

INTERFACING OF AN LSI-11 MICRO PROCESSOR WITH THE SPECTRA-PHYSICS  
3500B GRADIENT ELUTION LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPH

by

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## INTRODUCTION

Building and using an intelligent instrument is the domain of the chemist. He realizes what concepts are involved in real-time data acquisition and what the limitations of an instrument are. He expects the following from such an instrument:

1. An instrument that will optimize the conditions under which it runs.
2. It will control all basic functions itself. An operator does not have to perform any operations during an analysis, but can do other work.
3. It will run unattended.
4. It will record all operating parameters, saving them with the data so that a permanent record is kept.
5. Perform smoothing and filtering of the data to reduce unnecessary noise.
6. Analyze data to the point that it is easily understood.
7. Store data in a medium easily transferable to other computers for later analysis by sophisticated data techniques.
8. Possibly give determinations of the components of a sample.

A computer scientist or an electrical engineer cannot grasp the problem or communicate with the chemist sufficiently to do the job that is needed. Building equipment such as this is an iterative process,

unexpected results are found, and only by keeping the system flexible can it be improved.

The first goal of the project was to interface an LSI-11 micro-processor with a Spectra-Physics model 3500B liquid chromatograph to produce an intelligent instrument. This involves giving full control of the L.C. to the operator through a cathode ray tube (CRT). Interaction such as this is more user orientated than the knobs or switches that have been previously used. The instrument will also store all data, including the operating parameters, reducing the overhead of report writing.

A second goal was to use and test the data network system in the laboratory. A network system is controlled by a host computer consisting of a large amount of memory, a mass storage device and other necessary peripherals. It communicates with a series of satellite processors having only the minimal configuration. The satellites are dedicated to one operation or instrument. A system such as this allows the user to develop and debug programs in high level languages like Fortran and Basic on the host. The program can then be down-line loaded to the satellite where it can be run. Data can be sent from the satellite to the host and stored on the mass storage device. This allows the satellite to maintain the minimal memory for the program and yet still collect an unlimited amount of data. Sharing of the resources of the host by the satellites conserves on replication of unnecessary memory or peripherals. This saves on the amount of money spent for building a processor for a specific instrument. In our laboratory, the host is a PDP-11/03 computer using the RT-11/REMOTE operating system. This network



was designed for business applications but is being used here for real time data acquisition. The system itself is relatively new, being actively pursued as a laboratory system at Virginia Tech. Fortran compatibility with a satellite was investigated along with determinations of the best ways to transmit data from the satellite to the host while operating an instrument.

A final goal was to build the system so that another member of the research group could use the instrument.

## SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## Overall System

The system is controlled by an LSI-11 KDL1-F microprocessor. It is supported by sixteen kilowords of core memory, with the four kilowords of dynamic memory on the processor disabled. The peripheral units are; three DRV11 parallel line units (PLU), two DLV11 serial line units and one ADAC digital and analog converter.

One serial line unit interfaces with the teletype (figure 1), the other with the host computer. The parallel line units control the liquid chromatograph, support the timer and clock module and communicate with the NOVA system. The ADAC board receives the analog detector signal and converts it to digital format and controls the oscilloscope display.

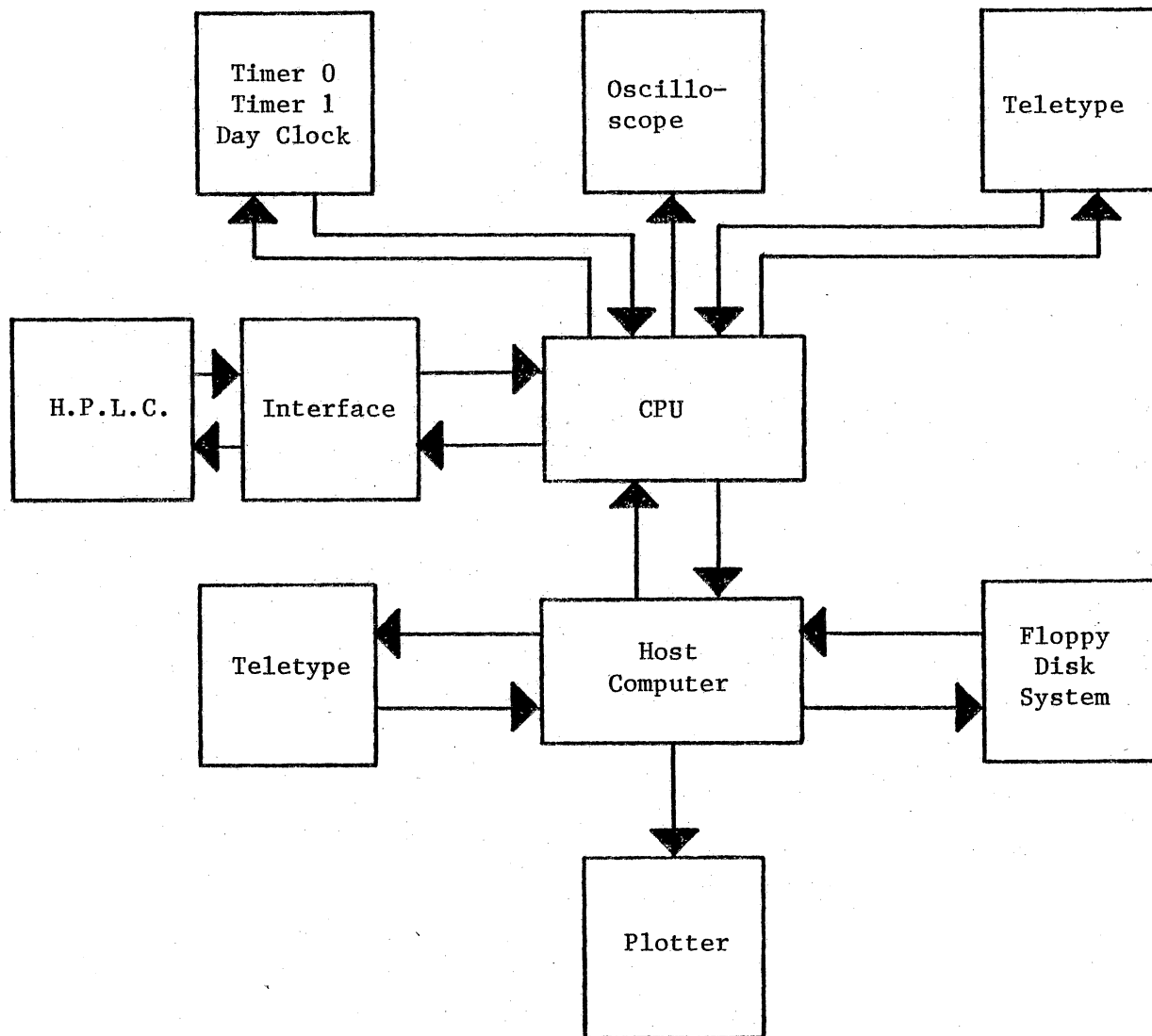


FIGURE 1 - System Layout

## LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPH

The Spectra-Physics 3500B contains two Model 740 pumps, a mixing chamber and a solvent programmer for gradient elution. The detector is a fixed wavelength ultra-violet detector set at 254nm. The Model 740 pump has two speed ranges: 0 to 4 ml/min and 0 to 20 ml/min, the first for high speed analytical chromatography and the second for preparative chromatography. It is a two piston reciprocating, positive displacement pump with inlet and outlet check valves in each of the two cylinders. The pistons are driven 180° out of phase by a single cam. The cam is designed so that one piston pumps while the other fills up.

A flow feed back system is incorporated to reduce pump noise. During the end of a stroke, when the flow rate would normally decrease, due to compressability of the solvent or compliance of the piston seal, the flow feed back mechanism varies the speed of the motor so that the overall flow rate is effectively constant.

The flow feed back device has two pressure transducers. These are used to measure the pressure drop across a flow restrictor, placed in the outlet stream. A variation in the difference of the two transducers causes a signal to be sent to the motor speed control. The motor speed is then changed to compensate for the flow rate change. This technique assumes constant viscosity of the fluids and constant permeability of the restrictor.

To control both pumps for gradient elution, a Model 744 programmer module is used. This unit acts as the control center for the L.C. The three states that the L.C., can operate in are set in this module. The

INITIAL condition sets the flow rates of the two pumps to the values indicated by the gradient. The run clock is set to zero. Upon switching to the START mode, the run clock and the gradient programmer are started. When HOLD is set, the run clock and the gradient programmer are held at whatever point they were at when the HOLD was initiated. Reverting to START will resume all operations. The flow rate and the run time are set in the programmer module.

The operational modes, the run time and the flow rate are all available at the rear of the programmer module for remote control operation.

TABLE 1

REMOTE CONTROL OF MODEL 744 PROGRAMMER

PLU Bit No.	Pin No.	Programmer Condition	Signal/Function
NA	1	Remote Off	Ground = Press Initial
NA	3	" "	Ground = Press Start
NA	5	" "	Ground = Press Hold
REQ B	20	" "	Ground at End of Run
12	19	Remote On	Ground = Press Initial
13	21	" "	Ground = Press Start
14	23	" "	Ground = Press Hold
NA	11	" "	Flowrate. Full scale = +5VDC
NA	7	" "	Gradient shapes:
NA	9	" "	Jumper 7 to 25 and
NA	25	" "	9 to 27 for switch-
NA	27	" "	selected profiles
0	29	" "	+7.5VDC = 1 minute run
1	13	" "	" = 2 " "
2	14	" "	" = 4 " "
3	15	" "	" = 8 " "
4	17	" "	" = 10 " "
5	16	" "	" = 20 " "
6	18	" "	" = 40 " "
7	31	" "	" = 80 " "
8	32	" "	" = 100 " "
9	33	" "	" = 200 " "
10	34	" "	" = 400 " "
11	35	" "	" = 800 " "
GND	12	Remote On/Off	= ground
NA	36	Remote On/Off	= +7.5 VDC
NA	2	Remote On/Off	= +15 VDC
NA	4	Remote On/Off	= -15 VDC

## HARDWARE

### L.C. Control

The model 744 Programmer has its operational modes and run time signals in digital format and the flow rate in analog format, available for control of the L.C. The lines are not directly compatible with a micro-computer because of the difference in digital signal voltages. The L.C. has its logic one equal to seven volts. The computer uses TTL signal levels.

A parallel line unit (PLU) is used to control the interface. The PLU address is 167760 for the control status register (CSR) and 310 for its interrupt vector. The three functions -- operational modes, run time and flow rate -- are controlled by the PLU. The run time is set by maintaining the output buffer of the PLU at the appropriate value. Bits zero through eleven are used. Each bit has a specific number of minutes associated with it (table 1). A time is set by placing a zero in the proper bit. When a bit is set to zero, it causes an open-collector NAND gate output, tied to seven volts, to go high (figure 15). The L.C. then recognizes the seven volt signal and sets the run time. For a run time of ten minutes (referring to table 1) the proper control word would be:

$3765_8$  or  $11111110101_2$ .

The operational modes, START, INITIAL and HOLD, are controlled by bits 12, 13 and 14 of the PLU output buffer (table 1), which are inserted by NAND gates (figure 15). Bit 12 is INITIAL, bit 13 is START and bit 14 is HOLD. A mode is set by placing a one in the proper bit adding run

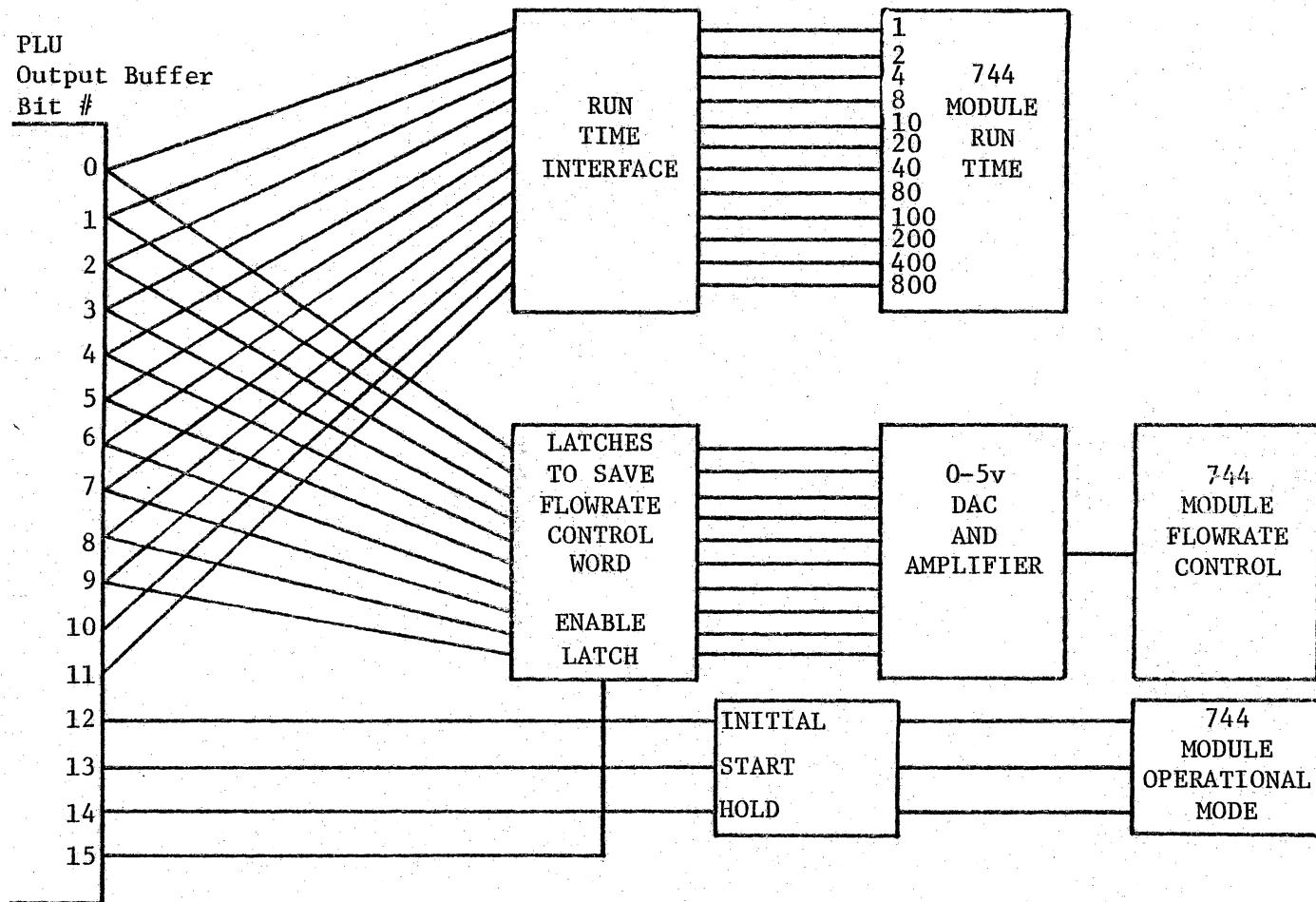


FIGURE 2 - L.C. Control Overview



time to it. To set a run time of ten minutes and to put the L.C. on INITIAL, the control word is:

$017765_8$  or  $0001111111110101_2$ .

To start the L.C. with a run time of ten minutes, the control word is:

$027765_8$  or  $0001111111110101_2$ .

The flow rate is set by bits zero through nine and fifteen. These bits are multiplexed with the run time. Setting bit 15 to one enables the latching of bits zero through nine for the flow rate. The outputs of the latches are connected to a 10 bit, zero to ten volt digital to analog converter (DAC) (figure 17). The range of the L.C. input is zero to five volts for a flow rate of zero to four milliliters per minute. The DAC is followed by an amplifier which divides the output by a factor of two. The latches are cleared by the INIT pulse when the processor is started up. This sets the flow rate to zero. To set the minimum flow rate, the control word is:

$100000_8$  or  $1000000000000000_2$ .

The maximum flow rate control word is:

$101777_8$  or  $1000001111111111_2$ .

To detect the beginning of a run, it was not feasible to have the operator indicate an injection by using the teletype. Instead, a push button was installed next to the injection port. When this is depressed, it shorts a debouncing circuit to ground (figure 18). Its' output goes

high once then returns to the ground. The pulse goes to the clock of a flip-flop. Its' output goes high and stays high until a clear signal is sent, either from INIT or from the processor by CSR  $\phi$ . The output goes to bit zero of the PLU input buffer.

So that the processor can detect when the L.C. has reached the end of its' run time, the L.C. sends an end of the run signal. This is a seven volt signal. A voltage divider circuit is used (figure 15), which then inputs to a NAND gate acting as an inverter and buffer. When the output of the gate is high, the run is over. The processor detects this through a REQ B interrupt.

The output of the U.V. detector is zero to ten millivolts. To obtain good resolution, the signal has to be amplified to ten volts since the analog to digital converter (ADC) is on a zero to ten volt scale. The signal has to be amplified by a factor of one thousand. This is done in two stages by a pair of 741 operational amplifiers (figure 16). The first stage amplifies by a factor of one hundred, the second by ten. the output is then fed straight to the input of the ADC.

#### Timer-Clock Circuit

A second PLU is used to set the day clock and to control the timers. The CSR address is 167750 and the vector address is 320. The timer and day clock boards are bussed together (table 4). The first time board (figure 20) divides a one megahertz crystal frequency into eight different frequencies. This is done by a series of 7490 divide by five divide by two counters. Bits 13, 14 and 15 of the PLU output buffer, control the functions of the three boards. To select a frequency of 200

kHz, the control word  $020000_8$  or  $0010000000000000_2$  must be placed in the PLU output buffer (table 2). The frequency selected is latched so that it is available at REQ A at all times. The frequency will change only when bit 13 is set, and bits 14 and 15 are zero. The frequencies and their control words are listed in table 2.

The second time board (figure 22) takes a 10 kHz signal from the first board and divides it by a series of 7490 decade counters. This timer has four frequencies made selectable by setting bits 13, 14 and 15 to zero (table 2). To select a frequency of 1 Hz, the control word is:

$000001_8$  or  $0000000000000001_2$ .

The frequencies are available at the REQ B line. The four times on this board are used to control the data rate for the L.C.

The day clock (figures 24, 25 and 26) keeps the time of day for four days before turning over. It has 25 bits for counting, divided into two parts, the high clock and the low clock. The high clock is the upper 13 bits of the clock, counting the days, hours and minutes. The low clock is the lower 12 bits, keeping track of the seconds. There are five functions enables by bits 13, 14 and 15 of the PLU: Load high, Load low, Read High, Read low and Clear clock (table 2). The control words are given in table 2. To use the Load function, the time is added to the control word and placed in the PLU output buffer. The buffer must not be changed until the load acknowledge signal has been received. For the low clock, bit 14 of the PLU input buffer goes high when the load is done. The high clock signal is on bit 13 of the input buffer. To read a time on the clock, the read control word is placed in the output buffer. The

TABLE 2  
Timer 0, Timer 1 and Day Clock  
Control Words and Output Select

Timer 0:	<u>Control Word</u>	<u>Frequency Selected(kHz)</u>
	020000	200
	020001	100
	020002	50
	020003	40
	020004	25
	020005	20
	020006	10
	020007	5
Timer 1:	<u>Control Word</u>	<u>Frequency Selected(Hz)</u>
	000000	0.1
	000001	1.0
	000002	10.0
	000003	100.0
Day Clock:	<u>Control Word</u>	<u>Function</u>
	140000	Clear Clock
	100000	Read Lower Clock
	120000	Read Upper Clock
	040000	Load Lower Clock
	060000	Load Upper Clock

value of each bit is given in table 3. The whole clock is cleared by placing the clear control word in the output buffer.

The day clock uses a series of synchronous counters, driven by a 1.0 kHz signal. There are two sets of outputs from the counters, one with twelve bits and the other with thirteen bits. These lines are bussed together by a set of tri-state buffers, onto the thirteen lines of the input buffer. The read control words enable the tri-state buffers.

TABLE 3  
Day Clock Times

<u>Lower Clock</u>		<u>Upper Clock</u>	
<u>Bit Number</u>	<u>Time(sec)</u>	<u>Bit Number</u>	<u>Time(min)</u>
0	0.02	0	0.914
1	0.04	1	1.6
2	0.08	2	3.2
3	0.16	3	6.4
4	0.32	4	13.7
5	0.64	5	24.0
6	1.28	6	48.0
7	2.56	7	96.0
8	5.12	8	205.7
9	12.8	9	360.0
10	25.6	10	720.0
11	25.6	11	1440.0
		12	2880.0

TABLE 4  
Backplane for Timer Boards

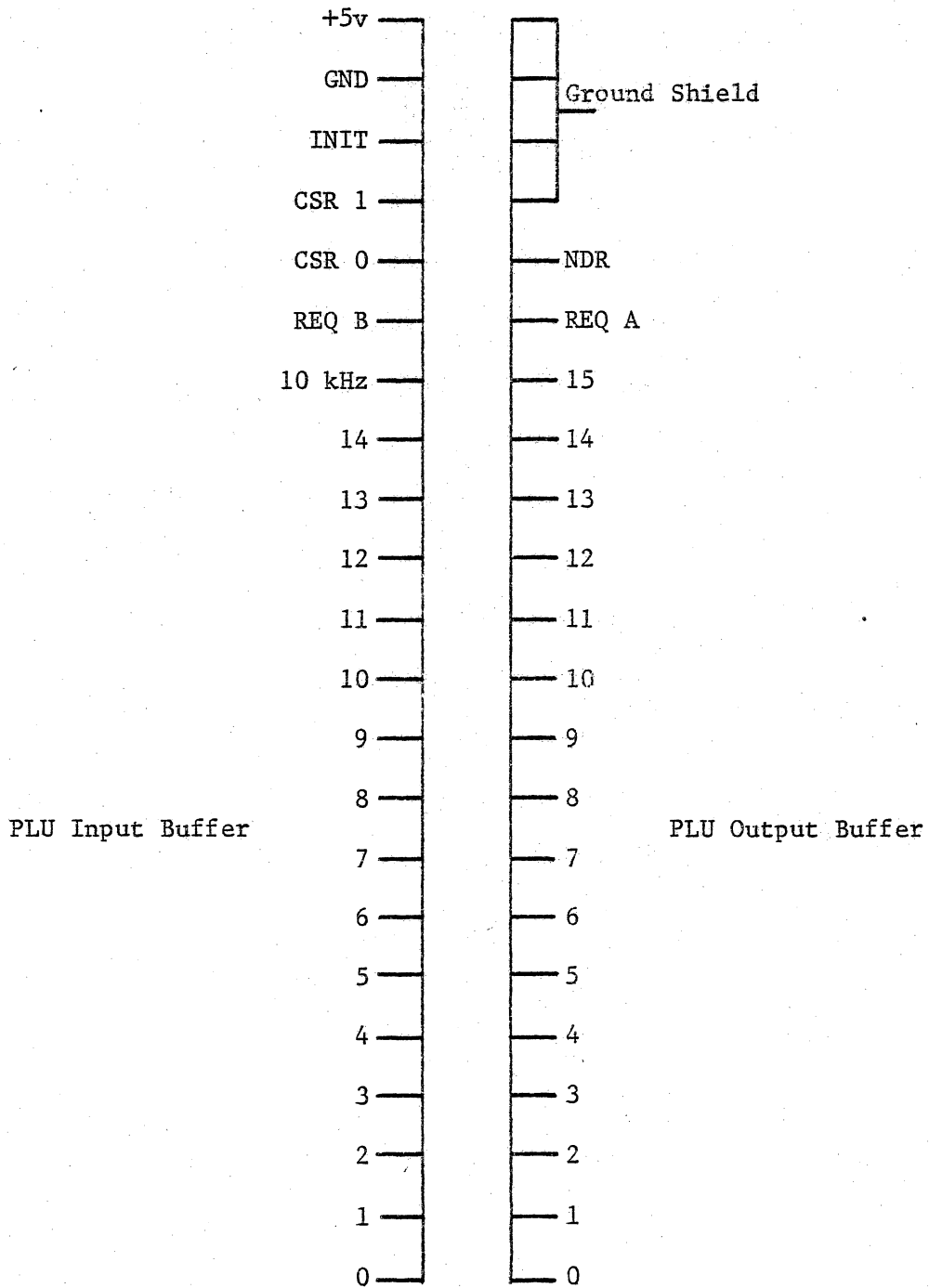


TABLE 5  
Peripheral Addresses

<u>Device</u>	<u>CSR/Data Buffers</u>	<u>Vector Area</u>
Teletype	177560-177566	60-66
ADC	176760-176762 DACs	
	176770-176772 ADC	130-132
PLU 1	167760-167764	310-316
PLU 2	167750-167754	320-326
Satellite	177540-177546	140-146
Remote Boot	160000-162000	



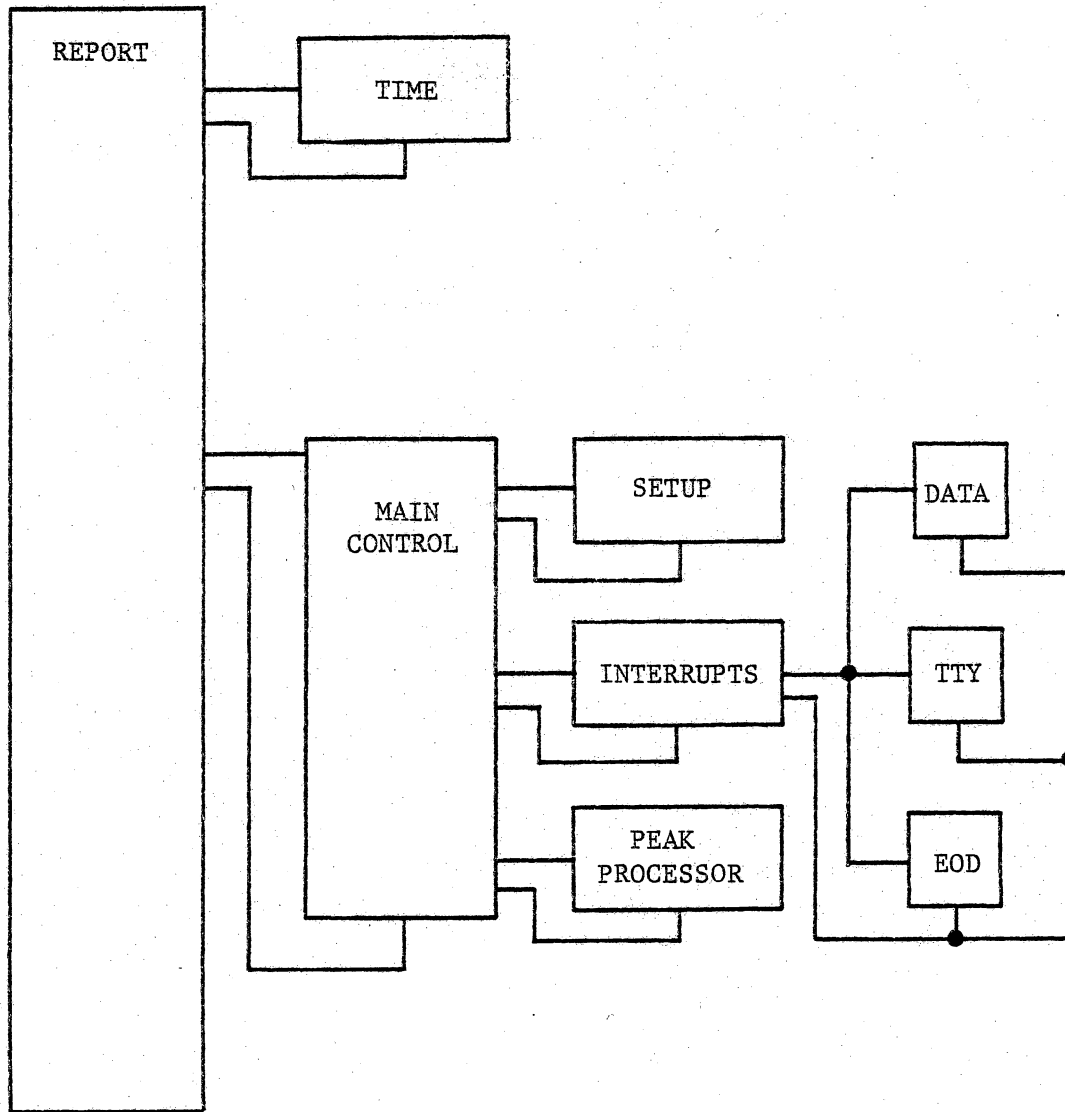
## SFTWARE

The software was originally written in Fortran because of the math routines available. The language is also supplied with routines to handle basic machine operations such as inspecting or changing memory locations and setting up interrupts. It was found that these routines did not run correctly in a stand-alone system. The program had to be replaced by an assembler language program. The whole program was rewritten to assembler to assure compatability with the whole system.

The software is divided into eight modules:

- A. REPORT
- B. MAIN CONTROL
- C. DATA INTERRUPT (D INT)
- D. END OF DATA (EOD)
- E. TELETYPE INTERRUPT (T INT)
- F. TIME OF DAY
- G. SETUP
- H. PEAK PROCESSOR

REPORT is the main routine to begin and end a chromatographic run (figure 3). It calls TIME OF DAY and MAIN CONTROL. MAIN CONTROL calls SETUP and performs the operations necessary for controlling the run, interrupted by DATA INTERRUPT, TELETYPE INTERRUPT and END OF DATA. PEAK PROCESSOR is then called to analyze the peak data. MAIN CONTROL returns to REPORT.



Software Routine Flow

FIGURE 3

## REPORT

This is a question and answer routine to obtain the parameters necessary for a complete record of a typical chromatographic run. For the user that is unfamiliar with the operation a HELP listing has been provided which explains how to set the instrument up and how to operate it. This can be seen listed in figure 4. The program is called HELP.LC. The teletype records the information permanently, the processor utilizes only the parameters necessary to operate the L.C. These parameters are: time, data file name, data rate, run time and flow rate. Figure 5 shows a typical output (also see REPORT flowchart).

The report is divided into five sections:

1. Sample
2. Column Specifications
3. Detector
4. Operational Parameters
5. Mobile Phase

The operator is requested to select which section has to be changed by the prompt: 'SECTION CHANGE' followed by the number of the section, '1?'. A 'Y' for yes or an 'N' for no, followed by a carriage return, is requested. Each section is checked. The replies are stored in a word called KEY. Only the sections which have a positive answer stored in KEY are printed. All answers must be followed by a carriage return, except where noted.

The parameters stored by the L.C. have special formats for input. The time input is described in the TIME OF DAY section.

## RUNNING THE PROGRAM

THIS PROGRAM WILL TAKE DATA FROM AN L.C. AND STORE IT ON THE FLOPPY DISK. THE FIRST SECTION WILL PROMPT YOU WITH THE APPROPRIATE PARAMETERS FOR THE RUN. MOST INPUTS ARE IN THE FREE FORMAT SO THAT ANY INFORMATION CAN BE INPUT. THE ONES LISTED BELOW REQUIRE A SPECIFIC FORMAT FOR INPUT.

FILE: INPUT A 12 CHARACTER STRING CONTAINING THE FLOPPY DISK WHICH WILL BE USED FOLLOWED BY THE NAME OF THE FILE. EXAMPLE:

FDLSAMPLERUN

FLOPPY DISK ONE IS USED TO STORE THE FILE NAMED SAMPLE.RUN

RUN TIME(MIN) = : THIS REQUESTS A VALUE BETWEEN ) AND 1665 MINUTES FOR THE AMOUNT OF TIME THAT THE RUN WILL TAKE.

FLOWRATE(ML/MIN X 0.04) = : REQUESTING A VALUE BETWEEN 0 AND 100 REPRESENTING THE PERCENT OF THE MAXIMUM OF THE NEEDED. EXAMPLE: IF A FLOWRATE OF 2 ML/MIN IS DESIRED, AND THE MAXIMUM FLOWRATE IS 4 ML/MIN, THEN THE VALUE INPUT WOULD BE 50.

DATA RATE = : THE RATE AT WHICH DATA WILL BE COLLECTED. VALUES OF 0, 1, 2 AND 3 ARE INPUT TO GET RATES OF 0.1 HZ, 1.0 HZ, 10.0 HZ and 100.0 HZ, RESPECTIVELY.

TO CHANGE THE L.C. WHILE DATA IS BEING COLLECTED, THE LETTERS 'H', 'S' AND 'E' ARE INPUT. 'H' PUTS THE L.C. IN THE HOLD MODE, 'S' RESTARTS IT AND 'E' TERMINATES THE RUN AND DISPLAYS THE DATA ON THE SCOPE WHILE STORING IT ON THE FLOPPY DISK. OTHERWISE THE RUN WILL TERMINATE NORMALLY AND CAUSE THE DATA TO BE SENT TO THE DISK. WHEN A RUN HAS ENDED, THE DATA IS DISPLAYED ON THE SCOPE AND THE OPERATOR CAN INCREMENT THROUGH THE FILE BY USING THE KEYS 'I' FOR THE NEXT BLOCK OR 'D' FOR THE PREVIOUS BLOCK. 'N' IS USED TO PROCEED TO THE NEXT SECTION WHICH IS THE PEAK PROCESSOR. ANALYZE PEAKS WILL BE ASKED AND A 'Y' OR AN 'N' IS INPUT FOR YES OR NO, WITH NO CARRIAGE RETURN. 'LONG FORMAT' IS THEN ASKED, ANSWER 'Y' OR 'N' WITH NO 'CR'.

IN THE PEAK PROCESSING ROUTINE, THREE PARAMETERS ARE REQUESTED.

WIDTH FACTOR = : A VALUE BETWEEN 0 AND 7 IS INPUT. THIS VALUE DETERMINES WHEN THE ROUTINE WILL BEGIN TO LOOK FOR THE END OF A PEAK OR THE BASELINE.

GATE = : VALUE BETWEEN 0 AND 7. THIS IS THE NUMBER OF UNIDIRECTIONAL CHANGES IN DATA NEEDED TO DEFINE AN INCREASING OR DECREASING TREND.

CHANGE FACTOR = : VALUE BETWEEN 0 AND 7. THIS IS THE MINIMUM INCREASE IN A DATUM FROM THE PREVIOUS ONE TO BE CONSIDERED A SIGNIFICANT INCREASE.

IT THEN ASKS 'DO ANOTHER RUN?' 'Y' FOR YES, 'N' FOR NO, WITH A CARRIAGE RETURN.

#### HARDWARE SETUP

TO SET THE SYSTEM UP, THE PLU AT ADDRESS 167750 MUST BE CONNECTED TO THE TIMER CLOCK INTERFACE. PLU 167760 MUST BE TO THE L.C. INTERFACE. THE SCOPE INPUT 'A' GOES TO DACO. THE TRIGGER GOES TO THE ENC OUTPUT ON THE TIMER CHASSIS. THE SCOPE IS SET TO EXTERNAL TRIGGER, 2 VOLTS/DIV, 2 MSEC TIME/DIV AND VERTICAL DISPLAY OF CHANNEL 'A' ONLY. THE INTERFACE TO THE L.C. IS POWERED BY THE PROCESSOR. IT HAS A CORD COMING FROM THE POWER SUPPLY OF THE PROCESSOR.

THE SWITCH ON THE INTERFACE CONTROLS THE ANGLE OF THE GRADIENT. IN 'A', IT IS A POSITIVE 45 DEGREE ANGLE, IN 'B', IT IS A NEGATIVE 45 DEGREE ANGLE.

A SWITCH ON THE BACK OF THE SOLVENT PROGRAMMER HAS BEEN INSTALLED NEXT TO THE INTERFACE PLUG, TO CONTROL THE FLOWRATE CONTROLLER. WHEN THE SWITCH IS UP, THE INTERFACE CONTROLS THE FLOWRATE. WHEN THE SWITCH IS DOWN, THE L.C. SWITCHES CONTROL THE FLOWRATE. THE BUTTON NEXT TO THE INJECTION PORT IS SEND A SIGNAL TO THE THAT THE START OF A RUN HAS JUST OCCURED.

#### SOFTWARE

THE PROGRAM IS CALLED AS 'LCCON.LDA'. THIS IS A COMBINATION OF THE PROGRAMS CALLER, TOTAL, TIME, INTRUP, P AND RISIM. THE PROGRAM IS LINKED WITH THE SWITCHES /F/L/B:1000. THE PROGRAM IS STARTED AT ADDRESS 1000.

DATE: JULY 6,1978  
OPERATOR: GARY GISS  
RUN NUMBER: 1  
ENTER FILE NAME FD1DATAFILE1

1 SAMPLE  
NAME: BENZENE IN HEXANES  
VOLUME: 20 ul  
CONC: 2 mg/ml

2 COLUMN SPECIFICATIONS  
MANUFACTURER: USER MADE  
PACKING: SPHERISORB  
LENGTH: 20 cm  
INNER DIAMETER =  
COLUMN PRESSURE = 26 psi  
TEMP(C) = 24

3 DETECTOR  
TYPE: UV  
O.D. VALUE: 64  
MODE: SINGLE WAVELENGTH  
WAVELENGTH: 254 nm

4 RUN TIME(MIN) = 8  
FLOWRATE(ml/min x 0.04) = 50  
DATA RATE = 1

5 MOBILE PHASE  
A: N-HEXANES  
B: N.A.  
GRADIENT SLOPE = 0  
%A AT START: 100  
%A AT END: 100

STARTE  
ANALYZE PEAKS?Y  
ENTER WIDTH FACTOR 4  
ENTER GATE 6  
ENTER CHANGE FACTOR 6

PEAK NO.	PEAK AREA	RETENTION TIME (SEC)
1	1562	150
2	1023	247

Sample Report

· FIGURE 5

DO ANOTHER RUN?Y

SECTION CHANGE

1?Y

2?Y

3?Y

4?Y

5?Y

RUN NUMBER 2

ENTER FILE NAME: FD1DATAFILE2

STARTE

ANALYZE PEAKS? Y

LONG FORMAT? Y

ENTER WIDTH FACTOR 3

ENTER GATE 6

ENTER CHANGE FACTOR 6

PEAK NO.	PEAK AREA	PEAK HEIGHT (SEC)	PEAK TIME	LEADING MINIMUM HEIGHT	TIME OF LEADING MINIMUM	WIDTH	TRAILING MINIMUM HEIGHT	TIME OF TRAILING MINIMUM	PEAK TYPE
00	35853	2019	151	00	48	08	00	166	00
01	18111	1500	177	00	166	10	00	201	01
02	73750	3284	231	00	201	08	107	254	01

DO ANOTHER RUN?N

Sample Report, Continued

FIGURE 5 (continued)

The data file name requests the disk drive that will be used, FD $\emptyset$ , FD1, etc., and a nine character name for the data file. To use disk drive  $\emptyset$ , a correct name would be:

FD $\emptyset$ DATAFILE1

After the twelve characters have been input, the teletype automatically executes a carriage return. The routine performs a RAD50 conversion of the twelve ASCII characters to put them in a form usable by the device handler.

The run time is input as a decimal number of minutes between  $\emptyset$  and 1665. This is changed to its' octal equivalent and stored in SWEEP. A series of subtractions are performed to set the bits in the run time control word. The values subtracted are the octal equivalents of the times available from the L.C. (listed in table 1). In the first step,  $1440_8$  ( $800_{10}$ ) is compared to SWEEP. If SWEEP is greater,  $1440_8$  is subtracted from it and bit 11 of the control word is set. SWEEP is next compared to  $620_8$ . This process continues until SWEEP is equal to zero. The complement of the control word is taken to fit it to the format of the L.C.

The data rate requests a single digit value, the value corresponding to a specific rate of data collection.

Digit Input - Frequency Selected

$\emptyset$	0.1 Hz
1	1.0 Hz
2	10.0 Hz
3	100.0 Hz

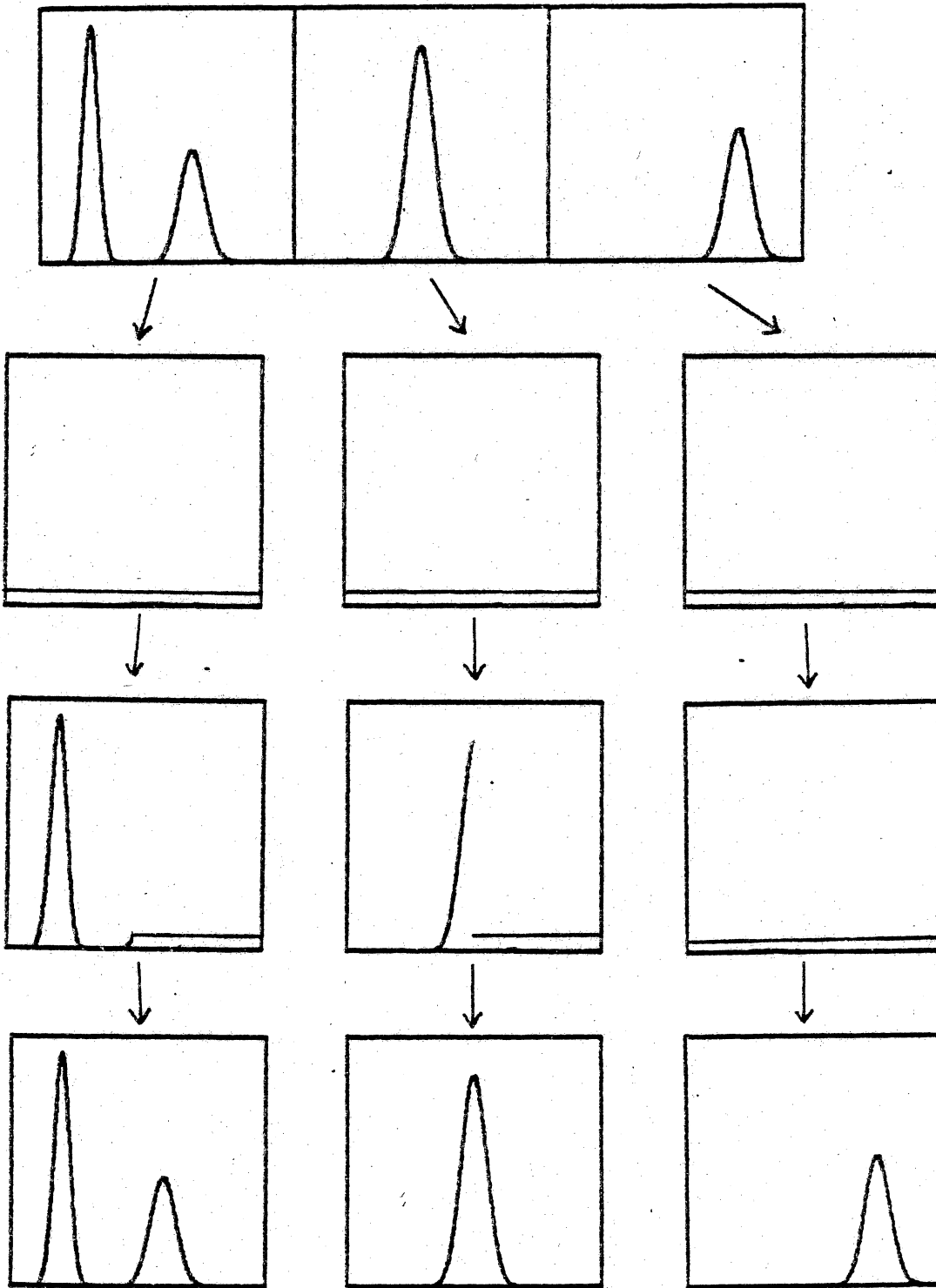


The timer 1 board is set to produce one of these rates by placing the control word in location 167752.

The routine initializes the L.C. by outputting the flow rate followed by the run time control word, set for INITIAL. The subroutine MAIN CONTROL is called. REPORT next asks whether another run should be done. Upon an answer of 'Y', the section changes are again requested and the routine begins. An answer of 'N' ends the run and returns control to the Monitor.

#### MAIN CONTROL

This is the main operational routine. SETUP and PEAK PROCESSOR are called by this program. EOD, D INT and T INT interrupt this routine. It begins by waiting for the injection signal (see CONTROLLER flowchart). This is bit zero of the PLU input buffer, 167764. After the bit goes to one, the injection signal is reset by making CSR $\emptyset$  go high and low at address 167760. The message 'START' is output at the beginning of the run. The run time and the START signal are output to the L.C. and SETUP is called. Ten 512 point data blocks, called DATBUF, are kept in memory. As the routine collects data, it is displaying the current data block on the oscilloscope. Imagining a strip short recorder output, such as the one at the top of figure 6, that is broken up into sections of 256 points each, one can see what is on the oscilloscope screen. As the data fills the blocks, it is seen to grow, as in the frames shown vertically in the figure. The data is collected in consecutive blocks. When all ten blocks are full, the flow rate is set to zero and the L.C. is put into the HOLD mode. The data blocks are written to disk. The



Peak Display Example

FIGURE 6

flow rate is set back to its' proper value and the L.C. is put back into the START mode. The L.C. is stopped for two seconds during this operation. The pointers are reset to the beginning of DATBUF and data is again collected. This process continues until the end of data signal is received. The last blocks are written to disk. All interrupts are disabled and the first block of data stored on the disk is displayed on the oscilloscope. To view the latter blocks, the 'I' key is depressed, the 'D' key for earlier blocks. To end the display, the 'N' key is used.

The operator is asked whether the data should be analyzed. A negative answer returns control to the REPORT routine. A positive answer sets the data buffer for the reading of twenty, 512 point blocks of data from the disk. These are analyzed by the PEAK PROCESSOR routine. If a peak overlaps the end of the buffer, the last block is reread into the first block of the next buffer to be analyzed. It is started at the minimum point before the partial peak. The blocks are analyzed until there are no more left. The program returns control to REPORT.

#### DATA INTERRUPT

This routine acquires the data (DATA flowchart). The processor receives an interrupt from TIMER 1. Control is vectored to DATA where the ADC conversion is initiated and waited for. The point is moved from the ADC buffer, 176772, to the data buffer, DATBUF. If it is full, the buffer pointers are reset. Control is returned to MAIN CONTROL.

#### END OF DATA

At the end of a run, REQ B goes high and interrupts the data acquisition (EOD flowchart). The processor vectors to the EOD routine.

The interrupts are disabled. An 'E' is printed to indicate to the operator that the run is done. The done flag is set and the interrupt routine returns control to MAIN CONTROL.

#### TELETYPE INTERRUPT

The teletype interrupt routine is vectored to when a key is depressed during data acquisition (TELETYPE flowchart). Keying an 'H' will put the L.C. in the HOLD mode, an 'S' puts it in the START mode and an 'E' will end the routine and return control to the MAIN CONTROL program. The routine is vectored to and moves the character from the teletype input buffer to a register. It is compared to the ASCII equivalent of each letter and branches to the proper section. The 'S' and 'H' branches add the run time to the control signal and outputs them to the L.C. through the PLU output buffer, 167762. The 'E' branch disables the interrupts, sets the done flag and pops the stack twice to point the stack to the proper return. It then branches to the section in MAIN at which the final blocks are written out to disk.

#### SETUP

The interrupt vectors for EOD, D INT and T INT are set in this routine (SETUP flowchart). The Monitor interrupt vectors are saved and all the interrupts are enabled.

#### TIME OF DAY

This routine is called by REPORT. It requests the time of day, converts it and outputs it to the clock (TIME CALCULATION flowchart). The hour of the day is input first, using a twenty-four hour format.

Two characters must be given. A colon is input, then the minutes, as two characters. Seven forty-five A.M. would be input as: 07:45. Three thirty P.M. would be: 15:30. The hours are changed to minutes and added to the number of minutes. The time set word is determined by setting bits in register two during an iterative subtraction of the octal equivalent of the clock times from the time. In the first subtraction, the number  $2448_{10}$  is compared to the time. If it is less, it is subtracted from the time and bit 12 in register two is set. Otherwise, a lower value is compared. The values subtracted are determined from the frequencies of the different bits in the clock.

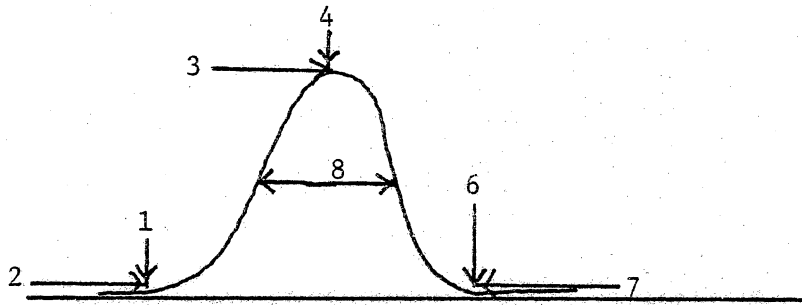
Once the subtractions are done, the clock is cleared and the high clock is loaded with the converted time. There is a wait period while the load operation takes place. Program control is returned to the REPORT routine.

#### PEAK PROCESSOR

The peak analysis routine takes a buffer of data and determines the peak area and the retention time in the short form and nine parameters, listed in figure 5, in the long form. The routine is a DEC program that Elaine Florino modified, which was later modified for use in this project (PEAK PROCESSOR flowchart). There are three parameters; baseline sensitivity, peak detection sensitivity factor and height minimum which determine the efficacy of this routine.

The baseline sensitivity (WT) is the point after the peak at which the program begins to look for the termination of the peak on the baseline. The point is determined by multiplying the peak width by WT.

Full analysis of a peak.



- |  |                            |
|--|----------------------------|
| 1. Time of Leading Edge  | 6. Time of Trailing Edge   |
| 2. Height of Leading Edge  | 7. Height of Trailing Edge |
| 3. Time of Maximum   | 8. Width of Peak           |
| 4. Height of Maximum   | 9. Area                    |
| 5. Baseline Indicator (0 - ended on baseline, 1 - ended on valley) |                            |

Peak Parameters

FIGURE 7

The peak detection sensitivity factor (GT) is a gate. The gate represents the number of uni-directional changes in data needed to define an increasing or decreasing trend. The height minimum (HM) represents the minimum increase in a datum, from the previous one, to be considered a significant increase. The most efficient parameters were found to be: WT = 3, GT = 5 and HM = 6.

The flow of the program is controlled by three software switches; BS, S1 and S2 (figure 8).

BS - baseline switch

∅ - peak started on baseline

1 - looking for peak width

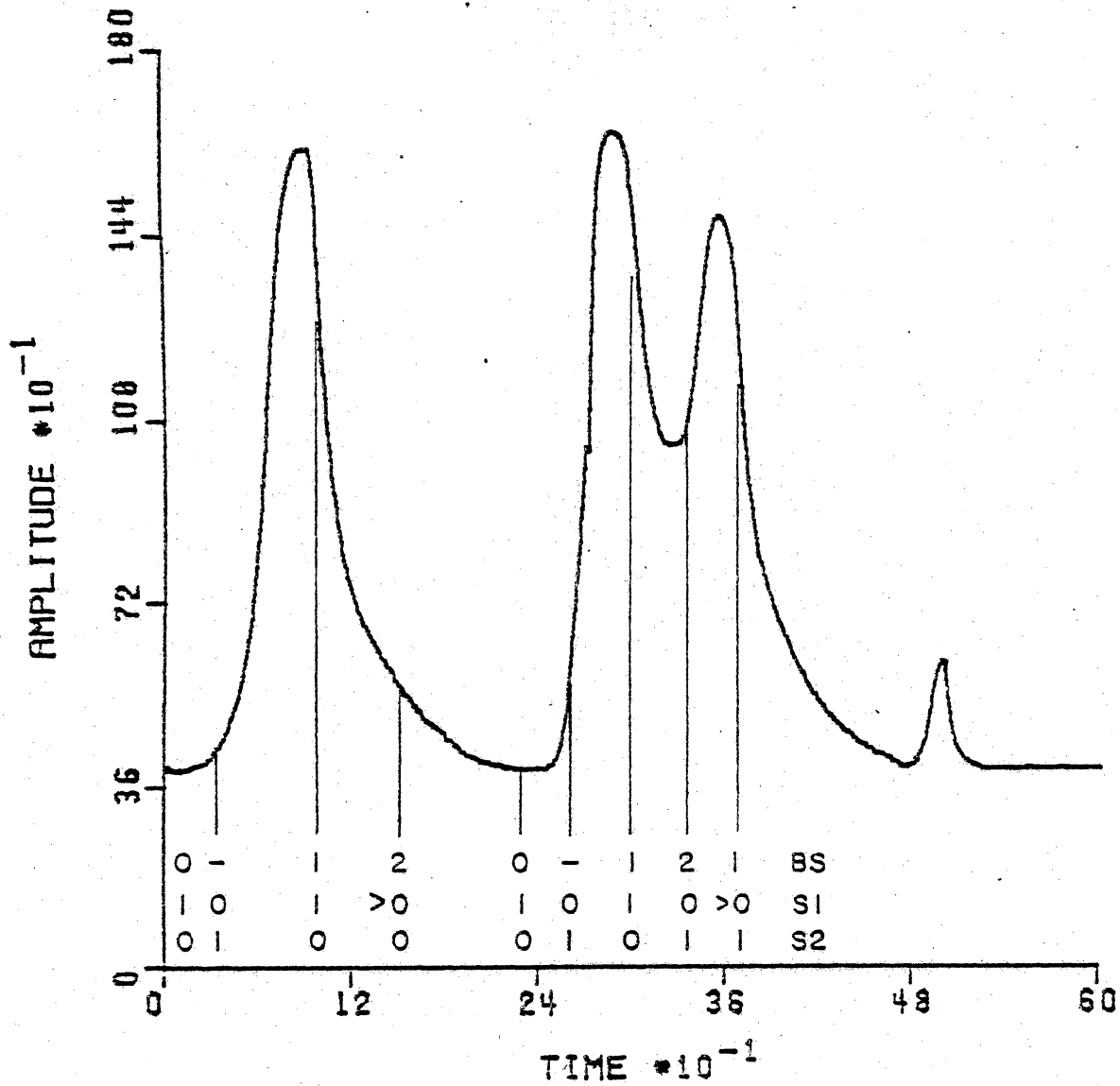
2 - looking for termination on baseline

S1 - Set to 1 to indicate data on the backside of a peak

S2 - Set to 1 to indicate an increasing trend

The program takes a point and performs tests on it to determine whether it is a baseline, a peak maximum or an increasing or decreasing trend. At the end of each peak, the peak parameters are output as decimal values. The counters are reset and the next peak is searched for. At the end of the buffer, if there is a peak only partially processed, because the peak overlaps the end of the buffer, a flag is set. The flag causes the last block to be read as the first block of the next buffer. The peak program begins at the minimum just before the last partial peak so that the whole peak is analyzed.

A post run plotter is available. The routine to run the plotter was written by David Binkley. It runs on the Host computer controlling a Bensen Lehner plotter. This can be run only after all data runs have been performed and stored on the floppy disk.



Peak Processor Software Switch Example

FIGURE 8



## EXPERIMENTAL

The ability of the processor to control the L.C. under typical operating conditions was tested first by using a sample that was easily obtainable and well characterized. A mixture of benzene, naphthalene and anthracene was used. This sample is called Sample 2 - Run 1. The conditions of the run are listed in figure 9 and the plot is in figure 10. The report format gives all the pertinent information about the run. The peak areas are listed as relative values and the retention times in seconds.

In figure 11, the full peak parameters for four consecutive runs of the synthetic mixture are given. They are all analyzed with the same peak factors, giving them a consistent basis for analysis. The plot of this mixture is shown in figure 12. The values from run to run are not the same. An analysis of this difference is shown in table 6. It can be seen that most of the values have less than two percent error while many have zero percent error. The data analysis by the peak processor is very consistent over consecutive runs of the synthetic mixture.

To determine the effect of the peak factors, one run of the synthetic mixture was analyzed by the peak processor four times. The factors WIDTH, GATE and CHANGE were set to different values. The results of these changes can be seen in figure 13. In run 1 the factors are set low. This causes the peak data to be distorted and misinterpreted. Run 2 shows the factors in a good analysis. The peaks are all represented, without distortion. In run 3,

the factors are high enough to eliminate the last peak. The other peaks are still normal. Run 4 shows the effect of having the factors too high. The fourth peak is not seen and the second and third peaks have become fused. The peak factors are very important in performing an analysis. They must be sensitive enough to detect all peaks and yet not distort them.

## 1 SAMPLE

NAME: BENZENE, NAPHTHALENE AND ANTHRACENE IN HEXANE (SAMPLE 2)

VOLUME: 10  $\mu$ l

CONC: 2 mg/ml

## 2 COLUMN SPECIFICATIONS

MANUFACTURER: USER MADE

PACKING: SPHERISORB

LENGTH: 20cm

INNER DIAMETER:

COLUMN PRESSURE: 45 psi

TEMP(C) = 27

## 3 DETECTOR

TYPE: U.V.

O.D. VALUE: 1.28

MODE: SINGLE WAVELENGTH

WAVELENGTH: 254 nm

4 RUN TIME(MIN) = 5

FLOWRATE(ml/min  $\times$  0.04) = 70

DATA RATE = 1

## 5 MOBILE PHASE

A: N-HEXANES

B: N.A.

GRADIENT SLOPE: 0

%A AT START: 100

%A AT END: 100

WIDTH FACTOR = 2

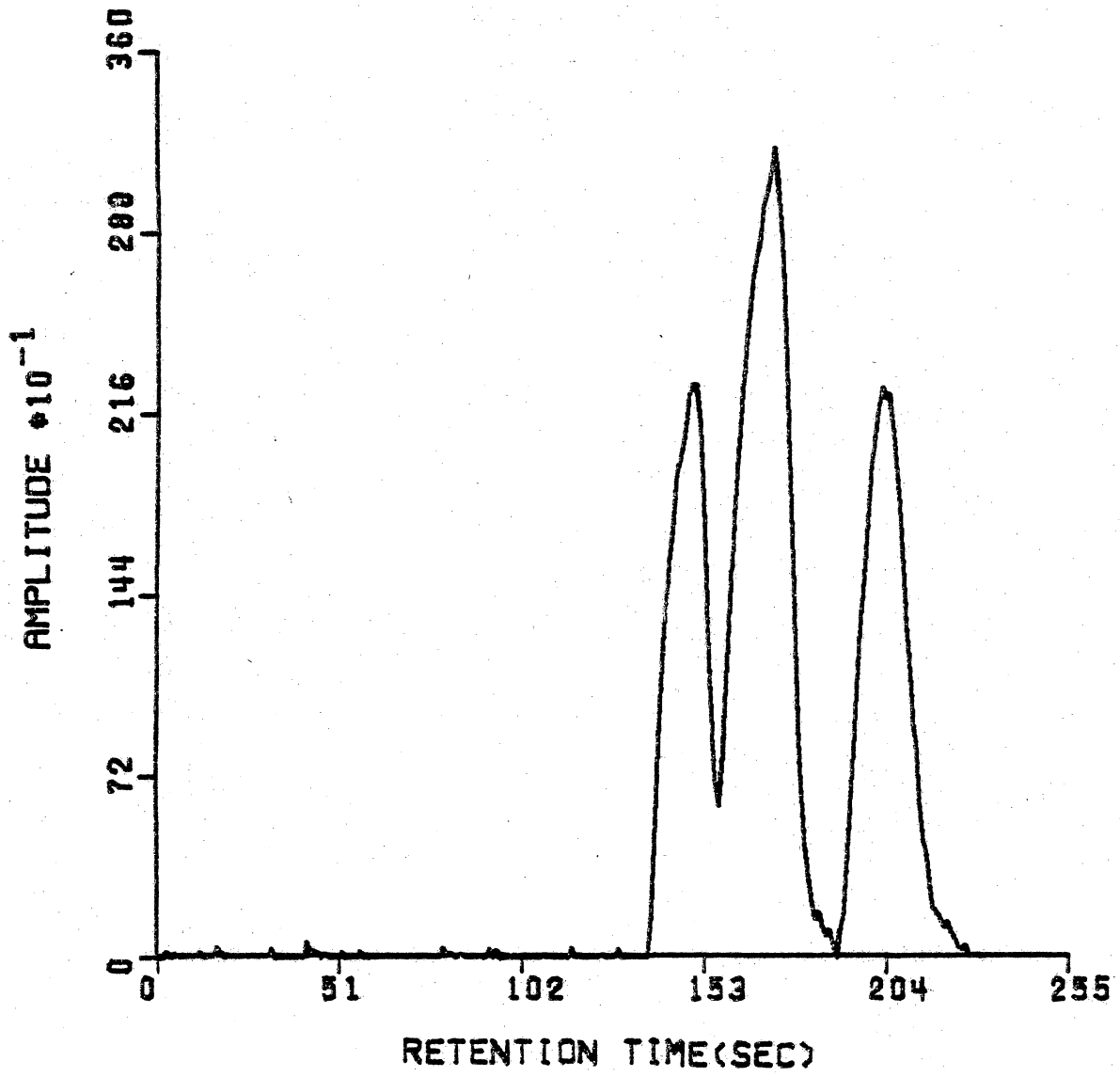
GATE = 5

CHANGE FACTOR = 6

<u>PEAK NO.</u>	<u>PEAK AREA</u>	<u>RETENTION TIME (SEC)</u>
1	29736	149
2	51551	172
3	33808	202

Sample 2 - Run 1

FIGURE 9



SAMPLE 2 - RUN 1

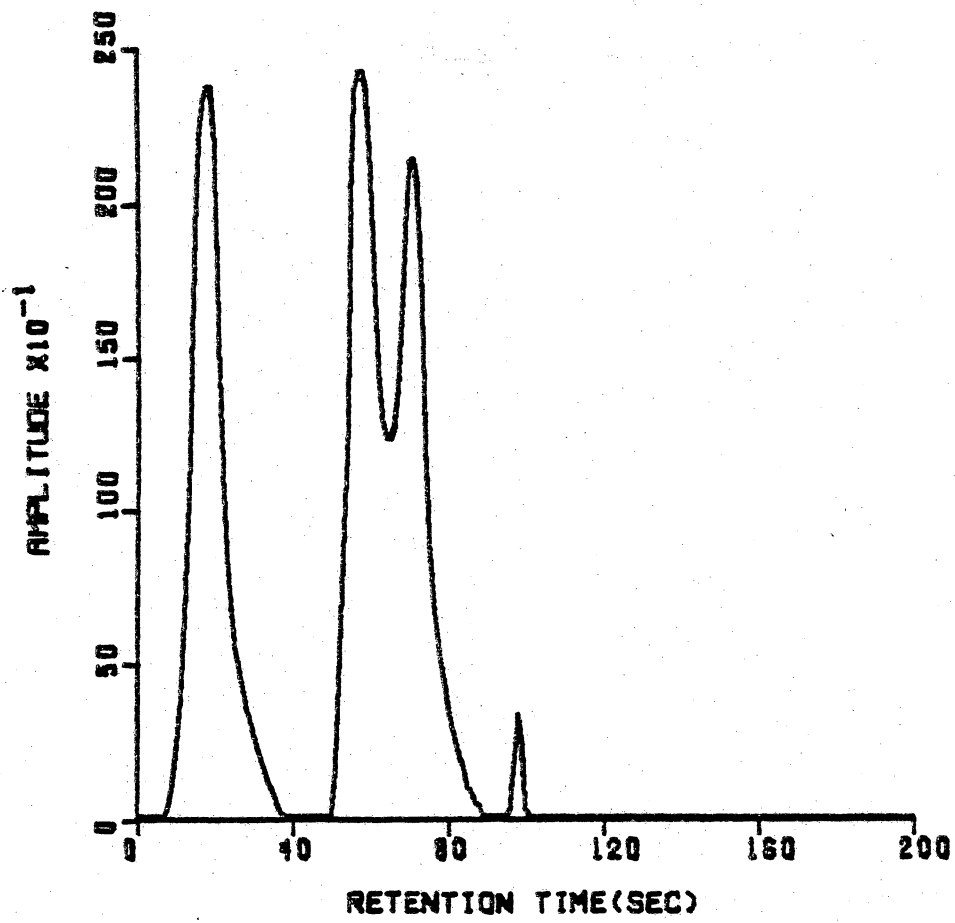
FIGURE 10

WIDTH FACTOR 3  
 GATE FACTOR 2  
 CHANGE FACTOR 2

PEAK NO.	PEAK AREA	PEAK HEIGHT	PEAK TIME (SEC)	LEADING MINIMUM HEIGHT	TIME OF LEADING MINIMUM	WIDTH	TRAILING MINIMUM HEIGHT	TIME OF TRAILING MINIMUM	PEAK TYPE
<u>RUN 1</u>									
00	24493	2381	17	00	01	04	00	37	01
01	22192	2425	56	00	37	03	1225	63	00
02	21863	2145	70	1225	63	03	00	89	01
03	808	337	97	00	89	03	00	100	01
<u>RUN 2</u>									
00	24427	2381	17	00	01	04	00	36	01
01	22997	2432	56	00	36	07	1209	63	00
02	21205	2157	69	1209	63	03	00	88	01
03	834	363	97	00	88	03	00	100	01
<u>RUN 3</u>									
00	24414	2387	17	00	01	04	00	36	01
01	23082	2421	56	00	36	03	1229	63	00
02	21129	2149	69	1229	63	03	00	88	01
03	832	357	97	00	88	03	00	100	01
<u>RUN 4</u>									
00	24518	2389	17	00	01	04	00	37	01
01	22232	2425	56	00	37	03	1227	63	00
02	21901	2153	70	1227	63	03	00	89	01
03	819	345	97	00	89	03	00	100	01

Consecutive Analysis of  
Synthetic Mixture - Long Format

FIGURE 11



SYNTHETIC MIXTURE

FIGURE 12

PEAK NO.	PEAK AREA	PEAK HEIGHT	PEAK TIME (SEC)	LEADING MINIMUM HEIGHT	TIME OF LEADING MINIMUM	WIDTH	TRAILING MINIMUM HEIGHT	TIME OF TRAILING MINIMUM	PEAK TYPE
-------------	--------------	----------------	-----------------------	------------------------------	-------------------------------	-------	-------------------------------	--------------------------------	--------------

## RUN 1 - Low Peak Parameters

WIDTH FACTOR 1

GATE FACTOR 1

CHANGE FACTOR 1

00	24493	2381	17	00	01	04	00	37	00
01	22192	2425	56	00	37	03	1225	63	00
02	17357	2145	70	1225	63	03	1157	73	01
03	808	337	97	00	89	02	00	100	00

## RUN 2 - Good Peak Parameters

WIDTH FACTOR 3

GATE FACTOR 2

CHANGE FACTOR 2

00	24493	2381	17	00	01	04	00	37	01
01	22192	2425	56	00	37	03	1225	63	00
02	21863	2145	70	1225	63	03	00	89	01
03	808	337	97	00	89	03	00	100	01

## RUN 3 - High Peak Parameters, Loss of Peak

WIDTH FACTOR 4

GATE FACTOR 6

CHANGE FACTOR 7

00	24493	2381	17	00	01	08	00	37	01
01	22192	2425	56	00	37	03	1225	63	00
02	21863	2145	70	1225	63	07	00	89	01

## RUN 4 - High Peak Parameters, Fusing of Peaks

WIDTH FACTOR 4

GATE FACTOR 7

CHANGE FACTOR 7

00	24493	2381	17	00	01	09	00	37	01
01	43443	2425	56	00	37	17	00	89	01

Effect of Changing Peak Factors

FIGURE 13

TABLE 6

Peak Data Accuracy Analysis

PEAK NO.	PEAK AREA	PEAK HEIGHT	PEAK TIME (SEC)	LEADING MINIMUM HEIGHT	TIME OF LEADING MINIMUM	WIDTH	TRAILING MINIMUM HEIGHT	TIME OF TRAILING MINIMUM	PEAK TYPE
00	<u>+0.22</u>	<u>+0.19</u>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	<u>+ 1.3</u>	0.0
01	<u>+ 2.0</u>	<u>+ 0.26</u>	0.0	0.0	<u>+ 0.72</u>	<u>+ 75</u>	<u>+ 1.1</u>	0.0	0.0
02	<u>+ 1.8</u>	<u>+ 0.28</u>	<u>+ .72</u>	<u>+ 1.1</u>	0.0	0.0	0.0	<u>+ 0.56</u>	0.0
03	<u>+ 1.8</u>	<u>+ 3.8</u>	0.0	0.0	<u>+ 0.56</u>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

All Values are Percents



## CONCLUSION

The goals of this project were all attained. The instrument requests the operating parameters from the user and keeps them in a report format. They are stored as a leader to the data file. All data collected is stored on the floppy disk system. The operator does minimal interaction with the L.C. and so is left to perform other tasks in the laboratory while the instrument performs an analysis.

The data networks system worked out well. Fortran was attempted but was found to be inoperable on the satellite system due to a fault in the Fortran simulator. Assembly language was used to replace the Fortran routines. Using the Host to build the programs and edit them made the software construction much easier. The transmission of the data also worked well. The only factor causing any difficulty was the transmission of data back to the host. The problems were due to worse case response of the host (approximately two seconds) and the block transfer format demanded by DDUMP. The first was solved by halting the flow of the solvent during the data transmission process. This short delay does not result in any significant band broadening. The block transfer both to and from the processor could result in peaks being "trapped" between two adjacent frames of data. Software detection of this led to the solution of rereading the last portion of a block to collect the first portion of the trapped peak. This is then put at the beginning of the next block so that the peak is whole.

#### REFERENCES

1. Computer Networking - A Rational Approach to Lab Automation, Raymond E. Dessy, Analytical Chemistry, Vol. 49, No. 13, November 1977, page 1100 A.
2. Cooper, James W. The Mini-Computer in the Laboratory, Wiley-Interscience, New York, 1977.
3. Bugbooks I & II, Larsen and Rony, E & L Instruments, Inc. Southern Printing, 1974.
4. Guide to Electronic Measurements and Laboratory Practice, Stanley Wolf, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1973.

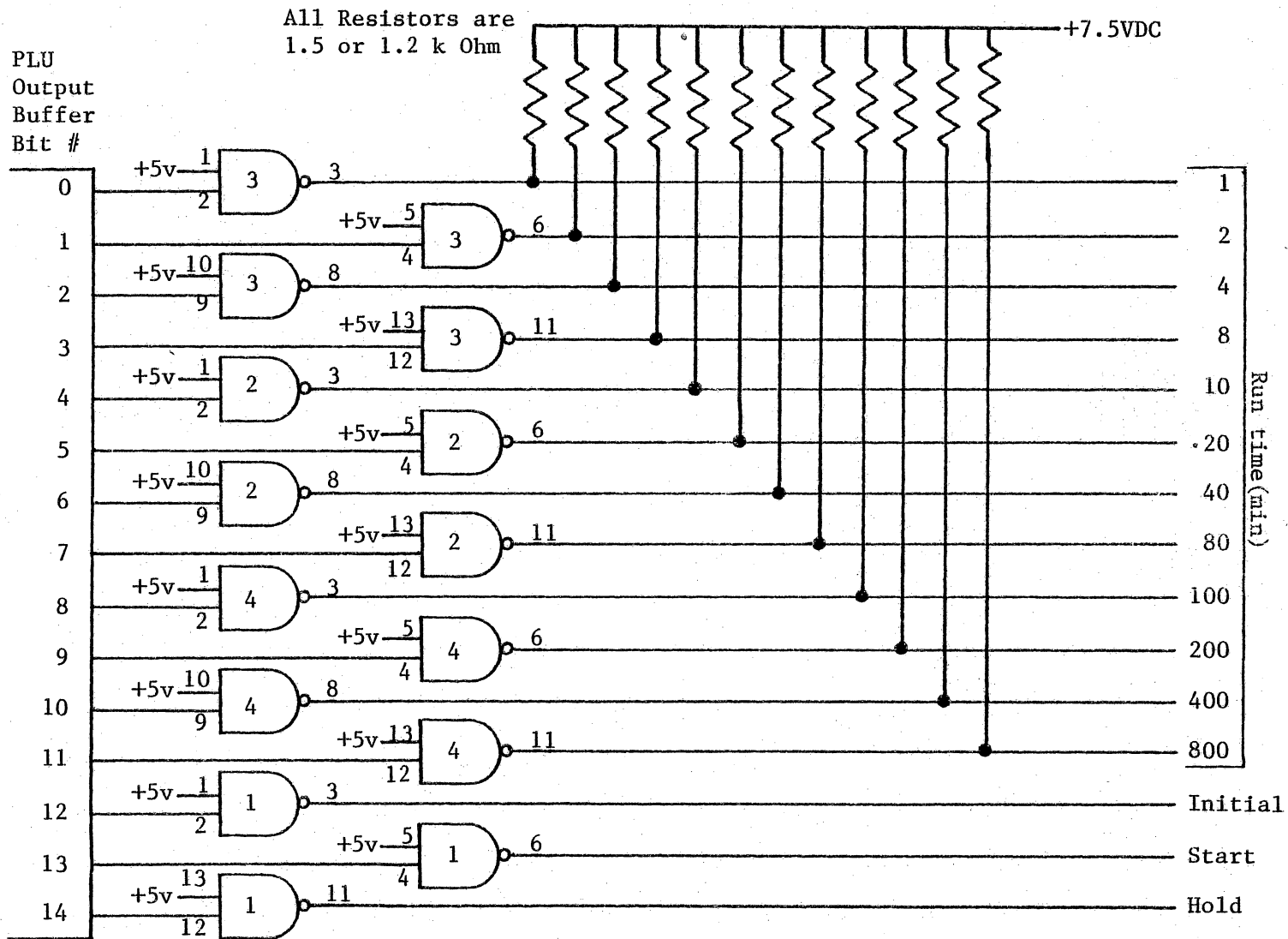
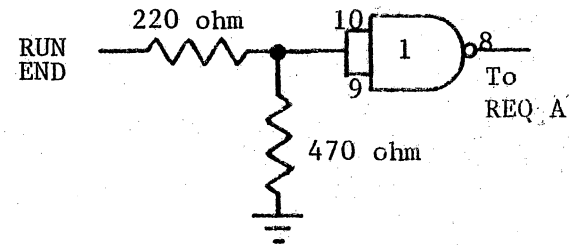
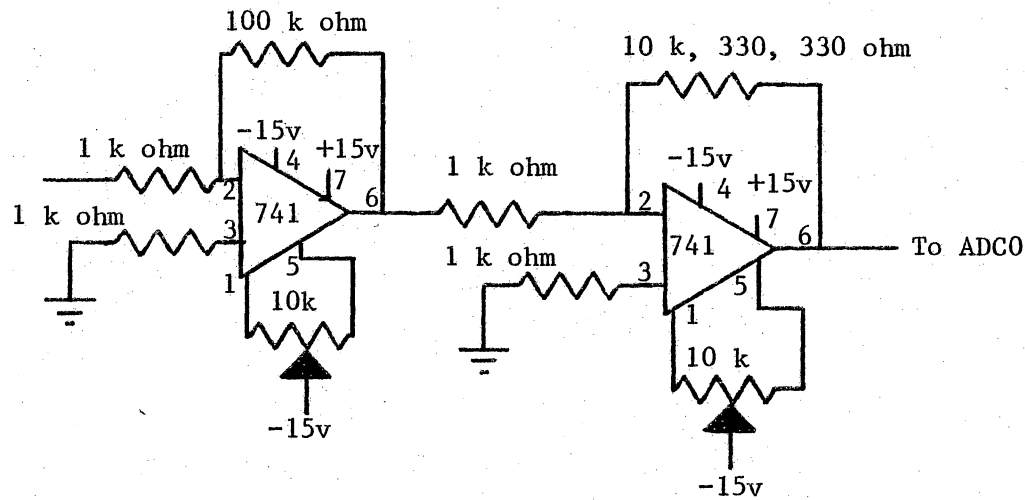


FIGURE 15 - L.C. Interface Control Schematic

45



Chip Layout for L.C. Interface Control

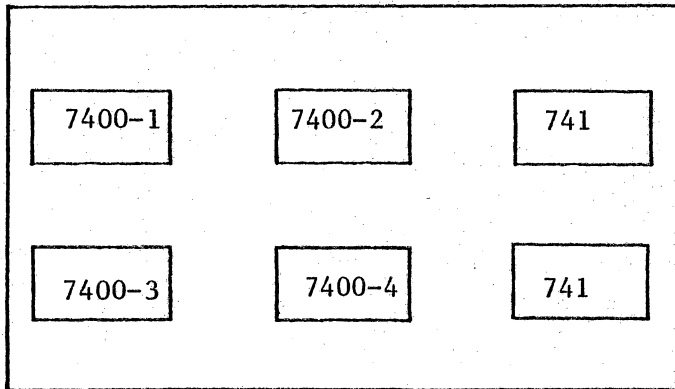


FIGURE 16 - L.C. Interface Control Schematic, Continued

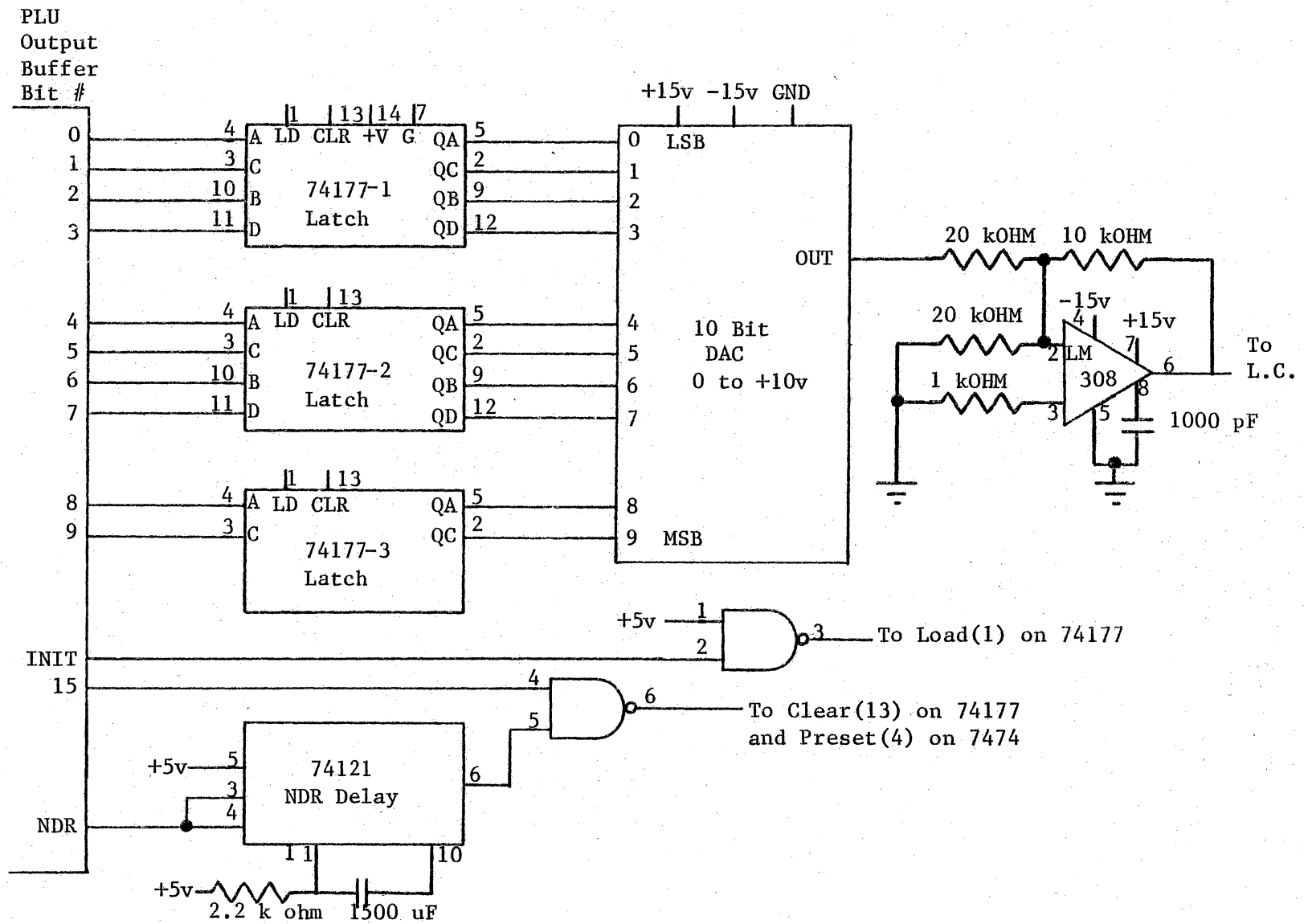


FIGURE 17 - Flow Rate Control

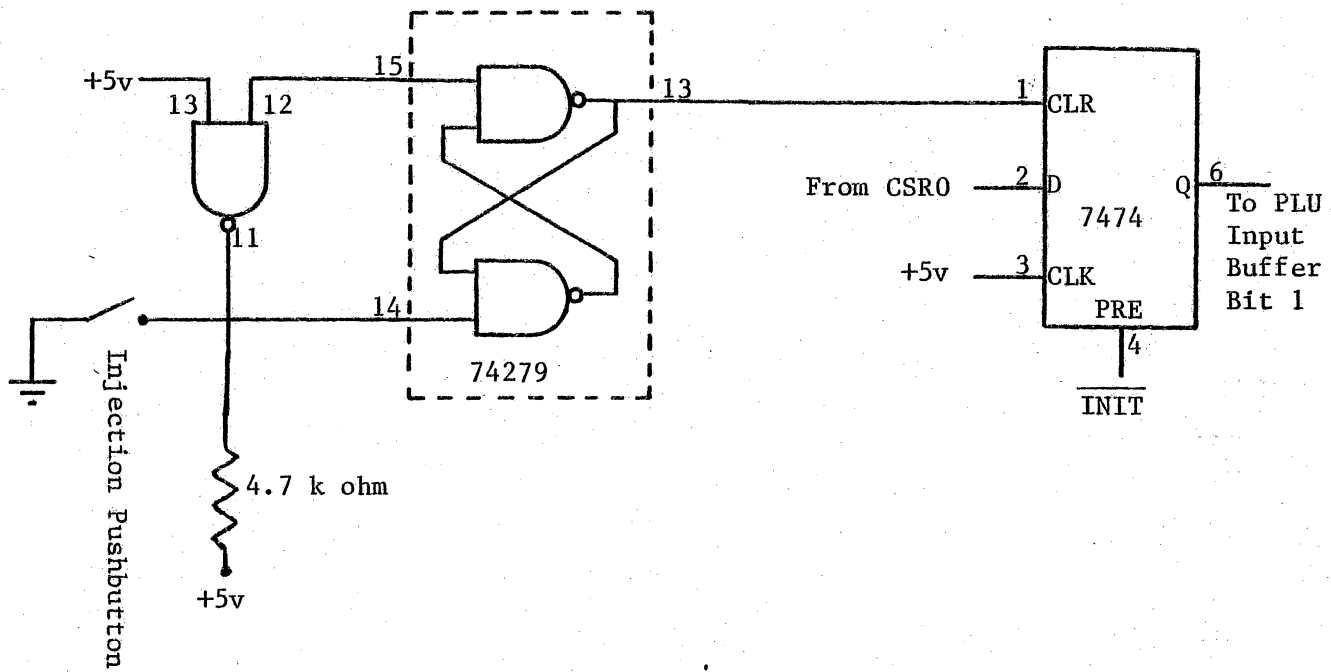


FIGURE 18 - Flow Rate Control - Continued

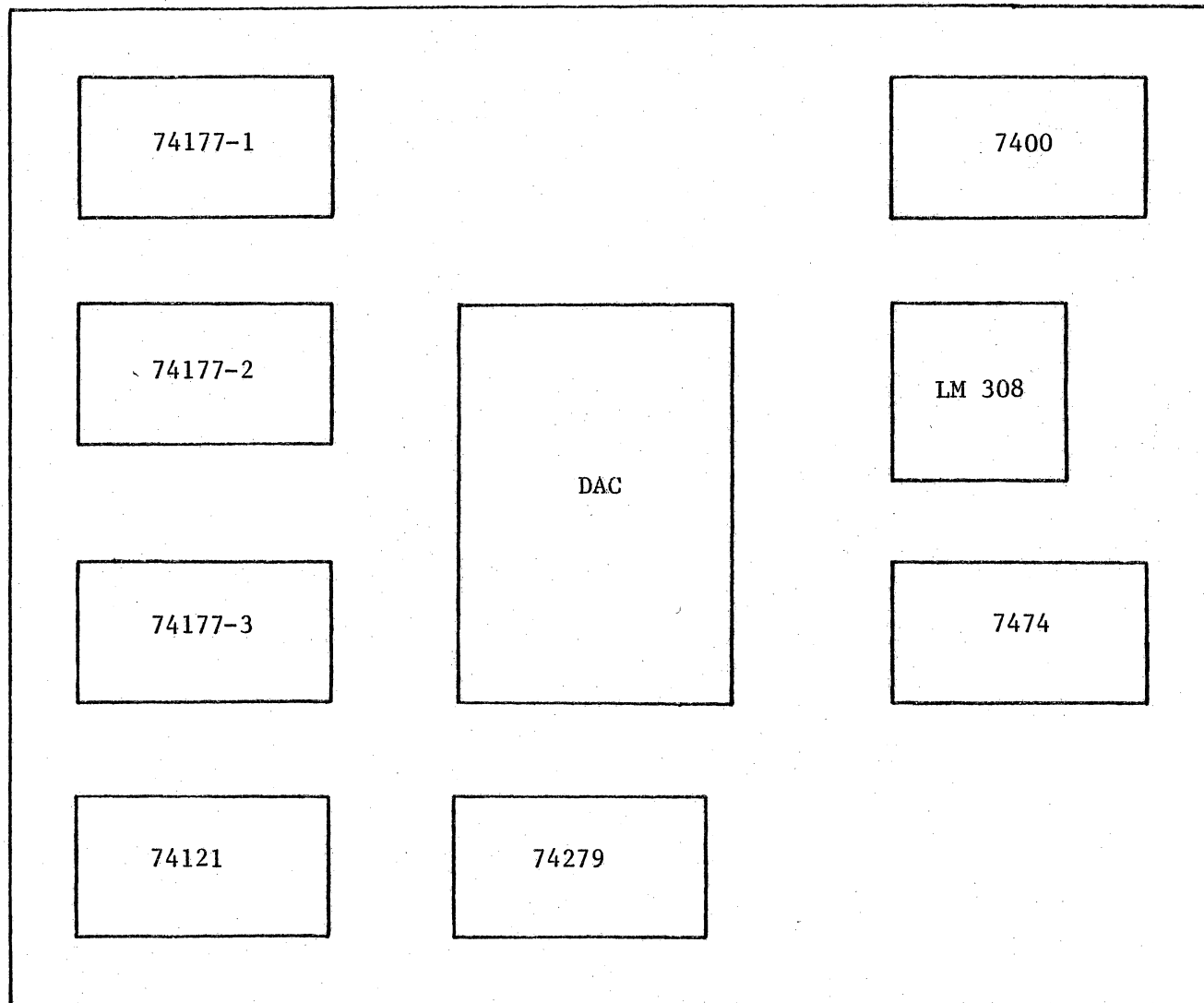


FIGURE 19 - Chip Layout for Flow Rate Board

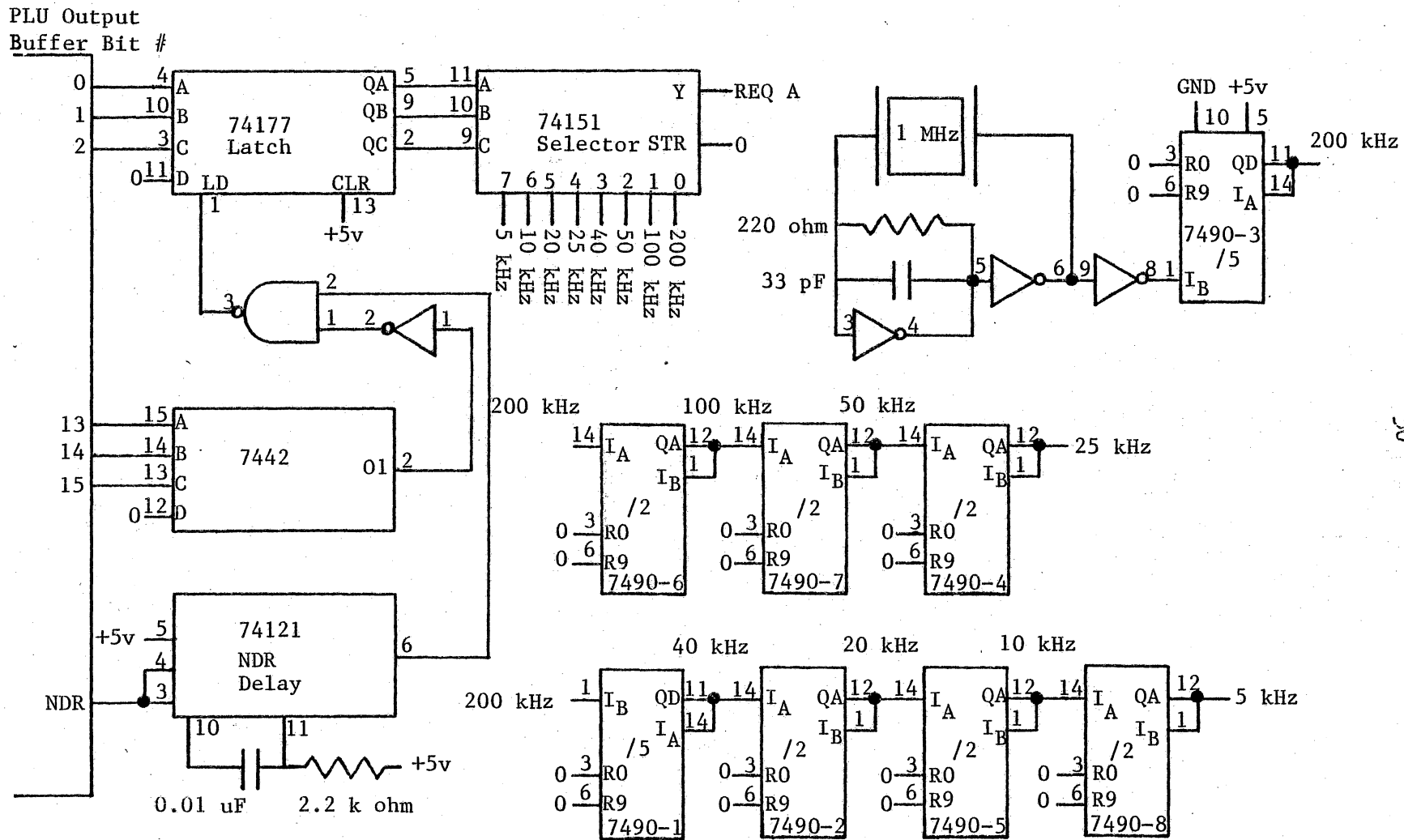


FIGURE 20 - Timer 0 Schematic



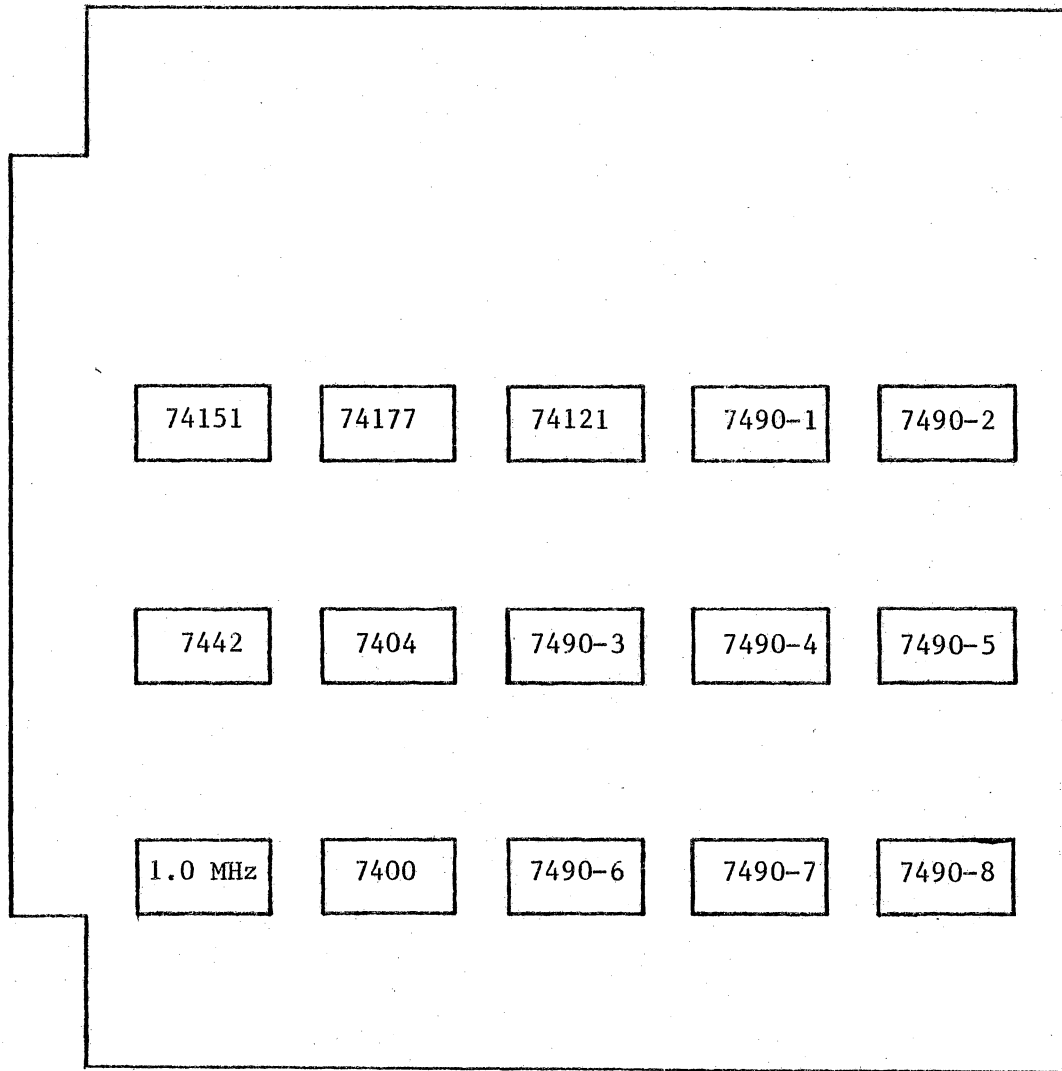


FIGURE 21 - Chip Layout for Timer Board 0

PLU  
Output Buffer  
Bit #

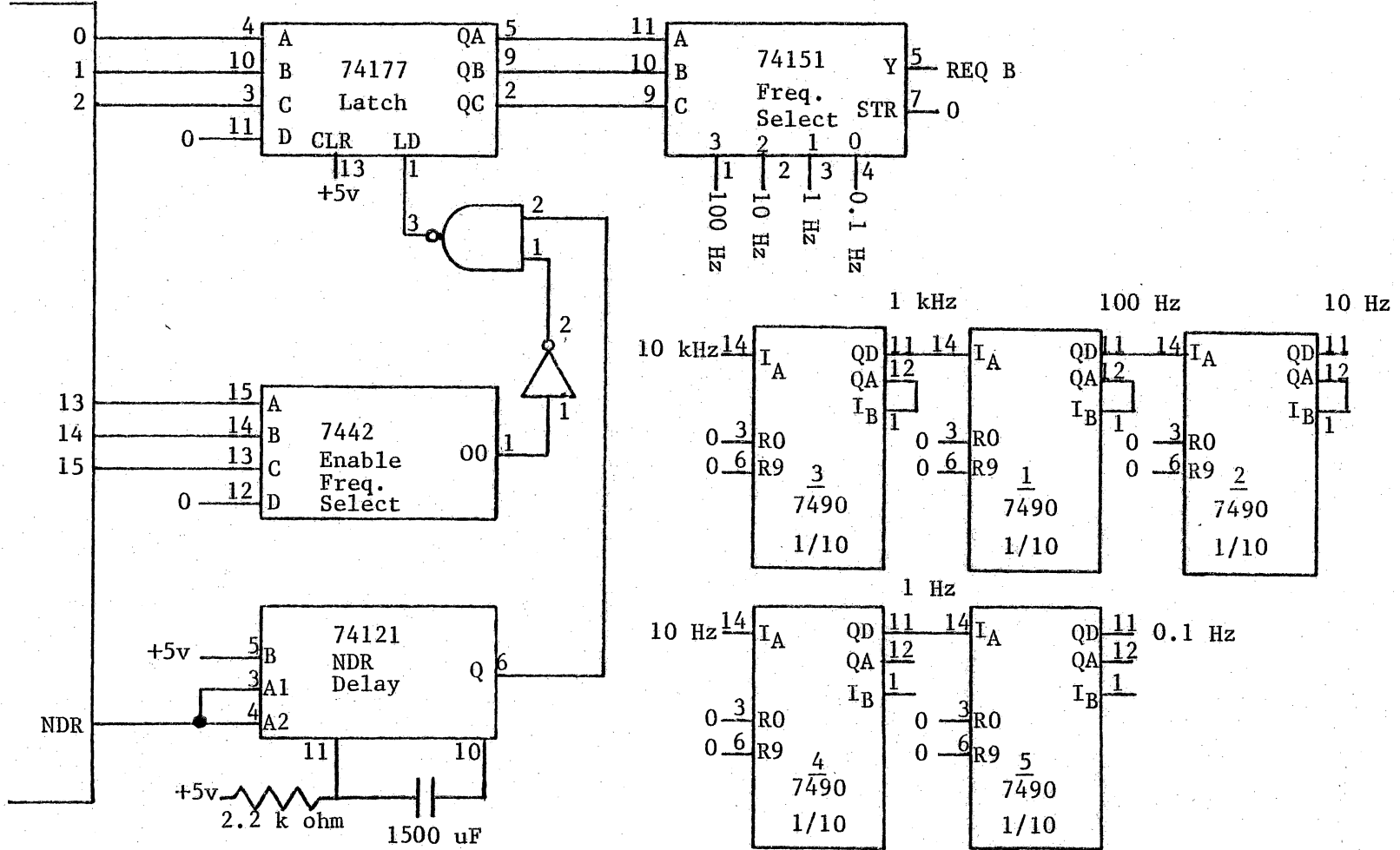


FIGURE 22 - Timer 1 Schematic

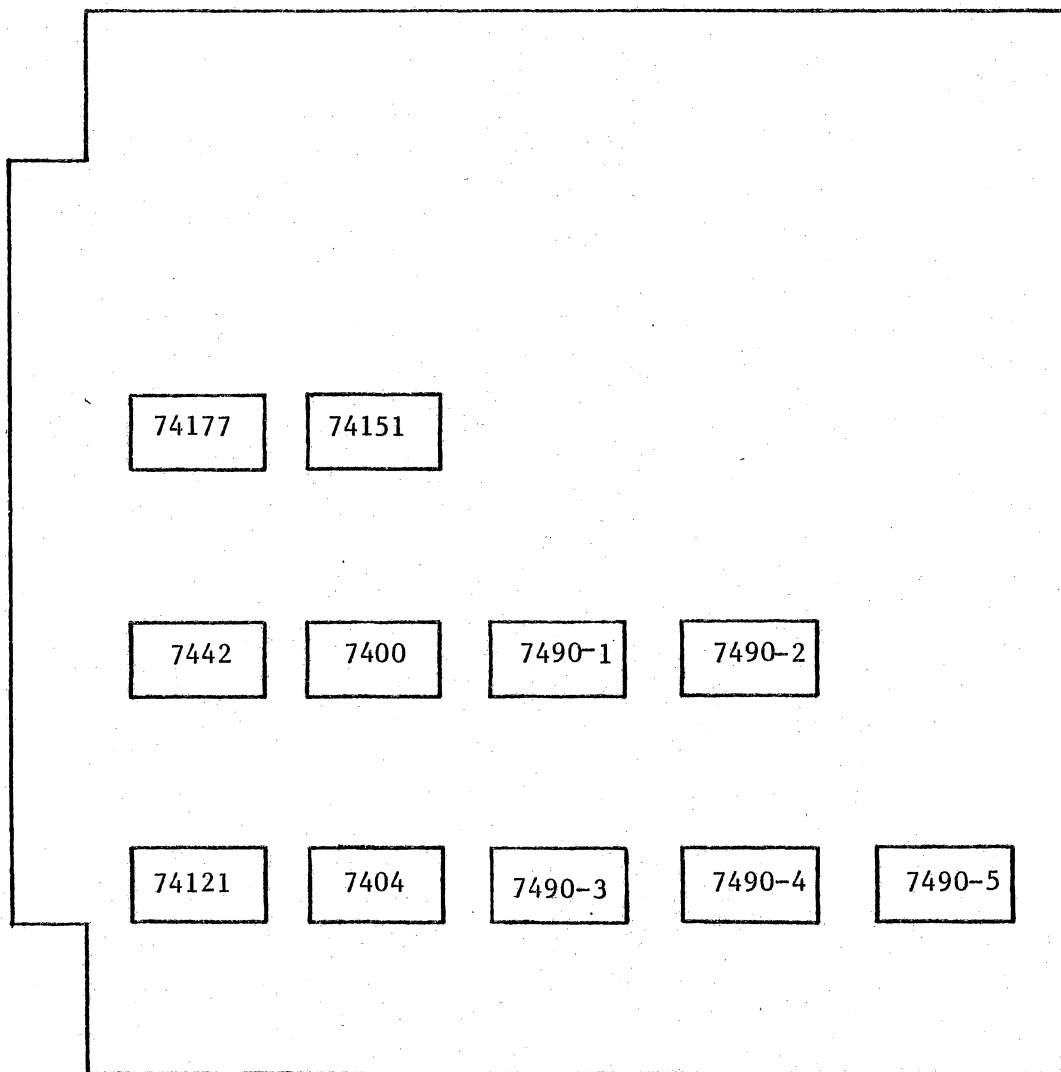


FIGURE 23 - Chip Layout of Timer Board 1

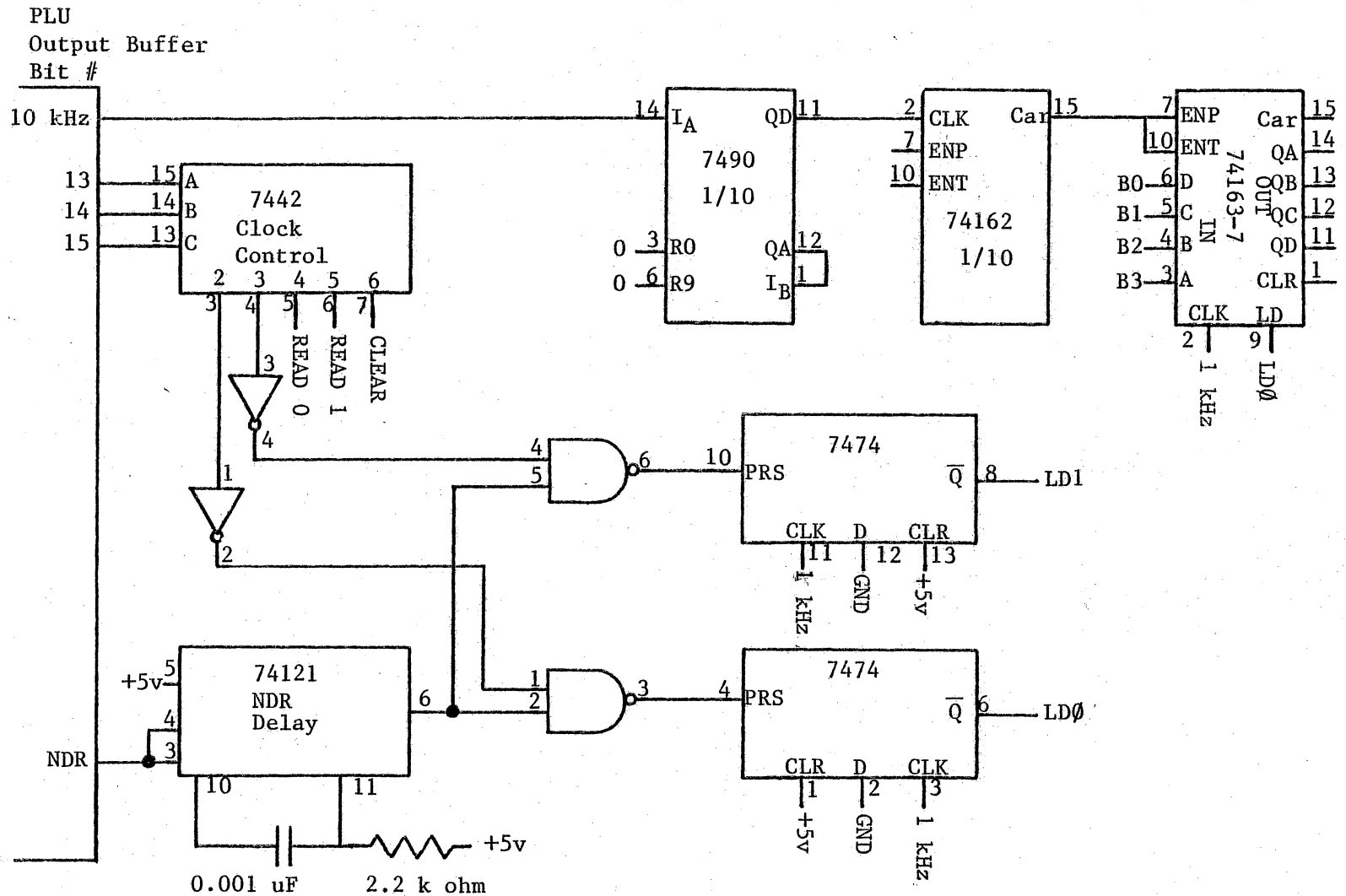


FIGURE 24 - Day Clock Control

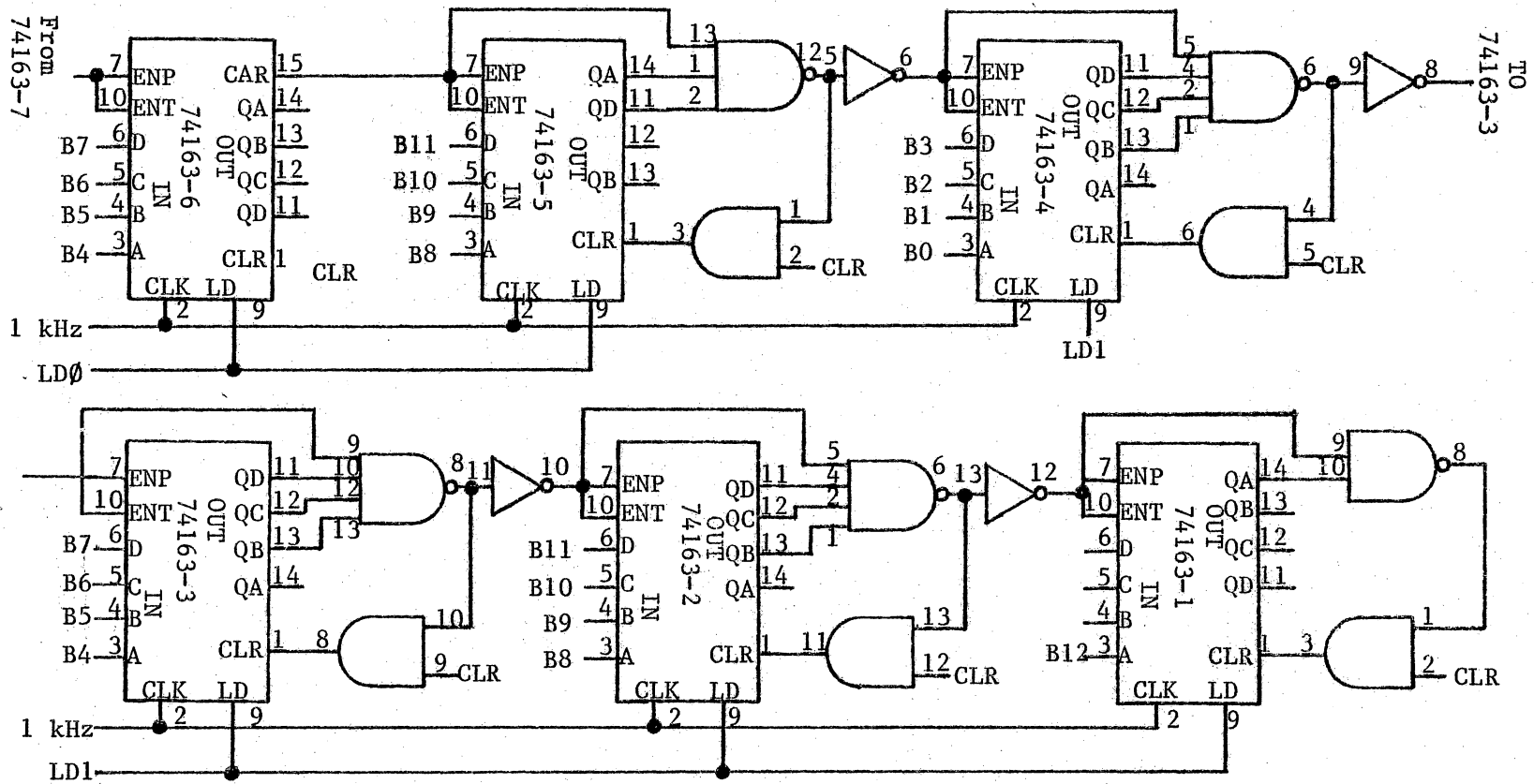
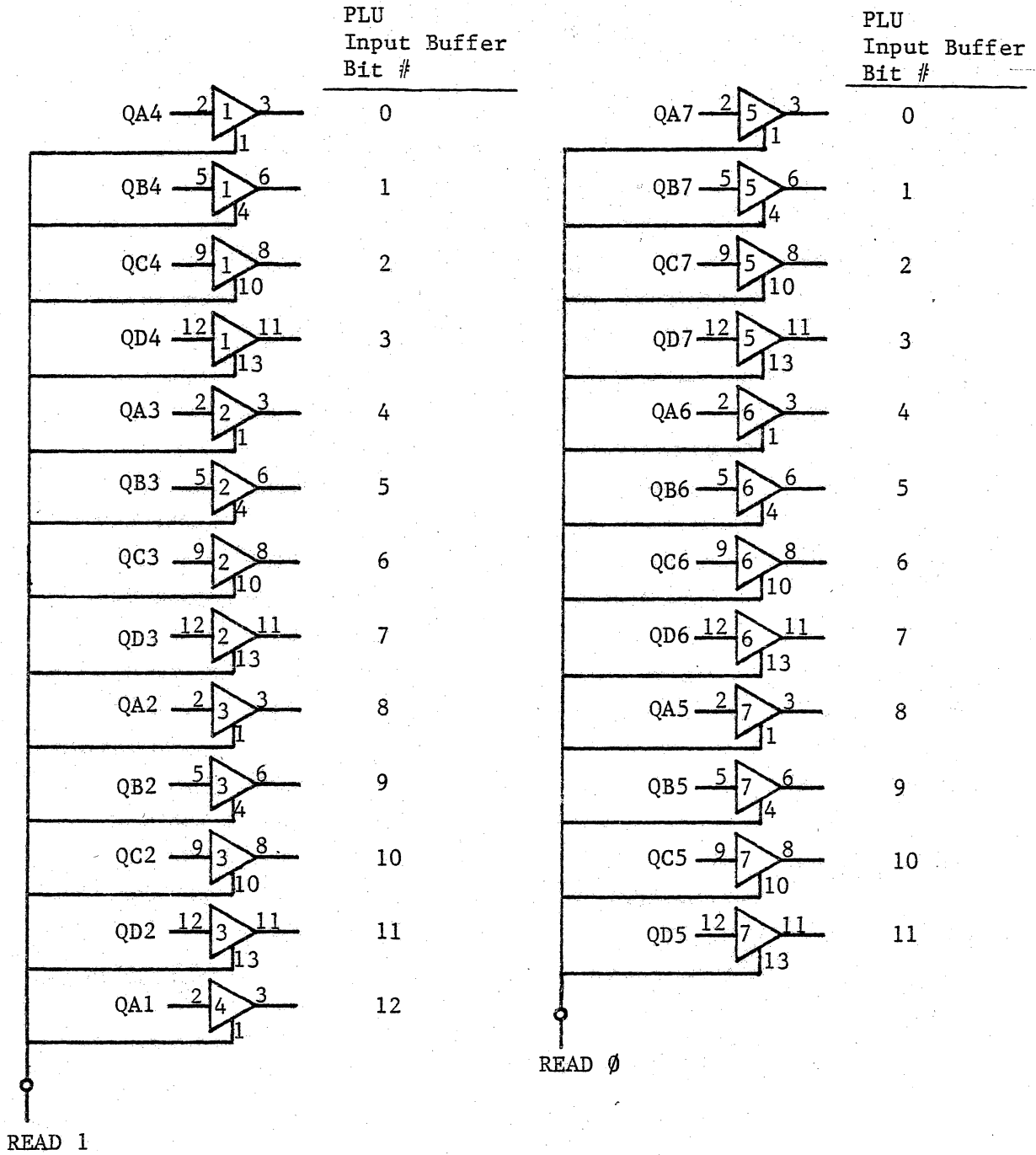


FIGURE 25 - Day Clock



Day Clock, Continued

FIGURE 26

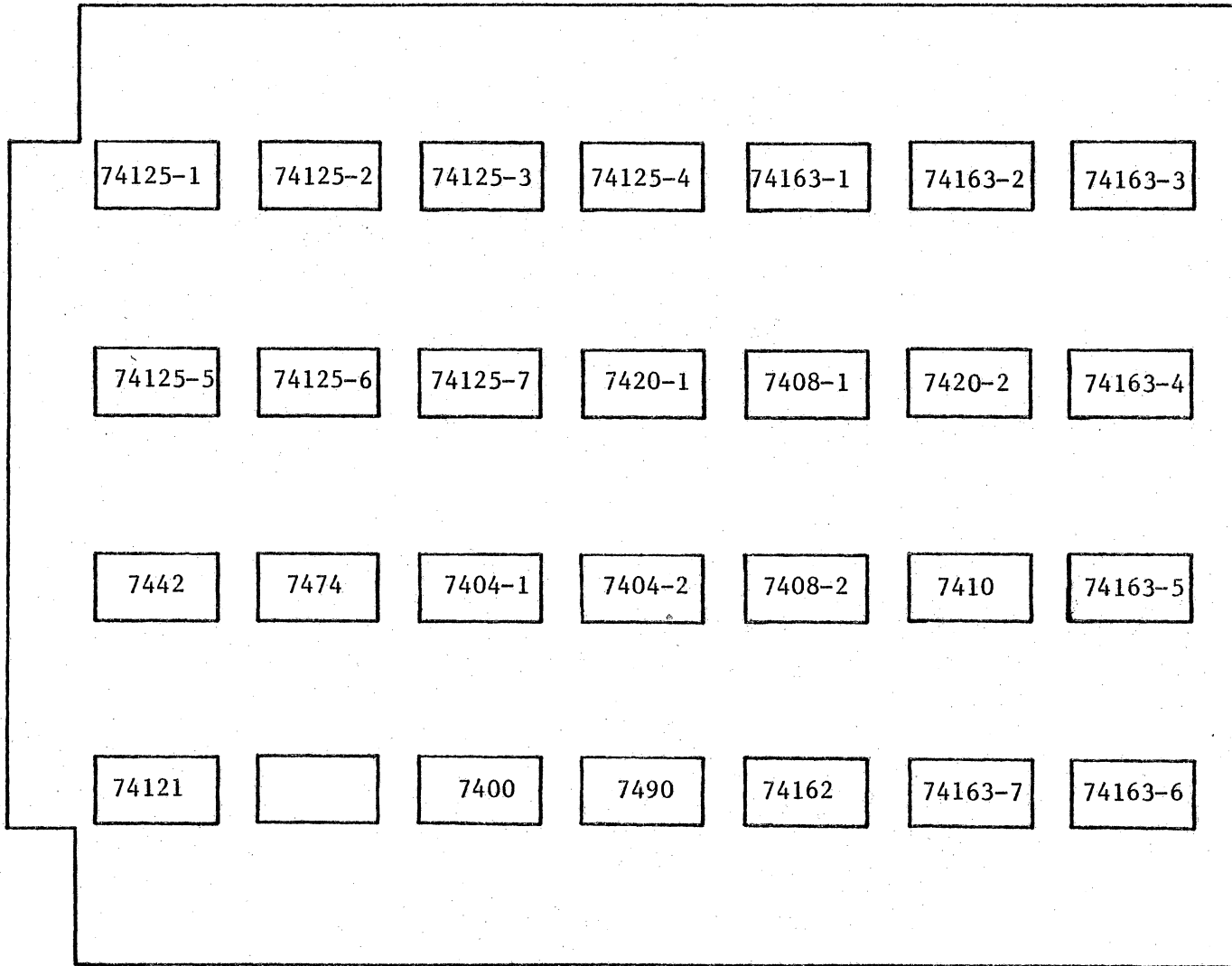


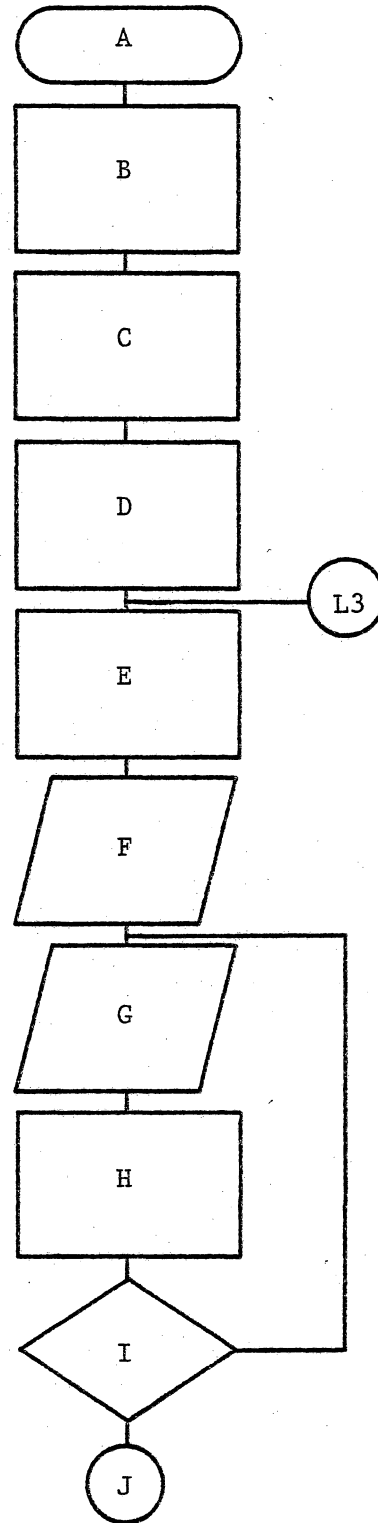
FIGURE 27 - Chip Layout for Day Clock

APPENDIX A



Report Routine Flowchart

- A. Start routine
- B. Initialize flowrate and run time
- C. Get Date, Operator Name, and Run Number
- D. Set KEY value
- E. Set up RAD50 file name
- F. Ask file name
- G. Get character and echo it
- H. Strip extra bits off, store it, and change counters
- I. Are all 12 characters input yet?  
If they are, go to J  
If not, go back to G



K. Call RAD50 conversion routine

L. Shift bits in KEY

M. Do section 1?  
If yes, go to N  
If not, go to O

N. Get sample parameters

O. Shift bits in KEY

P. Do section 2?  
If yes, go to Q  
if not, go to R

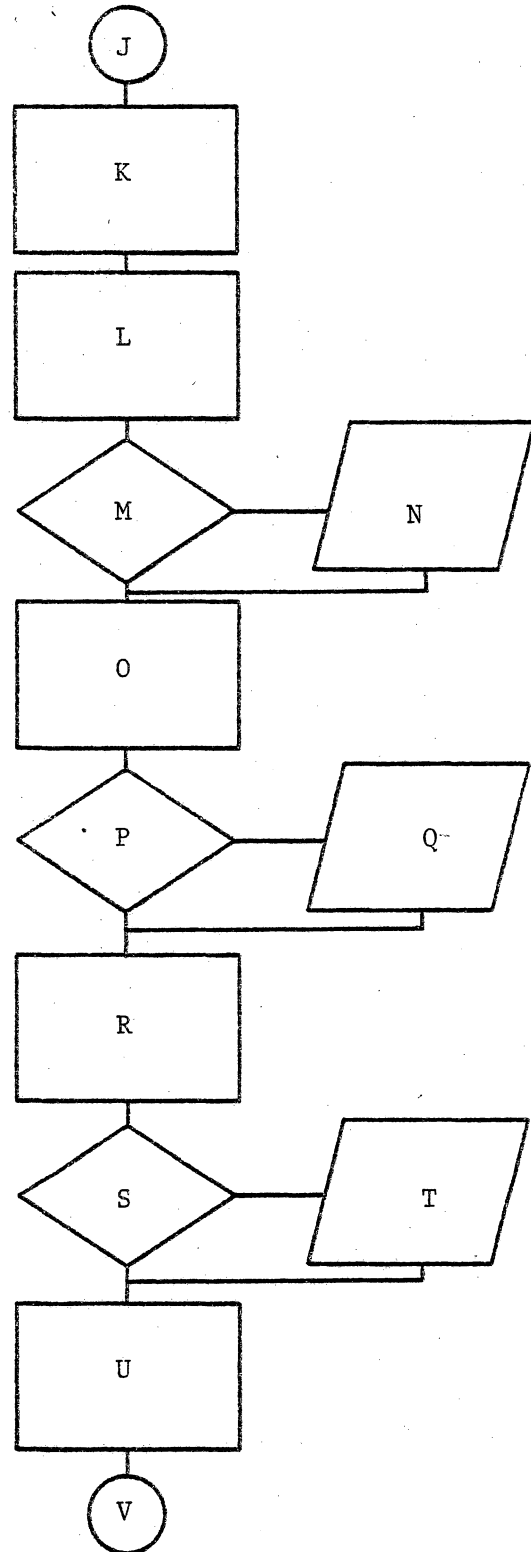
Q. Get column specifications

R. Shift bits in KEY

S. Do section 3?  
If yes, go to T  
If not go to U

T. Get detector parameters

U. Shift bits in KEY



W. Do section 4?  
 If yes, go to X  
 If not, go to D1

X. Get Run Time

Y. Is it within range?  
 If it is, go to Z  
 If not, go to X

Z. Get Flowrate

A1. Is it in range?  
 If it is, go to B1  
 If not, go to Z

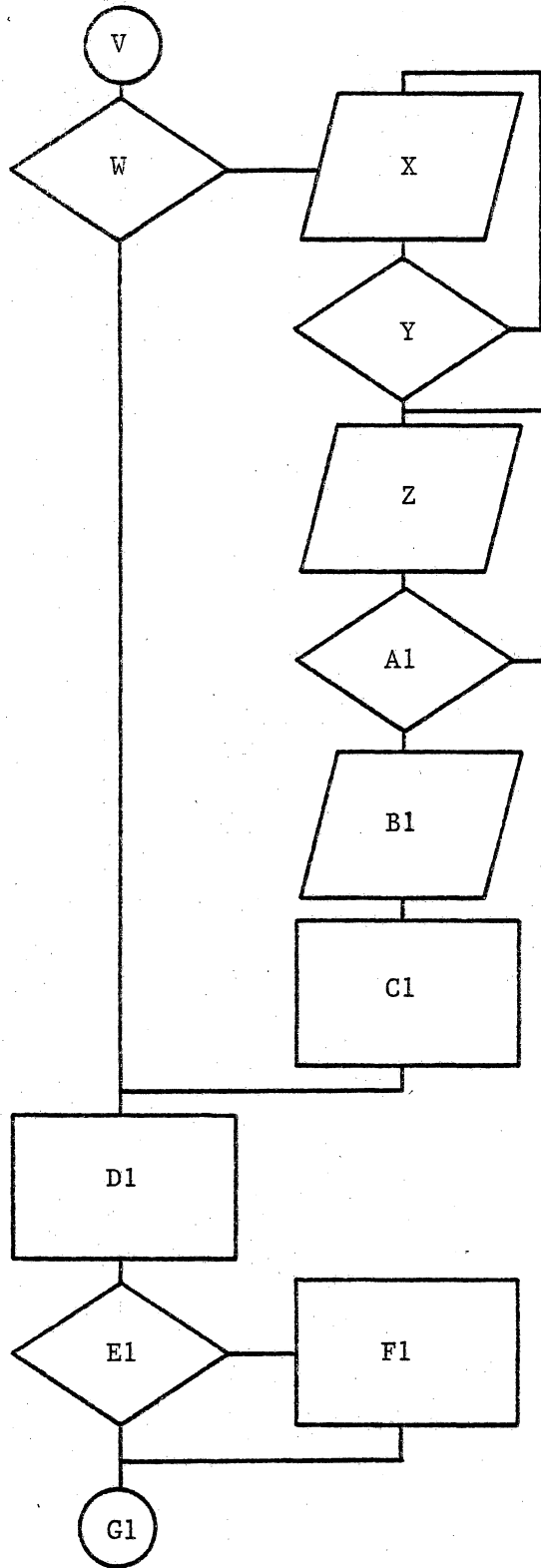
B1. Get Data Rate

C1. Move to output buffer on PLU

D1. Shift bits in KEY

E1. Do section 5?  
 If yes, go to F1  
 If not, go to G1

F1. Get mobile phase parameters



H1. Calculate flowrate and run time?

If yes, go to J1

If not, go to I1

J1. Time GT 1440?

If it is, go to K1

If not, go to L1

K1. Subtract 1440 from time  $R2 + 4000$

L1. Time GT 620?

If it is, go to M1

If not, go to N1

M1. Sub 620 from time,  $R2 + 2000$

N1. Time GT 310?

If it is, go to O1

If not, go to P1

O1. Sub 310 from time,  $R2 + 1000$

P1. Time GT 144?

If it is, go to Q1

If not, go to R1

Q1. Sub 144 from time,  $R2 + 400$

R1. Time GT 120?

If it is, go to S1

If not, go to T1

S1. Sub 120 from time,  $R2 + 200$

T1. Time GT 50?

If it is, go to U1

If not, go to V1

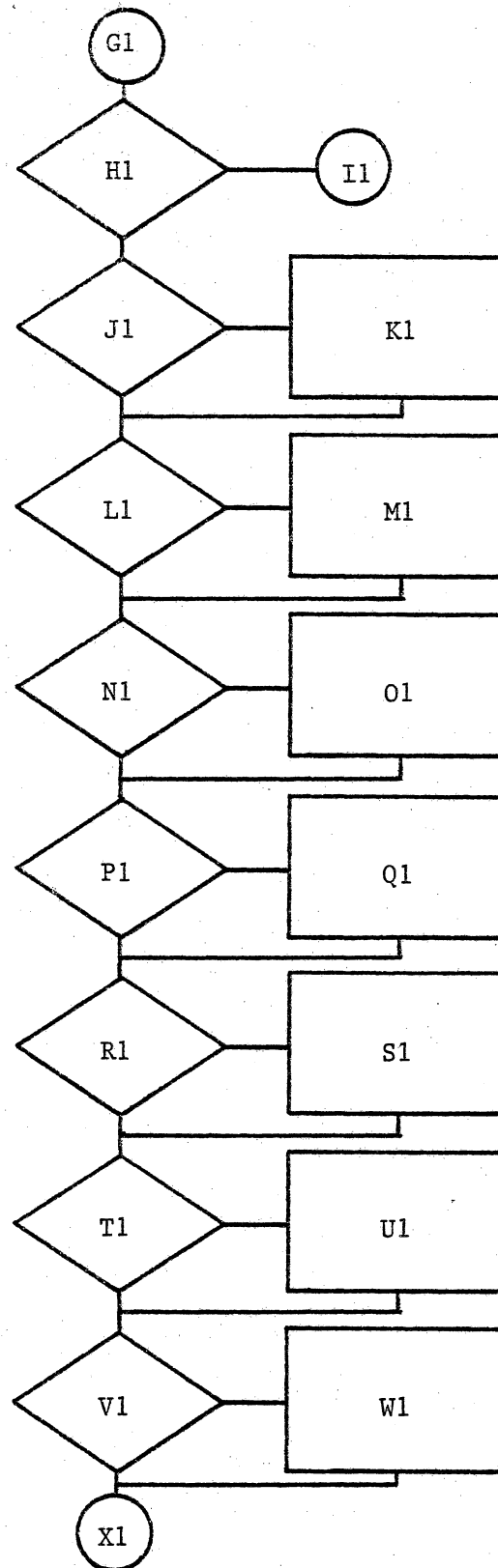
U1. Sub 50 from time,  $R2 + 100$

V1. Time GT 24?

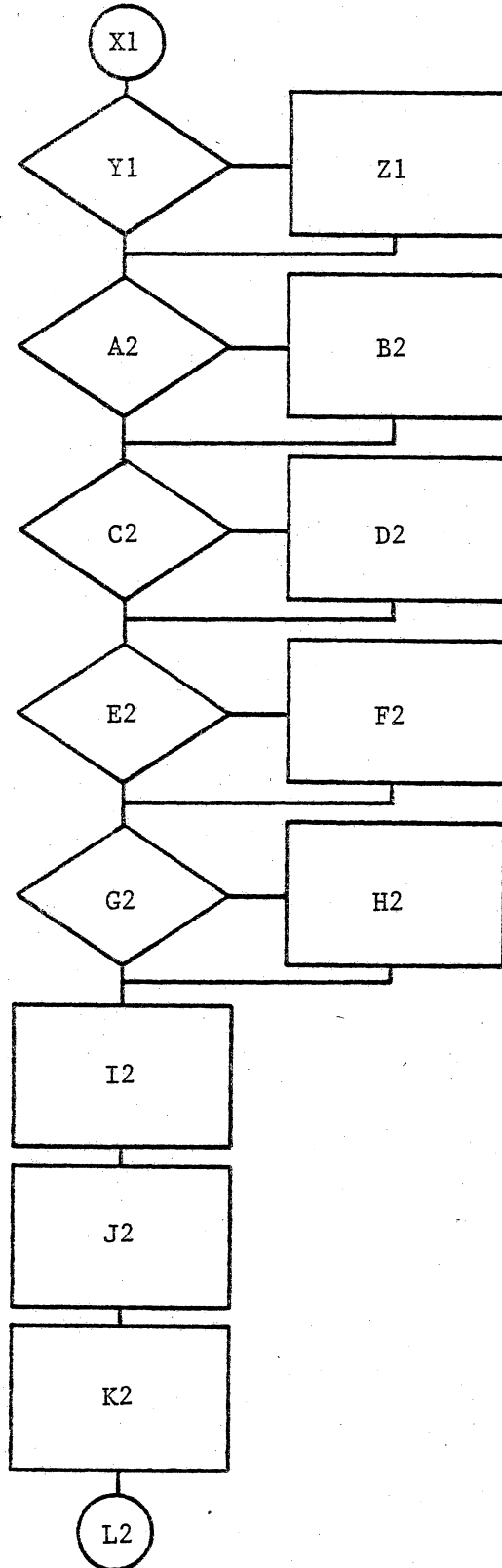
If it is, go to W1

If not, go to X1

W1. Sub 24 from time,  $R2 + 40$



Y1. Time GT 12?  
     If it is, go to Z1  
     If not, go to A2  
 Z1. Sub 12 from time,  $R2 + 20$   
 A2. Time GT 10?  
     If it is, go to B2  
     If not, go to C2  
 B2. Sub 10 from time,  $R2 + 10$   
 C2. Time GT 4?  
     If it is, go to D2  
     If not, go to E2  
 D2. Sub 4 from time,  $R2 + 4$   
 E2. Time GT 2?  
     If it is, go to F2  
     If not, go to G2  
 F2. Sub 2 from time,  $R2 + 2$   
 G2. Time GT 1?  
     If it is, go to H2  
     If not, go to I2  
 H2. Sub 1 from time,  $R2 + 1$   
 I2. Take complement of R2 and  
     move to sweep  
 J2. Get flowrate and multiply it  
     by  $82_{10}$   
 K2. Divide flowrate by 8



M2. Set bit fifteen of flowrate

N2. Set flowrate and initialize L.C.

O2. Put flowrate and run time in  
a register for control  
routine

P2. Call Control routine

Q2. Output 'Do another run?'

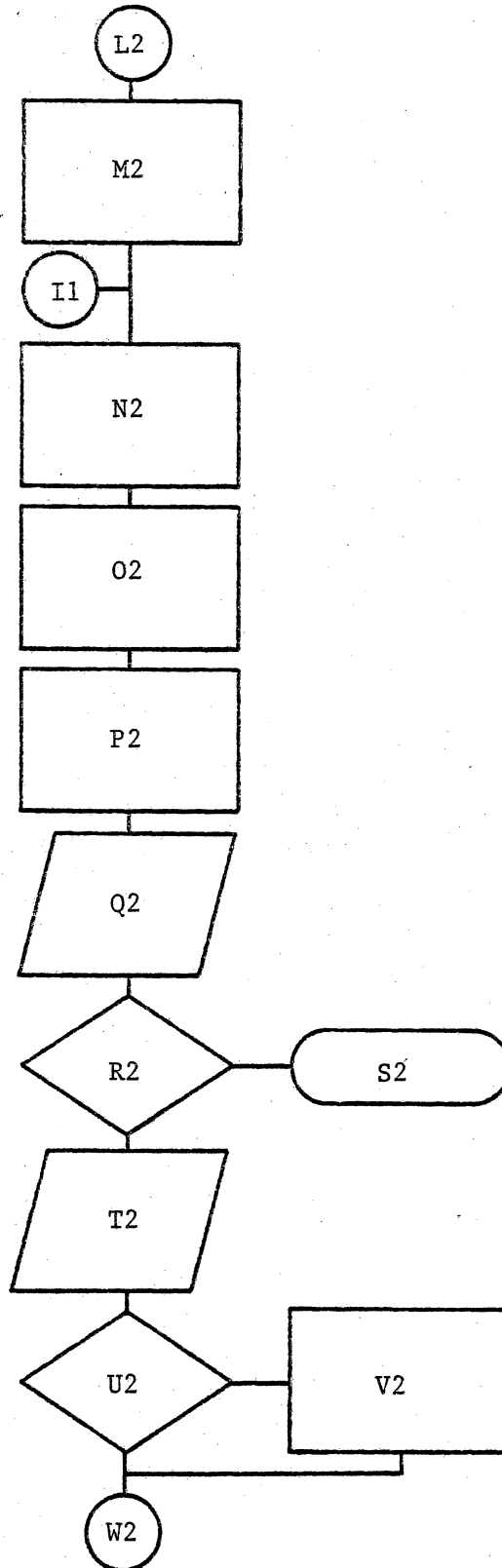
R2. Is the answer 'Y'?  
If it is, go to T2  
If not, go to S2

S2. Exit to monitor

T2. Output 'Section Change?'  
then '1'

U2. Change section 1?  
If yes, go to V2  
If not, go to W2

V2. Add 1 to KEY



X2. Output '2'

Y2. Change section 2?

If it should be, go to Z2

If not, go to A3

Z2. Add 2 to KEY

A3. Output '3'

B3. Change section 3?

If yes, go to C3

If not, go to D3

C3. Add 4 to KEY

D3. Output '4'

E3. Change section 4?

If yes, go to F3

If not, go to G3

F3. Add 10 to KEY

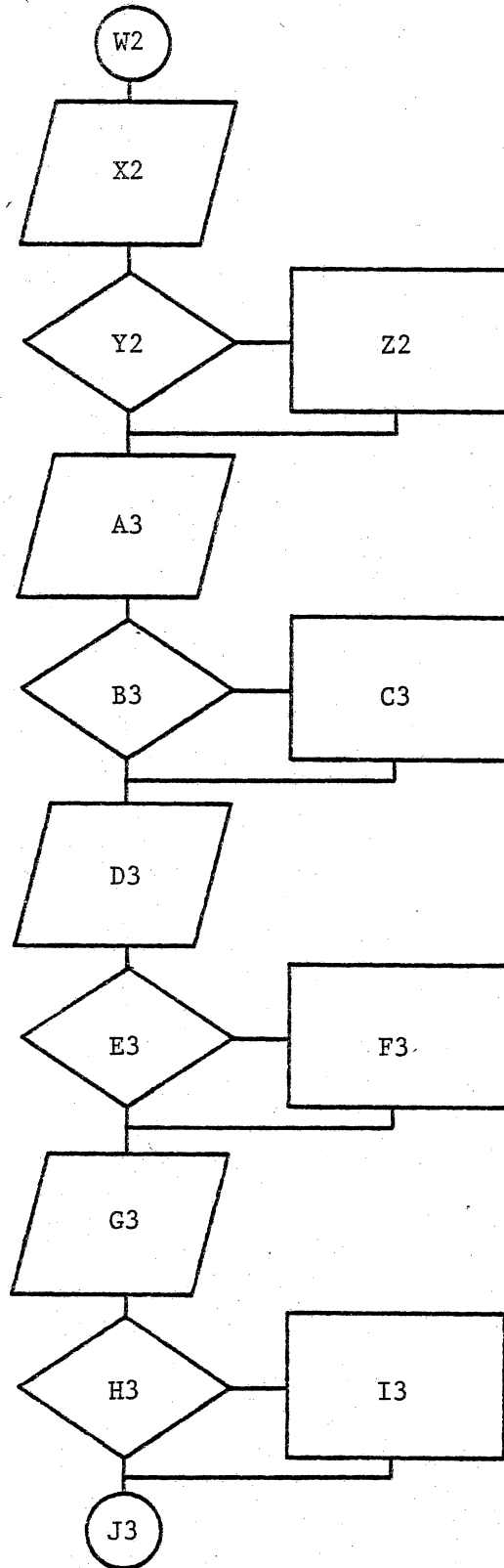
G3. Output '5'

H3. Change section 5?

If yes, go to I3

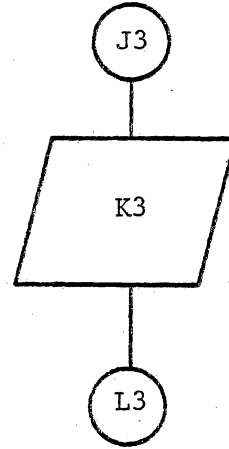
If not, go to J3

I3. Add 20 to KEY



K3. Output run number

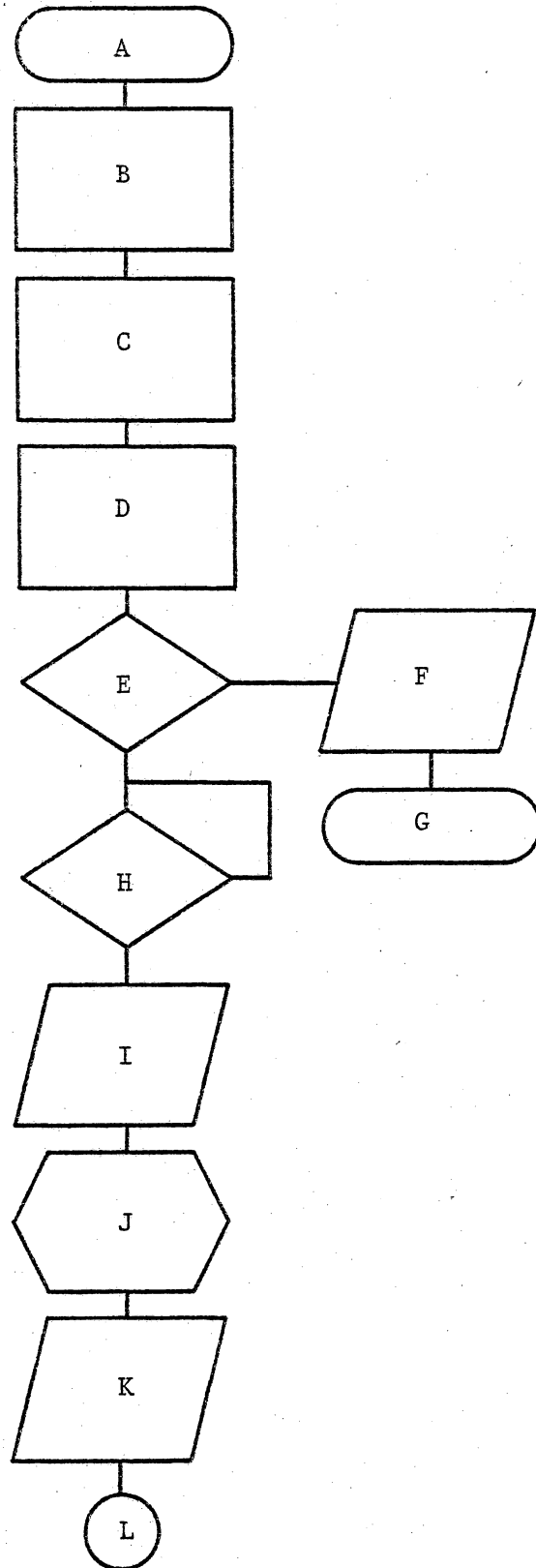
L3. Go back to the beginning



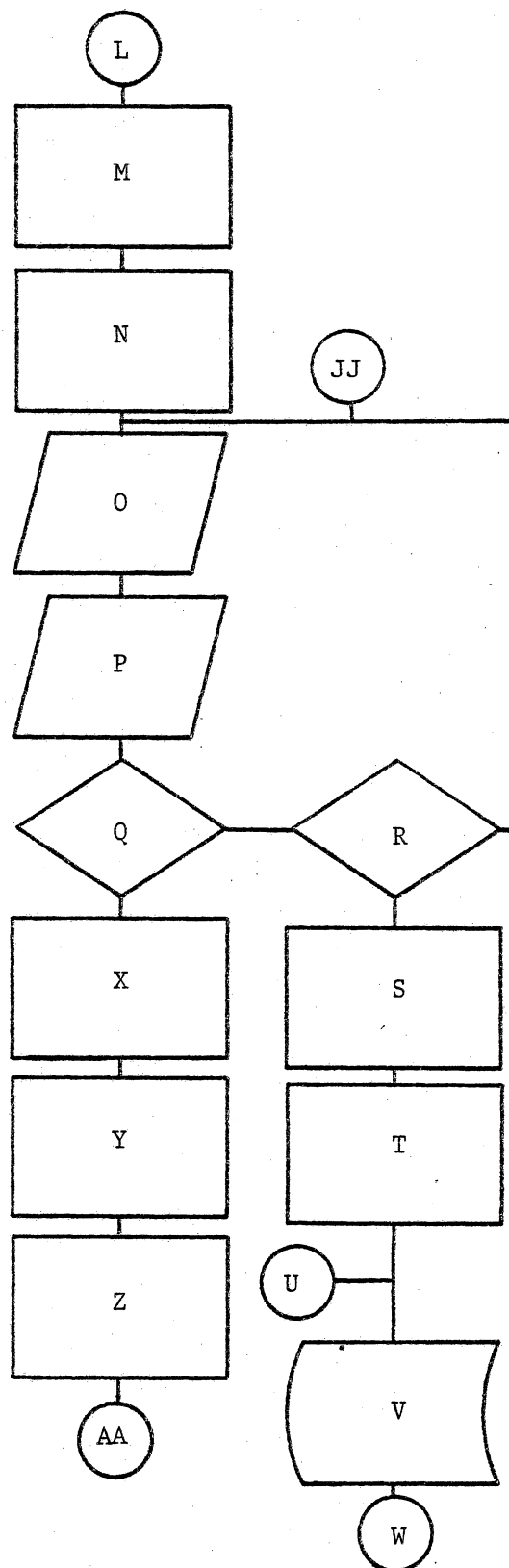


Controller Routine Flowchart

- A. Start routine
- B. Save flowrate and runtime
- C. Clear buffer area
- D. Set up data files
- E. A correct Enter?  
If it is, go to H  
If not, go to F
- F. Output bad Enter message
- G. Exit to Monitor
- H. Injection button depressed?  
If yes, go to I  
If not, check it again
- I. Output start message
- J. Reset start signal
- K. Output start signal to L.C.
- L. Next page



- L. From previous page
- M. Call subroutine Setup
- N. Initialize registers and buffer addresses
- O. Send trigger signal
- P. Output buffer to oscilloscope
- Q. Is the buffer full?  
If it is, go to X  
If not, go to R
- R. Is it the end of data?  
If it is, go to S  
If not, go to O
- S. Disable interrupts
- T. Adjust block count to correct value
- V. Write 512 words to disk
- X. Stop flow on L.C., put it on Hold
- Y. Disable interrupts
- Z. Set block and buffer addresses



BB. Write 512 points to disk

CC. Good write?

If it is, go to DD

If not, go to LL

DD. All 12 blocks written?

If they are, go to EE

If not, go to BB

EE. Start flow again, put L.C.  
on start

FF. Reinitialize buffer pointers

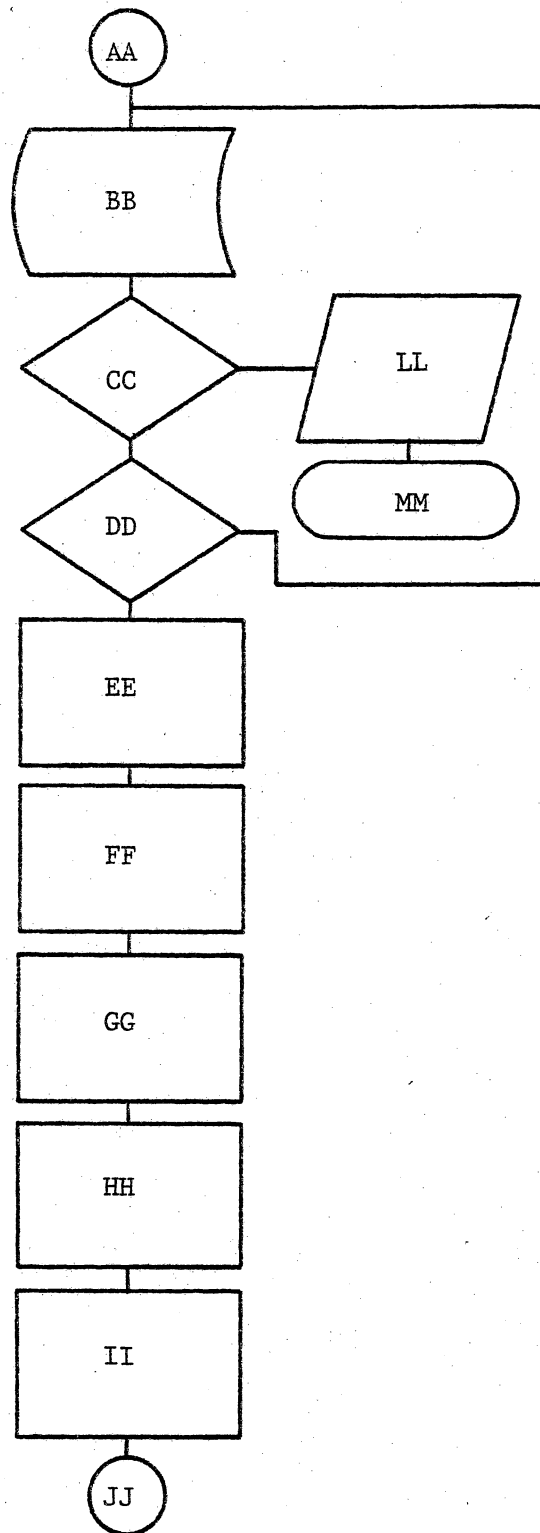
GG. Clear buffer

HH. Adjust block count

II. Enable interrupts

LL. Output bad write message

MM. Exit to Monitor



NN. Good write?  
 If yes, go to QQ  
 If not, go to OO

OO. Output bad write message

PP. Exit to monitor

QQ. All blocks written?  
 If yes, go to SS  
 If not, go to RR

SS. Close data channel

TT. Clear buffer

UU. Reinitialize L.C.

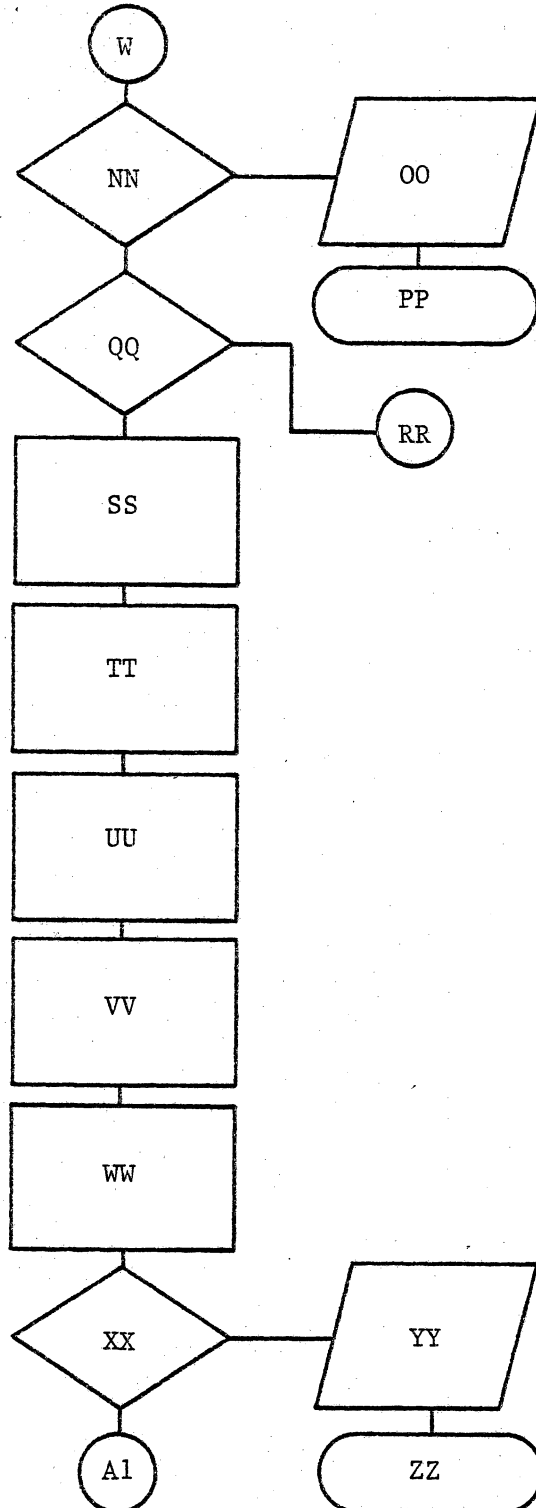
VV. Replace teletype interrupt  
 vector addresses

WW. Look up data file

XX. Was it a good look up?  
 If yes, go to A1  
 If not, go to YY

YY. Output bad look up message

ZZ. Exit to monitor



B1. Read 512 points from the disk

C1. Was it a good read?

If yes, go to G1

If not, go to D1

D1. Output bad read message

E1. Exit to monitor

G1. Set buffer display

H1. Output trigger signal

I1. Output points to oscilloscope

J1. Any teletype input?

If yes, go to M1

If not, go to K1

K1. Is the buffer done?

If yes, go to F1

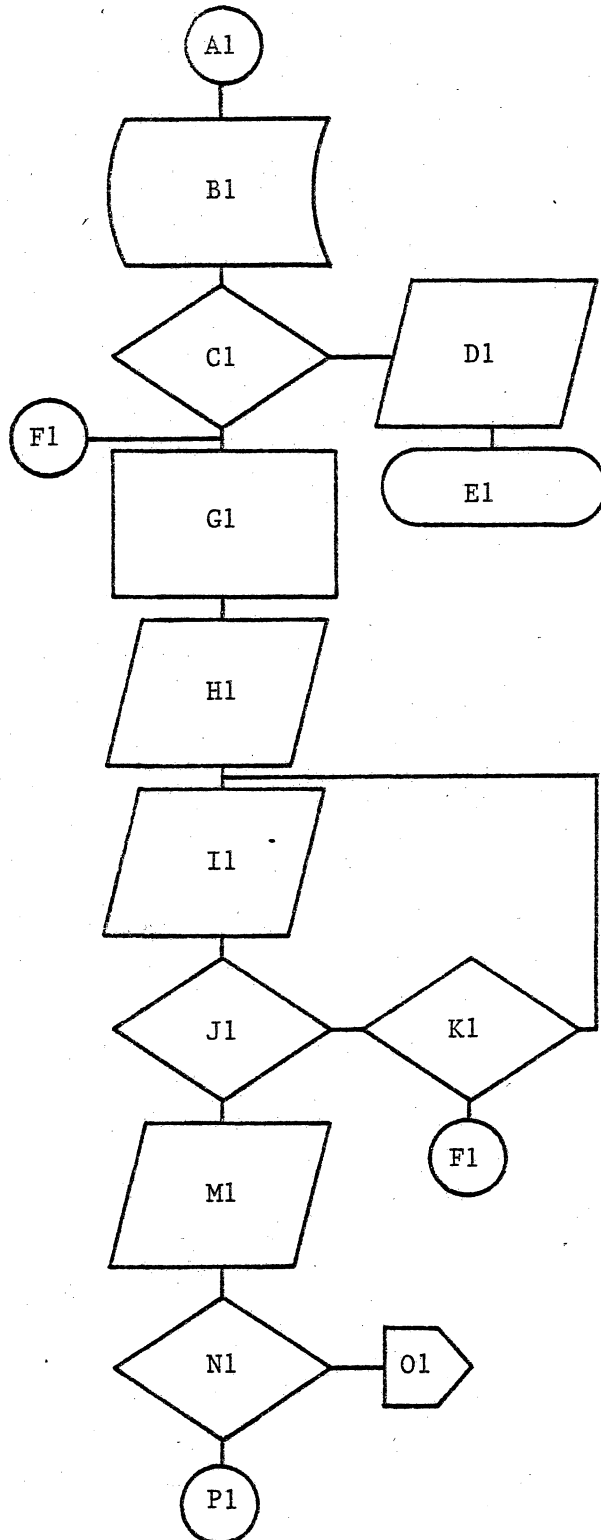
If not, go to I1

M1. Get character from TTY buffer

N1. Is it an 'N'?

If it is, go to P1

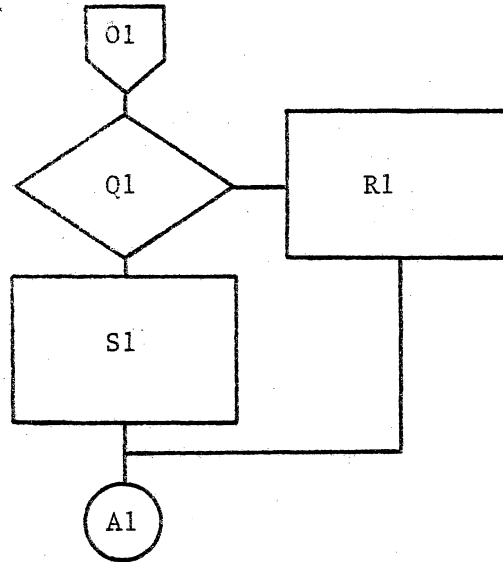
If not, go to O1



Q1. Is it an 'I'?  
 If it is, go to S1  
 If not, go to R1

R1. Decrement file pointer to previous  
 data block

S1. Increment file pointer to next  
 data block



T1. Output analysis question

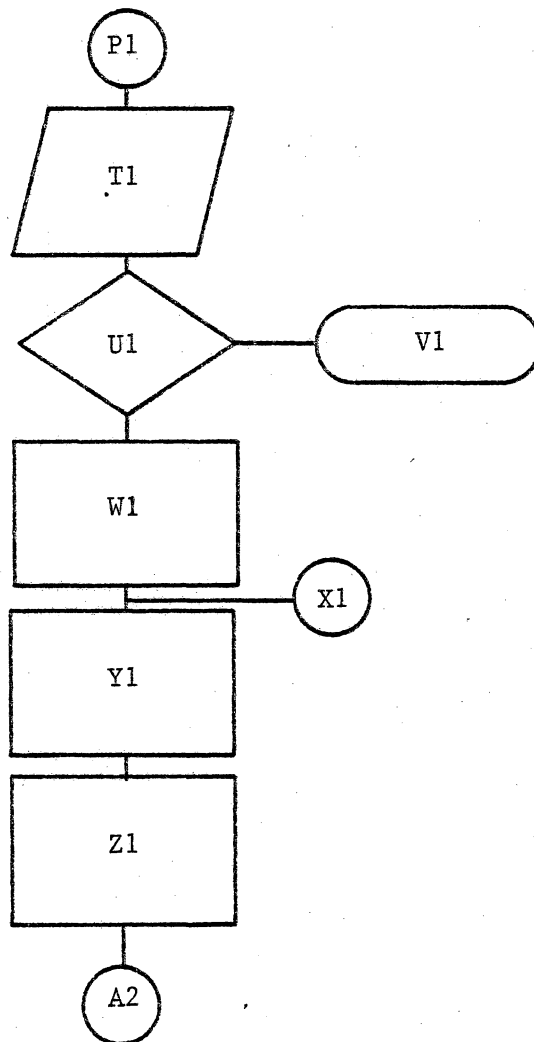
U1. Is the answer a 'Y'?  
 If it is, go to W1  
 If not, go to V1

V1. Return to report routine

W1. Clear counters and pointers

Y1. Set buffer area pointers

Z1. Clear buffer



B2. All blocks done?  
 If yes, go to D2  
 If not, go to G2

D2. Close channel

E2. Return to report routine

G2. Read data blocks in

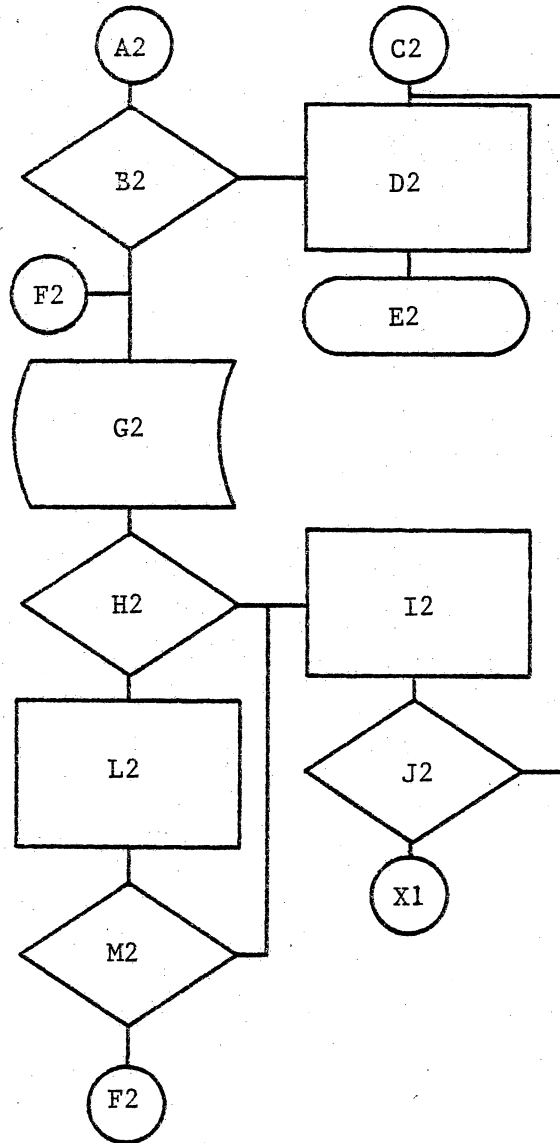
H2. Is buffer full?  
 If it is, go to I2  
 If not, go to L2

I2. Jump to peak processor subroutine

J2. All blocks done?  
 If yes, go to D2  
 If not, go to X1

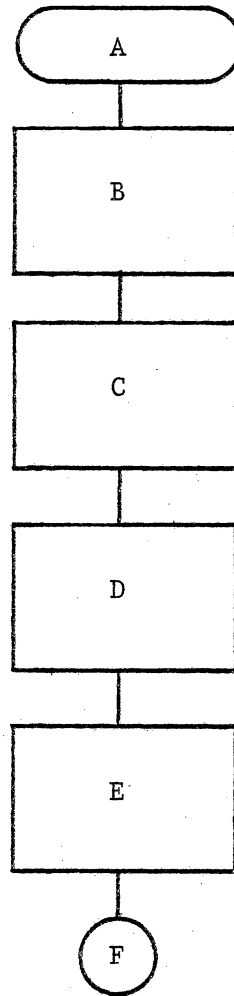
L2. Increment counters over bad core

M2. Are all blocks done?  
 If yes, go to I2  
 If not, go to F2



Setup Subroutine

- A. Start routine
- B. Set Data, EOD, and TTY interrupt vector addresses
- C. Save TTY monitor vector addresses
- D. Set ADC for operation
- E. Enable interrupts
- F. Return to control routine

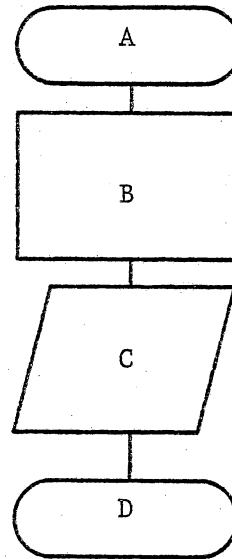




Data and End of Data  
Interrupt Flowcharts

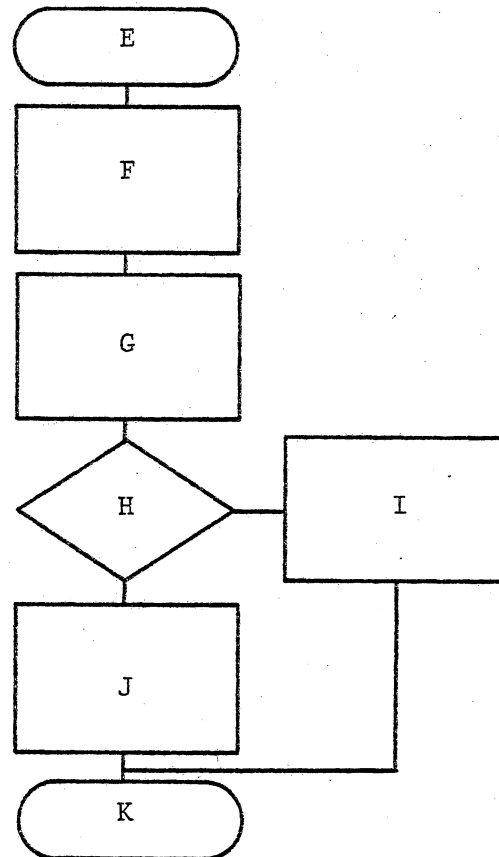
End of Data Interrupt

- A. Start routine
- B. Disable interrupts
- C. Print 'E' for end of run
- D. Return from interrupt



Data Interrupt

- E. Start routine
- F. Get data point
- G. Store in buffer
- H. End of buffer?  
If yes, go to J  
If no, go to I
- I. Return from interrupt
- J. Reset buffer pointers
- K. Return from interrupt



Teletype Interrupt Handler

A. Start routine

B. Input character

C. Is it an 'H'?  
If it is, go to D  
If not, go to G

D. Add run time to Hold signal

E. Output it to L.C. to put it  
on hold

F. Return from interrupt

G. Is it an 'S'?  
If it is, go to H  
If not, go to K

H. Add run time to start signal

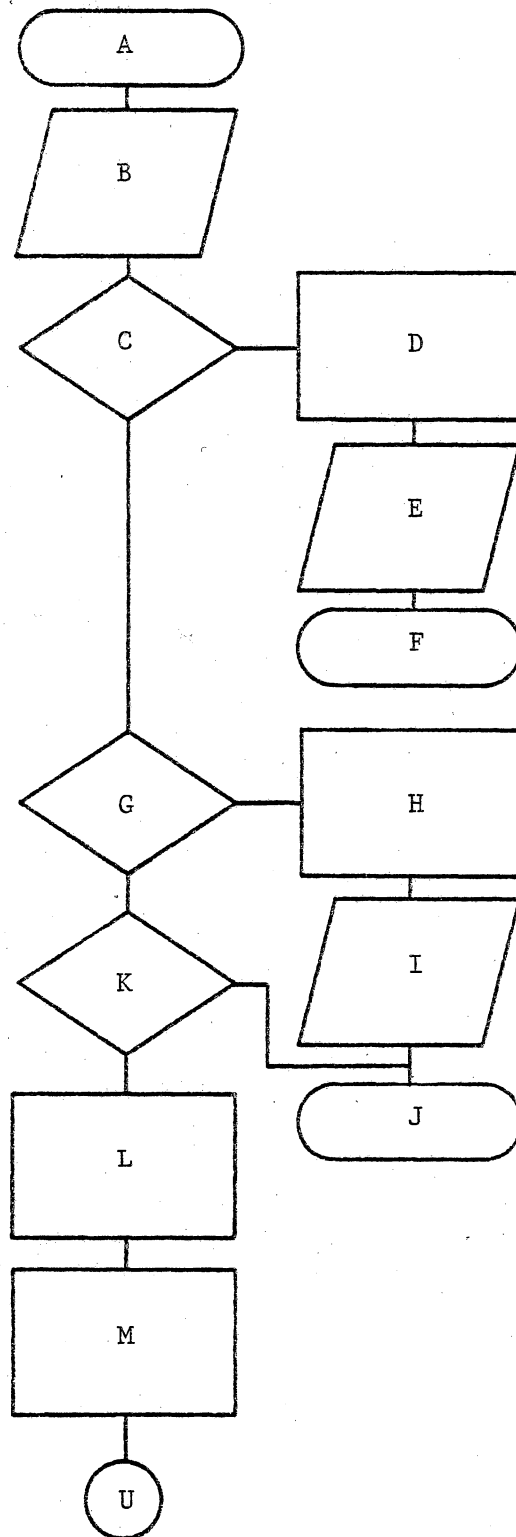
I. Output it to L.C. to start it

J. Return from interrupt

K. Is it an 'E'?  
If it is, go to L  
If not, go to J

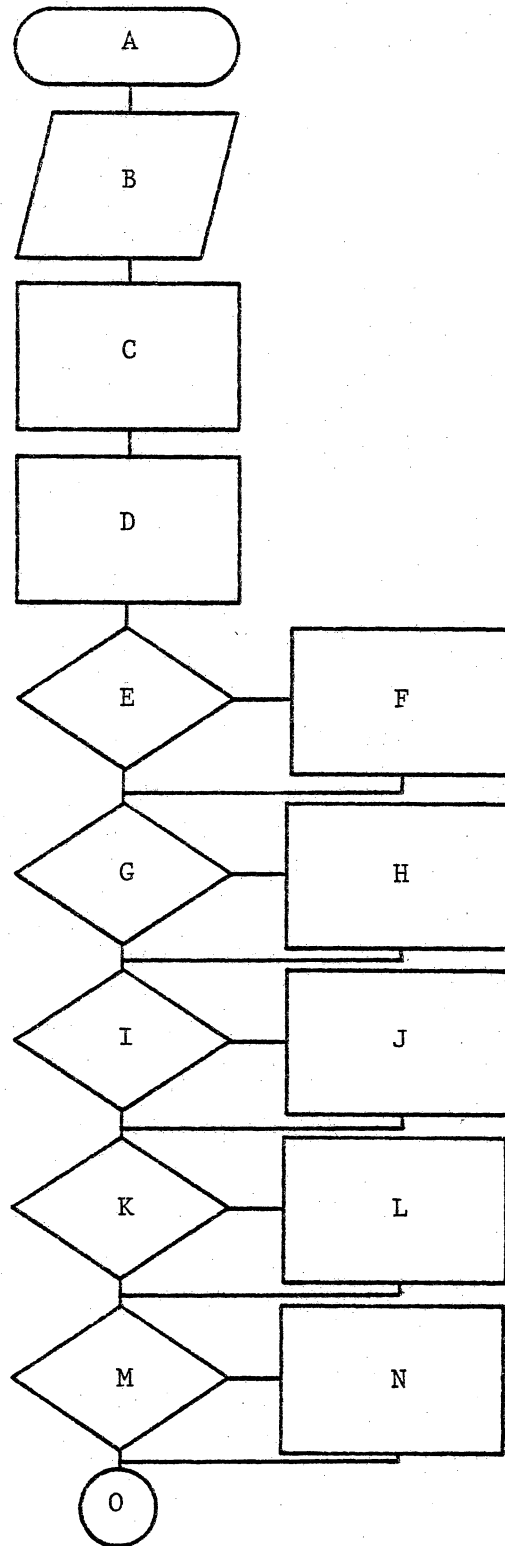
L. Disable interrupts

M. Pop stack twice to go to controller routine at point U

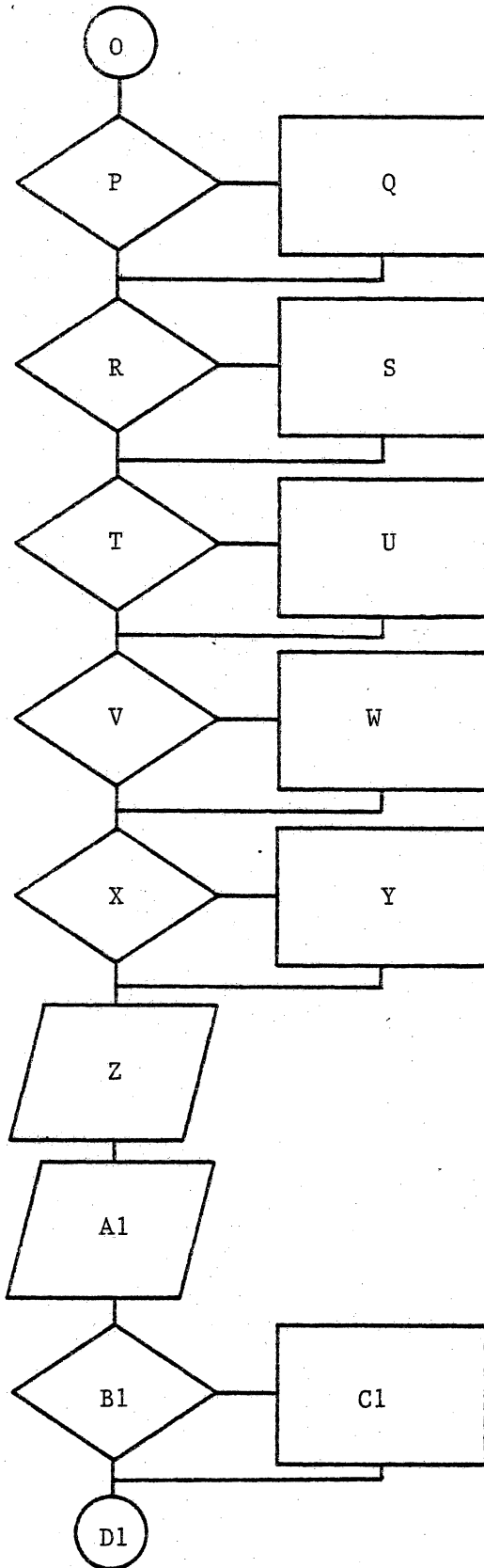


Time Calculation Flowchart

- A. Start routine
- B. Input time of day and echo it
- C. Convert hours to minutes  
add minutes to this total
- D. Multiply by 10 for better  
resolution
- E. Time GT 2880 min.?  
If it is, go to F  
If not, go to G
- F. Subtract 2880 from time,  $R2 + 2000$
- G. Time GT 1440 min?  
If it is, go to H  
If not, go to I
- H. Sub 1440 from time,  $R2 + 1000$
- I. Time GT 720 min?  
If it is, go to J  
If not, go to K
- J. Sub 720 from time,  $R2 + 400$
- K. Time GT 360 min?  
If it is, go to L  
If not, go to M
- L. Sub 360 from time,  $R2 + 200$
- M. Time GT 205 min?  
If it is, go to N  
If not, go to O
- N. Sub 205 from time,  $R2 + 100$



- P. Time GT 96 min?  
If it is, go to Q  
If not, go to R
- Q. Sub 96 from time,  $R2 + 40$
- R. Time GT 48 min?  
If it is, go to S  
If not, go to T
- S. Sub 48 from time,  $R2 + 20$
- T. Time GT 24 min?  
If it is, go to U  
If not, go to V
- U. Sub 24 from time,  $R2 + 10$
- V. Time GT 13.7 min?  
If it is, go to W  
If not, go to X
- W. Sub 13.7 from time,  $R2 + 4$
- X. Time GT 6.4 min?  
If it is, go to Y  
If not, go to Z
- Y. Sub 6.4 from time,  $R2 + 2$
- Z. Output R2 plus load signal 60000  
Input high clock value to R1  
Output read control word, 120000  
Input low clock value to R2
- A1. Shift bits four times  
Is the carry set?  
If it is, go to C1  
If not, go to D1
- C1. Move a 2 into R3



E1. Shift bits in R2, carry set?

If it is, go to F1

If not, go to G1

F1. Add 1 to R3, shift R2

G1. Carry set?

If it is, go to H1

If not, go to I1

H1. Move 16040 into R1, shift R2

I1. Carry set?

If it is, go to J1

If not, go to K1

J1. Add 7020 to R1, shift R2

K1. Carry set?

If it is, go to L1

If not, go to M1

L1. Add 4011 to R1 shift R2

M1. Carry set?

If it is, go to N1

If not, go to O1

N1. Add 1700 to R1, shift R2

O1. Carry set?

If it is, go to P1

If not, go to Q1

P1. Add 740 to R1, shift R2

Q1. Carry set?

If it is, go to R1

If not, go to S1

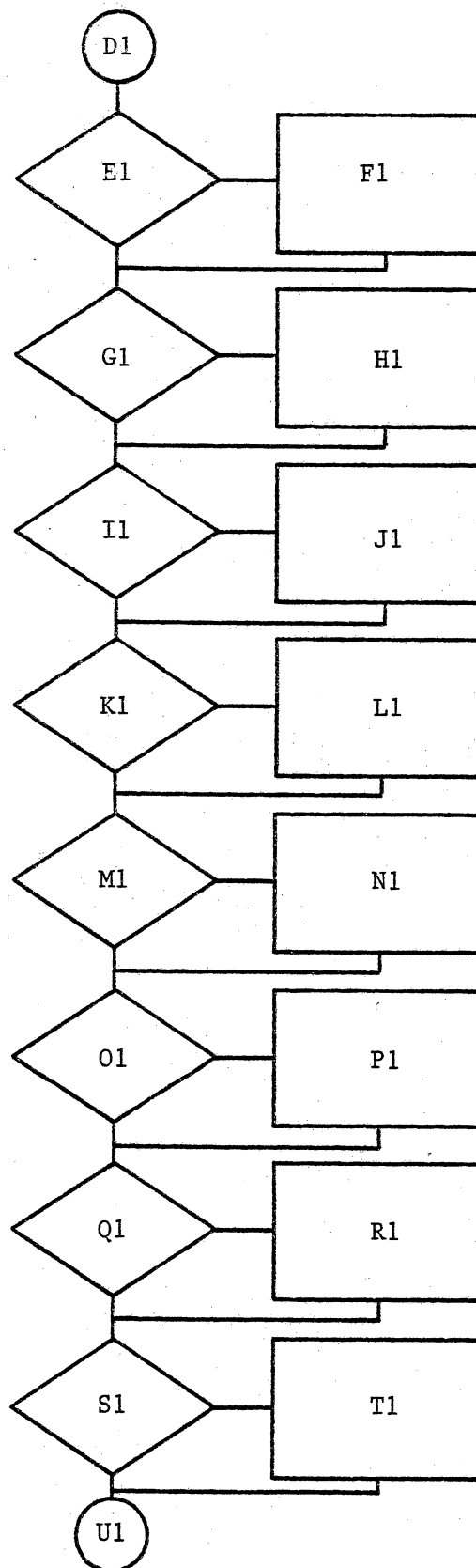
R1. Add 360 to R1, shift R2

S1. Carry set ?

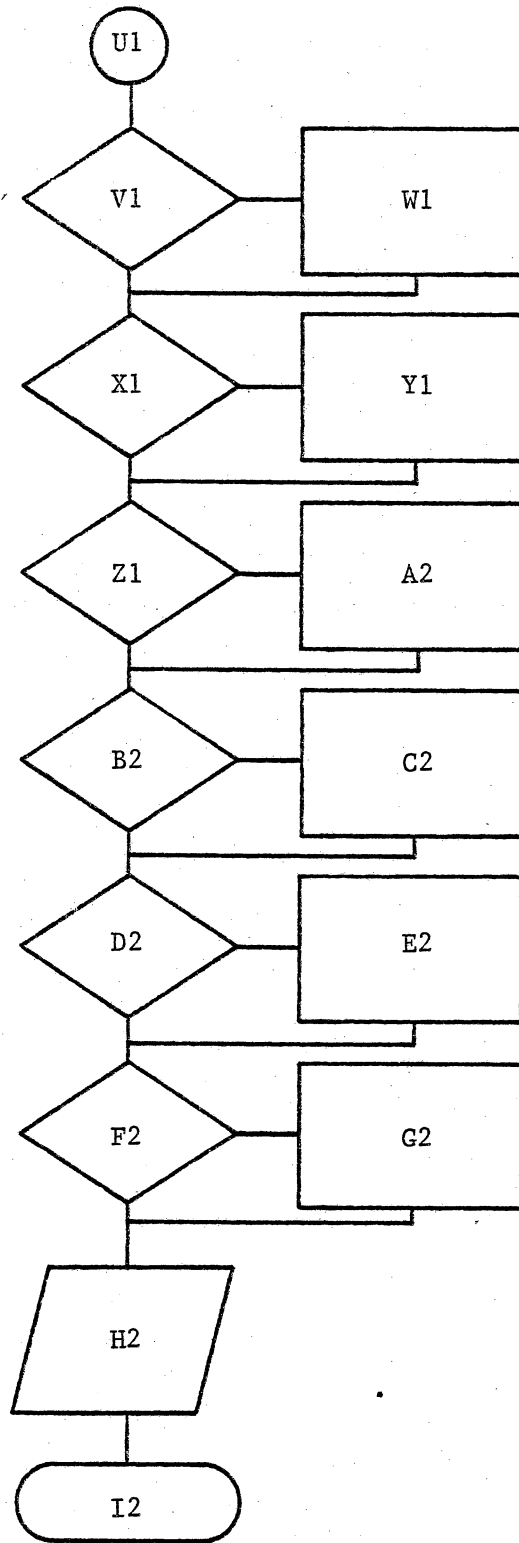
If it is, go to T1

If not, go to U1

T1. Add 211 to R1, shift R2



U1. Carry set?  
     If it is, go to W1  
     If not, go to X1  
 W1. Add 100 to R1, shift R2  
 X1. Carry set?  
     If it is, go to Y1  
     If not, go to Z1  
 Y1. Add 40 to R1, shift R2  
 Z1. Carry set?  
     If it is, go to A2  
     If not, go to B2  
 A2. Add 20 to R1, shift R2  
 B2. Carry set?  
     If it is, go to C2  
     If not, go to D2  
 C2. Add 11 to R1, shift R4 five times  
 D2. Carry set?  
     If it is, go to E2  
     If not, go to F2  
 E2. Add 4 to R1, shift R4 twice  
 F2. Carry set?  
     If it is, go to G2  
     If not, go to H2  
 G2. Add 2 to R1  
 H2. Output time to teletype  
 I2. Return to main routine



Peak Processor Flowchart

A. Start routine

B. Initialize parameters, BS = 0

D. S1 = 1, MN = 7777  
S2 = 0, MX = 100000

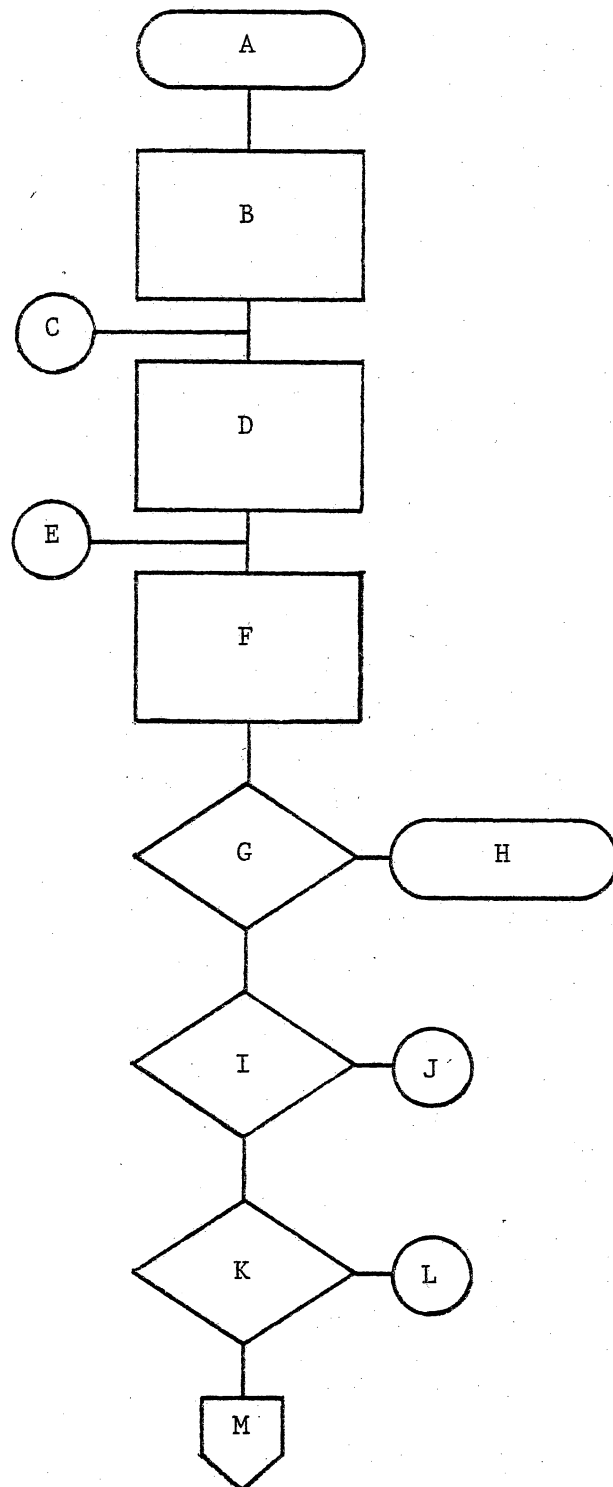
F. Decrement buffer count

G. Buffer count = 0?  
If it does, go to H  
If not, go to I

H. Return to Control routine

I. Point LT MN?  
If it is, go to K  
If not, go to J

K. BS = 1?  
If it does, go to M  
If not, go to L



N. Point  $GT 0.5(\text{Max} - \text{Min})$  ?

If it is, go to P

If not, go to O

O. Calculate width,  $BS = 2$

P. Update MN and time

Q. Update area if on peak

R. Decreasing trend?

If it is, go to T

If not, go to S

T. Increment  $S1$

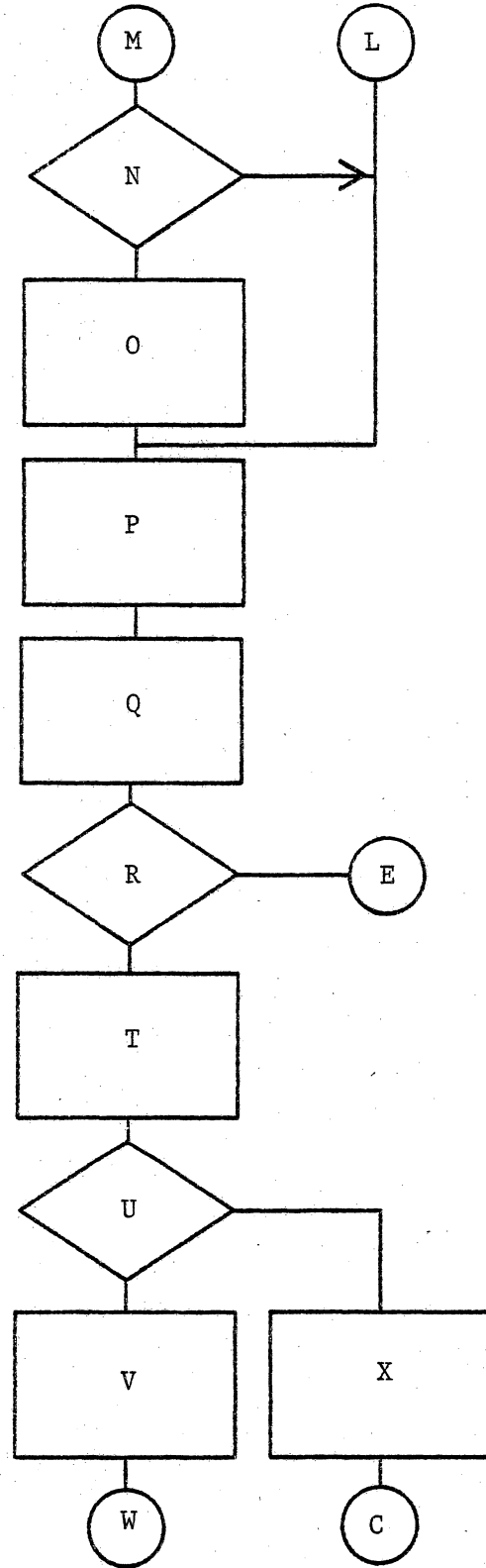
U.  $S2 = 0$ ?

If it does, go to V

If not, go to X

V.  $MX = 100000$

X.  $BS = 1$





Y. Update: area, MX, and time

Z. Increasing trend?

If it is, go to A1

If not, go to W

A1. S1 = 0?

If it does, go to B1

If not, go to C1

C1. Increment S2, S1 = 0

D1. Store time and value of  
leading minimum

E1. BS = 0?

If it does, go to J1

If not, go to F1

F1. BS = 1 or 2?

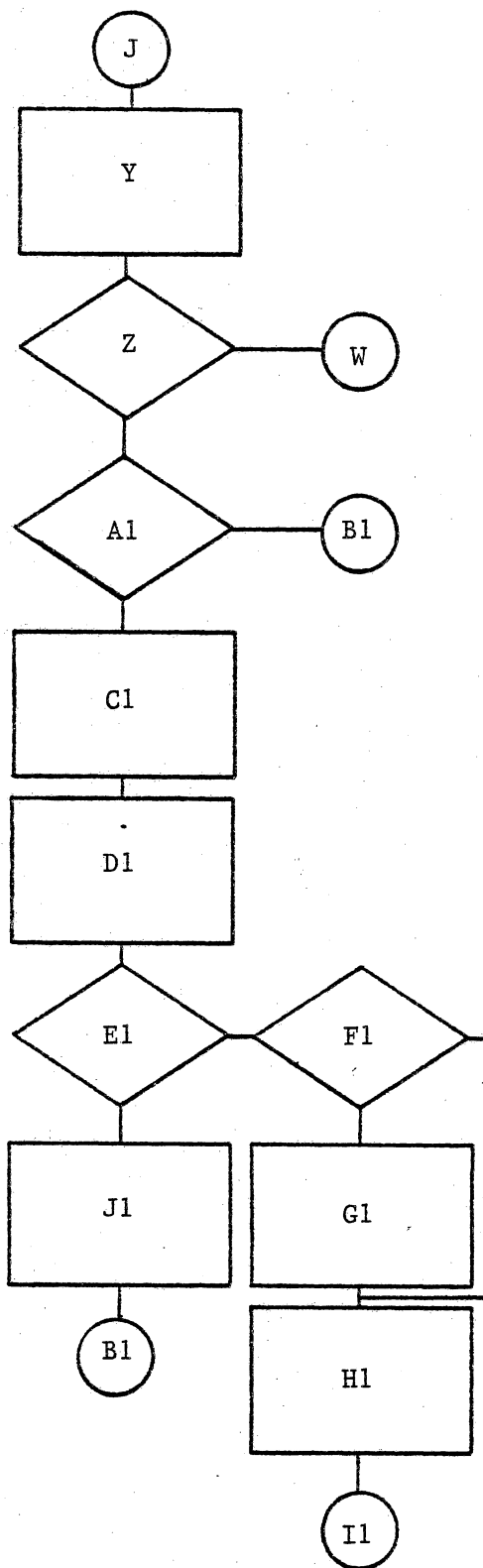
If it is 1, go to G1

If it is 2, go to H1

G1. Calculate width

H1. Type of peak is 0

J1. Set up for baseline calculations



K1. Output peak parameters

L1. BS = 2

M1. Replace MN with MX

N1. BS = 2?

If it does, go to O1

If not, go to E

O1. S1 = 0?

If it does, go to E

If not, go to P1

P1. Point far enough past peak?

If it is, go to Q1

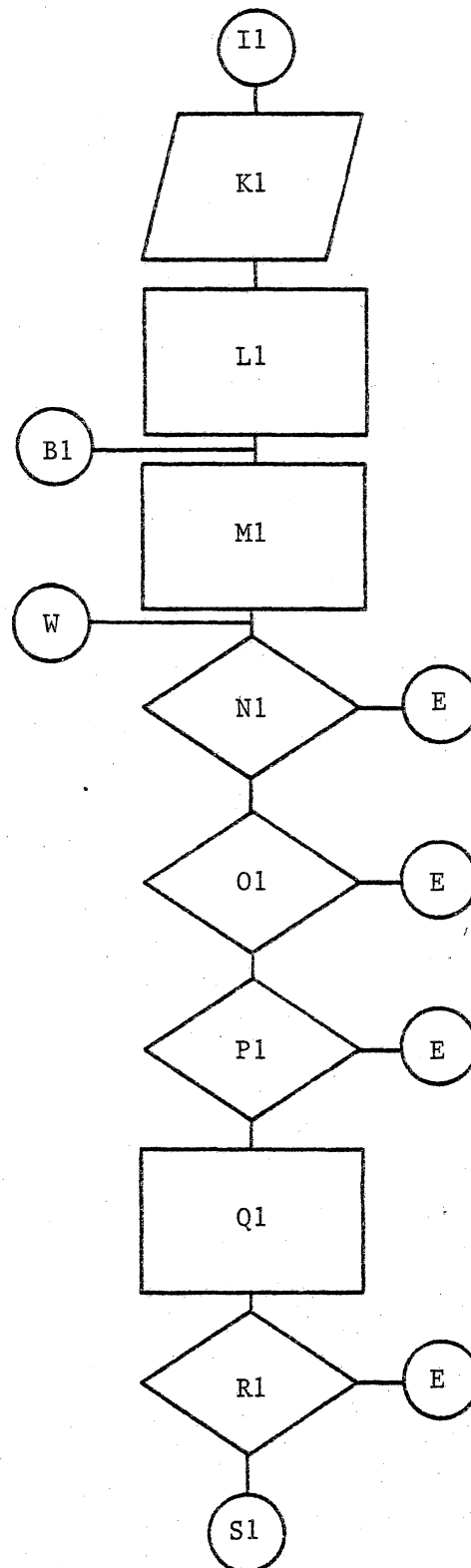
If not, go to E

Q1. Calculate and store slope

R1. New slope GT old slope?

If it is, go to S1

If not, go to E



T1. Increment slope counter

U1. Is it LT 2?

If it is, go to E

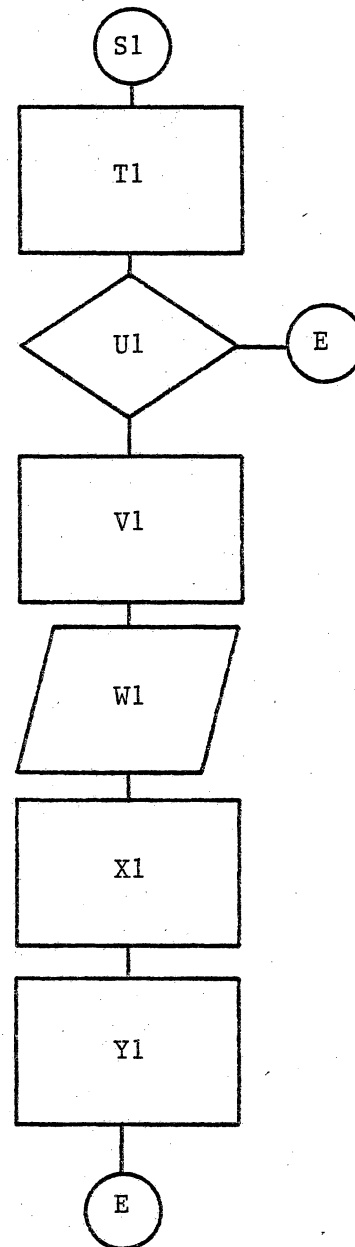
If not, go to V1

V1. Peak type is 1

W1. Output peak parameters

X1. BS = 0

Y1. Reinitialize parameters



APPENDIX B

```

1          .TITLE REPORT ROUTINE
2          .GLUBL BEGIN,FUNAM,IRAD50,RATE
3          .MCALL ..V2...REGDEF,.EXIT
4 000000   ..V2..
5 000000   .REGDEF
6          ;
7          ;
8          ;THIS IS THE REPORT PROGRAM
9          ;THIS TAKES CARE OF MOST INTERACTIONS WITH THE
10         ;USER. ALL INFORMATION FROM THE USER IS ASKED
11         ;FOR HERE. THE PROGRAM THEN CALLS THE MAIN RUNNING
12         ;PROGRAM, CALLED CONTROL, STARTING AT BEGIN.
13         ;
14         ;
15 00000 012737   MOV      #100000,@#167762      ;INIATIALIZE FLUW
          100000
          167762
16 00006 052737   BIS      #010000,@#44         ;SET MONITOR FOR SPECIAL I/O
          010000
          000044
17 00014 012737   MOV      #010000,@#167762      ;INITIALIZE SWEEP
          010000
          167762
18 00022 012700   MOV      #DAT,RO              ;ASK DATE
          002170
19 00026 004767   JSR      PC,OUT                ;OUTPUT DATE REQUEST
          001730
20 00032 004767   JSR      PC,IN                 ;GET DATE FROM USER
          001746
21 00036 012700   MOV      #DPER,RO              ;ASK OPERATORS NAME
          002237
22 00042 004767   JSR      PC,OUT                ;
          001714
23 00046 004767   JSR      PC,IN                 ;
          001732
24 00052 012700   MOV      #RUN,RO              ;GET THE RUN NUMBER
          002254
25 00056 004767   JSR      PC,OUT                ;
          001700
26 00062 004767   JSR      PC,INP              ;
          001744
27 00066 010167   MOV      R1,RUNNUM              ;SAVE THE RUN NUMBER
          002056
28 00072 012767   MOV      #10,KEY                ;SET OUTPUT CONTROL SO INITIALLY ALL
          000010
          002064
29                                     ;REPORT NOTES ARE TAKEN

```

```

30 00100 012767 RDUND:  MOV    #FDNAM,RADLST+6    ;PUT FILE HANDLER ADDRESS IN RAD50 LIST
      002102
      002014
31 00106 005067          CLR    FDNAM                ;CLEAR THE FILE NAME AREA
      001770
32 00112 005067          CLR    FDNAM+2
      001766
33 00116 005067          CLR    FDNAM+4
      001764
34 00122 005067          CLR    FDNAM+6
      001762
35 00126 005067          CLR    FDNAM+10
      001760
36 00132 012704          MOV    #CHRSTR,R4        ;SET TTY BUFFER ADDRESS
      002126
37 00136 012703          MOV    #14,R3           ;SET CHAR COUNT
      000014
38 00142 012700          MOV    #FIL,R0          ;MSG ASKING FOR FILE NAME
      002201
39 00146 004767          JSR    PC,OUT           ;OUTPUT MSG
      001610
40 00152 105737 INT:    TSTB   @#177560          ;GET FILE NAME
      177560
41 00156 002375          BGE    INT                ;WAIT FOR CHAR TO SENT
42 00160 013737          MOV    @#177562,@#177566          ;ECHO THE CHAR.
      177562
      177566
43 00166 013700          MOV    @#177562,R0        ;STRIP OFF UNNECESSARY BITS AND SAVE
      177562
44 00172 042700          BIC    #177600,R0
      177600
45 00176 110014 VDMIS:  MOVB   R0,(R4)          ;SAVE CHAR IN RAD50 LIST
46 00200 005204          INC    R4
47 00202 005303          DEC    R3
48 00204 001362          BNE    INT                ;RESET COUNT
49 00206 012705 RADCH:  MOV    #RADLST,R5        ;SEE IF COUNT DONE
      002114
      ;SET UP JUMP TO SUR
50 00212 004767          JSR    PC,IRAD50         ;GO CONVERT VALUES TO RAD50
      0000006
51 00216 006267          ASR    KEY                ;CHECK IF DESIRE FIRST SET
      001742
52 00222 103026          BCC    TWO                ;OF QUESTIONS ASKED
53 00224 012700          MOV    #Q0,R0            ;TYPE OF SAMPLE
      002273
54 00230 004767          JSR    PC,OUT
      001526
55 00234 012700          MOV    #Q1,R0            ;SAMPLE NAME

```

56	00240	002307' 004767 001516	JSR	PC,OUT	!OUTPUT QUESTION
57	00244	004767 001534	JSR	PC,IN	!GET ANSWER
58	00250	012700 002317'	MOV	#Q2,RO	!ASK FOR VOLUME
59	00254	004767 001502	JSR	PC,OUT	
60	00260	004767 001520	JSR	PC,IN	
61	00264	012700 002331'	MOV	#Q3,RO	!ASK FOR CONCENTRATION
62	00270	004767 001466	JSR	PC,OUT	
63	00274	004767 001504	JSR	PC,IN	
64	00300	006267 TWD: 001660	ASR	KEY	!CHECK IF SECTION TWO TO BE DONE
65	00304	103050	BCC	THREE	
66	00306	012700 002341'	MOV	#Q4,RO	!OUTPUT TITLE: COLUMN SPECS
67	00312	004767 001444	JSR	PC,OUT	
68	00316	012700 002374'	MOV	#Q5,RO	!MANUFACTURER
69	00322	004767 001434	JSR	PC,OUT	
70	00326	004767 001452	JSR	PC,IN	
71	00332	012700 002414'	MOV	#A2,RO	!COLUMN PACKING
72	00336	004767 001420	JSR	PC,OUT	
73	00342	004767 001436	JSR	PC,IN	
74	00346	012700 002427'	MOV	#A3,RO	!COLUMN LENGTH
75	00352	004767 001404	JSR	PC,OUT	
76	00356	004767 001422	JSR	PC,IN	
77	00362	012700 002441'	MOV	#A4,RO	!COLUMN DIAMETER
78	00366	004767 001370	JSR	PC,OUT	
79	00372	004767	JSR	PC,IN	

80	00376	001436 012700 002465	MOV	#A5,RO	:COLUMN PRESSURE
81	00402	004767 001354	JSR	PC,OUT	
82	00406	004767 001372	JSR	PC,IN	
83	00412	012700 002510	MOV	#A6,RO	:TEMPERATURE
84	00416	004767 001340	JSR	PC,OUT	
85	00422	004767 001356	JSR	PC,IN	
86	00426	006267 001532	THREE: ASR	KEY	:CHECK FOR THIRD SECTION
87	00432	103034	BCC	FOUR	
88	00434	012700 002523	MOV	#B0,RO	:TITLE: DETECTOR
89	00440	004767 001316	JSR	PC,OUT	
90	00444	012700 002541	MOV	#B1,RO	:TYPE OF DETECTOR
91	00450	004767 001306	JSR	PC,OUT	
92	00454	004767 001324	JSR	PC,IN	
93	00460	012700 002551	MOV	#B2,RO	:D. D. VALUE
94	00464	004767 001272	JSR	PC,OUT	
95	00470	004767 001310	JSR	PC,IN	
96	00474	012700 002570	MOV	#B3,RO	:DETECTOR MODE
97	00500	004767 001256	JSR	PC,OUT	
98	00504	004767 001274	JSR	PC,IN	
99	00510	012700 002530	MOV	#B4,RO	:WAVELENGTH
100	0514	004767 001242	JSR	PC,OUT	
101	0520	004767 001260	JSR	PC,IN	
102	0524	006267 001434	FOUR: ASR	KEY	:SECTION FOUR?
103	0530	103054	BCC	FIVE	



```

104 0532 012700 REP1:  MOV    #C0,R0          ;RUN TIME
                   002516
105 0536 004767      JSR    PC,OUT
                   001220
106 0542 004767      JSR    PC,INP
                   001254
107 0546 010167      MOV    R1,SWEEP
                   001410
108 0552 026727      CMP    SWEEP,#3202          ;ADJUST VALUE SO THAT THE LC CAN USE IT
                   001404
                   003202
109 0560 100405      BMI    ALRITE          ;CHECK IF IT IS WITHIN RANGE
110 0562 012700      MOV    #E7,R0          ;IF NOT OUTPUT ERROR MSG
                   003133
111 0566 004767      JSR    PC,OUT
                   001170
112 0572 000757      BR     REP1
113 0574 012700 ALRITE: MOV    #C1,R0          ;GET FLOWRATE
                   002644
114 0600 004767      JSR    PC,OUT
                   001156
115 0604 004767      JSR    PC,INP
                   001222
116 0610 010167      MOV    R1,FLOW          ;SAVE IT
                   001352
117 0614 026727      CMP    FLOW,#145          ;SEE IF IT IS IN RANGE
                   001346
                   000145
118 0622 100405      BMI    DESCE
119 0624 012700      MOV    #E7,R0          ;OUTPUT ERROR MSG IF NOT
                   003133
120 0630 004767      JSR    PC,OUT
                   001126
121 0634 000757      BR     ALRITE
122 0636 012700 DESCE: MOV    #C2,R0          ;GET DATA RATE
                   002703
123 0642 004767      JSR    PC,OUT
                   001114
124 0646 004767      JSR    PC,INP
                   001160
125 0652 010137      MOV    R1,#167752          ;OUTPUT DATA RATE TO TIMER
                   167752
126 0656 010167      MOV    R1,RATE          ;SAVE DATA RATE
                   001216
127 0662 006267 FIVE: ASR    KEY          ;DD SECTION FIVE?
                   001276
128 0666 103042      BCC    SIX

```

```

129 0670 012700      MOV      #00,RO          ;TITLE: MOBILE PHASE
      002725'
130 0674 004767      JSR      PC,OUT
      001062
131 0700 012700      MOV      #01,RO          ;PHASE A
      002747'
132 0704 004767      JSR      PC,OUT
      001052
133 0710 004767      JSR      PC,IN
      001070
134 0714 012700      MOV      #02,RO          ;PHASE B
      002754'
135 0720 004767      JSR      PC,OUT
      001036
136 0724 004767      JSR      PC,IN
      001054
137 0730 012700      MOV      #03,RO          ;GRADIENT SLOPE
      002761'
138 0734 004767      JSR      PC,OUT
      001022
139 0740 004767      JSR      PC,IN
      001040
140 0744 012700      MOV      #04,RO          ;%A AT START
      003003'
141 0750 004767      JSR      PC,OUT
      001006
142 0754 004767      JSR      PC,IN
      001024
143 0760 012700      MOV      #05,RO          ;%A AT END
      003022'
144 0764 004767      JSR      PC,OUT
      000772
145 0770 004767      JSR      PC,IN
      001010
146 0774 022767 SIX:  CMP      #1,SKIP          ;IS FLOW,DATA RATE,AND RUN TIMESET?
      000001
      001154
147 1002 001574      BEQ      WAYOUT          ;GO BR IF IT IS
148      ;
149      ;
150      ;
151      ;THIS SECTION TAKES THE RUN TIME AND CONVERTS IT
152      ;TO A FORM USABLE BY THE LC.
153      ;BIT0 = 1 MIN IF SET TO A ZERO
154      ;BIT1 = 2 MIN, BIT2 = 4 MIN, BIT3 = 8 MIN
155      ;BIT4 = 10 MIN, ETC.
156      ;THIS IS DONE BY SUBTRACTING VALUES CORRESPONDING

```

```

157                                ;TO THE BITS TO BE SET
158                                ;
159                                ;
160                                ;
161 1004 005002                    CLR      R2
162 1006 026727                    GMP      SWEEP,#1440          ;CHECK FOR 800 MINS.
      001150
      001440
163 1014 100405                    BMI      A
164 1016 162767                    SUB      #1440,SWEEP
      001440
      001136
165 1024 062702                    ADD      #4000,R2
      004000
166 1030 026727 A:                 CMP      SWEEP,#620          ;CHECK FOR 400 MINS.
      001126
      000620
167 1036 100405                    BMI      B
168 1040 162767                    SUB      #620,SWEEP
      000620
      001114
169 1046 062702                    ADD      #2000,R2
      002000
170 1052 026727 B:                 CMP      SWEEP,#310          ;CHECK FOR 200 MINS.
      001104
      000310
171 1060 100405                    BMI      C
172 1062 162767                    SUB      #310,SWEEP
      000310
      001072
173 1070 062702                    ADD      #1000,R2
      001000
174 1074 026727 C:                 CMP      SWEEP,#144          ;CHECK FOR 100 MINS.
      001062
      000144
175 1102 100405                    BMI      D
176 1104 162767                    SUB      #144,SWEEP
      000144
      001050
177 1112 062702                    ADD      #400,R2
      000400
178 1116 026727 D:                 CMP      SWEEP,#120          ;CHECK FOR 80 MINS
      001040
      000120
179 1124 100405                    BMI      E
180 1126 162767                    SUB      #120,SWEEP
      000120

```

181	1134	001026 062702 000200	ADD	#200,R2	
182	1140	026727 E: 001016 000050	CHP	SWEEP,#50	;CHECK FOR 40 MINS.
183	1146	100405	BMI	F	
184	1150	162767 000050 001004	SUB	#50,SWEEP	
185	1156	062702 000100	ADD	#100,R2	
186	1162	026727 F: 000774 000024	CHP	SWEEP,#24	;CHECK FOR 20 MINS.
187	1170	100405	BMI	G	
188	1172	162767 000024 000762	SUB	#24,SWEEP	
189	1200	062702 000040	ADD	#40,R2	
190	1204	026727 G: 000752 000012	CHP	SWEEP,#12	;CHECK FOR 10 MINS.
191	1212	100405	BMI	H	
192	1214	162767 000012 000740	SUB	#12,SWEEP	
193	1222	062702 000020	ADD	#20,R2	
194	1226	026727 H: 000730 000010	CHP	SWEEP,#10	;CHECK FOR 8 MINS.
195	1234	100405	BMI	I	
196	1236	162767 000010 000716	SUB	#10,SWEEP	
197	1244	062702 000010	ADD	#10,R2	
198	1250	026727 I: 000706 000004	CHP	SWEEP,#4	;CHECK FOR 4 MINS.
199	1256	100405	BMI	J	
200	1260	162767 000004 000674	SUB	#4,SWEEP	
201	1266	062702	ADD	#4,R2	

```

000004
202 1272 026727 J:  CMP  SWEEP,#2          ;CHECK FOR 2 MINS.
000664
000002
203 1300 100405  BMI  K
204 1302 162767  SUB  #2,SWEEP
000002
000652
205 1310 062702  ADD  #2,R2
000002
206 1314 026727 K:  CMP  SWEEP,#1          ;CHECK FOR 1 MIN
000642
000001
207 1322 100402  BMI  L
208 1324 062702  ADD  #1,R2
000001
209 1330 005102 L:  COM  R2          ;GET THE COMPLEMENT OF THE VALUE
210 1332 010267  MOV  R2,SWEEP      ;SAVE THE VALUE
000624
211 1336 042767  BIC  #170000,SWEEP ;CLEAR ALL EXTRA BITS
170000
000616

212          ;
213          ;
214          ;
215          ;CALCULATE THE FLOW RATE BY MULTIPLYING BY THE CONVERSION FACTOR
216          ;
217          ;
218 1344 016701  MOV  FLOW,R1
000616
219 1350 070127  MUL  #122,R1
000122
220 1354 005000  CLR  R0
221 1356 071027  DIV  #10,R0
000010
222 1362 010067  MOV  R0,FLOW
000600
223 1366 062767  ADD  #100000,FLOW ;SET BIT 15 SO FLOW GOES TO DAC
100000
000572
224 1374 016737 WAYOUT: MOV  FLOW,@#167762 ;MOVE FLOW TO LC
000566
167762
225 1402 012737  MOV  #010000,@#167762 ;INITIALIZE SYSTEM AGAIN
010000
167762
226 1410 016700  MOV  FLOW,R0          ;SEND FLOW AND RUN TIME TO SUBROUTINE

```

```

000552
227 1414 016701      MOV      SWEEP,R1
000542
228 1420 004767      JSR      PC,BEGIN      ;START THE CONTROLLER PROGRAM
000000G
229 1424 012700      MOV      #E0,R0      ;ANOTHER RUN?
003037'
230 1430 005067      CLR      KEY          ;THIS PART SETS THE KEY BY
000530
231 1434 004767      JSR      PC,OUT      ;SETTING THE BITS AFTER ASKING IF
000322
232 1440 004767      JSR      PC,INP      ;THE SECTION SHOULD BE DONE
000366
233 1444 022701      CMP      #51,R1      ;51 STANDS FOR YES
000051
234 1450 001143      BNE      OVER
235 1452 012700      MOV      #E1,R0      ;TITLE: SECTION CHANGE
003061'
236 1456 004767      JSR      PC,OUT
000300
237 1462 012700      MOV      #E2,R0      ;SECTION 1?
003102'
238 1466 004767      JSR      PC,OUT
000270
239 1472 004767      JSR      PC,INP
000334
240 1476 022701      CMP      #51,R1
000051
241 1502 001003      BNE      NONE
242 1504 062767      ADD      #1,KEY
000001
000452
243 1512 012700 NDNE:  MOV      #E3,R0      ;SECTION 2?
003107'
244 1516 004767      JSR      PC,OUT
000240
245 1522 004767      JSR      PC,INP
000304
246 1526 022701      CMP      #51,R1
000051
247 1532 001003      BNE      NTWD
248 1534 062767      ADD      #2,KEY
000002
000422
249 1542 012700 NTWD:  MOV      #E4,R0      ;SECTION 3?
003114'
250 1546 004767      JSR      PC,OUT

```

```

000210
251 1552 004767      JSR      PC,INP
000254
252 1556 022701      CMP      #51,R1
000051
253 1562 001003      BNE      NTHRE
254 1564 062767      ADD      #4,KEY
000004
000372
255 1572 012700 NTHRE:  MOV      #E5,RO          ;SECTION 47
003121'
256 1576 004767      JSR      PC,OUT
000160
257 1602 004767      JSR      PC,INP
000224
258 1606 012767      MOV      #1,SKIP
000001
000342
259 1614 022701      CMP      #51,R1
000051
260 1620 001005      BNE      NFOUR
261 1622 062767      ADD      #10,KEY
000010
000334
262 1630 005067      CLR      SKIP
000322
263 1634 012700 NFOUR:  MOV      #E6,RO          ;SECTION 57
003126'
264 1640 004767      JSR      PC,OUT
000116
265 1644 004767      JSR      PC,INP
000162
266 1650 022701      CMP      #51,R1
000051
267 1654 001003      BNE      NFIVE
268 1656 062767      ADD      #20,KEY
000020
000300
269 1664 012700 NFIVE:  MOV      #RUN,RO        ;OUTPUT RUN NUMBER
002254'
270 1670 004767      JSR      PC,OUT
000066
271 1674 005267      INC      RUNNUM
000260
272 1700 016701      MOV      RUNNUM,R1
000254
273 1704 026727      CMP      RUNNUM,#12

```

```

000250
000012
274 1712 100407      BMI   NOTENS
275 1714 162767      SUB   #12,RUNNUM
000012
000236
276 1722 012700      MOV   #WUN,RO
002076
277 1726 004767      JSR   PC,OUT
000030
278 1732 012700 NOTENS: MOV   #RUNNUM,RO
002160
279 1736 062767      ADD   #260,RUNNUM
000260
000214
280 1744 004767      JSR   PC,OUT
000012
281 1750 010167      MOV   R1,RUNNUM
000204
282 1754 000167      JMP   ROUND
176120
283 1760      OVER: .EXIT
284 1762 112037 OUT:  MOVB   (RO)+,@#177566      ;ROUTINE TO OUTPUT MESSAGES
177566
285 1766 105737 HOLD: TSTB   @#177564
177564
286 1772 002375      BGE   HOLD
287 1774 122710      CMPB  #0,(RO)
000000
288 2000 001370      BNE   OUT
289 2002 000207      RTS   PC
290 2004 105737 IN:   TSTB   @#177560      ;ROUTINE TO INPUT CHARS.
177560
291 2010 002375      BGE   IN
292 2012 013700      MOV   @#177562,RO
177562
293 2016 010037      MOV   RO,@#177566
177566
294 2022 020027      CMP   RO,#215
000215
295 2026 001366      BNE   IN
296 2030 000207      RTS   PC
297 2032 005001 INP:  CLR   R1      ;ROUTINE TO INPUT NUMBERS
298 2034 105737 ONE:  TSTB   @#177560
177560
299 2040 002375      BGE   ONE
300 2042 013700      MOV   @#177562,RO

```



```

177562
301 2046 010037      MOV      RO,#177566
      177566
302 2052 022700      CMP      #215,RO
      000215
303 2056 001406      BEQ      AWAY
304 2060 070127      MUL      #12,R1
      000012
305 2064 162700      SUB      #260,RO
      000260
306 2070 060001      ADD      RO,R1
307 2072 000760      BR      ONE
308 2074 000207 AWAY: RTS      PC
309                      $VARIABLES NAMES
310 2076 000261 WUN:   .WORD  000261
311 2100 000000 RATE:   .WORD  0
312 2102          FDNAM: .BLKW  5
313 2114 000003 RADLST: .WORD  3
314 2116 002124'      .WORD  CHR
315 2120 002126'      .WORD  CHRSTR
316 2122 002102'      .WORD  FONAM
317 2124 000014 CHR:   .WORD  12.
318 2126          CHRSTR: .BLKW  14
319 2156 000000 SKIP:   .WORD  000000
320 2160 000000 RUNNUM: .WORD  0
321 2162 000000 SWEEP:  .WORD  0
322 2164 000000 KEY:    .WORD  000000
323 2166 000000 FLOW:   .WORD  0
324                      .NLIST  BIN
325 2170          DAT:    .ASCIZ  <15><12>/DATE: /
326 2201          FIL:    .ASCIZ  <15><12>/ENTER FILE NAME /
327 2226          TIM:    .ASCIZ  <15><12>/TIME: /
328 2237          OPER:   .ASCIZ  <15><12>/OPERATOR: /
329 2254          RUN:    .ASCIZ  <15><12>/RUN NUMBER: /
330 2273          Q0:     .ASCIZ  <15><12>/1 SAMPLE/
331 2307          Q1:     .ASCIZ  <15><12>/NAME:/
332 2317          Q2:     .ASCIZ  <15><12>/VOLUME:/
333 2331          Q3:     .ASCIZ  <15><12>/COND:/
334 2341          Q4:     .ASCIZ  <15><12>/2 COLUMN SPECIFICATIONS/
335 2374          Q5:     .ASCIZ  <15><12>/MANUFACTURER:/
336 2414          A2:     .ASCIZ  <15><12>/PACKING:/
337 2427          A3:     .ASCIZ  <15><12>/LENGTH:/
338 2441          A4:     .ASCIZ  <15><12>/INNER DIAMETER = /
339 2465          A5:     .ASCIZ  <15><12>/COLUMN PRESSURE:/
340 2510          A6:     .ASCIZ  <15><12>/TEMP(C):/
341 2523          B0:     .ASCIZ  <15><12>/3 DETECTOR/
342 2541          B1:     .ASCIZ  <15><12>/TYPE:/

```

```

343 2551      32:  .ASCIZ  <15><12>/O. D. VALUE:/
344 2570      B3:  .ASCIZ  <15><12>/MODE:/
345 2600      94:  .ASCIZ  <15><12>/WAVELENGTH:/
346 2616      C0:  .ASCIZ  <15><12>/4 SWEEPTIME(MIN)= /
347 2644      C1:  .ASCIZ  <15><12>$ FLOWRATE(ML/MIN X 0.04)= $
348 2703      C2:  .ASCIZ  <15><12>/ DATA RATE = /
349 2725      D0:  .ASCIZ  <15><12>/5 MOBILE PHASE/
350 2747      D1:  .ASCIZ  <15><12>/A:/
351 2754      D2:  .ASCIZ  <15><12>/B:/
352 2761      D3:  .ASCIZ  <15><12>/GRADIENT SLOPE:/
353 3003      D4:  .ASCIZ  <15><12>/%A AT START:/
354 3022      D5:  .ASCIZ  <15><12>/%A AT END:/
355 3037      E0:  .ASCIZ  <15><12>/00 ANOTHER RUN?/
356 3061      E1:  .ASCIZ  <15><12>/SECTION CHANGE/
357 3102      E2:  .ASCIZ  <15><12>/17/
358 3107      E3:  .ASCIZ  <15><12>/27/
359 3114      E4:  .ASCIZ  <15><12>/37/
360 3121      E5:  .ASCIZ  <15><12>/47/
361 3126      E6:  .ASCIZ  <15><12>/57/
362 3133      E7:  .ASCIZ  / ILLOGICAL VALUE/
363 3156      MAD: .ASCIZ  <15><12>/MADE IT OUT/
364           .EVEN
365           .END

```

REPORT ROUTINE RT-11 MACRO VM02-12 27-JUN-78 PAGE 1+  
SYMBOL TABLE

A	001030R	ALRITE	000574R	AWAY	002074R
A2	002414R	A3	002427R	A4	002441R
A5	002465R	A6	002510R	B	001052R
BEGIN = ***** G		B0	002523R	B1	002541R
B2	002351R	B3	002570R	B4	002600R
C	001074R	CHR	002124R	CHRSTR	002126R
C0	002616R	C1	002644R	C2	002703R
D	001116R	DAT	002170R	DESCE	000636R
DU	002725R	D1	002747R	D2	002754R
D3	002761R	D4	003003R	D5	003022R
E	001140R	EO	003037R	E1	003061R
E2	003102R	E3	003107R	E4	003114R
E5	003121R	E6	003126R	E7	003133R
F	001162R	FDNAM	002102RG	FIL	002201R
FIVE	000662R	FLW	002166R	FOUR	000524R
G	001204R	H	001226R	HOLD	001766R
I	001250R	IN	002004R	INP	002032R
INT	000152R	IRAD50= ***** G		J	001272R
K	001314R	KEY	002164R	L	001330R
MAD	003156R	NFIVE	001664R	NFOUR	001634R
NUMIS	000176R	NONE	001512R	NOTENS	001732R
NTHRE	001572R	NTWO	001542R	ONE	002034R
OPER	002237R	DUT	001762R	OVER	001760R
PC = %000007		Q0	002273R	Q1	002307R
Q2	002317R	Q3	002331R	Q4	002341R
Q5	002374R	RADLH	000206R	RADLST	002114R
RATE	002100RG	REP1	000532R	ROUND	000100R
RUN	002254R	RUNNUM	002160R	R0	=%000000
R1 = %000001		R2	=%000002	R3	=%000003
R4 = %000004		R5	=%000005	SIX	000774R
SKIP	002156R	SP	=%000006	SWEEP	002162R
THREE	000426R	TIM	002226R	TWO	000300R
WAYLUT	001374R	WUN	002076R	...V2 =	000001

. ABS. 000000 000  
003174 001

ERRORS DETECTED: 0  
FREE CORE: 2510. WORDS

CALLER,LP:/L:8EX=CALLER

```

1          .TITLE MAIN CONTROL ROUTINE
2          .GLOBL SETUP,BEGIN,TTY1,TTY2,BLKNM,PEAKNM,PEAK
3          .GLOBL ACQCNT,ON,OFFSET,FDNAM,BAKCAL
4          .MCALL ..V2...REGDEF,.CLOSE,.PRINT,.LOOKUP,.READW
5          .MCALL .EXIT,.ENTER,.WRITE
6 000000   ..V2..
7 000000   .REGDEF
8          ;
9          ;
10         ;
11         ;THIS ROUTINE HANDLES ALL THE DATA FILES, THE OUTPUT
12         ;TO THE SCOPE AND CALLS THE PEAK PROCESSING
13         ;ROUTINE.
14         ;THE DISPLAY OF DATA AS IT IS ACQUIRED IS DONE IN
15         ;THIS ROUTINE WHILE DATA IS COLLECTED IN THE DATA
16         ;ROUTINE BY INTERRUPTS.
17         ;
18         ;
19         ;
20         ;VARIABLE DEFINITIONS
21 00000   AREA: .BLKM 10          ;AREA FOR EMTS
22 00020 000000 ERR: .WORD 0      ;COUNT OF DATA BLOCKS
23 00022 000000 BAKCAL: .WORD 0   ;FLAG HOLDER FOR PEAKS OVERLAPPING BUFFERS
24 00024 000000 BLKCT: .WORD 0    ;BLOCK COUNT
25 00026 000000 BLKNM: .WORD 0    ;BLOCK NUMBER
26 00030 001000 ACQCNT: .WORD 1000 ;COUNT OF DATA POINTS ACQUIRED IN A BUFFER
27 00032 000001 ON: .WORD 1      ;CHANGE IN POINTS
28 00034 000000 OFFSET: .WORD 0   ;OFFSET OF DATA FROM BASELINE
29 00036 000000 PEAKNM: .WORD 0   ;NUMBER OF PEAKS
30 00040 000000 BUFFAD: .WORD 000000 ;BUFFER PTR
31 00042 000000 FLOW: .WORD 000000 ;FLOWRATE
32 00044 000000 SWEEP: .WORD 000000 ;RUN TIME
33         .NLIST BIN
34 00046   BDENT: .ASCIZ /BAD ENTRY/
35 00060   BEIN: .ASCIZ <15><12>/START/
36 00070   BDWRT1: .ASCIZ /BAD WRITE 1/
37 00104   BDWRT2: .ASCIZ /BAD WRITE 2/
38 00120   BDL00K: .ASCIZ /BAD LOOKUP/
39 00133   BDREAD: .ASCIZ /BAD READ/
40 00144   PEAKAN: .ASCIZ <15><12>/ANALYZE PEAKS?/
41         .EVEN
42         .LIST BIN
43 00166 012737 BEGIN: MOV #010000,2#44 ;SET MONITOR FOR SPECIAL I/O
44         010000
45         000044
46 00174 012737 MOV #1,2#167760 ;CLEAR INJECTION SIGNAL
47         000001

```

```

167760
45 00202 012737      MOV      #0,@#167760      ;RESET START OF DATA
      000000
      167760
46 00210 010057      MOV      R0,FLW          ;GET FLOW RATE
      177626
47 00214 010167      MOV      R1,SWEEP        ;GET RUN TIME
      177624
48 00220 005067      CLR      BLKCT
      177600
49 00224 012700      MOV      #23000,R0      ;ADDRESS OF BUFFER
      023000
50 00230 010001      MOV      R0,R1
51 00232 062701      ADD      #12000,R1      ;SET END OF BUFFER
      012000
52 00236 005020 CLEAR: CLR      (R0)+      ;CLEAR BUFFER AREA
53 00240 020001      CMP      R0,R1
54 00242 001375      BNE     CLEAR
55 00244 005000      CLR      R0
56 00246      .ENTER #AREA,#100,#FDNAM ;SET FILE UP
57 00304 103004      BCC     START           ;CHECK IF ANY PROBLEM
58 00306      .PRINT #BDENT    ;PRINT ERROR MESSAGE
59 00314      .EXIT          ;GO BACK TO MONITOR
60 00316 005000 START: CLR      R0           ;WAIT FOR START SIGNAL
61 00320 013700      MOV      @#167764,R0
      167764
62 00324 042700      BIC      #177776,R0
      177776
63 00330 001772      BEQ     START
64 00332 012704      MOV      #BEIN,R4      ;OUTPUT MSG TO SHOW START
      000060
65 00336 112437 T10: MOV      (R4)+,@#177566
      177566
66 00342 105737 T11: TSTB   @#177564
      177564
67 00346 002375      BGE     T11
68 00350 121427      CMPB   (R4),#0
      000000
69 00354 001370      BNE     T10
70 00356 012737      MOV      #1,@#167760   ;RESET START SIGNAL
      000001
      167760
71 00364 012737      MOV      #0,@#167760
      000000
      167760
72 00372 016701      MOV      SWEEP,R1      ;GET SWEEP RATE
      177446

```

MAIN CONTROL ROUTINE RI-11 MACRO VM02-12 27-JUN-78 PAGE 1+

```

73 00376 062701      ADD      #020000,R1      ;ADD START FLAG TO SWEEP
      020000
74 00402 010137      MOV      R1,@#167762    ;OUTPUT TO LC
      167762
75 00406 012704      MOV      #23000,R4      ;GIVE SBUF ADDRESS TO DATA
      023000
76 00412 012701      MOV      #INPUT,R1     ;SET ADDRESS FOR CONSOLE INT
      001174
77 00416 004767      JSR      PC,SETUP      ;SET UP INTERRUPTS
      000000G
78 00422 012701      MOV      #23000,R1     ;SET BUFFER START POINT
      023000
79 00426 010102      MOV      R1,R2         ;SET END OF BUFFER PTR
80 00430 062702      ADD      #1000,R2
      001000
81 00434 005005      CLR      R5           ;GET POINTERS READY TO DISPLAY
82 00436 005067      CLR      ERR
      177356
83 00442 005067      CLR      BUFFAD
      177372
84 00446 005000      CLR      R0
85 00450 010203 TDISP: MOV      R2,R3         ;GET BUFFER START POINT
86 00452 162703      SUB      #1000,R3
      001000
87 00456 012737      MOV      #43,@#167750 ;OUTPUT TRIGGER PULSE
      000043
      167750
88 00464 012737      MOV      #40,@#167750
      000040
      167750
89 00472 012337 DN:   MOV      (R3)+,@#176760 ;PUT POINT OUT
      176760
90 00476 000240      NOP
91 00500 000240      NOP
92 00502 020203      CMP      R2,R3         ;SEE IF END OF BUFFER
93 00504 001372      BNE     DN            ;GO BACK IF NOT
94 00506 020527      CMP      R5,#12       ;SEE IF ALL BLOCKS FILLED
      000012
95 00512 001405      BEQ     FILSAV        ;
96 00514 022737 DSR:  CMP      #0,@#330         ;CHECK DONE FLAG
      000000
      000330
97 00522 001752      BEQ     TDISP
98 00524 000532      BR      GDN
99 00526 012737 FILSAV: MOV     #100000,@#167762 ;ROUTINE TO WRITE TO DISK
      100000
      167762

```

```

100 0534 016703      MOV      SWEEP,R3          ;PUT THE LC ON HOLD
      177304
101 0540 062703      ADD      #040000,R3
      040000
102 0544 010337      MOV      R3,@#167762      ;OUTPUT HOLD TO LC
      167762
103 0550 066705      ADD      ERR,R5          ;GET TOTAL NUMBER OF BLOCKS
      177244
104 0554 106427      MTPS    #200             ;DISABLE ALL INTERRUPTS
      000200
105 0560 005037      CLR     @#167760
      167760
106 0564 005037      CLR     @#167750
      167750
107 0570 162705      SUB     #1,R5
      000001
108 0574 016704      MOV     ERR,R4          ;SET BLOCK NUMBER
      177220
109 0600 012767      MOV     #23000,BUFFAD    ;SET BUFFER BEGINNING
      023000
      177232
110 0606                RIGHT: .WRITE #AREA,#100,BUFFAD,#1000,R4
111 0654 103004      BCC     EXC              ;WRITE DATA TO DISK
112 0656                .PRINT #BDWRT1          ;PRINT ERROR MSG IF NEEDED
113 0664                .EXIT                ;GO BACK TO MONITOR
114 0666 020405      EXC:   CMP     R4,R5     ;CHECK IF ALL BLOCKS DONE
115 0670 001405      BEQ     RESET          ;BRANCH IF THEY ARE
116 0672 005204      INC     R4             ;OTHERWISE, INCREMENT POINTERS
117 0674 062767      ADD     #1000,BUFFAD
      001000
      177136
118 0702 000741      BR     RIGHT
119 0704 016737      RESET: MOV     FLOW,@#167762 ;RESET ALL POINTERS
      177132
      167762
120 0712 012700      MOV     #23000,R0       ;CLEAR BUFFER AREA
      023000
121 0716 010001      MOV     R0,R1
122 0720 062701      ADD     #12000,R1
      012000
123 0724 005020      CLR2:  CLR     (R0)+
124 0726 020001      CMP     R0,R1
125 0730 001375      BNE     CLR2
126 0732 016703      MOV     SWEEP,R3       ;PUT RUN TIME OUT WITH START
      177106
127 0736 062703      ADD     #020000,R3
      020000

```

```

128 0742 010337      MOV      R3,0#167762
      167762
129 0746 166705      SUB      ERR,R5
      177046
130 0752 060567      ADD      R5,ERR
      177042
131 0756 005267      INC      ERR          ;GET BLOCK COUNT RIGHT
      177036
132 0762 005005      CLR      R5
133 0764 012701      MUV     #23000,R1
      023000
134 0770 012737      MUV     #100,0#167760 ;RESET INTERRUPTS
      000100
      167760
135 0776 012737      MOV     #40,0#167750
      000040
      167750
136 1004 106427      MTPS   #0
      000000
137 1010 000617      RR      T01SP        ;GO BACK TO DISPLAY
138 1012 016704      MOV     ERR,R4      ;AT END OF RUN WRITE ANY STRAY BLUCKS
      177002
139 1016 106427      MTPS   #200
      000200
140 1022 066705      ADD     ERR,R5
      176772
141 1026 162704      SUB     #1,R4        ;SET POINTERS FOR WRITE
      000001
142 1032 012767      MUV     #23000,BUFFAD ;SET BUFFER
      023000
      177000
143 1040 005204      INC     R4          ;WRITE TO DISK
144 1042      .WRITW #AREA,#100,BUFFAD,#1000,R4
145 1110 103004      BCC    EXCELL
146 1112      .PRINT #BDWRT      ;PRINT BAD WRITE MSG
147 1120      .EXIT          ;GO BACK TO MONITOR
148 1122 062767      ADD     #1000,BUFFAD ;GO TO NEXT BLOCK
      001000
      176710
149 1130 020405      CMP     R4,R5
150 1132 001342      BNE    GOODB
151 1134      .CLOSE #100      ;CLOSE CHANNEL
152 1146 010567      MUV     R5,ERR      ;SAVE BLOCK COUNT
      176646
153 1152 012700      MOV     #23000,R0    ;CLEAR BUFFER AREA
      023000
154 1156 010001      MUV     R0,R1

```



```

155 1160 062701      ADD      #12000,R1
      012000
156 1164 005020 CLER1: CLR      (R0)+
157 1166 020001      CMP      RO,R1
158 1170 001375      BNE     CLER1
159 1172 000453      BR       BREAK
160      ;
161      ;
162      ;
163      ;ROUTINE TO HANDLE TTY INTERRUPTS
164      ;S = START, H = HOLD, E = END OF RUN
165      ;OTHERWISE, IGNORE THE CHARACTER
166      ;
167      ;
168      ;
169 1174 013700 INPUT: MOV      @#177562,R0      ;GET CHAR
      177562
170 1200 012737      MOV      #010000,@#44
      010000
      000044
171 1206 105737 T6:   TSTB     @#177564
      177564
172 1212 002375      BGE     T6
173 1214 042700      BIC     #177400,R0      ;STRIP EXTRA BITS OFF
      177400
174 1220 020027      CMP      RO,#310      ;SEE IF AN H
      000310
175 1224 001007      BNE     NOTH      ;BR ON IF NOT
176 1226 016701      MOV      SWEEP,R1
      176612
177 1232 062701      ADD      #040000,R1      ;ADD HOLD SIGNAL TO SWEEP
      040000
178 1236 010137      MOV      R1,@#167762      ;PUT TO LC
      167762
179 1242 000002      RTI
180 1244 020027 NOTH: CMP      RO,#323      ;SEE IF AN S FOR START
      000323
181 1250 001007      BNE     NOTS      ;BR ON IF NOT
182 1252 016701      MOV      SWEEP,R1
      176566
183 1256 062701      ADD      #020000,R1      ;ADD START SIGNAL TO IT
      020000
184 1262 010137      MOV      R1,@#167762
      167762
185 1266 000002      RTI
186 1270 020027 NOTS: CMP      RO,#305      ;SEE IF E FOR END
      000305

```

```

187 1274 001401      BEQ     ISE                ;BR IF IT IS
188 1276 000002      RTI
189 1300 005037 ISE:   CLR     @#177560        ;DISABLE INTERRUPTS
      177560
190 1304 005037      CLR     @#167760
      167760
191 1310 005037      CLR     @#167750
      167750
192 1314 012500      MOV     (SP)+,R0        ;POP STACK TO GET BACK
193 1316 012500      MOV     (SP)+,R0        ;TO CONTROL ROUTINE AT GOOD
194 1320 000634      BR      GOOD
195 1322 016701 BREAK: MOV     SWEEP,R1        ;SET LC BACK TO INITIAL COND.
      176516
196 1326 062701      ADD     #010000,R1
      010000
197 1332 010137      MOV     R1,@#167762
      167762
198 1336 005067      CLR     BLKNM
      176464
199 1342 106427      MTPS   #200
      000200
200 1346 016737      MOV     TTY1,@#60      ;REPLACE TTY MONITOR VECTORS
      000000G
      000060
201 1354 016737      MOV     TTY2,@#62
      000000G
      000062
202 1362 012703      MOV     #23000,R3     ;SET BUFFER BEGIN
      023000
203 1366 005001      CLR     R1
204 1370      .LOOKUP #AREA,#0,#FDNAM ;OPEN DATA FILE AGAIN
205 1420 103004      BCC    READ           ;GOOD LOOK? GO READ
206 1422      .PRINT #BDLOOK ;PRINT BAD LOOK MSG
207 1430      .EXIT          ;GO BACK TO MONITOR
208 1432      .READW #AREA,#0,R3,#1000,R1 ;GET BUFFER FILLED
      READ:
209 1474 103004      BCC    GOOD
210 1476      .PRINT #BDREAD
211 1504      .EXIT          ;GO BACK TO MONITOR
212 1506 010302 GOOD: MOV     R3,R2        ;SET UP DISPLAY PTRS
213 1510 062702      ADD     #1000,R2
      001000
214 1514 010304      MOV     R3,R4
215 1516 012737      MOV     #3,@#167750  ;OUTPUT TRIGGER SIGNAL
      000003
      167750
216 1524 012737      MOV     #0,@#167750
      000000

```

```

167750
217 1532 012437 LDDP: MOV (R4)+, @#176760 ;MOV DATA PT TO DAC
176760
218 1536 105737 TSTB @#177560 ;SEE IF CONSOLE INPUT
177560
219 1542 002403 BLT CONS
220 1544 020402 CMP R4,R2 ;CHECK IF BUFFER DONE
221 1546 001371 BNE LDDP ;GO BACK IF NOT
222 1550 000756 BR GOOD
223 1552 013705 CONS: MOV @#177562,R5 ;GET CHARACTER
177562
224 1556 022705 CMP #316,R5 ;CHECK IF 'N'
000316
225 1562 001415 BEQ FORW ; LEAVE IF IT IS
226 1564 022705 CMP #311,R5 ;CHECK IF I
000311
227 1570 001005 BNE DEC
228 1572 020167 CMP R1,ERR
176222
229 1576 001743 BEQ GOOD ;INC BLOCK TO NEXT ONE
230 1600 005201 INC R1
231 1602 000713 BR READ
232 1604 020127 DEC: CMP R1,#0 ;DEC BLOCK TO SEE PREVIOUS ONE
000000
233 1610 001736 BEQ GOOD
234 1612 005301 DEC R1
235 1614 000706 BR READ
236 1616 012700 FORW: MOV #PEAKAN,R0 ;ANALYZE PEAKS?
000144
237 1622 112037 PUTUT: MOVB (R0)+, @#177566
177566
238 1626 105737 SIT: TSTB @#177564
177564
239 1632 002375 BGE SIT
240 1634 122710 CMPB #0,(R0)
000000
241 1640 001370 BNE PUTUT
242 1642 105737 JDP: TSTB @#177560 ;GET ANSWER
177560
243 1646 002375 BGE DDP
244 1650 013700 MOV @#177562,R0
177562
245 1654 013737 MOV @#177562,@#177566 ;ECHO IT
177562
177566
246 1662 005267 INC ERR
176132

```

```

247 1666 005067 CLR BLKCT
      176132
248 1672 020027 CMP RO,#331 ;SEE IF ANSWER IS YES
      000331
249 1676 001127 BNE OUTFL
250 1700 012767 MUV #0,BLKNM ;SET BLOCK COUNTS
      000000
      176120
251 1706 005067 CLR BAKCAL
      176110
252 1712 005004 CLR R4
253 1714 005000 CLR RO
254 1716 012702 BUFFUL: MUV #30,R2 ;SET FOR MAX OF 24 BLOCKS PROCESSED
      000030
255 1722 012767 MUV #1000,ACQCNT ;SET FOR 512 POINTS PER BLK
      001000
      176100
256 1730 105767 TSTB BAKCAL ;CHECK IF PEAK OVERLAPPED BLK
      176066
257 1734 001402 BEQ NOBAK
258 1736 005367 DEC BLKCT
      176062
259 1742 016704 NOBAK: MUV BLKCT,R4 ;DONT HAVE TO GET PREVIOUS BLOCK
      176056
260 1746 012700 MUV #23000,RO ;CLEAR BUFFER
      023000
261 1752 010001 MUV RO,R1
262 1754 062701 ADD #30000,R1 ;END OF BLOCK
      030000
263 1760 005020 CLR3: CLR (RO)+
264 1762 020001 CMP RO,R1
265 1764 001375 BNE CLR3
266 1766 026767 CMP BLKCT,ERR ;GET BLOCK COUNT
      176032
      176024
267 1774 001470 BEQ OUTFL
268 1776 012703 MUV #23000,R3
      023000
269 ;
270 ;READ A BLOCK INTO THE BUFFER
271 ;
272 2002 RD2: .READW #AREA,#0,R3,#1000,R4
273 2044 103004 BCC BUFGET
274 2046 .PRINT #B0READ ;PRINT BAD READ MSG
275 2054 .EXIT ;GO BACK TO MONITOR
276 2056 005302 BUFGET: DEC R2 ;GET ALL THE BLOCKS
277 2050 001422 BEQ AOK

```

```

278 2062 062703      ADD      #1000,R3
                001000
279 2066 020327      CMP      R3,#36000      ;CHECK IF ABOUT TO WRITE ON
                036000
280 2072 001002      BNE     NUSKIP      ;BAD CORE IF SD SKIP OVER
281 2074 062703      ADD      #1000,R3
                001000
282 2100 062767      NUSKIP: ADD    #1000,ACQCNT      ;GO TO NEXT BLOCK
                001000
                175722
283 2106 005204      INC     R4
284 2110 005267      INC     BLKCT
                175710
285 2114 026767      CMP     BLKCT,ERR      ; SEE IF DONE
                175704
                175676
286 2122 001401      BEQ     ADK
287 2124 000726      ER     R02      ;GO READ ANOTHER BLOCK
288 2126 005001      ADK:   CLR     R1      ;CALL THE PEAK PROCESSOR
289 2130 016701      MOV     BLKNH,R1
                175672
290 2134 004767      JSR     PC,PEAK
                000000G
291 2140 026767      CMP     BLKCT,ERR      ;CHECK IF ALL BLOCKS DONE
                175660
                175652
292 2146 001403      BEQ     OUTFL      ;LEAVE IF TRUE
293 2150 005267      INC     BLKNH
                175652
294 2154 000660      BR     BUFFUL      ;GET MORE IF NOT
295 2156                OUTFL: .CLOSE #0      ;CLOSE CHANNEL
296 2170 000207      RTS     PC      ;RETURN TO REPORT
297                000001      .END

```

MAIN CONTROL ROUTINE    RT-11 MACRO VHO2-12    27-JUN-78 PAGE 1+

ACQCNT	000030RG	AUK	002126R	AREA	000000R
BAKCAL	000022RG	BEVENT	000046R	BDL00K	000120R
BUREAD	000133R	BOWRT	000104R	BOWRT1	000070R
BEGIN	000166RG	BEIN	000060R	BLKCT	000024R
BLKNM	000026RG	BREAK	001322R	BUFFAD	000040R
BUFFUL	001716R	BUFGET	002056R	CLEAR	000236R
CLER1	001164R	CLR2	000724R	CLR3	001760R
CUNS	001552R	DEC	001604R	DN	000032RG
DSR	000514R	ERR	000020R	EXC	000666R
EXCELL	001122R	FDNAM =	***** G	FILS4V	000526R
FLOW	000042R	FDRW	001616R	GOOB	001040R
GDDV	001506R	GOODN	001012R	INPUT	001174R
ISE	001300R	LOOP	001532R	NOBAK	001742R
NOSKIP	002100R	NUTH	001244R	NOTS	001270R
OFFSET	000034RG	DN	000472R	DOP	001642R
OUTFL	002156R	PC	=%000007	PEAK =	***** G
PEAKN	000144R	PEAKNM	000036RG	PUTUT	001622R
RU2	002002R	READ	001432R	RESET	000704R
RIGHT	000606R	RO	=%000000	R1	=%000001
R2	=%000002	R3	=%000003	R4	=%000004
R5	=%000005	SETUP =	***** G	SIT	001626R
SP	=%000006	START	000316R	SWEEP	000044R
TOISP	000450R	TTY1 =	***** G	TTY2 =	***** G
T10	000336R	T11	000342R	T6	001206R

...V2 = 000001                    000  
 . ABS.    000000                    001  
           002172                    001

ERRORS DETECTED: 0  
 FREE CORE: 2075. WORDS

TOTAL,LP:/L:REX=TOTAL

```

1          .TITLE  INTERRUPT SETUP, DATA INT, EDD INT
2          .GLOBL  SETUP,TTY1,TTY2
3          .MCALL  ..V2...REGDEF
4 000000   .V2..
5 000000   .REGDEF
6          ;
7          ;
8          ;THIS ROUTINE SETS UP THE INTERRUPTS THAT ARE NECESSARY TO
9          ;COLLECT THE DATA, END THE DATA COLLECTION, AND
10         ;TAKE CARE OF USER TTY CHANGES
11         ;
12         ;
13         ;VARIABLE DEFINITIONS
14 00000 000000 TTY1:  .WORD  0
15 00002 000000 TTY2:  .WORD  0
16 00004 000000 ARRAY: .WORD  000000
17         ;
18         ;
19         ;THIS SECTION SETS UP ALL NECESSARY INTERRUPTS AND
20         ;TRANSFER ADDRESSES
21         ;
22 00006 012737 SETUP: MOV     #DATA, @#324
                000146
                000324
23 00014 012737     MOV     #200, @#326           ;SET DATA INTERRUPT VECTOR
                000200
                000326
24 00022 012737     MOV     #EDD, @#310
                000230
                000310
25 00030 012737     MOV     #200, @#312           ;SET END OF DATA VECTOR
                000200
                000312
26 00036 013767     MOV     @#60, TTY1           ;SAVE TTY MONITOR INTRT VECTORS
                000060
                177734
27 00044 013767     MOV     @#62, TTY2
                000062
                177730
28 00052 012737     MOV     #010000, @#44       ;SET MONITOR FOR SPECIAL I/O
                010000
                000044
29 00060 010467     MOV     R4, ARRAY           ;PUT ADDRESS OF BUFFER IN ARRAY
                177720
30 00064 012737     MOV     #000002, @#176770   ;ADC SET
                000002
                176770

```

```

31 00072 010137      MOV      R1, @#60          ;SET UP CONSOLE INT VECTOR
      000060
32 00076 012737      MOV      #200, @#62
      000200
      000062
33 00104 012737      MOV      #100, @#177560
      000100
      177560
34 00112 012737      MOV      #000000, @#330      ;CLEAR DONE FLAG
      000000
      000330
35 00120 005002      CLR      R2
36 00122 012737      MOV      #000100, @#167760      ;ENABLE INT FOR END OF DATA
      000100
      167760
37 00130 012737      MOV      #000040, @#167750      ;ENABLE INT FOR TIMER, DATA READY
      000040
      167750
38 00136 106427      MTPS     #000          ;ENABLE ALL INT
      000000
39 00142 000207      RTS      PC
40 00144 000000      HALT
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50 00146 005037 DATA: CLR      @#176770      ;SET CONVERSION OF NUMBER
      176770
51 00152 105737 WINE: TSTB     @#176770      ;WAIT TILL CONVERSION DONE
      176770
52 00156 002375      BGE     WINE
53 00160 013711      MOV      @#176772, (R1)      ;STORE IN BUFFER
      176772
54 00164 042721      BIC     #170000, (R1)+      ;REMOVE NEG SIGNS
      170000
55 00170 020201      CMP     R2, R1              ;CHECK IF BUFFER FULL
56 00172 001401      BEQ     NEWBUF
57 00174 000002      RTI
58 00176 062702 NEWBUF: ADD     #1000, R2      ;GO TO NEXT BLOCK
      001000
59 00202 005205      INC     R5
60 00204 020527      CMP     R5, #12            ;INC BLOCK COUNT
      ;SEE IF END OF THE BUFFER

```



```

000012
61 00210 001006      BNE      OUTMAN      ;RETURN IF NOT
62 00212 016702      MOV      ARRAY,R2     ;RESET BUFFER ADDRESS
      177566
63 00216 010203      MOV      R2,R3        ;AND END OF BUFFER
64 00220 010201      MOV      R2,R1
65 00222 062702      ADD      #1000,R2
      001000
66 00226 000002 OUTMAN: RTI      ;GO BACK TO CONTROL ROUTINE
67                      ;
68                      ;
69                      ;THIS ROUTINE ANSWERS THE INTERRUPT
70                      ;WHEN THE END OF DATA SIGNAL GOES
71                      ;HIGH. IT SETS A FLAG AND DISABLES
72                      ;INTERRUPTS. IT ALSO OUTPUTS AN 'E'
73                      ;TO SHOW IT IS DONE
74                      ;
75                      ;
76 00230 005037 EDD:  CLR      @#167760      ;ROUTINE TO END LC RUN
      167760
77 00234 106427      MTPS     #200          ;DISABLE ALL INTERRUPTS
      000200
78 00240 005037      CLR      @#177560
      177560
79 00244 005037      CLR      @#167750
      167750
80 00250 012737      MOV      #105,@#177566      ;PUT 'E' OUT TO SHOW ITS DONE
      000105
      177566
81 00256 105737 WAIT:  TSTB     @#177564
      177564
82 00262 002375      BGE      WAIT
83 00264 012737      MOV      #001,@#330      ;SET DONE FLAG
      000001
      000330
84 00272 000002      RTI
85 00274 000000      HALT
86          000001      .END

```

INTERRUPT SETUP, DATA INT, EDD RT-11 MACRO VM02-12 27-JUN-78 PAGE 1+  
SYMBOL TABLE

ARRAY	0J0004R	DATA	000146R	EDD	000230R
NEWBUF	000176R	DUTMAN	000226R	PC	=%000007
RU	=%000000	R1	=%000001	R2	=%000002
R3	=%000003	R4	=%000004	R5	=%000005
SETUP	000006RG	SP	=%000006	TTY1	000000RG
TTY2	000002RG	WAIT	000256R	WINE	000152R
...V2	= 000001				
. ABS.	000000	000			
	000276	001			

ERRORS DETECTED: 0  
FREE CORE: 2967. WORDS

INTRUP,LP:<INTRUP

```

1          .TITLE DAY CLOCK SET ROUTINE
2          .GLOBL TIMIN
3          .MCALL ..V2...REGDEF,.EXIT
4 000300  ..V2..
5 000000  .REGDEF
6          ;
7          ;
8          ;THIS ROUTINE TAKES THE TIME OF DAY
9          ;AND CONVERTS IT TO A FORMAT FOR THE
10         ;DAY CLOCK. IT THEN OUTPUTS IT TO THE
11         ;CLOCK, USING THE LOAD SIGNALS
12         ;THE FORMAT OF THE INPUT IS:
13         ; 12:34 WHEN THE 4 IS INPUT
14         ;THE ROUTINE TAKES OVER, NO CARRIAGE
15         ; RETURN IS NECESSARY.
16         ;THE ROUTINE ALSO READS THE CLOCK
17         ;AND OUTPUTS THE TIME. IT IS OUTPUT AS:
18         ; DAY;HOUR;MIN
19         ;THIS IS A 24 HOUR CLOCK SO USE 19:00
20         ;FOR 7:00 PM
21         ;
22         ;
23 000300 005001 TIMIN: CLR R1
24 000302 052737 BIS #010000,#44 ;SET SO USER INPUT AVAILABLE
                010000
                000044
25 000310 005000 CLR R0
26 000312 004767 JSR PC,IN ;GET TENS DIGIT OF HOUR
                001050
27 000316 010005 MUV R0,R5 ;ECHO
28 000320 004767 JSR PC,OUT
                001062
29 000324 020027 CMP R0,#2 ;IF TENS IS TWO THEN PUT 20 IN
                000302
30 000330 001003 BNE ONEI
31 000332 012701 MUV #24,R1
                000024
32 000336 000405 BR NEXT
33 000400 020027 ONEI: CMP R0,#1 ;IF TENS IS ONE, THEN PUT 10 IN
                000301
34 000404 001002 BNE NEXT
35 000406 012701 MUV #12,R1
                000012
36 000502 004767 NEXT: JSR PC,IN ;GET ONES DIGIT OF HOUR
                001010
37 000506 010005 MUV R0,R5
38 000600 004767 JSR PC,OUT

```

```

001022
39 00064 060001      ADD  R0,R1          ;ADD UP TOTAL HOURS
40 00066 004767      JSR  PC,IN          ;GET :
      000774
41 00072 010005      MOV   R0,R5
42 00074 004767      JSR   PC,OUT
      001006
43 00100 070127      MUL   #74,R1       ;CHANGE HOURS TO MIN (MUL BY 60)
      000074
44 00104 004767      JSR   PC,IN        ;GET TENS DIGIT OF MIN
      000756
45 00110 010005      MOV   R0,R5
46 00112 004767      JSR   PC,OUT
      000770
47 00116 020027 TEN:  CMP   R0,#0          ;CHANGE DECIMAL TEN TO OCTAL
      000000
48 00122 001404      BEQ   ONE
49 00124 062701      ADD   #12,R1
      000012
50 00130 005300      DEC   R0
51 00132 000771      BR    TEN
52 00134 004767 ONE:  JSR   PC,IN        ;GET ONES DIGIT OF MIN
      000726
53 00140 010005      MOV   R0,R5
54 00142 004767      JSR   PC,OUT
      000740
55 00146 060001      ADD   R0,R1        ;ADD UP TOTAL MIN
56 00150 005002      CLR   R2
57 00152 070127      MUL   #12,R1       ;MUL BY 10 TO GET BETTER NUMBERS
      000012
58 00156 010104      MOV   R1,R4
59 00160 022701      CMP   #16040,R1    ;THIS SECTION SUBTRACTS THE VALUES
      016040
60 00164 100004      BPL   A            ;IF THE TIME INCREMENTS UNTIL THE
61 00166 162701      SUB   #16040,R1    ;NUMBER OF MIN IS TOO LOW TO
      016040
62 00172 062702      ADD   #002000,R2   ;REMOVE ANY MORE. BITS IN THE TIME
      002000
63 00176 022701 A:    CMP   #7020,R1     ;REGISTER ARE SET SO THAT THE CLOCK
      007020
64 00202 100004      BPL   B            ;CAN COUNT THE TIME.
65 00204 162701      SUB   #7020,R1
      007020
66 00210 062702      ADD   #001000,R2
      001000
67 00214 022701 B:    CMP   #4011,R1
      004011

```

68	00220	100004	BPL	C
69	00222	162701	SUB	#4011,R1
		004011		
70	00226	062702	ADD	#000400,R2
		000400		
71	00232	022701 C:	CMP	#1700,R1
		001700		
72	00236	100004	BPL	D
73	00240	162701	SUB	#1700,R1
		001700		
74	00244	062702	ADD	#000200,R2
		000200		
75	00250	022701 D:	CMP	#740,R1
		000740		
76	00254	100004	BPL	E
77	00256	162701	SUB	#740,R1
		000740		
78	00262	062702	ADD	#000100,R2
		000100		
79	00266	022701 E:	CMP	#360,R1
		000360		
80	00272	100004	BPL	F
81	00274	162701	SUB	#360,R1
		000360		
82	00300	062702	ADD	#000040,R2
		000040		
83				
84	00304	022701 F:	CMP	#211,R1
		000211		
85	00310	100004	BPL	G
86	00312	162701	SUB	#211,R1
		000211		
87	00316	062702	ADD	#000020,R2
		000020		
88	00322	022701 G:	CMP	#100,R1
		000100		
89	00326	100004	BPL	H
90	00330	162701	SUB	#100,R1
		000100		
91	00334	062702	ADD	#000010,R2
		000010		
92	00340	022701 H:	CMP	#40,R1
		000040		
93	00344	100004	BPL	I
94	00346	162701	SUB	#40,R1
		000040		
95	00352	062702	ADD	#000004,R2

```

000004
96 00356 022701 I:    CMP    #20,R1
000020
97 00362 100004      BPL    J
98 00364 162701      SUB    #20,R1
000020
99 00370 062702      ADD    #000002,R2
000002
100 0374 022701 J:    CMP    #11,R1
000011
101 0400 100004      BPL    K
102 0402 162701      SUB    #11,R1
000011
103 0406 062702      ADD    #000001,R2
000001
104 0412 012737 K:    MOV    #140000,@#167752
140000
167752
105 0420 062702      ADD    #060000,R2    ;THIS SECTION PUTS THE VALUES OUT
060000
106 0424 010237      MOV    R2,@#167752  ;TO THE CLOCK USING THE CODES 60000
167752
107 0430 012702      MOV    #177700,R2   ;FOR THE HIGH CLOCK AND 40000 FOR THE
177700
108 0434 013702 WAI:   MOV    @#167754,R2   ;LOW CLOCK. THERE ARE WAIT LOOPS TO ALLOW
167754
109 0440 042702      BIC    #157777,R2   ;THE LOAD SIGNALS TO SETTLE.
157777
110 0444 001773      BEQ    WAI
111 0446 012737      MOV    #040000,@#167752
040000
167752
112 0454 013702 WA:    MOV    @#167754,R2
167754
113 0460 042702      BIC    #137777,R2
137777
114 0464 001773      BEQ    WA
115 0466 012737 TIMEOUT: MOV    #100000,@#167752;THIS PART GETS THE TIME FROM THE
100000
167752
116 0474 013701      MOV    @#167754,R1   ;CLOCK BY USING THE READ SIGNALS
167754
117 0500 012737      MOV    #120000,@#167752;100000 FOR THE HIGH CLOCK
120000
167752
118 0506 013702      MOV    @#167754,R2   ;AND 120000 FOR THE LOW CLOCK. THE TIMES
167754

```

```

119 0512 010104      MOV      R1,R4
120 0514 005001      CLR      R1          ;ARE THEN READ IN
121 0516 005003      CLR      R3
122 0520 006102      ROL     R2          ;THIS PART CHANGES THE CLOCK VALUES
123 0522 006102      ROL     R2          ;BACK TO OCTAL TIMES BY ADDING VALUES
124 0524 006102      ROL     R2          ;FOR EVERY BIT SET,BITS 12 AND
125 0526 006102      ROL     R2          ;11 TELL THE NUMBER OF DAYS.
126 0530 103002      BCC     L          ;THE LOWER ONES TELL THE NUMBER OF
127 0532 012703      MOV     #2,R3      ;MINUTES GONE BY.
          000002
128 0536 006102 L:   ROL     R2
129 0540 103002      BCC     H
130 0542 062703      ADD     #1,R3
          000001
131 0546 006102 M:   ROL     R2
132 0550 103002      BCC     N
133 0552 062701      ADD     #16040,R1
          016040
134 0556 006102 N:   ROL     R2
135 0560 103002      BCC     D
136 0562 062701      ADD     #7020,R1
          007020
137 0566 006102 O:   ROL     R2
138 0570 103002      BCC     P
139 0572 062701      ADD     #4011,R1
          004011
140 0576 006102 P:   ROL     R2
141 0600 103002      BCC     Q
142 0602 062701      ADD     #1700,R1
          001700
143 0606 006102 Q:   ROL     R2
144 0610 103002      BCC     R
145 0612 062701      ADD     #740,R1
          000740
146 0616 006102 R:   ROL     R2
147 0620 103002      BCC     S
148 0622 062701      ADD     #360,R1
          000360
149 0626 006102 S:   ROL     R2
150 0630 103002      BCC     T
151 0632 062701      ADD     #211,R1
          000211
152 0636 006102 T:   ROL     R2
153 0640 103002      BCC     U
154 0642 062701      ADD     #100,R1
          000100
155 0646 006102 U:   ROL     R2

```

156	0650	103002	BCC	V	
157	0652	062701	ADD	#40,R1	
		000040			
158	0656	006102	RUL	R2	
159	0660	103002	BCC	W	
160	0662	062701	ADD	#20,R1	
		000020			
161	0666	006102	RUL	R2	
162	0670	103002	BCC	X	
163	0672	062701	ADD	#11,R1	
		000011			
164	0676	006104	RUL	R4	
165	0700	006104	RUL	R4	
166	0702	006104	RUL	R4	
167	0704	006104	RUL	R4	
168	0706	006104	RUL	R4	
169	0710	103002	BCC	Y	
170	0712	062701	ADD	#4,R1	
		000004			
171	0716	006104	RUL	R4	
172	0720	006104	RUL	R4	
173	0722	103002	BCC	Z	
174	0724	062701	ADD	#2,R1	
		000002			
175	0730	005000	CLR	R0	
176	0732	071027	DIV	#12,R0	
		000012			
177	0736	010001	MOV	R0,R1	
178	0740	005000	CLR	R0	
179	0742	071027	DIV	#74,R0	
		000074			
180	0746	005004	CLR	R4	
181	0750	022700	CMP	#12,R0	
		000012			
182	0754	101004	BHI	AA	
183	0756	162700	SUB	#12,R0	
		000012			
184	0762	005204	INC	R4	
185	0764	000771	BR	BA	
186	0766	010305	MOV	R3,R5	
187	0770	004767	JSR	PC,OUT	:NUMBER OF DAYS
		000112			
188	0774	012705	MOV	#13,R5	
		000013			
189	1000	004767	JSR	PC,OUT	:PUT ; TO SEPARATE NUMBERS
		000102			
190	1004	010405	MOV	R4,R5	



```

191 1006 004767 JSR PC,OUT ;PUT TENS OF HOURS OUT
      000074
192 1012 010005 MOV RO,R5
193 1014 004767 JSR PC,OUT ;PUT ONES OF HOURS OUT
      000066
194 1020 012705 MOV #12,R5
      000012
195 1024 004767 JSR PC,OUT ;PUT : OUT
      000056
196 1030 005000 CLR RO
197 1032 022701 AD: CMP #12,R1
      000012
198 1036 101004 BHI AC
199 1040 162701 SUB #12,R1
      000012
200 1044 005200 INC RO
201 1046 000771 BR AD
202 1050 010005 AC: MOV RO,R5
203 1052 004767 JSR PC,OUT ;PUT TENS OF MIN OUT
      000030
204 1056 010105 MOV R1,R5
205 1060 004767 JSR PC,OUT ;PUT ONES OF MIN OUT
      000022
206 1064 .EXIT
207 1066 105737 IN: TSTB @#177560
      177560
208 1072 002375 BGE IN
209 1074 013700 MOV @#177562,R0
      177562
210 1100 162700 SUB #260,R0
      000260
211 1104 000207 RTS PC
212 1106 062705 OUT: ADD #260,R5
      000260
213 1112 010537 MOV R5,@#177566
      177566
214 1116 105737 T3: TSTB @#177564
      177564
215 1122 002375 BGE T3
216 1124 000207 RTS PC
217 000001 .END

```

DAY CLOCK SET ROUTINE RT-11 MACRO VMO2-12 27-JUN-78 PAGE 1+  
SYMBOL TABLE

A	000176R	AA	000766R	AC	001050R
AD	001032R	B	000214R	BA	000750R
C	000232R	D	000250R	E	000266R
F	000304R	G	000322R	H	000340R
I	000356R	IN	001066R	J	000374R
K	000412R	L	000536R	M	000546R
N	000556R	NEXT	000052R	D	000566R
ONE	000134R	ONEI	000040R	OUT	001106R
P	000576R	PC	=%000007	Q	000606R
R	000616R	RO	=%000000	R1	=%000001
R2	=%000002	R3	=%000003	R4	=%000004
R5	=%000005	S	000626R	SP	=%000006
T	000636R	TEN	000116R	TIMIN	000000RG
TIMOUT	000466R	T3	001116R	U	000646R
V	000656R	W	000666R	WA	000454R
WAI	000434R	X	000676R	Y	000716R
Z	000730R	...V2	= 000001		

. ABS. 000000 000  
001126 001

ERRORS DETECTED: 0  
FREE CORE: 2823. WJRDS

TIME,LP:<TIME

```
1  
2      000000'      .TITLE PEAK PROCESSING ROUTINE  
3                  .CSECT P.MAC  
4                  ;MODIFIED BY M.E. FIORINO AND GARY GISS  
5                  ;JAN., 1978  
6                  ;PEAK INFORMATION IS ACQUIRED POST RUN  
7                  ;AND PRINTED OUT IN DECIMAL.  
8                  .GLUBL PEAK,ACQCNT, DN,OFFSET,PEAKNM,BLKNN,RATE,BAKCAL  
9 000000          .MCALL .REGDEF, ..V2..  
10 00000         ..V2..  
11              .REGDEF
```

```

1          ; PARAMETER-VARIABLE TABLE OFFSETS
2
3
4          ;
5          ; THE FOLLOWING LIST OF OFFSETS INTO THE PARAMETER TABLE - SCRATCH
6          ; AREA DEFINED BY THE ADDRESS IN REGISTER FIVE(R5) WHEN "PEAK" IS
7          ; CALLED IS USED BY THE ROUTINE.
8          000000 WT=0          ;PPWIDTH, WIDTH TEST PARAMETER
9          000002 GT=2          ;PPGATE, NO. OF CONSECUTIVE CHANGES TO CHANGE DIRECTION
10         000004 HM=4          ;PPMIN, MINIMUM CHANGE CONSIDERED AN INCREASE
11         000006 SC=HM+2
12         000007 BS=SC+1      ;BASELINE SWITCH. 0=PEAK STARTED ON BASELINE
13         ;                    ; 1=LOOK FOR PEAK WIDTH
14         ;                    ; 2=LOOK FOR END ON BASELINE
15         000010 S1=BS+1      ;SWITCH SET IF DECREASING W/DUT A PREV. INCREASE
16         000011 S2=S1+1      ;SWITCH SET IF INCREASING AFTER A DECREASE OR BASELINE
17         000012 CAL=S2+1     ;LO-ORDER PART OF AREA ACCUM. DURING SIGNAL INCREASE
18         000014 CA4=CAL+2     ;HI-ORDER PART
19         000016 DSL=CAH+2     ;LO-ORDER PART OF OLD SLOPE MINIMUM
20         000020 JSH=JSL+2     ;HI-ORDER PART
21         000022 TML=JSH+2     ;LO-ORDER PART OF CURRENT PT COUNTER
22         000024 TMH=TML+2     ;HI-ORDER PART
23         000026 MC=TMH+2      ;TEMPORARY COUNTER FOR # OF MINS FOUND
24         000030 CC=MC+2       ;TEMPORARY COUNTER FOR # OF MAXS FOUND
25         000032 MX=CC+2       ;CURRENT MAXIMUM
26         000034 KM=MX+2       ;VALUE OF PEAK LEADING MINIMUM
27         000036 KH=KM+2       ;HEIGHT OF LAST PEAK CREST
28         000040 KCL=KH+2      ;LO-ORDER PART OF TIME OF LAST PEAK CREST
29         000042 KCH=KCL+2     ;HI-ORDER PART
30         000044 CTL=KCH+2     ;LO-ORDER PART OF TIME OF LATEST MAXIMUM
31         000046 CTH=CTL+2     ;HI-ORDER PART
32         000050 KTL=CTH+2     ;LO-ORDER PART OF PEAK LEADING MINIMUM TIME
33         000052 KTH=KTL+2     ;HI-ORDER PART
34         000054 BTL=KTH+2     ;LO-ORDER PART OF LEADING BASELINE MINIMUM TIME
35         000056 BTH=BTL+2     ;HI-ORDER PART
36         000060 BM=BTH+2      ;LEADING BASELINE MINIMUM
37         000062 SLL=BH+2      ;LO-ORDER PART OF NEW OR CURRENT SLOPE*1000
38         000064 SLH=SLL+2     ;HI-ORDER PART
39         000066 DAL=SLH+2     ;LO-ORDER PART OF AREA
40         000070 DAH=DAL+2     ;HI-ORDER PART
41         000072 PH=DAH+2      ;PEAK HEIGHT (SAVED FOR OUTPUT)
42         000074 PTL=PH+2      ;LO-ORDER PART OF TIME OF PEAK (SAVED FOR OUTPUT)
43         000076 PTH=PTL+2     ;HI-ORDER PART
44         000100 LMH=PTH+2     ;LEADING MINIMUM HEIGHT(SAVED FOR OUTPUT)
45         000102 LMT=LMH+2     ;LO-ORDER PART OF TIME OF LEADING MINIMUM
46         000104 LMH=LMT+2     ;HI-ORDER PART
47         000106 WDL=LMT+2     ;LO-ORDER PART OF WIDTH(IN SAMPLE CNTS)

```

```
48      000110 WDH=WDL+2      ;HI-ORDER PART
49      000112 WNH=WCH+2      ;TRAILING MINIMUM
50      000114 MTL=MNL+2      ;LO-ORDER PART OF TIME OF TRAILING MINIMUM
51      000116 MTH=MIL+2      ;HI-ORDER PART
52      000120 TYPE=MTH+2     ;OUTPUT PEAK TYPE INDICATOR
53      ;                      ;          =1, IMPLIES PEAK ENDED ON BASELINE
54      ;                      ;          =0, IMPLIES PEAK ENDED ON VALLEY
55      ;
56      ;
57      177560 RCVCSR = 177560
58      177562 RCVBUF = 177562
59      177564 XTMCSSR = 177564
60      177566 XTMBUF = 177566
```

```

1          ; PEAK ENTRY POINT
2          ;CODE TO ASK FOR WT,GT,AND HM
3 000000 012705 PEAK:  MOV #PTABLE, R5
                002622'
4 000004 005067      CLR   BLKNM
                000000G
5 000010 012767      MOV   #0,BLKNM
                000000
                000000G
6 000016 010167      MOV   R1,BLKNM
                000000G
7 000022 026727      CMP   BLKNM,#0
                000000G
                000000
8 000030 001043      BNE   SKIPDT
9 000032 012737      MOV   #010000,2#44
                010000
                000044
10 00040 012700      MOV  #WTMSG, RO           ;OUTPUT WT MSG
                003152'
11 00044 004767      JSR  PC, MSG
                002450
12 00050 004767      JSR  PC, DCTIN
                002470
13 00054 010065      MOV  RO, WT(R5)
                000000
14 00060 012700      MOV  #GTMSG, RO           ;OUTPUT GT MSG
                003202'
15 00064 004767      JSR  PC, MSG
                002430
16 00070 004767      JSR  PC, DCTIN
                002450
17 00074 010065      MOV  RO, GT(R5)
                000002
18 00100 012700      MOV  #HMMSG, RO           ;OUTPUT HM MSG
                003222'
19 00104 004767      JSR  PC, MSG
                002410
20 00110 004767      JSR  PC, DCTIN
                002430
21 00114 010065      MOV  RO, HM(R5)
                000004
22 00120 012700      MOV  #TITLE1,RO         ;OUTPUT TITLES
                003046'
23 00124 004767      JSR   PC,MSG
                002370
24 00130 012700      MOV  #TITLE2,RO         ;OUTPUT SECOND TITLE

```

```

003106*
25 00134 004767      JSR      PC,MSG
      002360
26 00140 012704 SKIPPT: MOV      #23000,R4
      023000
27
28
29
30 00144 105065      CLR B   SC(R5)      ;CLEAR FLAGS. BASELINE SLOPE CHANGE CNTR
      000006
31 00150 105767      TST B   BAKCAL
      0000006
32 00154 001406      BEQ     NOCAL
33 00156 166767      SUB     ACQSAV,ACQCNT
      002434
      0000006
34 00164 066765      ADD     ACQSAV,TML(R5)
      002426
      000022
35 00172 066767 NOCAL: ADD     ACQCNT,ACQSAV
      0000006
      002416
36 00200 105065      CLR B   BS(R5)      ;BASELINE SWITCH
      000007
37 00204 005065      CLR     CAL(R5)     ;ACC. AREA DURING INCREASE
      000012
38 00210 005065      CLR     CAH(R5)
      000014
39 00214 012765      MOV     #77777,DSH(R5) ;SET SLOPE TO LARGE NO.
      077777
      000020
40 00222 012765      MOV     #177777,DSL(R5) ;
      177777
      000016
41 00230 016700      MOV DN, RO          ;UPDAT TIME FUR
      0000006
42 00234 070027      MUL #0, RO          ;INITIAL 1 POINTS MISSING
      000000
43 00240 010165      MOV R1, TML(R5)     ;IN SBUF
      000022
44 00244 005065      CLR TMM(R5)        ;CLR CURRENT TIME STORAGE
      000024
45 00250 162767      SUB #0, ACQCNT      ;ADJUST COUNT ALSO
      000000
      0000006
46
47      ;START OF NEW PEAK

```

```

48
49
50 00256 112765 V247:  MOVB  #1,S1(R5)      ;SET DECREASING WITHOUT INCREASE
      000001
      000010
51 00264 005065      CLR   MC(R5)      ;CLR MINIMUM COUNTER
      000026
52 00270 005065      CLR   CC(R5)      ;CLR MAXIMUM COUNTER
      000030
53 00274 105065      CLRB  S2(R5)      ;SET NOT INCREASING AFTER A DECREASE
      000011
54 00300 012765      MOV   #77777,MN(R5)  ;SET MINIMUM TO LARGE NO.
      077777
      000112
55 00306 012765      MOV   #100000,MX(R5) ;SET MAXIMUM TO VERY LOW NO.
      100000
      000032

56
57
58                                ;GETTING NEXT POINT
59
60 00314 005367 N100: DEC  ACQNT      ;ALL PNTS DONE?
      000006
61 00320 002012      BGE  NXTPNT      ;YES-RETURN TO DISPLAY
62 00322 105765      TSTB  S2(R5)
      000011
63 00326 001406      BEQ   RETURN
64 00330 012767      MOV   #1,BAKCAL
      000001
      000006
65 00336 166567      SUB   KTL(R5),ACQSAV
      000050
      002252
66 00344 000207 RETURN: RTS  PC        ;NO - PROCESS NEXT POINT
67 00346 066765 VXTPT: ADD  DN,TML(R5) ;UPDATE CURRENT TIME
      000006
      000022
68 00354 005565      ADC   THH(R5)
      000024
69 00360 062704      ADD  #2, R4          ;UPDATE DATA POINTER
      000002
70 00364 020427      CMP   R4,#36000
      036000
71 00370 001002      BNE  NDSKIP
72 00372 062704      ADD  #1000,R4
      001000
73 00376 042714 NDSKIP: BIC  #170000,(R4)

```



```
170000
74
75
76
77 00402 021465 3$: CMP (R4),MN(R5) ;COMPARE VALUE TO CURRENT MIN
    000112
78 00406 103402 BLD 2$
79 00410 000167 JMP N150 ;IF GREATER THAN OR EQUAL, B+C
    000354
```

```

1
2
3 000414 122765 2$: CMPB #1,BS(R5) ;ARE WE LOOKING FOR PEAK WIDTH
      000301
      000307
4 000422 001026 BNE N117 ;IF NOT, B+C
5 000424 016501 MOV KH(R5),R1 ;IF SO, CHECK IF LOW ENOUGH TO
      000036
6 000430 066501 ADD KM(R5),R1 ; CALCULATE PEAK WIDTH
      000034
7
8
9 000434 006001 ROR R1 ;(KM+KH)/2 = TERM
10
11
12 00436 021401 CMP (R4),R1 ;IS CENTERED PT > TERM
13 00440 101017 BHI N117 ;IF SO, B+C
14 00442 016500 $$: MOV TMH(R5),R0 ;OTHERWISE, CALCULATE 1/2WID AT 1/2HT
      000324
15 00446 016501 MOV TML(R5),R1
      000022
16 00452 166500 SUB KCH(R5),R0
      000042
17 00456 166501 SUB KCL(R5),R1
      000340
18 00462 005600 SBC R0
19 00464 010065 MOV R0,WDL(R5) ;SET WIDTH
      000110
20 00470 010165 MOV R1,WDL(R5)
      000106
21 00474 105265 INCB BS(R5) ;INDICATE LOOKING FOR END PEAK ON BASLIN
      000037
22 00500 011465 N117: MOV (R4),MN(R5) ;RECORD CURRENT MINIMUM VALUE
      000112
23
24
25 00504 016565 MOV TMH(R5),MTH(R5) ;RECORD CURRENT PT COUNTER
      000324
      000116
26 00512 016565 MOV TML(R5),MTL(R5)
      000022
      000114
27 00520 005265 INC MC(R5) ;INC MINS FOUND COUNTER
      000326
28 00524 011400 MOV (R4),R0 ;INC ACC. AREA BY
29 00526 016701 MOV DN,R1 ; CENTERED PT. * SAMPLE RATE
      000300G

```

```

30 00532 004767      JSR PC, MULUNS
      001132
31 00536 060165      ADD    R1,DAL(R5)
      000066
32 00542 005500      ADC    R0
33 00544 060065      ADD    R0,DAH(R5)
      000070
34
35
36 00550 066565      ADD    CAL(R5),DAL(R5) ; AND INCREASE ACC. AREA BY AREA ACC.
      000012
      000066
37 00556 005565      ADC    DAH(R5)        ; DURING INCREASE
      000070
38 00562 066565      ADD    CAH(R5),DAH(R5)
      000014
      000070
39
40 00570 105765      .ENABL LSB
      TSTB BS(R5)        ;IS PEAK START DN BASELINE?
      000007
41 00574 001007      BNE    1$            ;IF NOT, B+C
42 00576 105765      TSTB S1(R5)        ;ARE WE DN BACK SIDE OF PEAK
      000010
43 00602 001404      BEQ    1$            ;IF NOT, B+C
44 00604 005065      CLR    DAH(R5)      ;IF SO, ZERO ACC. AREA
      000070
45 00610 005065      CLR    DAL(R5)
      000066
46 00614 005065 1$:  CLR    CAH(R5)      ;CLEAR ACC. AREA DURING INCREASE
      000014
47 00620 005065      CLR    CAL(R5)
      000012
48 00624 026565      CMP    MC(R5),GT(R5) ;COMPARE #MINS TO GATE
      000026
      000002
49 00632 002002      BGE    2$            ;IF GREATER OR EQUAL, B+C
50 00634 000167      JMP    N100         ;OTHERWISE
      177454
51 00640 105265 2$:  INCB S1(R5)        ;INDICATE NOT DN BACKSIDE
      000010
52 00644 005065      CLR    CC(R5)      ;CLEAR MAXIMUMS COUNTER
      000030
53 00650 103765      TSTB S2(R5)        ;WAS THERE AN INCR. AFTER A DECR. OR BASL
      000011
54 00654 001005      BNE    3$            ;IF SO, B+C
55 00656 012765      MOV    #100000,MX(R5) ;IF NOT, SET MAX LARGE NEG NUM
      100000

```

```

        000032
56
57
58 00664 000167      JMP      N200
        000434
59 00670 016565 33:  MOV      CTL(R5),PTL(R5) ;RECORD PEAK TIME
        000044
        000074
60 00576 016565      MOV      CTH(R5),PTH(R5)
        000046
        000076
61 00704 016565      MOV      KTL(R5),LMTL(R5);RECORD LEADING MINIMUM TIME
        000050
        000102
62 00712 016565      MOV      KTH(R5),LMTH(R5)
        000052
        000104
63 00720 016565      MOV      MX(R5),PH(R5)  ;RECORD PEAK HEIGHT
        000032
        000072
64 00726 016565      MOV      KM(R5),LMH(R5) ;RECORD LEADING MINIMUM HEIGHT
        000034
        000100
65
66
67 00734 112765      MOVVB   #1,BS(R5)      ;IND. LOOKING FOR PEAK WIDTH
        000001
        000007
68 00742 016565      MOV      CTL(R5),KCL(R5) ;KEEP TIME OF LATEST MAX
        000044
        000040
69 00750 016565      MOV      CTH(R5),KCH(R5)
        000046
        000042
70 00756 016565      MOV      MX(R5),KH(R5)  ;KEEP VALUE OF LATEST MAX
        000032
        000036
71
72
73 00764 000167      JMP      N247          ;PREPARE FOR NEXT PEAK
        177266

```

```

1
2 ;NEW POINT LARGER THAN CURRENT MINIMUM
3 000770 011400 V150: MOV (R4),R0 ;UPDATE AREA ACC. DURING INCR BY
4 000772 016701 MOV DN,R1 ;CURRENT AREA
      000000G
5 000776 004767 JSR PC, MULUNS
      000666
6 001002 060165 ADD R1,CAL(R5)
      000312
7 001006 005500 ADC R0
8 001010 060065 ADD R0,CAH(R5)
      000014
9
10
11 01014 016501 MOV MX(R5),R1 ;CHECK IF NEW PT. SIGNIFICANTLY INCREASED
      000032
12 01020 066501 ADD HM(R5),R1 ; OVER LATEST MAX
      000004
13 .ENABL LSB
14
15
16 01024 021401 CNP (R4),R1
17 01026 003002 RGT 1$
18 01030 000167 2$: JHP N200
      000270
19 01034 016565 1$: MOV TML(R5),CTL(R5) ;IF INCREASE IS SIGNIFICANT, UPDATE MAX
      000022
      000044
20 01042 016565 MOV TMH(R5),CTH(R5) ; INFORMATION
      000024
      000046
21 01050 005265 INC CC(R5) ;UPDATE TIME,MAXS FOUND COUNT,
      000030
22 01054 011465 MOV (R4),MX(R5) ; AND HEIGHT
      000032
23
24
25 01060 026565 CNP CC(R5),GT(R5) ;COMPARE #MAXS TO GATE VALUE
      000030
      000002
26 01066 002002 BGE 3$ ;IF HIGH ENOUGH, B+C
27 01070 000167 JHP N200 ;OTHERWISE WAIT
      000230
28 01074 005065 3$: CLR MC(R5) ;CLR MINS COUNTER
      000026
29 01100 105765 TSTB S1(R5) ;ARE WE ON BACKSIDE OF PEAK
      000010

```

```

30 01104 001002      BNE    4$           ;IF SD, B+C
31 01106 000167      JMP    N160        ;OTHERWISE
      000204
32 01112 016500 4$:  MOV    MN(R5),RO      ;UPDATE AREA ACC. DURING INCR. BY
      000112
33 01116 016701      MOV    DN,R1           ; 1/2 LEADING MINIMUM * SAMPLE RATE
      000000G
34 01122 004767      JSR    PC, MULUNS
      000542
35
36
37 01126 006200      ASR    RO
38 01130 006001      ROR    R1
39 01132 060165      ADD    R1,CAL(R5)   ;UPDATE AREA
      000012
40 01136 005500      ADC    RO
41 01140 060065      ADD    RO,CAH(R5)
      000014
42 01144 105265      INCB   S2(R5)       ;IND INCREASE AFTER DECREASE
      000011
43 01150 105065      CLRB   S1(R5)       ;IND NO DECREASE
      000010
44 01154 016565      MOV    MTL(R5),KTL(R5) ;RECORD PEAK LEADING MINIMUM TIME
      000114
      000050
45 01162 016565      MOV    MTH(R5),KTH(R5)
      000116
      000052
46 01170 016565      MOV    MN(R5),KM(R5) ;RECORD PEAK LEADING MINIMUM
      000112
      000034
47
48
49
50 01176 122765      .ENABL  LSB
      CMPB   #1,BS(R5) ;DETERMINE WHAT TO DO BY WHERE WE ARE
      000001
      000007
51 01204 003413      BLE    1$           ;IF NOT STARTING ON BASELINE,END OF PEAK
52 01206 016565      MOV    KTL(R5),BTL(R5) ;IF STARTING ON BASELINE, RECORD NEW
      000050
      000054
53 01214 016565      MOV    KTH(R5),BTH(R5) ; BASELINE TIME AND
      000052
      000056
54 01222 016565      MOV    KM(R5),BM(R5) ; HEIGHT
      000034
      000060

```

```

55
56
57 01230 000167      JMP      N160
      000062
58 01234 001017 1$:  BNE      2$      ;IF NOT LOOKING FOR WIDTH, B+C
59 01236 016501      MOV      MTL(R5),R1  ;OTHERWISE,MUST CAL. PEAK WIDTH NOW
      000114
60 01242 016500      MOV      MTH(R5),R0  ; SINCE PEAK HAS ENDED BEFORE
      000116
61 01246 166500      SUB      KCH(R5),R0  ; HALF HEIGHT WAS REACHED
      000042
62 01252 166501      SUB      KCL(R5),R1
      000040
63 01256 005600      SBC      R0
64 01260 006200      ASR      R0
65 01262 006001      RDR      R1          ;WIDTH EQUALS 1/2(MIN TIM - LEAD MIN TIM)
66 01264 010065      MOV      R0,WDH(R5)  ;SET WIDTH
      000110
67 01270 010165      MOV      R1,WDL(R5)
      000106
68 01274 005065 2$:  CLR      TYPE(R5)   ;IND. NOT ON BASELINE
      000120
69 01300 004767      JSR      PC,OUTPUT  ;OUTPUT PEAK DATA
      000506
70 01304 112765      MOVB    #2,B5(R5)   ;IND. LOOKING FOR END ON BASELINE
      000002
      000007
71 01312 000167      JMP      N160
      000000
72
      ;LOOKING FOR BASELINE
73
74 01316 016565 N160: MOV      MX(R5),MN(R5) ;SET CURRENT MAX TO CURRENT MIN
      000032
      000112
75
76
77 01324 122765 N200: CMPB    #2,B5(R5)   ;HAS THE WIDTH BEEN CALCULATED YET
      000002
      000007
78
      .ENABL  LSB
79 01332 001402      BEQ      1$          ;IF 50, B+C
80 01334 000167 2$:  JMP      N100       ;IF NOT, GO GET NEXT PT
      176754
81 01340 105765 1$:  TSTB    S1(R5)     ;IS PT ON BACKSIDE OF PEAK
      000010
82 01344 001773      BEQ      2$          ;IF NOT, GO GET NEXT POINT
83 01346 016500      MOV      WDH(R5),R0

```

```

      000110
84 01352 070065      MUL      WT(R5),R0      ;CAL WIDTH*WIDTH TEST
      0000U0
85 01356 010133      MOV      R1,R3
86 01360 016500      MOV      WDL(R5),R0      ;IF SD, TEST TO SEE IF FAR ENOUGH PAST
      000106
87 01364 016501      MOV      WT(R5),R1      ; TO START LOOKING FOR BASELINE
      0000U0
88 01370 004767      JSR PC, MULUNS
      00U274
89 01374 060300      ADD      R3,R0
90 01376 016503      MOV      TML(R5),R3      ;CAL TIME FROM CREST TO CURRENT POINT
      000022
91 01402 016502      MOV      TMH(R5),R2
      000024
92 01406 166502      SUB      KCH(R5),R2
      000042
93 01412 166503      SUB      KCL(R5),R3
      000040
94 01416 005602      SBC      R2
95 01420 0202U0      CMP      R2,R0
96 01422 003005      BGT      4$
97 01424 001402      BEQ      3$
98 01426 000167 5$   JMP      N100      ;COMPARE TWO CALCULATED QUANTITIES
      176662      ;IF FIRST IS GREATER, B+C
99 01432 02U301 3$   CMP      R3,R1      ;COMPARE LSH OF TWO CAL. QUANTITIES
100 1434 103774      BLD      5$      ;IF FIRST IS LESS, GO GET NEXT POINT
101 1436 011400 4$   MOV      (R4),R0      ;OTHERWISE, CALCULATE CURRENT SLOPE
102 1440 105067      CLRB     SIGN      ; CLEAR SIGN FLAG
      001154
103 1444 166500      SUB      BM(R5),R0      ;SLOPE = (CURRENT POINT-LEADING BASELINE
      000060      ;
      ;
      ; MINIMUM)/
104
105
106 1450 002003      BGE      6$
107 1452 105267      INCB     SIGN      ;IF POSITIVE, B+C
      001142      ;OTHERWISE, INDICATE SIGN CHANGE
108 1456 005400      NEG      R0
109
110 1460 005700 6$   TST      R0
111 1462 001425      BEQ      9$
112 1464 012701 7$   MOV      #1000,R1      ;CHECK FOR ZERO SLOPE
      001000      ;IF NON-ZERO , B+C
113 1470 004767      JSR PC, MULUNS
      000174
114
115

```



```

116 1474 016503      MOV      TML(R5),R3      ;      (CURRENT TIME-LEADING BASELINE
      000022
117 1500 016502      MOV      TMH(R5),R2      ;      TIME)
      000024
118 1504 166502      SUB      BTH(R5),R2
      000056
119 1510 166503      SUB      BTL(R5),R3
      000054
120 1514 005603      SBC      R3
121 1516 004767      JSR      PC,DDIVD
      000206
122 1522 105767      TSTB     SIGN
      001072
123 1526 001403      BEQ      9$
124 1530 005400      NEG      R0              ;IF SIGNS DIFFERED, SLOPE NEGATIVE
125 1532 005401      NEG      R1
126 1534 005600      SBC      R0
127 1536 010065 9$:   MOV      R0,SLH(R5)
      000064
128 1542 010165      MOV      R1,SLL(R5)
      000062
129 1546 026565      CMP      OSH(R5),SLH(R5) ;COMPARE TO OLD SLOPE
      000020
      000064
130 1554 003005      BGT      10$             ;IF OLD GREATER, GO UPDATE AND TRY AGAIN
131 1556 002416      BLT      11$             ;IF OLD IS LESS, CHECK IF BASELINE
132 1560 026565      CMP      OSL(R5),SLL(R5) ;COMPARE TO LSH TO OLD SLOPE
      000016
      000062
133 1566 101412      BLDS     11$             ;IF OLD IS LESS, CHECK IF BASELINE
134 1570 016565 10$:  MOV      SLL(R5),OSL(R5) ;SET OLD TO NEW
      000062
      000016
135 1576 016565      MOV      SLH(R5),OSL(R5)
      000064
      000020
136 1604 105065      CLRB     SC(R5)          ;CLEAR SLOPE INCR COUNTER
      000006
137 1610 000167      JMP      N100            ;GO GET NEXT POINT
      176500
138 1614 105265 11$:  INCB     SC(R5)          ;INCR SLOPE INCR COUNTER
      000006
139 1620 122765      CNPB     #2,SC(R5)       ;HAS SLOPE INCR TWICE IN A ROW
      000002
      000006
140 1626 002002      BGE      12$             ;IF SO, B+C
141 1630 000167      JMP      N100            ;OTHERWISE, GO GET NEXT POINT

```

```

176460
142 1634 012765 12$: MOV #1,TYPE(R5) ;IND. ENDING PEAK ON BASELINE
000001
000120
143 1642 004767 JSR PC,OUTPUT ;OUTPUT PEAK DATA BLOCK
000144
144 1546 105065 CLRB SC(R5) ;CLEAR SLOPE INCR. COUNTER
000006
145 1652 012765 MOV #77777,DSH(R5) ;SET SLOPE TO LARGE NO.
077777
000020
146 1660 105065 CLRB BS(R5) ;SET FLAG TO INDICATE STARTING AT BASELIN
000007
147 1664 000167 JMP N100 ;GO GET NEXT POINT
176424

148 ;
149 ;
150 ; SUBROUTINES
151 ;
152 ;
153 ; ROUTINE TO MULTIPLY R0 BY R1 AND STORE RESULT IN R0 AND R1
154 ;
155 ;
156 1670 MULUNS: .ENABL LSB
157 1670 010346 MOV R3,-(SP) ;SAVE R2 AND R3
158 1672 010246 MOV R2,-(SP)
159 1674 012703 MOV #100000,R3 ;R3 CONTAINS COMPLETIUN FLAG
100000
160 1700 005002 CLR R2 ;R2 WILL CONTAIN HIGH ORDER PRODUCT
161 1702 006001 1$: RDR R1 ;C = MULTIPLIER BIT
162 1704 103001 BCC 2$ ;BR IF ZERO MULTIPLIER BIT
163 1706 060002 ADD RO,R2 ;BIT MULTIPLY
164 1710 006002 2$: RDR R2 ;SHIFT HIGH ORDER
165 1712 006003 RDR R3 ;BR IF MULT IS NOT DONE
166 1714 103372 BCC 1$ ;BR IF MULT NOT DONE
167 1716 010200 MOV R2,R0 ;LEAVE RESULT IN R0 AND R1
168 1720 010301 MOV R3,R1
169 1722 012602 MOV (SP)+,R2
170 1724 012603 MOV (SP)+,R3
171 1726 000207 RTS PC
172 ;ROUTINE TO DIVIDE R0,R1 BY R2,R3 WITH RESULT IN R0,R1
173 ;
174 1730 010446 DDIVD: MOV R4,-(SP) ;SAVE R4
175 1732 010546 MOV R5,-(SP) ;SAVE R5
176 1734 012746 MOV #32,-(SP) ;GET LOUP COUNT
000040
177 1740 005004 CLR R4

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178 1742 005005      CLR      R5          ;READY REMAINDERS
179                .ENABL LSB
180 1744 006101 1$:  ROL      R1
181 1746 006100      ROL      R0          ;GET NEW BIT OF NUMERATOR
182 1750 006104      ROL      R4
183 1752 006105      ROL      R5
184 1754 020205      CMP      R2,R5        ;DOES DENOMINATOR FIT
185 1756 101007      BHI      3$          ;NO-B+C
186 1760 002402      BLT      2$
187 1762 020304      CMP      R3,R4        ;IF HIGH EQUAL, CHECK LOW
188 1764 101004      BHI      3$          ;BRANCH IF DENOM TOO BIG
189 1766 160304 2$:  SUB      R3,R4
190 1770 005605      SBC      R5          ;SUB DENOM FROM REMAINDER
191 1772 160205      SUB      R2,R5
192 1774 000261      SEC
193 1776 005316 3$:  DEC      (SP)        ;INDICATE NEW QUOTIENT BIT
194 2000 002351      BGE      1$          ;CHECK LOOP COUNT
195 2002 005726      TST      (SP)+        ;IF MORE, B+C
196 2004 012605      MOV      (SP)+,R5      ;UP SP
197 2006 012604      MOV      (SP)+,R4      ;RESTORE R5
198 2010 000207      MOV      (SP)+,R4      ;AND R4
199                RTS      PC          ;RESULT IN R3,R2
200                ;ROUTINES TO OUTPUT PEAK INFO TO TTY
201                ;
202 2012 010446      OUTPUT:MOV R4, -(SP)    ;SAV R4
203 2014 005067      CLR      SPCE        ;CLR SPACE SETTER
204 2020 004767      JSR      PC,CRLF      ;OUTPUT CR AND LF TWICE
205 2024 004767      JSR      PC,CRLF
206 2030 012702      MOV      #1,R2          ;SET FLAG FOR NU DECIMAL PT
207 2034 012704      MOV      #PEAKNM,R4        ;GET ADDRESS OF PEAK NUMBER
208 2040 012767      MOV      #7,SPCE        ;SET SPACE BETWEEN VALUES
209 2046 004767      JSR      PC,SNGL      ;OUTPUT PEAK NUMBER
210 2052 012704      MOV      #0A1,R4        ;GET PEAK AREA READY
211 2056 060504      ADD      R5,R4
212 2060 012767      MOV      #27,SPCE      ;SET SPACES BETWEEN VALUES
213 2066 004767      JSR      PC,DBL        ;OUTPUT PEAK AREA

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```

000040
214 2072 005204      INC      R4          ;INC POINTER TO PEAK TIME
215 2074 005204      INC      R4
216 2076 012767      MOV      #1,SPCE    ;SET DUMMY SPACE
000001
000740
217 2104 005002      CLR      R2
218 2106 004767      JSR     PC,DBL
000020
219 2112 005065      CLR DAL(R5)        ;CLR AREA FOR NEXT PEAK
000066
220 2116 005267      INC     PEAKNM
0000006
221 2122 005065      CLR DAH(R5)        ;CLR HIGH PART
000070
222 2126 012604      MOV (SP)+, R4      ;RESTORE R4
223 2130 000207      RTS PC             ;RETURN
224 2132 012401      DBL: MOV (R4)+, R1  ;MOV LOW PART TO R1
225 2134 012400      MOV (R4)+, R0      ;MOV HI TO R0
226 2136 012703      MOV #12, R3        ;DIVISOR FOR BINARY TO DECIMAL
000012
227 2142 004767      JSR PC, CONVRT    ;GO CONVERT
000020
228 2146 000207      RTS PC             ;AND RETURN TO CALLING
229
230
231 2150 012401      SNGL: MOV (R4)+, R1 ;SNGL PREC DATUM IN R1
232 2152 005000      CLR R0             ;SET R0 SO CAN USE SAME
233
234
235 2154 012703      MOV #12, R3        ;DIVISOR FOR CONVERSION
000012
236 2160 004767      JSR PC, CONVRT    ;GO CONVERT
000002
237 2164 000207      RTS PC             ;RTN TO CALLING PRGRM
238
239
240
241
242
243 2166 005067      CONVRT: CLR PRNCT
000550
244 2172 005067      CNVRT1: CLR DIVL
000640
245 2176 005067      CLR DIVH
000636
246
;PRINT

```

```

247 2202 005700 AGAIN: TST R0                ;INIT# OR RESULT .GE. DIVISOR
248 2204 003401      BLE LOWTST
249 2206 000402      BR SUBTR
250 2210 020301 LOWTST: CMP R3, R1
251 2212 003010      BGT REMAIN
252 2214 160301 SUBTR: SUB R3,R1          ;YES-SUBTRACT AGAIN
253 2216 005600      SBC R0
254 2220 062767      ADD #1, DIVL        ;INC QUOTIENT
      000001
      000610
255 2226 005567      ADC DIV#
      000506
256 2232 000753      BR AGAIN
257 2234 020127 REMAIN: CMP      R1,#0
      000000
258 2240 002765      BLT      SUBTR
259 2242 062701      ADD      #260,R1
      000260
260 2246 010146      MOV R1, -(SP)        ;SAVE ON STACK
261 2250 005267      INC PRNCT        ;INC PRINT
      000556
262 2254 016700      MOV DIV#, R0
      000560
263 2260 016701      MOV DIVL, R1        ;COPY RESULT OF DIV TO R0
      000552
264
      ;-R1
265 2264 005700      TST R0                ;SEE IF DIVISOR LE. RESULT
266 2266 003341      BGT CNVRT1
267 2270 020301      CMP R3, R1
268 2272 003737      BLE CNVRT1
269 2274 020127      CMP      R1,#0
      000000
270 2300 002734      BLT      CNVRT1
271 2302 062701      ADD #260, R1        ;YES-GO SUB AGAIN
      000260
272
      ;NO-CNVRT TO ASCII
273 2306 010146      MOV R1, -(SP)        ;AND SAVE ON STACK
274 2310 005267      INC PRNCT
      000526
275
      ;
276      ;ROUTINE TO PRINT PK INFO ON TTY
277      ;
278 2314 105767 PRINT: TSTB XT#CSR
      177566
279 2320 100375      BPL PRINT
280 2322 012667      MOV (SP)+, XTMBUF
      177566

```

143

```

281 2326 026727      CMP      PRNTCT,#2
      000510
      00J002
282 2334 001015      BNE      NDDOT
283 2336 026727      CMP      RATE,#2
      000000G
      00J002
284 2344 001011      BNE      NDDOT
285 2346 020227      CMP      R2,#0
      000000
286 2352 001006      BNE      NDDOT
287 2354 105767      CIRC:  TSTB   XTCSR
      177554'
288 2360 100375      BPL      CIRC
289 2362 012757      MOV      #056,XTMBUF
      000056
      177566'
290 2370 005267      NDDOT:  INC      SPCE
      000220
291 2374 005367      DEC     PRNTCT
      000442
292 2400 003345      BGT     PRINT
293 2402 026767      CMP      SPCE,SPCE
      000206
      000434
294 2410 002017      BGE     REG
295 2412 166767      SUB     SPCE,SPCE
      000176
      000424
296 2420 016701      MOV     SPCE,R1
      000420
297 2424 066767      ADD     SPCE,SPCE
      000414
      000162
298 2432 105767      SPACE:  TSTB   XTCSR
      177564'
299 2436 100375      BPL     SPACE
300 2440 012767      MOV     #240, XTMBUF
      000240
      177566'
301 2446 077107      SOB    R1, SPACE
302 2450 000207      REG:   RTS    PC
303                ;
304                ;
305                ;ROUTINE TO GENERATE CARRIAGE RETURN/LINE FEED
306                ;
307 2452 105767      CRLF:  TSTB   XTCSR

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```

177564'
308 2456 100375      BPL CRLF
309 2460 012767      MOV #215,XTMBUF
      000215
      177566'
310 2466 105767 LF:   TSTB XT4CSR
      177564'
311 2472 100375      BPL LF
312 2474 012767      MOV #212,XTMBUF
      000212
      177566'
313 2502 105767 SRQ:  TSTB  XT4CSR
      177564'
314 2506 100375      BPL  SRQ
315 2510 012767      MOV  #240,XTMBUF
      000240
      177566'
316 2516 000207      RTS PC
317                      ;ROUTINE TO OUTPUT MESSAGES
318 2520 105767 MSG:  TSTB XT4CSR
      177564'
319 2524 100375      BPL MSG
320 2526 121027      CMPB (R0), #0
      000000
321 2532 001403      BEQ ANS
322 2534 112067      MOVB (R0)+, XTMBUF
      177566'
323 2540 000767      BR MSG
324 2542 000207 ANS:  RTS PC
325                      ;
326                      ;
327                      ;
328                      ;ROUTINE TO BRING IN WT, GT, HM
329                      ;ASSUMES LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 7 IS LARGEST NUMBER
330 2544 105767 DCTIV: TSTB RC4CSR
      177560'
331 2550 100375      BPL DCTIV
332 2552 105767 ECH:  TSTB XT4CSR
      177564'
333 2556 100375      BPL ECH
334 2560 116767      MOVB RC4BUF, XTMBUF
      177562'
      177566'
335 2566 126727      CMPB RC4BUF, #215
      177562'
      000215
336 2574 001406      BEQ BACK

```

545

```
337 2576 005000 CLR RO
338 2600 116700 MOVB RCVBUF, RO
      177562
339 2604 042700 BIC #177770,RO
      177770
340 2610 000755 BR DCTIN
341 2612 000207 BACK: RTS PC
342 2614 000000 SPCE: .WORD 000000
343 2616 000000 AC25AV: .WORD 0
344 2620 000000 SIGN: .WORD 0
345 2622 PTABLE: .BLKW 70.
346 3036 000000 DIVL: .WORD 0
347 3040 000000 DIVH: .WORD 0
348 3042 000000 PRVCT: .WORD 0
349 3044 000000 SPCE: .WORD 0
350 .NLIST BIN
351 3046 TITLE1: .ASCIZ <12><15>/PEAK PEAK RETENTION/
352 3106 TITLE2: .ASCIZ <12><15>/ NO. AREA TIME(SEC) /
353 .EVEN
354 3152 WTMSG: .ASCIZ <12><15>/ENTER WIDTH FACTOR /
355 .EVEN
356 3202 GTMSG: .ASCIZ<12><15>/ENTER GATE /
357 .EVEN
358 3222 HMMSG: .ASCIZ<12><15>/ENTER CHANGE FACTOR /
359 .EVEN
360 .END
```



PEAK PROCESSING ROUTINE RT-11 MACRO VMO2-12 27-JUN-78 PAGE 5+  
 SYMBOL TABLE

ACQCNT= ***** G	ACQSAV 002616R	002	AGAIN 002202R	002
ANS 002542R	002 BACK 002612R	002	BAKCAL= ***** G	
BLKNM = ***** G	BH = 000060		BS = 000007	
BIH = 000056	BTL = 000054		CAH = 000014	
CAL = 000012	CC = 000030		CIRCL 002354R	002
CNVRT1 002172R	002 CNVRT 002166R	002	CRLF 002452R	002
CTH = 000046	CTL = 000044		DBL 002132R	002
DUIVD 001730R	002 DIVH 003040R	002	DIVL 003036R	002
DN = ***** G	ECH 002552R	002	GT = 000002	
GMSG 003202R	002 HM = 000004		HMSG 003222R	002
KCH = 000042	KCL = 000040		KH = 000036	
KM = 000034	KTH = 000052		KTL = 000050	
LF 002466R	002 LMH = 000100		LMTH = 000104	
LMTL = 000102	LOWTST 002210R	002	MC = 000026	
MN = 000112	MSG 002520R	002	MTH = 000116	
MTL = 000114	MULUNS 001670R	002	MX = 000032	
NUCAL 000172R	002 NODDT 002370R	002	NUSKIP 000376R	002
NXTPNT 000346R	002 N100 000314R	002	N117 000500R	002
N150 000770R	002 N160 001316R	002	N200 001324R	002
N247 000256R	002 OAH = 000070		OAL = 000066	
OCTIN 002544R	002 OFFSET= ***** G		OSH = 000020	
OSL = 000016	OUTPUT 002012R	002	PC = %000007	
PEAK 000000RG	002 PEAKNM= ***** G		PH = 000072	
PRINT 002314R	002 PRNTCT 003042R	002	PTABLE 002622R	002
PTH = 000076	PTL = 000074		RATE = ***** G	
RCVBUF= 177562	RCVCSR= 177560		REG 002450R	002
REMAIN 002234R	002 RETURN 000344R	002	R0 = %000000	
R1 = %000001	R2 = %000002		R3 = %000003	
R4 = %000004	R5 = %000005		SC = 000006	
SIGN 002620R	002 SKIPDT 000140R	002	SLH = 000064	
SLL = 000062	SNGL 002150R	002	SP = %000006	
SPACE 002432R	002 SPCE 003044R	002	SPCER 002614R	002
SRO 002502R	002 SUBTR 002214R	002	S1 = 000010	
Sz = 000011	TILE1 003046R	002	TILE2 003106R	002
TMH = 000024	TML = 000022		TYPE = 000120	
WDH = 000110	WDL = 000106		WT = 000000	
WTMSG 003152R	002 XTMBUF= 177566		XTMCSR= 177564	
...V2 = 000001				
. ABS. 000000	000			
000000	001			
P.MAC 003252	002			
ERRORS DETECTED: 0				
FREE CORE: 2345. WJRS				

P,LP:<P

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INTERFACING OF AN LSI-11 MICRO PROCESSOR WITH THE SPECTRA-PHYSICS  
3500B GRADIENT ELUTION LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPH

by

Gary Neal Giss

(ABSTRACT)

An LSI-11 micro-processor and a Spectra-Physics model 3500B gradient elution liquid chromatograph were interfaced for the purpose of automating the chromatograph, incorporating it into the laboratory data network system and collecting data for Michael Starlings' project.

The automation involved the construction of hardware for the control of the chromatograph and for data acquisition and display and the writing of software to operate the interface. The LSI-11 collects data by clock interrupts while displaying the current data buffer on the oscilloscope. It stores all data files on a floppy disk storage device, accessed through the main host computer. An analysis of the data is performed by a peak processing routine, calculating peak area and retention time.

The network is the DEC RT-11/REMOTE system. It operates on a PDP-11-03 with a floppy disk system for mass storage. The laboratory system has three satellites operating under it. They can utilize all of the facilities of the main computer while maintaining a minimal operational configuration.

The project also had the purpose of being assimilated into Michael Starlings' data correlation system. The LSI-11 will collect data and send it to the NOVA computer system where it will be stored.

The system was tested with several mixtures and the results were found to be accurate and easily obtainable.