO 9907
*          IF (GO .NE. ' ')GOTO 9700
*          IF (BLK .EQ. ' ') GOTO 7000
*          CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,BLK,B)
*
*          TOTAL
        BLKCOL(B) = BLKCOL(B) + COAL
        IF (AUGER .EQ. 'AUGER') THEN
            AUGCOL(B) = AUGCOL(B) + COAL
            ACOAL = ACOAL + COAL
        ENDIF
        TCOAL = TCOAL + COAL
        SCOAL = TCOAL - ACOAL
        COCOHL = COAL - SECOHL
        LIKOST(B,4,11) = LIKOST(B,4,11) + COCOHL*COST(21)
        TOCOHL = TOCOHL + COCOHL
        IF (PRICE .GT. 0.5) THEN
            IF (AUGER .EQ. 'AUGER') THEN
                AUGPRI(B) = PRICE
            ELSE
                STRPRI(B) = PRICE
            ENDIF
        ENDIF
        GOTO 7000
*
*VOL      READ PER BLOCK-LIFT VOLUME (BCY)
*          HAULED, CARRIED, AND PUSHED PORTIONS
*
7200 READ (03,7210,ERR=9907,END=9907)GO,BLK,LIF,VOLUME,H,CA,P
7210 FORMAT (A3,1X,A4,1X,A1,4(1X,I9))
*
*          SETUP
*          ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
*          WRITE (06,*) ICOUNT, 'VOLUME'
*          IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GOTO 9907
*          IF (GO .NE. ' ')GOTO 9700
*          IF (BLK .EQ. ' ') GOTO 7200
*          CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,BLK,B)
*          CALL JLIFT (LIF,L)
*
*          TOTAL
        BLKVOL(B) = BLKVOL(B) + VOLUME
        LIFVOL(B,L) = LIFVOL(B,L) + VOLUME
        TVOL = TVOL + VOLUME
        HAUL(B,L) = H

```

```

HTOT = HTOT + H
CARRY(B,L) = CA
CTOT = CTOT + CA
PUSH(B,L) = P
PTOT = PTOT + P
GOTO 7200
*
*SPB          THIS INPUT FOLLOWS DATA INPUTS (ABOVE) BUT
*              PRECEDES RCL INPUTS
*
* SPECIAL BLOCKS: MINING AREAS TO BE TREATED TOTALLY AS OVERHEAD
*              (ROAD TO SITE, SEDIMENT PONDS) OR AS RECLAMATION EXPENSES
*
8000 WRITE (92,*)
      WRITE (92,*) 'SPECIAL BLOCKS'
      WRITE (92,*)
8005 READ (03,8010,ERR=9908,END=9908) GO,CHAR,BLK
8010 FORMAT(A3,2X,A3,2X,A4)
      IF (GO .NE. ' ') GOTO 9700
      ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
      IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GOTO 9908
      IF (CHAR .EQ. ' ') GOTO 8005
      IF (CHAR .EQ. 'REC') GOTO 8100
      IF (CHAR .EQ. 'OHD') GOTO 8200
      WRITE (06,*) 'SPECIAL BLOCK PROBLEM CHAR = ', CHAR
      GOTO 9908
*
* IF SPECIAL BLOCK CHAR = 'REC', TOTAL ALL EXPENSES AS RECLAMATION
*
* AN EXAMPLE FOR USE OF THIS BLOCK: ALL COSTS OF HOLLOW FILL CONSTRUCT-
* TION MUST BE TREATED AS RECLAMATION EXPENSE IF THEY ARE TO BE
* REDISTRIBUTED TO SOURCE BY 8500 BLOCK BELOW
*
8100 WRITE (92,*) '      ',BLK, ' = SPECIAL BLOCK'
      WRITE (92,*) '      ALL EXPENSES TREATED AS RECLAMATION'
      WRITE(92,*)
      WRITE(06,*) 'INTO 8100'
      T = 0.0
      CALL KBLOCK(BLOCK,BDIM,BLK,B)
      DO 8150 CC = 1,CCDIM
        X = 0.0
        DO 8140 L=1,LDIM
          X = X + LIKOST(B,L,CC)
          LIKOST(B,L,CC) = 0.0
8140   CONTINUE
        IF (X .EQ. 0.0) GOTO 8150
        WRITE (92,8145)COCAT(CC),X
8145   FORMAT(5X,A20,8X,F8.2)
        T = T + X
8150   CONTINUE
      WRITE (92,8155)T
8155   FORMAT (5X,'TOTAL = RECLAMATION = ',6X,F8.2)
      WRITE (92,*)
      LIKOST(B,1,12) = T
      GOTO 8005
*
* IF SPECIAL BLOCK CHAR = 'OHD', TOTAL ALL EXPENSES AS OVERHEAD
* TO BE REDISTRIBUTED TO SOURCE AREAS ON PER BCY BASIS
* VIA OHDTOT VARIABLE AND STATEMENTS 8810 +
*
8200 WRITE (92,*) '      ',BLK, ' = SPECIAL BLOCK'
      WRITE (92,*) '      ALL EXPENSES TREATED AS OVERHEAD'
      WRITE (92,*)
      WRITE (06,*) '8200'
      T = 0.0
      CALL KBLOCK(BLOCK,BDIM,BLK,B)
      DO 8250 CC = 1,CCDIM
        X = 0.0
        DO 8240 L=1,LDIM
          X = X + LIKOST(B,L,CC)

```

```
      LIKOST(B,L,CC) = 0.0
8240      CONTINUE
      IF (X .EQ. 0.0) GOTO 8250
      WRITE(92,8245) COCAT(CC),X
8245      FORMAT (5X,A20,8X,F8.2)
      T = T + X
8250      CONTINUE
      WRITE (92,8255) T
8255      FORMAT (5X,'TOTAL',23X,F8.2)
      OHDTOT = OHDTOT + T
      WRITE (92,8257) OHDTOT
8257      FORMAT (5X,'OVERHEAD ACCOUNT = ',F10.2)
      WRITE (92,*)
      GOTO 8005
*
*       RCL AND RED: SHOULD FOLLOW ALL INPUT - EXCEPT END
*
*
*
*      *RCL
*          DISTRIBUTE RECLAMATION COSTS
*          FROM DESTINATION TO SOURCE BASED UPON FRACTION
*          OF TOTAL MATERIAL AT DESTINATION ORIGINATING AT EACH SOURCE
*
*          "FRAC" = PROPORTION OF DESTINATION MATERIAL ORIGINATING AT SOURCE
*                 = PROPORTION OF DEST. RECLAMATION COST ATTRIBUTED TO SOURC
*          SINCE PROGRAM READS IN RECLAMATION COSTS AT DESTINATION,
*              THIS PROGRAM BLOCK REDISTRIBUTES THOSE COSTS TO SOURCE
*
*          FOR EXAMPLE: ALL COSTS OF HOLLOW FILL RECLAMATION SHOULD BE CHARGED
*                  TO COAL BLOCKS WHERE THE SPOIL PUT IN THE FILL ORIGINATES
*
*          INPUT COLUMN FORMAT
*              COLS. 1-3: GO                  'MOVE FORTRAN' OUTPUT FILE
*                    5-8: DESTINATION        DATA COSINPUT
*                    9-18: FRAC (DECIMAL)    FOR THIS PURPOSE
*                    19-22: SOURCE BLOCK
*                    24: SOURCE LIFT
*
*          RCLEXP(B) CONTAINS ORIGINAL RECLAMATION EXPENSES BY BLOCK
*          RCLDXP(B) KEEPS TRACK OF UNDISTRIBUTED RECLAMATION EXPENSES
*          X = DISTRIBUTED FRACTION
*          T = TOTAL; TOTALS DISTRIBUTED FRACTIONS THROUGH 8550, THEN
*              ADDS QUANTITIES REMAINING IN RCLDXP(B) VARIABLE
*
*          RECLAMATION EXPENSES REDISTRIBUTED TO COCAT(15)
*          TO PUT THEM BACK INTO COCAT(12) GO THROUGH 8600 BLOCK
*
*      8500 WRITE (92,8499)
*      8499 FORMAT(7(9X,'*'))
*          WRITE (92,*)
*          WRITE (92,*)'DESTINATION RECLAMATION TOTALS FROM INPUT'
*          WRITE (92,*)
*          WRITE (06,*)'REDISTRIBUTE RECLAMATION EXPENSE'
*          T = 0.0
*          DO 8503 B = 1,BDIM
*              DO 8502 L = 1,LDIM
*                  IF (LIKOST(B,L,12) .GT. 0.01) THEN
*                      WRITE (92,8501) BLOCK(B), LIFT(L), LIKOST(B,L,12)
*                      FORMAT (5X,31X,A4,1X,A1,1X,F10.2)
*                      RCLEXP(B) = RCLEXP(B) + LIKOST(B,L,12)
*                      LIKOST(B,L,12) = 0.0
*                      ENDF
*                      8501
*          8502      CONTINUE
*                  T = T + RCLEXP(B)
*                  RCLDXP(B) = RCLEXP(B)
*          8503      CONTINUE
*          WRITE(92,8504) T
*          8504      FORMAT(5X,'TOTAL BEFORE REDISTRIBUTION',11X,F10.2)
*
*          WRITE(92,*)
*          WRITE(92,8505)
```

```

8505 FORMAT(' DISTRIBUTION OF RECLAMATION EXPENSES FROM DESTINATION
+TO SOURCE')
WRITE(92,*)
WRITE(92,8507)
T = 0.0
8507 FORMAT (5X, 'SOURCE',3X, 'FRAC',1X, 'DESTIN',5X, 'DESTIN EXP',3X, 'SOUR
+CE EXP',3X, 'UNDISTRIBUTED' )
*
8515 READ(03,8520) GO, DEBLK, FRAC, SOBLK, SOLIFT
8520 FORMAT (A3,1X,A4,F10.8,A4,1X,A1)
IF (GO .NE. ' ') GOTO 8570
ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GOTO 9908
IF (SOBLK .EQ. ' ') GOTO 8515
CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,SOBLK,SB)
CALL JLIFT (SOLIFT,SL)
CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,DEBLK,DB)
X = FRAC*RCLEXP(DB)
LIKOST(SB,SL,15) = LIKOST(SB,SL,15) + X
RCLDXP(DB) = RCLDXP(DB) - X
WRITE(92,8550) BLOCK(SB),LIFT(SL),FRAC,BLOCK(DB),
+ RCLEXP(DB),X,RCLDXP(DB)
8550 FORMAT(5X,A4,1X,A1,1X,F8.5,1X,A4,5X,F10.2,3X,F10.2,3X,F10.2)
T = T + X
GOTO 8515
*
8570 WRITE (92,8580) T
8580 FORMAT (5X, 'TOTAL REDISTRIBUTION',18X,F10.2)
WRITE(92,*)
DO 8590 B = 1,BDIM
LIKOST(B,5,12) = LIKOST(B,5,12) + RCLDXP(B)
T = T + RCLDXP(B)
RCLDXP(B) = 0.0
RCLEXP(B) = 0.0
8590 CONTINUE
WRITE (92,8595) T
8595 FORMAT (5X, 'TOTAL AFTER REDISTRIBUTION',12X,F10.2)
WRITE(92,*)
8597 FORMAT(' * * * * *
+ * ')
WRITE (92,8597)
GOTO 9700
*
*RED
*
* PREPARE FOR SECOND REDISTRIBUTION BY PLACING SELECTED
* BLOCK RECLAMATION EXPENSES FROM COCAT(15) TO COCAT(12)
*
* AN EXAMPLE: IF RCL BLOCK ABOVE REDISTRIBUTES HOLLOW FILL 1 EXPENSE
* BACK TO HOLLOW FILL 2, GO THROUGH THIS BLOCK BEFORE
* TO ALLOW NEW HF2 EXPENSE TO GO BACK TO COAL BLOCKS
*
8600 READ(03,8610) GO, BLK
8610 FORMAT (A3,1X,A4)
IF (GO .NE. ' ') GOTO 9700
ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
IF (ICOUNT .GT. IMAX) GOTO 9908
IF (BLK .EQ. ' ') GOTO 8600
CALL KBLOCK (BLOCK,BDIM,BLK,B)
WRITE (92,8611) BLK
8611 FORMAT (5X, 'IN RED ; BLOCK = ',A4)
DO 8620 L = 1,LDIM
LIKOST(B,L,12) = LIKOST(B,L,12) + LIKOST(B,L,15)
LIKOST(B,L,15) = 0.0
8620 CONTINUE
GOTO 8600
*
*END FINAL INPUT
*
8800 READ (03,8805,ERR=9919,END=9919) DAYONE

```

```

      READ (03,8805,ERR=9919,END=9919) DAYEND
      READ (03,8805,ERR=9919,END=9919) JOB
8805  FORMAT (5X,A15)
*
*           WRITE HEADERS ALL FILES
*
      WRITE (92,8807)JOB,DAYONE,DAYEND
      WRITE (93,8807)JOB,DAYONE,DAYEND
      WRITE (94,8807)JOB,DAYONE,DAYEND
      WRITE (95,8807)JOB,DAYONE,DAYEND
8807  FORMAT (A20,A15,' THRU ',A15)
*
*           CALCULATE AND TOTAL FROM HERE TO 8950
*
*           OHDTOT (FROM SPB, 8000 & 8200)
*           + COST(19)*(TOTAL COAL PRODUCED)
*           + TOTAL, ALL LOCATIONS, COST CATEGORY 14
*
      = TOTAL OVERHEAD, REDISTRIBUTED TO SOURCE BLOCKS PER BCY
*
8810  WRITE (92,*) 'DISTRIBUTE OVERHEAD COSTS'
      WRITE (92,*)
      WRITE (92,8830) OHDTOT
8830  FORMAT (5X,'OVERHEAD TOTAL BEFORE PER TON TOTAL ADDED = ',F10.2)
      OHDTOT = OHDTOT + COST(19)*TCOAL
      WRITE (92,8832) OHDTOT
8832  FORMAT (5X,'OVERHEAD TOTAL AFTER PER TON TOTAL ADDED = ',F10.2)
      X = 0.0
      DO 8839 B = 1,BDIM
        DO 8837 L = 1,LDIM
          X = X + LIKOST(B,L,14)
8837  CONTINUE
8839  CONTINUE
      OHDTOT = OHDTOT + X
      WRITE (92,8840) OHDTOT
8840  FORMAT(5X,'OVERHEAD TOTAL AFTER ADDING LIFT OVERHEAD = ',F10.2)
      OHDP CY = OHDTOT/TVOL
      WRITE (92,8842) OHDP CY
8842  FORMAT(5X,'OVERHEAD PER BCY = ',F10.2)
*
*           TOTAL AGGREGATE COST CATEGORIES
*
8900  T = 0.0
      DO 8909 B = 1,BDIM
        DO 8906 L = 1,LDIM
          LIKOST(B,L,14) = OHDP CY*LIFVOL(B,L)
          DO 8903 CC = 1,CCDIM
            BLKTOT(B) = BLKTOT(B) + LIKOST(B,L,CC)
            LIFTOT(B,L) = LIFTOT(B,L) + LIKOST(B,L,CC)
            CCCOST(CC) = CCCOST(CC) + LIKOST(B,L,CC)
            BLKOST(B,CC) = BLKOST(B,CC) + LIKOST(B,L,CC)
8903  CONTINUE
8906  CONTINUE
          T = T + BLKTOT(B)
8909  CONTINUE
*
*           TOTAL COCAT(08) - LOAD AND HAUL, ALL MACHINES
*
8930  DO 8950 B = 1,BDIM
      BLKOST(B,08) = BLKOST(B,4) + BLKOST(B,5)
      + BLKOST(B,6) + BLKOST(B,7)
      DO 8940 L = 1,LDIM
        LIKOST(B,L,08) = LIKOST(B,L,4) + LIKOST(B,L,5)
      + LIKOST(B,L,6) + LIKOST(B,L,7)
8940  CONTINUE
8950  CONTINUE
      WRITE (06,*) '8950'
      CCCOST(08) = CCCOST(4) + CCCOST(5) + CCCOST(6) + CCCOST(7)
*
*           CALCULATE HAUL AND CARRY-PUSH COSTS, PER BCY HANDLED

```



```

*           T = TOTAL PROFITS
*           BLCOST = TOTAL COSTS
BLCOST = 0.0
DO 9050 B = 1,BDIM
  IF(BLKTOT(B) .LT. 0.5) GOTO 9050
  X = AUGCOL(B)*AUGPRI(B) + (BLKCOL(B)-AUGCOL(B))*STRPRI(B)
  W = X - BLKTOT(B)
  IF (BLKCOL(B) .GT. 0) THEN
    PRICE = X/BLKCOL(B)
    Y = W/BLKCOL(B)
  ELSE
    PRICE = 0.0
    Y = 0.0
  ENDIF
  WO = X - (BLKTOT(B) - BLKVOL(B)*OHDPY)
  T = T + W
  BLCOST = BLCOST + BLKTOT(B)
  Z = Z + X
  WRITE (93,9040) BLOCK(B),BLKTOT(B),X,W,WO,Y,PRICE
9040  FORMAT (6X,A4,2(1X,F11.2),2(1X,F13.2),F9.2,F7.2)
9050  CONTINUE
  WRITE(93,9055) BLCOST,Z,T
9055  FORMAT (5X,'TOTAL',2(1X,F11.2),1X,F13.2)
*
*           TOTAL JOB COSTS - GROSS, PER BLOCK BCY, AND PER TON
*
WRITE(93,*)
WRITE(93,*) 'TOTAL JOB COSTS - GROSS, PER BLOCK BCY, AND PER TON'
WRITE(93,*)
T = 0.0
IF (TVOL .GT. 0 .AND. TCOAL .GT. 0) THEN
  DO 9070 CC = 1,CCDIM
    YDCOST = CCCOST(CC)/TVOL
    TNCOST = CCCOST(CC)/TCOAL
    IF (CC .EQ. 10 .AND. ACOAL .GT. 0) THEN
      TNCOST = CCCOST(11)/ACOAL
    ENDIF
    WRITE (93,9065) COCAT(CC),CCCOST(CC),YDCOST, TNCOST
9065  FORMAT(5X,A20,1X,F10.2,1X,F8.3,1X,F8.2)
    T = T + CCCOST(CC)
9070  CONTINUE
  ENDIF
  WRITE (06,*) '9070'
  T = T - CCCOST(08)
  YDCOST = T/TVOL
  TNCOST = T/TCOAL
  CHAR = 'TOTAL'
  WRITE (93,9065) CHAR,T,YDCOST,TNCOST
*
*           JOB SUMMARY
*
WRITE (93,*)
WRITE (93,*) 'JOB SUMMARY'
WRITE (93,*)
SCOAL = TCOAL - ACOAL
WRITE (93,9073) TCOAL, SCOAL, ACOAL
9073  FORMAT(5X,'COAL PRODUCTION,TONS, TOTAL STRIP & AUGER -',3(2X,I6))
WRITE (93,9074) TVOL
9074  FORMAT (5X, 'TOTAL VOLUME, BANK CUBIC YARDS - ', I9)
SRATIO = REAL(TVOL)/TCOAL
CHAR = 'TOTAL COAL'
WRITE(93,9075) CHAR,SRATIO
9075  FORMAT(5X,'STRIPPING RATIO YARDS PER TON',1X,A10,F7.2)
SRATIO = REAL(TVOL)/(TCOAL - ACOAL)
CHAR = 'STRIP COAL'
WRITE(93,9075) CHAR,SRATIO
X = T/TCOAL
WRITE(93,9078) X
9078  FORMAT(5X,'COST PER TON = ',F7.2)
X = (T - CCCOST(10) - CCCOST(9) - CCCOST(11))/TVOL

```

```

WRITE(93,9081) X
9081 FORMAT (5X,'COST PER YARD EXCLUSIVE OF COAL HANDLING ',F8.3)
X = TOCOHL*TCOST(21)
WRITE(93,9082) X,TOCOHL
9082 FORMAT (5X,'CONTRACT HAULER COST AND TONS ',F10.2,2X,I6)
X = T/TVOL
WRITE (93,9083) X
9083 FORMAT (5X,'TOTAL COST PER OVERBURDEN BANK CUBIC YARD',F8.3)
X = OHDTOT/TCOAL
WRITE (93,9084) X, OHDTOT
9084 FORMAT (5X,'PER TON AND TOTAL OVERHEAD COSTS ',F5.2,F10.2)
X = PREOHD*TCOAL
WRITE(93,9085) PREOHD,X
9085 FORMAT(5X,'PRE SPECIAL BLOCK PER TON OVERHEAD COSTS ',F5.2,F10.2)
X = CCCOST(9)/TCOAL
WRITE(93,9086) COCAT(9), CCCOST(9),X
IF (ACOAL .GT. 0) THEN
9086 FORMAT(5X,'GROSS AND PER TON COSTS - ',A20,F8.2,1X,F8.2)
X = CCCOST(10)/ACOAL
WRITE(93,9086) COCAT(10),CCCOST(10),X
ENDIF
*
* MACHINE COST TOTALS AND MACHINE HOURS
*
WRITE(93,*)
WRITE(93,*)'MACHINE COST TOTALS (INCLUDING OPERATOR WAGE) AND MACH
+INE HOURS'
WRITE(93,*)
CHAR = 'HAULERS'
WRITE(93,9088)CHAR,HLCOST,HRSHLR
CHAR = 'LOADERS'
WRITE(93,9088)CHAR,LDCOST,HRSLDA,HRSLDB,HRSLDC
CHAR = 'DOZERS'
WRITE(93,9088)CHAR,DZCOST,HRSDZA,HRSDZC
CHAR = 'DRILL'
WRITE(93,9088)CHAR,DRCOST,HRSDRL
CHAR = 'OTHER MACHINES'
WRITE(93,9088)CHAR,MICOST,HRSMIS
CHAR = 'SHOT LABOR'
WRITE(93,9088)CHAR,SHCOST,HRSSHT
T = HLCOST + DZCOST + LDCOST + DRCOST + MICOST + SHCOST
HRS = HRSHLR + HRSLDA + HRSLDB + HRSLDC + HRSDZA + HRSDZC +
+ HRSDRL + HRSMIS + HRSSHT
CHAR = 'TOTALS'
WRITE(93,9088)CHAR,T,HRS
9088 FORMAT (5X,A15,F11.2,5X,3(F9.1))
WRITE (06,*) '9088'
WRITE (93,*)
WRITE (93,*)
*
* BLOCK AND LIFT COST SUMMARIES - BRIEF VERSION - FILE 93
*
WRITE (93,*) 'BLOCK AND LIFT COST SUMMARIES'
WRITE (93,*) ' FIRST $ PER YARD DOES NOT INCLUDE COAL HANDLING
+ COSTS'
WRITE(93,*)
TOT = 0.0
WRITE(93,9140)
9140 FORMAT(12X,'YARDS',4X,'TONS',2X,'YARDS',3X,'STRIPPING',2X,'$ PER',
+ 2X,'$ PER',2X,'$ PER',2X,'COAL COST')
WRITE(93,9150)
9150 FORMAT(5X,'BLK L',2X,'VOLUME',3X,'COAL',3X,'/TON',4X,'$ COST',5X,
+ 'YARD',3X,'YARD',3X,' TON',4X,'$/TON')
WRITE(93,*)
WRITE (06,*) '9150'
DO 9190 B = 1,BDIM
IF (BLKTOT(B) .LT. 0.5) GOTO 9190
DO 9180 L = 1,LDIM
IF (LIFTOT(B,L) .EQ. 0.0) GOTO 9180
IF (LIFVOL(B,L) .GT. 0) THEN

```

```

        YDCOST = LIFTOT(B,L)/LIFVOL(B,L)
        T = (LIFTOT(B,L)-LIKOST(B,L,9)-LIKOST(B,L,10)
+         -LIKOST(B,L,11))/LIFVOL(B,L)
        ELSE
        YDCOST = 0.0
        T = 0.0
        ENDIF
+       WRITE(93,9176)BLOCK(B),LIFT(L),LIFVOL(B,L),LIFTOT(B,L),
+         T,YDCOST
9176   FORMAT(4X,A4,1X,A1,1X,I7,16X,F9.2,1X,F7.2,F7.2)
        TOT = TOT + LIFTOT(B,L)
9180   CONTINUE
        IF(BLKCOL(B) .EQ. 0) GOTO 9189
        IF(BLKVOL(B) .EQ. 0) GOTO 9189
        SRATIO =REAL(BLKVOL(B))/BLKCOL(B)
        YDCOST = BLKTOT(B)/BLKVOL(B)
*       Z = COAL COST TOTAL; Y = COAL COST PER TON; T = SHORT $ PER BCY
        X = BLKOST(B,9)/BLKCOL(B)
        Z =BLKOST(B,9) + BLKOST(B,10) + BLKOST(B,11)
        IF (BLKCOL(B) .GT. 0) THEN
        Y = Z/BLKCOL(B)
        TNCOST = BLKTOT(B)/BLKCOL(B)
        ELSE
        Y = 0.0
        TNCOST = 0.0
        ENDIF
        IF (BLKVOL(B) .GT. 0) THEN
        T = (BLKTOT(B) - Z)/BLKVOL(B)
        ELSE
        T = 0.0
        ENDIF
+       WRITE(93,9187) BLOCK(B),BLKVOL(B),BLKCOL(B),SRATIO,BLKTOT(B),
+         T,YDCOST,TNCOST,Y
9187   FORMAT (4X,A4,3X,I7,2X,I5,2X,F5.1,1X,F10.2,3X,F5.2,2X,F5.2,
+         1X,F7.2,1X,F7.2)
9189   WRITE(93,*)
9190   CONTINUE
        WRITE (93,9192) TOT
9192   FORMAT (5X,'TOTAL =',25X,F11.2)
        WRITE (06,*) '9190'
        WRITE(93,*)
        WRITE(93,*)'TO CHECK OUTPUT: TOTAL JOB COSTS = MACHINERY COST'
        WRITE(93,*)' TOTALS + CONTRACT HAULING + DRILL AND SHOOT '
        WRITE(93,*)' TOTALS - DRILL COST TOTAL - SHOOT LABOR TOTALS'
        WRITE(93,*)' + INPUT OVERHEAD + SEEDING '
*
*       BLOCK AND LIFT COST DETAILS - FILE 94
*
        WRITE(94,*)
        WRITE(94,*) 'BLOCK AND LIFT COST DETAILS'
        WRITE(94,*)
        FIRST = .TRUE.
*
* AFTER RE-CALCULATING BLKOST AND LIKOST VARIABLES ON PER BCY(TON) BASES
* AND SETTING FIRST = .FALSE.
* PROGRAM RETURNS TO 9205
*
9205 DO 9466 B = 1,BDIM
        IF (BLKTOT(B) .LT. 0.01) GOTO 9466
        IF (BLKCOL(B) .EQ. 0) GOTO 9400
        WRITE (94,9210) BLOCK(B)
9210   FORMAT('BLOCK = ',A4,12X,'TOTAL',3X,'T LIFT',3X,'2 LIFT',
+         3X,'3 LIFT',3X,'X LIFT',3X,'R LIFT')
        DO 9240 CC = 1,CCDIM
        IF (BLKOST(B,CC) .EQ. 0.00) GOTO 9240
        WRITE (94,9230) COCAT(CC),BLKOST(B,CC),LIKOST(B,1,CC),
+         LIKOST(B,2,CC),LIKOST(B,3,CC),LIKOST(B,4,CC),
+         LIKOST(B,5,CC)
9230   FORMAT (A20,6(F9.2))
9240   CONTINUE

```

```

+
WRITE (94,9235) BLKTOT(B),LIFTOT(B,1),LIFTOT(B,2),
9235 LIFTOT(B,3),LIFTOT(B,4),LIFTOT(B,5)
FORMAT ('TOTAL',15X,6(F9.2))
WRITE (94,*)
*
*
9400 IF (.NOT. FIRST) GOTO 9466
*
*
IF (BLKCOL(B) .EQ. 0) THEN
9410 WRITE (94,9410) BLOCK(B)
FORMAT('BLOCK = ',A4,12X,'COST')
IF (BLKTOT(B) .EQ. 0.00) GOTO 9450
DO 9440 CC = 1,CCDIM
IF (BLKOST(B,CC) .EQ. 0.0) GOTO 9440
WRITE (94,9430) COCAT(CC),BLKOST(B,CC)
9430 FORMAT (A20,F9.2)
9440 CONTINUE
WRITE (94,9445) BLKTOT(B)
9445 FORMAT ('TOTAL',15X,F9.2)
WRITE(94,*)
9450 ENDIF
*
9466 CONTINUE
IF (.NOT. FIRST) GOTO 9600
*
*
IF FIRST TIME THRU, GO THRU THIS PROGRAM BLOCK
*
WRITE (94,*)
WRITE (94,*) 'PER BLOCK BCY OVERBURDEN HANDLING COSTS'
WRITE (94,*) 'PER TON COAL HANDLING COSTS'
WRITE (94,*) 'TOTALS PER BLOCK BANK CUBIC YARD'
WRITE (94,*)
*
FIRST = .FALSE.
*
*
RECALCULATE GROSS COSTS ON PER YARD AND PER TON BASIS
*
WRITE (06,*) '9500'
9500 DO 9550 B = 1,BDIM
IF (BLKVOL(B) .NE. 0) THEN
BLKTOT(B) = BLKTOT(B)/BLKVOL(B)
ELSE
BLKTOT(B) = 0.0
ENDIF
DO 9540 CC = 1,CCDIM
IF (CC .EQ. 9 .AND. BLKCOL(B) .GT. 0) THEN
BLKOST(B,CC) = BLKOST(B,CC)/BLKCOL(B)
ELSEIF (CC .EQ. 10 .AND. AUGCOL(B) .GT. 0) THEN
BLKOST(B,CC) = BLKOST(B,CC)/AUGCOL(B)
ELSEIF (CC .EQ. 11 .AND. BLKCOL(B) .GT. 0) THEN
BLKOST(B,CC) = BLKOST(B,CC)/BLKCOL(B)
+ ELSEIF(CC .NE. 9 .AND. CC .NE. 10 .AND. CC .NE. 11 .AND.
BLKVOL(B) .NE. 0) THEN
BLKOST(B,CC) = BLKOST(B,CC)/BLKVOL(B)
ELSE
BLKOST(B,CC) = 0.0
ENDIF
DO 9530 L = 1,LDIM
IF (CC .EQ. 9 .AND. BLKCOL(B) .GT. 0) THEN
LIKOST(B,L,CC) = LIKOST(B,L,CC)/BLKCOL(B)
ELSEIF (CC .EQ. 10 .AND. AUGCOL(B) .GT. 0) THEN
LIKOST(B,L,CC) = LIKOST(B,L,CC)/AUGCOL(B)
ELSEIF (CC .EQ. 11 .AND. BLKCOL(B) .GT. 0) THEN
LIKOST(B,L,CC) = LIKOST(B,L,CC)/BLKCOL(B)
+ ELSEIF(CC .NE. 9 .AND. CC .NE. 10 .AND. CC .NE. 11 .AND.
LIFVOL(B,L) .NE. 0) THEN
LIKOST(B,L,CC) = LIKOST(B,L,CC)/LIFVOL(B,L)
ELSE

```

```

        LIKOST(B,L,CC) = 0.0
    ENDIF
9530    CONTINUE
9540    CONTINUE
9550    CONTINUE
    WRITE (06,*) '9550'
    DO 9570 B = 1,BDIM
        DO 9560 L = 1,LDIM
            IF(LIFVOL(B,L) .GT. 0) THEN
                LIFTOT(B,L) = LIFTOT(B,L)/LIFVOL(B,L)
            ELSE
                LIFTOT(B,L) = 0.0
            ENDIF
        ENDIF
9560    CONTINUE
9570    CONTINUE
    WRITE (06,*) '9570'
    GOTO 9205
*
*
9600    WRITE(95,*)
    WRITE (06,*) '9600'
    WRITE(95,*) 'PER BLOCK BCY OVERBURDEN HANDLING COST COMPARISONS'
    WRITE(95,*) 'PER TON COAL HANDLING COST COMPARISONS'
    WRITE(95,*)
*
*
    DO 9609 CC = 1,CCDIM
        WRITE(95,9606)COCAT(CC)
9606    FORMAT(2X,A20)
        DO 9608 B = 1,BDIM
            IF(BLKOST(B,CC) .EQ. 0.00) GOTO 9608
            WRITE (95,9607) BLOCK(B), BLKOST(B,CC),LIKOST(B,1,CC),
+            LIKOST(B,2,CC),LIKOST(B,3,CC),LIKOST(B,4,CC),LIKOST(B,5,CC)
9607    FORMAT(5X,A5,6(2X,F9.2))
9608    CONTINUE
        WRITE(95,*)
9609    CONTINUE
*
*
    WRITE COSTS PER BCY HAULED AND PER BCY CARRIED & PUSHED
*
*
    WRITE(95,*)
    WRITE(95,9610)
    WRITE(95,*)
9610    FORMAT (7X,'FOLLOWING COSTS DEPEND UPON ACCURACY OF MOVED VOLUME
+ESTIMATES')
    WRITE(95,*)
    WRITE(95,*)
    WRITE(95,*) 'HAULING COSTS PER BCY HAULED'
    WRITE(95,*)
    BLK = ' '
    WRITE(95,9210) BLK
    DO 9615 B = 1,BDIM
        IF (BLKOST(B,8) .LT. 0.005) GOTO 9615
        WRITE (95,9611) BLOCK(B), BHAUL(B), BLHAUL(B,1), BLHAUL(B,2),
+        BLHAUL(B,3), BLHAUL(B,4), BLHAUL(B,5)
9611    FORMAT(A4,16X,6(F9.2))
9615    CONTINUE
    IF (HTOT .EQ. 0) GOTO 9620
    X = CCCOST(8)/HTOT
    BLK = 'JOB'
    WRITE (95,9611) BLK, X
    WRITE(95,*)
9620    WRITE(95,*)
    WRITE(95,*) 'CARRY & PUSH COSTS PER BCY CARRIED-PUSHED'
    WRITE(95,*)
    BLK = ' '
    WRITE(95,9210) BLK
    DO 9625 B = 1,BDIM
        IF (BLKOST(B,3) .LT. 0.005) GOTO 9625
        WRITE (95,9611) BLOCK(B), BCARP(B), BLCARP(B,1), BLCARP(B,2),
+        BLCARP(B,3), BLCARP(B,4), BLCARP(B,5)

```


TOTAL COST PER OVERBURDEN BANK CUBIC YARD	1.774		
PER TON AND TOTAL OVERHEAD COSTS	3.05	5891.93	
PRE SPECIAL BLOCK PER TON OVERHEAD COSTS	3.00	5791.93	
GROSS AND PER TON COSTS - COAL: CLEAN & LOAD		840.00	0.44
GROSS AND PER TON COSTS - COAL: AUGER		470.00	1.57

MACHINE COST TOTALS (INCLUDING OPERATOR WAGE) AND MACHINE HOURS

HAULERS	8175.00	109.0		
LOADERS	6830.00	58.5	0.0	14.0
DOZERS	4620.00	62.0	7.0	
DRILL	2940.00	42.0		
OTHER MACHINES	1830.00	26.0		
SHOT LABOR	420.00	21.0		
TOTALS	24815.00	339.5		

BLOCK AND LIFT COST SUMMARIES

FIRST \$ PER YARD DOES NOT INCLUDE COAL HANDLING COSTS

BLK	L	YARDS VOLUME	TONS COAL	YARDS /TON	STRIPPING \$ COST	\$ PER YARD	\$ PER YARD	\$ PER TON	COAL COST \$/TON
MB1	T	8000			11861.35	1.48	1.48		
MB1	2	5000			7123.92	1.42	1.42		
MB1	X	0			4100.00	0.00	0.00		
MB1		13000	1060	12.3	23085.27	1.62	1.78	21.78	1.96
MB2	T	4000			5434.54	1.36	1.36		
MB2	2	2500			3026.97	1.21	1.21		
MB2	X	0			3185.00	0.00	0.00		
MB2		6500	870	7.5	11646.50	1.46	1.79	13.39	2.50
MB3	T	1200			1995.14	1.66	1.66		
TOTAL =					36726.91				

TO CHECK OUTPUT: TOTAL JOB COSTS = MACHINERY COST
 TOTALS + CONTRACT HAULING + DRILL AND SHOOT
 TOTALS - DRILL COST TOTAL - SHOOT LABOR TOTALS
 + INPUT OVERHEAD + SEEDING

*	*	*	PERBLOCK COST	*	*	*
	PONY RUN		DAY 1 1999	THRU DAY 11	1999	

BLOCK AND LIFT COST DETAILS

BLOCK =	TOTAL	T LIFT	2 LIFT	3 LIFT	X LIFT	R LIFT
BLOCK = MB1						
CLEAR AND BENCH	70.00	70.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DRILL AND SHOOT	4590.00	2570.00	0.00	0.00	2020.00	0.00
CARRY AND PUSH	340.00	0.00	340.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOAD & HAUL: LOADERS	3700.00	2100.00	1600.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOAD & HAUL: DOZERS	1260.00	700.00	560.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOAD & HAUL: HAULERS	5550.00	3150.00	2400.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOAD & HAUL: DUMPSITE	560.00	280.00	280.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOAD & HAUL: TOTAL	11070.00	6230.00	4840.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
COAL: CLEAN & LOAD	350.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	350.00	0.00
COAL: AUGER	140.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	140.00	0.00
COAL: HAULING	1590.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1590.00	0.00
OVERHEAD PER TON	3700.24	2277.07	1423.17	0.00	0.00	0.00
RECLAMATION - SOURCE	1235.03	714.28	520.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL	23085.27	11861.35	7123.92	0.00	4100.00	0.00
BLOCK = MB2						
CLEAR AND BENCH	70.00	70.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DRILL AND SHOOT	2295.00	1285.00	0.00	0.00	1010.00	0.00
CARRY AND PUSH	490.00	490.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOAD & HAUL: LOADERS	1400.00	500.00	900.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

LOAD & HAUL: DOZERS	490.00	490.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOAD & HAUL: HAULERS	1800.00	750.00	1050.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOAD & HAUL: DUMPSITE	210.00	210.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOAD & HAUL: TOTAL	3900.00	1950.00	1950.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
COAL: CLEAN & LOAD	490.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	490.00	0.00
COAL: AUGER	330.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	330.00	0.00
COAL: HAULING	1355.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1355.00	0.00
OVERHEAD PER TON	1850.12	1138.54	711.59	0.00	0.00	0.00
RECLAMATION - SOURCE	866.39	501.00	365.39	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL	11646.50	5434.54	3026.97	0.00	3185.00	0.00

BLOCK = MB3	COST
CLEAR AND BENCH	350.00
LOAD & HAUL: LOADERS	550.00
LOAD & HAUL: HAULERS	615.00
LOAD & HAUL: TOTAL	1165.00
OVERHEAD PER TON	341.56
RECLAMATION - SOURCE	138.58
TOTAL	1995.14

PER BANK CUBIC YARD OVERBURDEN HANDLING COSTS
 PER TON COAL HANDLING COSTS
 TOTALS PER BANK CUBIC YARD

BLOCK = MB1	TOTAL	T LIFT	2 LIFT	3 LIFT	X LIFT	R LIFT
CLEAR AND BENCH	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DRILL AND SHOOT	0.35	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CARRY AND PUSH	0.03	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOAD & HAUL: LOADERS	0.28	0.26	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOAD & HAUL: DOZERS	0.10	0.09	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOAD & HAUL: HAULERS	0.43	0.39	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOAD & HAUL: DUMPSITE	0.04	0.03	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOAD & HAUL: TOTAL	0.85	0.78	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00
COAL: CLEAN & LOAD	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
COAL: HAULING	1.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.50	0.00
OVERHEAD PER TON	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00
RECLAMATION - SOURCE	0.10	0.09	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL	1.78	1.48	1.42	0.00	0.00	0.00

BLOCK = MB2	TOTAL	T LIFT	2 LIFT	3 LIFT	X LIFT	R LIFT
CLEAR AND BENCH	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DRILL AND SHOOT	0.35	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CARRY AND PUSH	0.08	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOAD & HAUL: LOADERS	0.22	0.13	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOAD & HAUL: DOZERS	0.08	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOAD & HAUL: HAULERS	0.28	0.19	0.42	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOAD & HAUL: DUMPSITE	0.03	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOAD & HAUL: TOTAL	0.60	0.49	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00
COAL: CLEAN & LOAD	0.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.00
COAL: AUGER	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.00
COAL: HAULING	1.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.56	0.00
OVERHEAD PER TON	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00
RECLAMATION - SOURCE	0.13	0.13	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL	1.79	1.36	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00

* * * PERYARD COST * * *

PONY RUN DAY 1 1999 THRU DAY 11 1999

FOLLOWING COSTS DEPEND UPON ACCURACY OF MOVED VOLUME ESTIMATES

HAULING COSTS PER BCY HAULED

BLOCK =	TOTAL	T LIFT	2 LIFT	3 LIFT	X LIFT	R LIFT
---------	-------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------

MB1	0.87	0.78	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
MB2	0.78	0.77	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00
MB3	0.97	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JOB	0.85					

CARRY & PUSH COSTS PER BCY CARRIED-PUSHED

BLOCK =	TOTAL	T LIFT	2 LIFT	3 LIFT	X LIFT	R LIFT
MB1	1.42	0.00	1.42	0.00	0.00	0.00
MB2	0.33	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JOB	0.48					

LOCATION BLOCKS AND INTERNAL BLOCK NUMBERS

MB1	1
MB2	2
MB3	3
MB4	4
MB5	5
SD1	6
SD2	7
SD3	8
SD4	9
SD5	10
ROAD	11

*	*	*	REDIST COST	*	*	*
---	---	---	-------------	---	---	---

SPECIAL BLOCKS

ROAD = SPECIAL BLOCK
ALL EXPENSES TREATED AS OVERHEAD

OTHER	100.00
TOTAL	100.00
OVERHEAD ACCOUNT =	100.00

DESTINATION RECLAMATION TOTALS FROM INPUT

SD1	T	785.00
SD1	R	510.00
SD2	T	475.00
SD2	R	470.00
TOTAL BEFORE REDISTRIBUTION		2240.00

DISTRIBUTION OF RECLAMATION EXPENSES FROM DESTINATION TO SOURCE

SOURCE	FRAC	DESTIN	DESTIN EXP	SOURCE EXP	UNDISTRIBUTED
MB1	T	0.55157 SD1	1295.00	714.28	580.72
MB3	T	0.04631 SD1	1295.00	59.97	520.75
MB1	2	0.40213 SD1	1295.00	520.75	0.00
MB2	T	0.53016 SD2	945.00	501.00	444.00
MB3	T	0.08319 SD2	945.00	78.61	365.39
MB2	2	0.38665 SD2	945.00	365.39	0.00
TOTAL REDISTRIBUTION				2240.00	
TOTAL AFTER REDISTRIBUTION				2240.00	

PONY RUN DAY 1 1999 THRU DAY 11 1999

DISTRIBUTE OVERHEAD COSTS

OVERHEAD TOTAL BEFORE PER TON TOTAL ADDED =	100.00
OVERHEAD TOTAL AFTER PER TON TOTAL ADDED =	5891.93
OVERHEAD TOTAL AFTER ADDING LIFT OVERHEAD =	5891.93
OVERHEAD PER BCY =	0.28

APPENDIX H: EXEC FILE AND SUBROUTINES

* * COSTSUM EXEC * *

```

&TRACE ON
&ERROR &EXIT
FILEDEF 03 DISK DATA COSINPUT
FILEDEF 06 TERM
FILEDEF 10 DISK HAULER INDATA
FILEDEF 11 DISK LOADER INDATA
FILEDEF 12 DISK DOZER INDATA
FILEDEF 13 DISK DRILL INDATA
FILEDEF 14 DISK OTHER INDATA
FILEDEF 31 DISK HRSOURCE HAULER
FILEDEF 32 DISK LDSOURCE HAULER
FILEDEF 33 DISK LOADDEST HAULER
FILEDEF 34 DISK HOURDEST HAULER
FILEDEF 35 DISK LDSPERHR HAULER
FILEDEF 45 DISK OPHOURS LOADER
FILEDEF 46 DISK DSHOURS LOADER
FILEDEF 47 DISK CDHOURS LOADER
FILEDEF 55 DISK OPHOURS DOZER
FILEDEF 56 DISK DSHOURS DOZER
FILEDEF 57 DISK POHOURS DOZER
FILEDEF 60 DISK TOTALS DRILL
FILEDEF 70 DISK TOTALS OTHER
FILEDEF 71 DISK DATA MOVINPUT
FILEDEF 72 DISK BYSOURCE MOVE
FILEDEF 73 DISK BYDEST MOVE
FILEDEF 74 DISK COSINPUT MOVE
FILEDEF 75 DISK HOURS MOVE
FILEDEF 92 DISK REDIST COST
FILEDEF 93 DISK SUMMARY COST
FILEDEF 94 DISK PERBLOCK COST
FILEDEF 95 DISK PERYARD COST
GLOBAL TXTLIB VFORTLIB
GLOBAL LOADLIB VFLODLIB
LOAD XXXXX
START
    
```

* * SUBROUTINES * *

SUBROUTINE ABLOCK (BLK,BDIM)

```

*
* THIS SUBROUTINE ASSIGNS SYMBOLS TO THE ARRAY "BLK" AND RETURNS
* THEM TO THE MAIN PROGRAM. THE SYMBOLS ARE REPRESENTATIONS OF
* MINING BLOCKS AND OTHER MINESITE AREAS. "BDIM" IS THE DIMENSION
* OF THE "BLK" ARRAY.
    
```

```

* POSITIONS IN "BLK" NOT LOADED WITH SPECIFIC SYMBOLS ARE LOADED
* WITH BLANK CHARACTER STRINGS.
    
```

```

*
INTEGER BDIM
CHARACTER*4 BLK(BDIM)
INTEGER KKK
BLK(01) = 'MB1 '
BLK(02) = 'MB2 '
BLK(03) = 'MB3 '
BLK(04) = 'MB4 '
BLK(05) = 'MB5 '
BLK(06) = 'SD1 '
BLK(07) = 'SD2 '
BLK(08) = 'SD3 '
BLK(09) = 'SD4 '
    
```

```

      BLK(10) = 'SD5 '
      DO 10 KKK = 11,BDIM
        BLK(KKK) = ' '
10  CONTINUE
11  RETURN
12  STOP
    END

```

```

SUBROUTINE KBLOCK (BLK,BDIM,KBLK,KK)

```

```

*
*
* THIS SUBROUTINE ASSIGNS A VALUE TO "KK" CORRESPONDING TO THE
* POSITION HELD IN ARRAY "BLK" BY THE MINING BLOCK SYMBOL "KBLK".
* "BDIM" IS THE DIMENSION OF THE ARRAY "BLK". THE ARRAY MUST BE
* INITIALIZED BEFORE THIS SUBROUTINE IS USED, WITH ' ' BEING
* LOADED INTO NON-SPECIFIC POSITIONS. IF THE SUBROUTINE ENCOUNTERS
* A SYMBOL NOT HELD IN ARRAY "BLK", IT WILL ASSIGN THAT SYMBOL TO
* FIRST AVAILABLE ' ' POSITION. IF THE ARRAY OVERLOADS, AN ERROR
* MESSAGE IS ISSUED TO OUTPUT UNIT "06" AND IT RETURNS TO THE MAIN
* PROGRAM.
*

```

```

      INTEGER BDIM
      CHARACTER*4 BLK(BDIM),KBLK
      INTEGER KK
      KK = 1
10  IF (BLK(KK) .EQ. KBLK) GOTO 97
      IF (KBLK .EQ. BLK(KK)) GOTO 97
      IF (BLK(KK) .EQ. ' ') THEN
        BLK(KK) = KBLK
        GOTO 97
      ENDIF
      KK = KK + 1
      IF (KK .GT. BDIM) THEN
        WRITE (06,*) 'KBLOCK ERROR KK = ',KK,'KBLK = ',KBLK
        GOTO 97
      ENDIF
      GOTO 10
97  RETURN
98  STOP
99  END

```

```

SUBROUTINE ALIFT (LIF,LL)

```

```

*
* THIS SUBROUTINE ASSIGNS LIFT DESIGNATING CHARACTERS
* TO THE ARRAY (LIF)
*

```

```

      INTEGER LL
      CHARACTER*1 LIF(LL)
      LIF(1) = 'T'
      LIF(2) = '2'
      LIF(3) = '3'
      LIF(4) = 'X'
      LIF(5) = 'R'
12  RETURN
13  STOP
    END

```

```

SUBROUTINE JLIFT (LIF,L)

```

```

*
* THIS SUBROUTINE ASSIGNS A VALUE TO "J" FOR USE BY THE MAIN
* PROGRAM, WHICH CORRESPONDS TO THE LIFT SYMBOL "LIF".
*

```

```

      CHARACTER*1 LIF
      INTEGER L

```

```

IF (LIF .EQ. 'X') THEN
  L = 4
  GOTO 15
ENDIF
IF (LIF .EQ. 'T') THEN
  L = 1
  GOTO 15
ENDIF
IF (LIF .EQ. 'C') THEN
  L = 4
  GOTO 15
ENDIF
IF (LIF .EQ. '2') THEN
  L = 2
  GOTO 15
ENDIF
IF (LIF .EQ. '3') THEN
  L = 3
  GOTO 15
ENDIF
IF (LIF .EQ. ' ') THEN
  L = 5
  GOTO 15
ENDIF
IF (LIF .EQ. '1') THEN
  L = 1
  GOTO 15
ENDIF
IF (LIF .EQ. 'R') THEN
  L = 5
  GOTO 15
ENDIF
IF (LIF .EQ. '4') THEN
  L = 4
  GOTO 15
ENDIF
WRITE(06,*) 'JLIFT ERROR J =',L, 'LIF = ',LIF
L = 5
15 RETURN
17 STOP
END

```

SUBROUTINE ALDOP (LDOP,LDIM)

```

*
*   THE PURPOSE OF THIS SUBROUTINE IS TO LOAD SYMBOLS FOR THE LOADE
*   OPERATIONS INTO THE ARRAY "LDOP" AND TO PASS THAT ARRAY
*   TO THE MAIN PROGRAM.  BLANKS ARE LOADED INTO ARRAY ELEMENTS
*   NOT LOADED WITH SPECIFIC SYMBOLS.  "LDIM" IS THE DIMENSION/OF
*   THE "LDOP" ARRAY.
*

```

```

INTEGER LDIM, I
CHARACTER*2 LDOP(LDIM)
LDOP(1) = 'ST'
LDOP(2) = 'PD'
LDOP(3) = 'L1'
LDOP(4) = 'L2'
LDOP(5) = 'CD'
LDOP(6) = 'DS'
LDOP(7) = 'LC'
LDOP(8) = 'RD'
LDOP(9) = 'O '
I = 9
15 I = I + 1
   LDOP(I) = ' '
   IF (I .LT. LDIM) GOTO 15
16 RETURN
17 STOP
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE XLDOP (LDOP,LDIM,OPER,X)
*
* THE PURPOSE OF THIS SUBROUTINE IS TO PASS VALUES FOR "X"
* BACK TO THE MAIN PROGRAM. "X" REPRESENTS THE POSITION
* IN THE ARRAY "LDOP" HELD BY THE SYMBOL "OPER". "LDIM" IS THE
* SIZE OF THE "LDOP" ARRAY. IF "OPER" IS NOT PRESENT AS A SYMBOL
* IN "LDOP", IT IS LOADED INTO THE FIRST BLANK POSITION.
*
INTEGER LDIM,I,X
CHARACTER*2 LDOP(LDIM),OPER
X = 0
37 X = X + 1
IF (OPER .EQ. LDOP(X)) GOTO 77
IF (LDOP(X) .EQ. ' ') THEN
LDOP(X) = OPER
GOTO 77
ENDIF
IF (X .LT. LDIM) GOTO 37
WRITE (06,*) 'LDOP ERROR; X = ',X, 'OPER = ',OPER
77 RETURN
78 STOP
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE ADZOP (DZOP,DZDIM)
*
* THE PURPOSE OF THIS SUBROUTINE IS TO LOAD SYMBOLS FOR THE DOZER
* OPERATIONS INTO THE ARRAY "DZOP" AND TO PASS THAT ARRAY
* TO THE MAIN PROGRAM. BLANKS ARE LOADED INTO ARRAY ELEMENTS
* NOT LOADED WITH SPECIFIC SYMBOLS. "DZDIM" IS THE DIMENSION OF
* THE "DZOP" ARRAY.
*
INTEGER DZDIM, I
CHARACTER*2 DZOP(DZDIM)
DZOP(1) = 'ST'
DZOP(2) = 'PD'
DZOP(3) = 'FO'
DZOP(4) = 'PO'
DZOP(5) = 'DS'
DZOP(6) = 'RR'
DZOP(7) = 'HB'
DZOP(8) = 'HF'
DZOP(9) = 'HT'
DZOP(10) = 'HD'
DZOP(11) = 'CT'
DZOP(12) = 'O '
I = 12
15 I = I + 1
DZOP(I) = ' '
IF (I .LT. DZDIM) GOTO 15
16 RETURN
17 STOP
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE XDZOP (DZOP,DZDIM,OPER,X)
*
* THE PURPOSE OF THIS SUBROUTINE IS TO PASS VALUES FOR "X"
* BACK TO THE MAIN PROGRAM. "X" REPRESENTS THE POSITION
* IN THE ARRAY "DZOP" HELD BY THE SYMBOL "OPER". "DZDIM" IS THE
* SIZE OF THE "DZOP" ARRAY. IF "OPER" IS NOT PRESENT AS A SYMBOL
* IN "LDOP", IT IS LOADED INTO THE FIRST BLANK POSITION.
*
*
INTEGER DZDIM,I,X

```

```
CHARACTER*2 DZOP(DZDIM),OPER
X = 0
37 X = X + 1
IF (OPER .EQ. DZOP(X)) GOTO 77
IF (DZOP(X) .EQ. ' ') THEN
  DZOP(X) = OPER
  GOTO 77
ENDIF
IF (X .LT. DZDIM) GOTO 37
WRITE (06,*) 'DZOP ERROR; X = ',X, 'OPER = ',OPER
77 RETURN
78 STOP
END
```


Virginia's Agricultural Experiment Stations

- 1 — Blacksburg
Virginia Tech
Main Station
- 2 — Steeles Tavern
Shenandoah Valley Research Station
Beef, Sheep, Fruit, Forages, Insects
- 3 — Orange
Piedmont Research Station
Small Grains, Corn, Alfalfa, Crops
- 4 — Winchester
Winchester Fruit Research Laboratory
Fruit, Insect Control
- 5 — Middleburg
Virginia Forage Research Station
Forages, Beef
- 6 — Warsaw
Eastern Virginia Research Station
Field Crops
- 7 — Suffolk
Tidewater Research and Continuing Education Center
Peanuts, Swine, Soybeans, Corn, Small Grains
- 8 — Blackstone
Southern Piedmont Research and Continuing Education Center
Tobacco, Horticulture Crops, Turfgrass, Small Grains, Forages
- 9 — Critz
Reynolds Homestead Research Center
Forestry, Wildlife
- 10 — Glade Spring
Southwest Virginia Research Station
Burley Tobacco, Beef, Sheep
- 11 — Hampton
Seafood Processing Research
and Extension Unit
Seafood

