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# COLLECTION

Of above Three Hundred

# RECEIPTS

IN

# Cookery, Physick and Surgery;

For the USE of all

Good WIVES, Tender MOTHERS, and Careful NURSES.

By Several Hands.

The FOURTH EDITION.

To which is ADDED,

#### A SECOND PART,

Containing a great Number of Excellent Receipts, for Preserving and Conserving of Sweet-Meats, &c.

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THE

# PREFACE.

dent, than that the Usefulness, and, consequently, the Value of Books of this kind, depend upon the Integrity and Care of the Writers, the Pains

they take Themselves, and the good Help and Assistance they can procure from Others. If any of these Requisites be wanting, they must necessarily deceive the Reader, be deceived Themselves, or, at best, produce nothing but what's Mean and Tristing, and unworthy a Publick Reception. There is nothing so easie, as the raising whole Regiments of Nostrum's and Recipe's, if we will but admit all the Voluntiers of this kind, as fast as they croud in, to be listed; but these forward Ones are generally found to fail us in the Time of Trial; and the Success of the Day most commonly to depend upon such, as with great Trouble and Expence are press'd and dragg'd into the Service.

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As for myfelf, I have only to affure the Reader, That as the Defire of doing Good, was the fole Motive that at first engaged me in this Work; so has that great Principle ever been too sacred in my Esteem, to suffer the least Mixture of Unfaithfulness or Carelessness throughout the whole Management and Composure of it: And farther to declare, That there has been no Spare either of Labour, or Time, or Money, in order to the making this Collection the Best, and most truly Profitable in its kind; and that the great Knowledge and long Experience of those Excellent Persons who contributed to its Production, have abundantly qualified them for setting the last Hand to such a Work. To these therefore are due the greatest Tribute of Praise, and highest Acknowledgements of Gratitude, who with a Noble Charity and Univerful Benevolence have Exposed to the World such invaluable Secrets, as others, of a less generous Temper, would have taken a Pride, and made almost a Merit of Concealing.

And here I freely own the greatest Share of our Thanks to be justly owing to the Fair Sex; who, whether it be from the greater Tenderness of their Natures, the greater Opportunities of Leisure, or Advantages of acquiring Experience, or from whatever other Cause, are always found most Active and Industrious in this, as well as in all other kinds of Charity. Oh, Heavenly Charity!

Charity! How often have I seen thee employ the Rich in waiting upon the Poor, and Mistresses in Nursing and becoming Hand-maids to their own Servants? How often have I feen thee make Persons of the Highest Quality kneel down to the Dressing of a Poor Man's Wound? Those of the greatest Niceness and Delicacy of Sense, visit the Chambers of such, whose Poverty and Offensive Distempers have render'd them Nau-Seous and Loathsome beyond Expression? And those of Tender and Weakly Constitutions walk through Midnight-Frosts, to the Assistance of Some Poor Neighbouring Woman in her Painful and Perilous Hour? And wonderful is the Succefs with which Almighty God does often blefs their Labours (even in the Use of Plain and Simple Means) whose Hearts he first disposes to such Beneficial Undertakings. How earnestly is it to be wish'd that such Examples did more univerfally abound, and that all our fine Ladies would strive to adorn their Characters, by hecoming (to use the Judicious Mr. Bickerstaff's Phrase) Notable Women?

Nor can I forbear recommending this Generous and Beneficial Practice to the Gentlemen of the Clergy, especially to those whose Parishes are remote from other Help. How soon would their superior Learning and Sagacity render them Masters of this Useful Art? How greatly would the Exercise of it endear them to their People? What Reverence and Esteem, and consequently, what A 3 Opportunities

Opportunities of doing Good in every other Way, would this procure them? And with what Power and Authority would their Divine Infructions enter into the Hearts of their Audience, when proceeding from the Mouth of such a Benefactor, to whom, under God, perhaps most of them are beholden for their Health, their Limbs, or, it may be, their very Lives? This will be to imitate their Great Master, who went about doing Good, and Healing all those who were oppressed by the Devil, and who, wherever He met a Patient, seldom fail'd of making a Convert.

I make no doubt, but the Learned Gentlemen of the Faculty will be too Generous to Mif-construe this small Collection of Physical Receipts, (design'd for the Service of those who are neither within the Reach of their Visits, nor in a Capacity of Gratifying their Trouble), as an Invalion of their Province, or a Defrespect to their Perfons. I declare myself so far from intending either of these, that, on the contrary, I esteem it a great Happiness and Blessing to be able to have a ready and constant Recourse to their Assistance. And I am proud to own, that most of the following Prescriptions came from the most Eminent Hands in that Profession. The rest are all Innocent and Safe; and both the one and the other Approved (not from fingle Instances of Success, but) from a long and repeated Experience.

The Directions relating to COOKERY are Palatable, Useful, and Intelligible, which is more than can be said of any now Publick in that kind; some great Masters having given us Rules in that Art so strangely odd and fantastical, that 'tis hard to say, Whether the Reading has given more Sport and Diversion, or the Practice more Vexation and Chagrin, in spoiling us many a good Dish, by following their Directions. But so it is, that a Poor Woman must be laugh'd at, for only Sugaring a Mess of Beans; whilst a Great Name must be had in Admiration, for Contriving Relishes a thousand times more Distastful to the Palate, provided they are but at the same time more Expensive to the Purse.

I can assure you, that a Number of very Curious and Delicate House-wives Clubb' dto furnish out this Collection, for the Service of Young and Unexperienced Dames, who may from hence be Instructed in the Polite Management of their Kitchens, and the Art of Adorning their Tables with a Splendid Frugality. Nor do I despair but the Use of it may descend into a Lower Form, and teach Cook-maids at Country-Inns to serve us up a very agreeable Meal, from such Provisions as are Plainest, and always at hand; instead of Spoiling those which are most Rare and Costly, and provoking the Company to pass them away, in hasly Curses, to the Place from whence the A 4

unlucky Proverb supposes them to have come; and so quit Scores with him that sent them.

The Wines which you are here taught to make, are certainly of the greatest Perfection in their Kind; their Flavour and Taste is Generous, and their Ingredients are Wholesome; and so lucky have their Authors been in their Imitation, that many very good Criticks have not only esteem'd them the genuine Produce, but of the nobler Sorts too, of the Foreign Vintages.

Thus much, I think, may suffice by way of Preface; and less I could not possibly say with any tolerable Regard, either to the Merits of those worthy Persons to whom I am indebted, or the Interest of Those whom I am endeavouring to oblige, who, thro' Ignorance or Prejudice, might otherwise have deprived themselves of severy Useful and Beneficial an Undertaking.





A

# COLLECTION

OF

# RECEIPTS

IN

COOKERY, &c.

A Green-Pease-Soup, without Meat.



AKE your Peafe, and in shelling, separate the Young from the Old, then boil the Old ones soft enough to strain through a Cullender, then put the Li-

quor and what you ftrained through together: With the Young Peafe whole, add fome whole Pepper, two or three Blades of Mace, and fome Cloves. When the laft Peafe are near enough, take fome Spinage,

a little Mint, and a little Green Onion, not fhred too fmall, a little Faggot of Thyme and Sweet-marjoram; put these into a little Sauce-pan with near a Pound of Butter; and as they boil up, shake in some Flower to boil with it to the Quantity of a Dredgingbox full; then put a Loaf of French-Bread into the Broth to boil; mingle the Broth and Herbs together: When you have feafon'd it to your Tafte for Salt, add fome fmall white Toast neatly cut, and the Young Peafe.

### A very good Soup.

TAKE a Shin of Beef, a Crag of Mutton or Veal, and a bit of very good Bacon, and half a Pound of Rice, fet them on the Fire in as much Water as you think will boil them to Rags; keep it covered all the while: When all the Goodness of the Meat is out, strain it off, and put to it fome whole Pepper, fome Cloves, Mace and Salt to your Tafte. You may put Soup-Herbs, or a quarter of a Pound of plumpt Rice or Verma-jelly; boil a French-Loaf, or two or three Pigeons, for the Middle; put in with the Spice, a little Faggot of Thyme, Savory and Marjoram: This makes an incomparable Peafe-Soup, if you put in a Quart of Peafe with the Meat at first, instead of Rice.

# A very good Peale-Soup.

PUT three or four Pounds of lean coarfe Beef, with three Pints of Peafe, into two Gallons of Water; let it boil 'till the Meat is all to Rags; and half an Hour before you ftrain it out, put in two or three Anchovies; then strain it from the Husks and Meat, and put into the Sauce-pan as much as you want for that Meal, with an Onion stuck with Cloves, a Race of Ginger bruifed, a little Faggot of Thyme, Savory, and Parfly, and a little Pepper: Let it boil thus near half an Hour; ftir in a Piece of Butter, and fry some Forc'd-Meat Balls, Bacon, and French-Bread cut in Dice, with Spinage boiled green, to put to it in the Difh.

# To make Craw-fish or Prawn-Soup.

TAKE fix Whitings, one large Eel, with half a Thorn-back, clean them as to boil, and put them into a Pot with as much Water as will cover them; feum them clean, and put in whole Pepper, Mace, Ginger, Thyme, Parfly, and an Onion stuck with Cloves, with a little Salt, so let them boil to Mash; then take sifty Craw-sish, or, if they cannot be got, take an hundred Prawns, take out the Tails, and pick out the Bag,

and

and all the Woolly Parts that are about the Body; put all into a Sauce-pan, with Water and Vinegar, Lemon, Salt, and a Bunch of Sweet-Herbs; let them flew over a gentle Fire till ready to boil; then take out the Tails, and fave them carefully, but beat all the other Shells in the little Liquor they were flewed in, which, with a French-Roll, you must beat till the Shells are extremely fine: When you have washed all the Goodness out with their own Liquor, pour the other Fish Liquor through the Shells, and strain all from the Fish and Grit; then have a large Carp ready flewed, and lay it in the Middle of the Dish; add the Body of a Lobster to the Soup, with some strong Gravy, and burnt Butter; heat the Tails of the Craw-fish in the Soup, and pour all over the Carp.

#### Peale-Soup for Lent, or any Fasting-Day.

PUT a Quart of good breaking Pease to fix Quarts of Water, and boil them 'till they are tender; then take out some of the clear Liquor, and strain the Pease as clean as you can from the Husks: Take some Butter and boil it, and when it breaks in the Middle, put to it an Onion and some Mint cut very small, Spinage and Sorrel, and a little Sallery cut large; stir it often, and let

it boil about a quarter of an Hour; then shake in some Flower with one Hand, and some of your thin Liquor with the other; then put in the thick strained Liquor some Pepper, Mace, and Salt, and boil it an Hour longer; then put into as much as will make a large Dish, one Pint of sweet thick Cream; put a French-Roll crispt, and dipt in Milk, in the middle of the Dish.

## To make a Meat-Soup, very good.

TAKE a Piece of coarse Neck Beef, a Crag of Mutton, and a Knuckle of Veal; boil all thefe to Rags, with Salt, and Onion, and whole Pepper: When there is no more Goodness left in the Meat, strain the Liquor into a Stew-pan, and fet it over the Fire; put into it Cloves and Mace, and a little Lemonpeel; let it boil a little, then put in a Pint of strong Claret, three or four Anchovies, with Gravy squeez'd out of a lean Piece of Beef fry'd for that Purpose: Put in Ox Palates cut in Dice, let them be first boil'd very tender, Veal-Sweetbreads boil'd, Lettice, Endive, Spinage, or what Herbs you pleafe, boil'd green; then take French-Bread, cut it thin, and toast it; lay your Palates, Sweetbreads and Herbs over all the Toafts: Have a Fowl boil'd, and the Breaft stuff'd with Forc'd-meat, and lay in the middle of the Dish; pour the Soup over all.

To

To Collar Beef, a very good Way.

TAKE a Piece of Flank-Beef, cut it fquare, and take off the inner Skin, make a Brine of Water and Bay-falt, ftrong enough to bear an Egg, to the Breadth of a Six-pence; let the Beef lie in it one Week, then rub it all over with Salt-petre, and let it lie three Days longer; then take one Ounce of White-Pepper, one large Nutmeg, the weight of it in Mace, and the weight of both in Cloves; beat it all grofly, and ftrew upon the Beef; then roll it up hard, bind it with a Tape, and few it up in a Cloth, and put it in a long Earthen Pan, fill it up with half Claret and half Water; cover it close with a coarse Paste, and bake it twelve Hours in a very hot Oven; then take off the Tape and roll the Cloth very hard about it again, tye it up, and hang it up to drain and cool: If you like Herbs; Thyme, Sweet-marjoram, and Parfly shred, are the proper Sort; but it does not roll fo close with as without. It can't be Bak'd too tender.

To make French-Cutlets, very good.

SKIN a Loin of Mutton, and cut it into Stakes, then take some of the Lean of a Leg of Veal, the weight in Beef-fuet,

two Anchovies, Thyme, Parfly, Sweet-marjoram and Onion, all finely fhred; Nutmeg. Pepper, Salt, and grated Bread, with the Yolks of two Eggs; make Holes in the Lean of the Stakes, and fill them full of this Seafoning, and fpread it all over the Stakes, then butter as many Pieces of white Paper as you have Cutlets, and wrap them up every one by themselves, turn up the Edges of the Papers with great care, that none of the Moisture get out; therefore let the Papers be large enough to turn up feveral times at the Edge; and, if occasion be, stick a Pin to keep it all in; for this Gravy is all their Sauce: When they are thus tight wrapt up, put them upon a Mazareen, and bake them: When they are enough, take them off the Dish they were baked on, and put them on a clean hot Dish; do not take off the Papers, but ferve them in as they were baked: This is a very delicious favoury Dish, and done with little Danger of spoiling, if you wrap them up close. Many People like these best without Sauce; but if you chuse it, let it be strong Gravy, Spice, Onion, shred Capers, Juice of Lemon shook up with a bit of Butter; but they are fayoury and most wholesome alone.

To Collar a Breast of Mutton, to Eat Hot.

TAKE a large Breaft of Mutton, bone it, and take out all the Griffles, rub it all over with the Yolk of an Egg, feafon it with Pepper, Salt and Nutmeg, Parfly, Thyme, Sweet-marjoram, all shred small, Shallot, if you love it, wash and cut Anchovy in bits, strew all this over the Meat, roll it up hard, tie it with a Tape, and put it into boiling Water; when 'tis tender, take it out, cut it in round Slices, not too thin, pour over it a Sauce made of Gravy, Spice, Anchovy, Claret, Onion, a few Sweet Herbs, strain'd and thicken'd with Butter and shred Pickles. Garnish with Pickles.

### To Stew Pigeons.

TAKE fix Pigeons with their Giblets, cut the Pigeons in Quarters, and put them in the Stew-pan with two Blades of Mace, a little Pepper and Salt, and just Water enough to Stew them without burning; when they are tender, thicken the Liquor with the Yolk of one Egg, three Spoonfuls of thick fweet Cream, a Bit of Butter, and a little fhred Thyme and Parfly; shake them all up together, and garnish it with Lemon.

To

# To broil Pigeons whole.

CUT off the Wings and Neck close, leave the Skin at the Neck to tie close, then have fome grated Bread, two Pigeons Livers, one Anchovy, a quarter of a Pound of Butter, half a Nutmeg grated, a little Pepper and Salt, a very little Thyme and Sweet-marjoram shred: mix all together; put a Piece as big as a Walnut into each Pigeon, few up your Rumps and Necks, ffrew a little Pepper, Salt and Nutmeg on the Outfide, broil them on a very flow Charcoal-fire on the Hearth; bafte and turn them very often. Sauce is melted Butter; or rich Gravy, if you like it higher tafted.

## To Dress a Turbet, or any Dish of Fish.

LAY the Fish you are to broil, into a Pint of Vinegar, season'd with Salt, Pepper, Onion, and a Faggot of Thyme, Marjoram and Parfly; when it has lain an Hour, put the Fish with the Pickle carefully into your Fish-kettle of boiling Water; to it put Cloves, Mace and Anchovies, and a Bit of Horseradish; when they are enough take them out to drain, let the ground of your Sauce be half a Pint of the well-feafon'd Liquor in which they were boil'd, and the strain'd B Liquor Liquor of a Quart of Oysters, with half a Pint of White-wine, and the Body of a large Lobster; add to it a little more Spice, and a little of Lemon-peel, and one large, or two imall Anchovies; then ftrain it, and put to this Quantity a full Pound and half of Butter; into one Piece of which strew as much Flower as will make it of a fit Thickness: Your Oysters must be first stew'd, and the Tail and Claws of your Lobster cut in Dice, and both put into the Sauce to heat, when 'tis ready to pour on the Fish. Fry'd Smelts, fry'd Parfly, fcrap'd Horfe-radish, and slic'd Lemon, with the following Patties, is the Garnish. Note, That the Liquor of any well-tasted Fish, is more agreeable to the Taste of Fish than any Sort of rich Gravy made with Flesh: And I believe you cannot err, in dreffing Fish by this Rule for the Sauce. Note, Never boil in too much Liquor, nor too faft.

# Patties, for a Diff of Fish.

TAKE a Carp or fat Eel, bone and shred it very small; to half a Pound of this put four Ounces of Butter, which you must mix in the shredding; boil four Eggs in the Shell, not hard, but as for eating, and put in the Yolks of those Eggs a very small Nutmeg grated, about the weight in Mace, finely beat, as much Salt as both, and a very little little Parfly finely shred; mix this very well, and put them into little square Pasties of hot Crust, or Pussi-crust, if you like it better: Fasten them very well, and fry them in a large Pan-full of Lard, clarified Butter, Suet or Oil. You may roll this Forc'd-fish into Balls with grated Bread; lay them round, and upon your Fish.

## To Pickle Pork, a good way.

BONE it, and cut it into fuch Pieces as will lie most convenient in your Powdering-tub, which must be large and sound to hold the Meat and preserve the Brine; the narrower and deeper your Tub is, the better 'twill keep the Meat; rub every Piece well with Salt-petre, then take one part Bay-salt, and two parts common Salt, and rub every Piece very well, and cover it with Salt, as you do a Flitch of Bacon; then strew Salt in the Bottom of your Tub, and lay the Pieces in as close as possible, strewing Salt round the Sides of the Tub: As your Salt melts on the top, strew on more. It will keep a great while, and is very good.

# To Collar a Pig.

SPLIT it up the Belly and Back, then take out all the Bones, wash it clean from the Blood, and lay it to soak in a Pan

of Water a Day and Night, shifting the Water as it grows red; then take it out and wipe it very dry, ftrew all the Infide of both Pieces very well with Salt, Pepper, Cloves, Mace and Nutmeg beat and grated; then roll them up as hard and tight as you poffibly can in two Collars, bind them with a long Tape as close as 'twill lie, and after that few them up in Cloths: The Liquor you boil them in must be a Quart of Whitewine, a little good Vinegar, and the reft Water; there must be a great deal more than will cover them, because they must boil leifurely above three Hours; put into the Liquor a Piece of Ginger, a Nutmeg cut in pieces, a few Cloves, and two Blades of Mace, a Sprig of Bays, and a few Leaves of Sage, with some Salt; when they are tender, take them up, and squeeze them tight in the Cloth, that they may come out in shape: When the Liquor they were boil'd in is cold, add half a Pint of Vinegar, and keep the Collars in it.

#### To Make Veal-Cutlets.

CUT as many Slices of a Leg of Veal as will make a handsome Dish, beat them with your Rolling-pin, lay them fingle in a large Dish, and grate Nutmeg all over them, and ftrew them with Salt, lard fome with Bacon, and pour the Yolks of three Eggs,

well beaten, over all; make them all moift with the Egg, and fry them of a fine Colour in clarified Butter; put fresh Frying to every Dish: When they are all nicely fry'd, put fome Gravy into the Pan, and the Juice of a Lemon, with Butter and Flower shook in; tofs up all 'till 'tis thick, and pour it over the Cutlets; garnish with bits of Bacon fry'd, and Forc'd-meat Balls. If it be a Cow-Calf. fill the Udder and Fat with the Forc'd-meat, and roast it finely for the Middle. Make your Gravy for the Sauce, of the Bones and Skins you do not use; a bit of Beef, Sweetherbs, Spice, and White-wine, to make it look pale.

# To make Dutch-Beef, a very good way.

TAKE eight Pound of Buttock-Beef without Bone, rub it all over with fix Ounces of coarfe Sugar; let it lie two Days, then wipe it a little; then take fix Ounces of Saltpetre beaten, a Pint of Petre-falt, and a Pint of White-falt, rub it well in, and let it lie three Weeks, rubbing and turning it every Day; then few it up in a Cloth, and hang it in your Chimney to dry; turn it upfide down every Day, that the Brine do not fettle: Boil it in Pump-water 'till 'tis very tender.

To Fricassey Chickens, or Sweet-breads.

TAKE two or three Chickens (if fmall) wash them clean from the Blood, and cut them to pieces, not too fmall, fet them on in as much Water as will cover them; when they boil up, fcum them very clean, then take them out and strain the Liquor; take part of it, to which put some Pepper whole and beaten, a Blade or two of Mace, and Salt to your Tafte, a little Lemon-peel, a very fmall Onion fluck with three or four Cloves, a quarter of a Pint of White-wine warm'd and put to it : Boil all these together 'till the Chickens are enough; then take three spoonfuls of Cream, a little Flower mix'd with it, and put to the Chickens; shake it well over the Fire 'till it begins to thicken; then take the Yolks of two Eggs well beaten, a little grated Nutmeg and Juice of Lemon beat together with the Eggs; mix thefe with the Liquor very carefully, by little and little, for fear it curdle; put in half a Pound of good Butter, and shake it together 'till that be melted.

# Another for the same.

TAKE three Chickens, flea them, and cut them into pieces, put them into a Stew-pan, with as much Gravy and Water as will just cover them; put in two Anchovies,

chovies, some whole Pepper, some Salt, and a Blade of Mace, a fmall Onion, with a few Cloves; fet them to flew, and when they are almost enough, take them from the Liquor, and fry them in Vinegar, but a very little; strain the Liquor, and take as much of it as you shall want for Sauce, and add to it a little Parfley, Thyme, and Sorrel, boil'd green, and fhred fmall, half a Pint of thick Cream, two Yolks of Eggs well beaten, fome grated Nutmeg; shake all over the Fire 'till tis thick, throw in half a Pound of Butter, and shake it 'till that is melted.

#### To Stew a Hare.

PULL your Hare to pieces, and bruife the Bones, and put it into a Stew-pan, with three Pints of strong Broth, and at the fame time put in an Onion, and a Faggot of Sweet-herbs; let it flew leifurely for four Hours, then put in a Pint of Claret; let it flew two or three Hours longer, 'till 'tis tender; take out what Bones you can find, with the Herbs and Onions, if not diffolv'd; put in an Anchovy or two with the Claret : Stewing fo long, it will be thick enough; you need only shake it up with half a Pound of Butter, when ready for the Table.

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## To Roast a Calf's-Head.

AFTER the Head is nicely wash'd and pick'd, take out the Brains and Tongue; make a large quantity of Forc'd-meat, with Veal and Suet well-season'd, fill the Hole of the Head; skewer it, and tie it together upon the Spit: One Hour and an half roasts it: beat up the Brains with a little Sage and Parsly finely shred, a little Salt, and the Yolks of two or three Eggs: boil and blanch the Tongue, cut it in large Dice, and fry that and the Brains, as also some of the Forc'd-meat in Balls, and some Slices of Bacon. The Sauce is strong Broth, with Oysters, Mushrooms, Capers, and a little White-wine thicken'd.

# To Force a Leg of Lamb.

SLIT the Leg of Lamb down on the Wrong-fide, and take out all the Meat, as near as you can, without cutting or cracking the Out-fide Skin; beat it very small, with its weight in good fresh Suet; add to it twelve large Oysters, two Anchovies, both neatly wash'd, and the Anchovies nicely bon'd; season it with Pepper, Salt, Mace, and Nutmeg, a little Thyme and Parsly nicely shred; beat all very fine together, and mix it up with the Yolks of three

Eggs;

Eggs; fill the Skin again with the Meat, and few it up very carefully. The Meat that is left out, must be fry'd for Garnish to the Loin, which you must Fricassey as you do Chickens, and lay under the Leg of Lamb. You must tie the Leg on to the Spit, for any Hole will spoil the Meat; but 'tis easy to fasten the Back to the Spit with Packthread. In your Fricassey for this Lamb, leave out the Cream, and add a little Oyster-liquor, and fry'd Oysters.

# The best way to Pot Beef, which is as good as Venison.

TAKE a piece of lean Buttock-Beef, rub it over with Salt-petre; let it lie one Night, then take it out and falt it very well with white and bay Salt, put it into a Pot just fit for it, cover it with Water, and let it lie four Days; then wipe it well with a Cloth, and rub it with Pepper finely beaten; put it down close into a Pot without any Liquor, cover the Pot close with Paste, and let it bake with large Loaves fix Hours at least; then take it out, and, when 'tis cold, pick it clean from the Skins and Strings, and beat it in a Sone-Mortar very fine; then feafon it with Nutmeg, Cloves, and Mace finely beaten, to your Tafte, and pour in melted Butter, which you may work up with it like a Pafte: Put it close down and

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even in your Pots, and cover it with clarify'd Butter.

#### To Make Lobster-Loaves.

PICK out all the Meat of three little Lobsters, shred it a little; take a piece of Butter, and brown it with Flower in a Saucepan; then ftir in a very little Onion and Parfly shred very fine, and put in a little Pepper, a Spoonful of Anchovy Liquor, three or four Spoonfuls of good Gravy, three Yolks of Eggs well beat; ftir all these over the Fire in the brown Butter, then put in the Lobster, and stir it a little together: Take three French Rolls, and cut a round piece off the top of each, and pick out the Crumb, but do not break the Holes through the Sides of the Bread; fill up the Roll with the Mixture you have prepared; put on the piece of Top you cut off, close, and tie them round with a piece of Tape: Make some Dripping boiling hot in your Frying-pan; and when you have just dipt the Roll in Milk, throw it into the Pan-full of scalding Liquor : When they are crifp, take them out, and take off the Tape: Be fure to put in three times as much Parfly as Onion. Thus you may do Shrimp or Oyfer-Loaves.

# To Roast a Breast of Pork.

OUT of your Quarter cut off only a Knuckle, leaving as much Skin on the Breast as you can; take off the Neck, and leave a very large Breast; bone it, and rub it with Salt pretty well all over; then take Sage and a little Thyme shred small, a whole Nutmeg and a little Cloves and Mace sinely beaten; strew the Spice and Herbs very thick all over the Meat, and rub it in; then roll it tight up, with the Flesh inward, stitch it saft together, and roast it lengthwise 'till 'tis sull enough done.

### To Hash a Calf's Head.

BOIL your Calf's-Head 'till the Meat is near enough for eating; take it up, and cut it in thin Slices; then take half a Pint of White-wine, and three quarters of a Pint of good Gravy, or strong Broth; put to this Liquor two Anchovies, half a Nutmeg, and a little Mace, a small Onion stuck with Cloves; boil this up in the Liquor a quarter of an Hour, then strain it, and let it boil up again; when it does so, throw in the Meat, with a little Salt to your Taste, and some Lemon-peel shred sine; let it stew a little, and, if you please, add Sweet-breads: Make Forc'd-meat Balls of Veal; mix the Brains

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Brains with the Yolks of Eggs, and fry them, to lay for Garnish. When the Head is ready to be fent in, shake in a bit of Butter.

# To Dress Hog's-Feet and Ears the best Way.

WHEN they are nicely clean'd, put them into a Pot, with a Bay-leaf, and a large Onion, and as much Water as will cover them; season it with Salt and a little Pepper; bake them with Houshold Bread; keep them in this Pickle 'till you want them, then take them out and cut them in handsome Pieces; fry them, and take for Sauce three Spoonfuls of the Pickle; shake in some Flower, a Piece of Butter, and a Spoonful of Mustard: Lay the Ears in the middle, the Feet round, and pour the Sauce over.

# To Collar a Breast of Veal, to eat Hot.

BONE your Veal; take fome Thyme, Sweet-marjoram, Pepper, Salt, grated Nutmeg, and beaten Mace, shred Suet, and Crumbs of Bread, with a few Oisters; beat all these in a Mortar, to mix it together; strew it thick over the Veal; then roll it up into a Collar; then sew it tight in a Cloth, and boil it three Hours. Make your Sauce as for a White Fricassey, thicken'd with

with Cream, and Yolks of Eggs, boiling the Bones first for good Gravy; fry the Sweet-bread in Bits neatly cut. Save some of the Stuffing, for Forc'd-meat; to which add Juice of Spinage, for Colour; and Yolks of Eggs, to make it roll tight, to fry or boil for Garnish in the Sauce, with the Sweet-bread.

#### To make Stove-Veal.

TAKE a Fillet of Veal of a Cow-Calf, cut away an Inch of the middle Bone on each Side, that the Meat may lie flat in the Stew-pan; cut off the Udder, and flice it in long Pieces, and roll it in Seasoning of Pepper, Salt, Nutmeg, and Sweet-herbs finely shred; make Holes through the Fillet, and flick in these season'd Pieces of fat Udder as thick as you can, 'till the whole is fluff'd in; then lay Butter in the Pan, and put in the Meat; fet it on a gentle Fire, turning and shaking it as you have Occasion; then fcum off the Fat, and put in one Onion fluck with Cloves, a Lemon pared, and cut in half, and fqueezed in : Continue to shake it. If your Fire be as flow as it ought to be, it will take five Hours to make it ready: One Hour before it is so, put in a large Pint of strong Broth. When the Meat is just enough fet on a Pint of Oisters, and a Pint of Mushrooms, with a little of the Broth, and two Spoon-

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Spoonfuls of Capers. Let the Meat be again clean fcum'd from the Fat, before you use the Liquor; thicken this with Flower, and pour it into the Dish to the Meat. "Tis a grateful, savoury Dish.

### To make a Potatoe-Pye.

TAKE two Pound of Spanish Potatoes, boil them 'till tender; then peel them, and flice them the long way; lay them in the Dish; and take the Marrow of four large Bones, pick it out of the Bones in large Pieces, and lay it upon the Potatoes; put in two Ounces of preferv'd Barberries, as much Citron and Orange-peel, fix Slices of Lemon dipp'd in Sugar, cut off the Rind; put in a quarter of a Pint of Sack: Cover it with Puff-pafte; and when the Cruft is baked, it is enough: Then cut off the Lid, that it may cool a little; and make a Caudle of half a Pint of Sack, half a Pound of Butter, the Yolks of four Eggs, and a quarter of an Ounce of beaten Cinnamon: Take care it does not turn. Make your Caudle very fweet, and pour it into the Pye.

## To Stew Carp.

SCALE and wash your Carps clean before you open them; then slit them carefully, and save the Blood in Vinegar; take out all the

the Infide with Caution, for fear of breaking any thing, because they must not be wash'd on the Infide; put into their Bellies fome whole Pepper, Salt, and a Blade of Mace; cover them in the Stew-pan, or Dish, with Claret and half as much Water, Spice, Sweet-herbs, and a bit of Horse-radish; stew them gently, and turn them when they are enough; lay them on the Dish to drain; and boil up the Sauce they were flew'd in, with two Anchovies bon'd and wash'd, the Vinegar and Blood was fav'd in, and a Pound of good Butter; thick it with a little Flower, before you put in your Butter.

# Good Sauce for Boil'd Rabbets, in-

BOIL the Livers, and shred them very small, as also two Eggs not boil'd too hard, a large Spoonful of grated white Bread; have ready some strong Broth of Beef and Sweet-herbs; to a little of that add two Spoonfuls of White-wine, and one of Vinegar; a little Salt, and fome Butter; ftir all in, and take care the Butter do not Oil : fhred your Eggs very fmall.

A pretty Sauce for Woodcock, or any Wild-Fowl.

TAKE a quarter of a Pint of Claret, and as much Water, fome grated Bread, two or three Heads of Rocambole, or a Shallot, a little whole Pepper, Mace, and flic'd Nutmeg and Salt; let this flew very well over the Fire, then beat it up with Butter, and put it under the Wild-Fowl, which being under-roafted, will afford Gravy to mix with this Sauce.

# To Fry Oisters, for Garnish for Fish or Hash.

W ASH them in their own Liquor, and dry them very well; then have some Yolks of Eggs beat up, with Spice and Salt finely beat, and Flower to make it thick enough to hang on the Oisters: Fry them quick, in clarified Beef-suet.

# A sweet Pye, which may be made of young Lamb or Chickens.

TO two Chickens you may take eight Ounces of Marrow, or Butter, if that cannot be had; but a Loin of Lamb wants very little more than its own Fat: Scason your

your Lamb or Chickens with Salt, Sugar, beaten Cloves and Mace; lay it into the Dish, and put in five Yolks of hard Eggs, with some of the Forc'd-meat Balls, made as follows: Shred a Pound of lean Veal, with a Pound and Half of Beef-fuet, a very little Parfly, Spinage, and Thyme, shred very fmall, mix'd up with grated Bread, the Yolks of two Eggs, and feafon it with Cloves, Mace, Salt and Sugar beat all fine, and colour it with a little Juice of Spinage; make it into large Balls, and put as many in as will lie well; fhred a Lemon-peel fine, and ftrew in; put in also some Sweet-meats, and a Coffee-cup of Water, with the Juice of a large Lemon; cover it with Puffe-paste, and when it comes out of the Oven, cut off the Lid, to let the Fierceness of the Heat go out, before you put in your Caudle, which must be Half a Pint of White-wine, thicken'd with the Yolks of three Eggs, and fweeten'd as you find Occasion.

#### To Stew Herrings.

FIRS'T broil them very brown, then have ready fome White-wine, made hot with an Anchovy, a Blade of Mace, and a bit of Onion, with a little whole Pepper, all flew'd in the Wine; then cut off the Heads of the Fish, and bruise them in the Wine and Spice, and take them out again before you put in your

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your Herrings; let them stew over Coals, in a Dish that they may lie at length in; let them stew on both Sides 'till they are enough at the Bone; take them out, and shake up the Sauce with Butter and Flower. 'Tis a very good Way to dress them.

## To make Saufages.

TAKE almost the double Weight of Fat to your Lean Pork, and pick both clean from Bones, Skin, and Kernels; shred it feverally very fine; then mix and shred it together, and to Four Pound of this Meat, you may put a very large Nutmeg, the Weight of the Nutmeg in Cloves and Mace, and almost the Weight of all the Spice in Pepper; beat all fine, and let your Heap of Salt be as big again as the Spice and Pepper; shred a large Handful of fresh Sage, and a little Thyme, very fine; grate Two Spoonfuls of White Bread, and take two Yolks of Eggs, mix all very well together, and fill your Skins: If you love Oifters, Half a Pint shred to this Quantity, gives it a rich Tafte; thefe roll and fry without Skins, and keep better in a Pot; add the Yolks of Eggs when you use them. Norfolk Links are only Fat and Lean Pork, more grofly cut; and the Seafoning, Pepper, Salt, and a large Quantity of Sage fhred fmall, and put in large Skins.

### To make a Hog-Meat-Pye.

TAKE Two Buttock-Pieces, or Rearing-Pieces of Pork, 'tis what Lean is cut off the Gammon on the Infide of the Flitch, cut some of the Fat off the End of the Chine, and beat Fat and Lean together very small; feafon it with Pepper, Salt, Mace, and Nutmeg; tie the Meat, when beat and feafon'd, in a wet clean Cloth, lay it, into the Shape you would have it, in the Cloth, and cut fome long Slips of the Chine-Fat, to mix and lay between every Layer of the beaten Meat; when 'tis thus laid round, and in Order, tie it up hard, and lay a heavy Weight to press it very hard and close for Three or Four Hours: Make your Pye, and when you have laid in the Meat, lay half a Pound of Butter over the Meat: Just as you set it into the Oven, pour in a Quarter of a Pint of Claret. When you draw it, if you find it dry, pour in melted Butter.

# Scotch Collops, a very good Way.

TAKE a Fillet of Veal, cut away the Outfide Skin, and cut it out in thin Collops, with the Grain, hack them with the Back of your Knife, lard some of them with Bacon, and season all of them with Salt, Nutmeg and Thyme, Parsly, and a little Savory;

fhred all the Herbs very small, then fry them in a good quantity of clarified Butter, till they look of a fine Yellow; take care they are not burnt black: When they are fo done, lay them before the Fire to drain; pour the Butter they were fry'd in from the Gravy, and put to the Gravy three Anchovies, a little ftrong Beef-broth, a little Oifter-liquor, and Oisters, with a quarter of a Pint of Claret; let your Oisters stew thus 'till they are enough, then shake in five or fix Ounces of Butter; rub the Pan first with Shallot, put in the Yolks of three Eggs, and take care to ftir or shake it constantly, for fear of curdling; just before you pour it out, squeeze in the Juice of a Lemon, and pour it over the Collops: You must have Forc'd-meat Balls and Mushrooms, and some fry'd Oisters, with fliced Lemon, for Garnish.

#### To Stew Oisters.

TAKE a Quart of Oifters, and clear them well from bits of Shells and Drofs in their own Liquor; then strain that Liquor, and put to it a large Blade of Mace, a fmall Nutmeg flic'd, and a little Salt; let your Oisters boil in this Liquor, and scum them clean; when they are near enough, put to them some Parsly shred fine, and a little Shallot, if you love it, also shred fine the Yolks of four Eggs, and near half a Pound of Butter: Shake it constantly.

#### To make Lobster-Pyes.

THEN your Lobsters are boil'd, take them clean out of the Shells, flice the Tails and Claws thin; feafon them with Pepper, and a little Mace and Nutmeg beat fine; take the Bodies with fome Oifters shred, mix it up with a little Onion fine shred, a little Parfly fine fhred, and a little grated Bread, and feafon it as the reft; then take the Yolks of raw Eggs, to roll it up in Balls; lay all into the Pye, with Butter at bottom; and top of the Fish; when it comes out of the Oven, pour in a Sauce of strong Gravy, Oifter-liquor and White-wine, thicken'd with the Yolk of an Egg: 'tis to eat Hot.

#### To Boil a Turkey, or any Forol, with Oister-Sauce.

III ASH your Oisters very clean in their own Liquor, which Liquor you must then strain out into a clean Sauce-pan; put in your Oifters, with a Bundle of Sweetherbs, an Onion, fome Mace, whole Pepper, and a bit of Lemon-peel: Then take fifteen, if large, of these Oisters, with a little grated Bread, twice as much Beef-fuet shred fmall, the Yolks of four hard Eggs, two An-

chovies, a very little Onion fine shred, Salt, Pepper, Nutmeg, Thyme, and Winter-favory; fhred all together very fine, and mix it up with a Yolk of raw Egg; fluff the Turkey, or Fowls, under the Skin on the Breaft; while they boil, fet your Oifters, for the Sauce, to flew very gently over the Fire; when they are almost enough, take them out, and put in a quarter of a Pint of Whitewine, and half a Pint of strong Gravy, with an Anchovy, Herbs and Spice, first boil'd in, and ftrain'd clean out of the Gravy; when all this is boil'd together, put in as much Butter as will make it thick and well tafted, 'twill take near a Pound to a Quart of Oifters: If you find it fo thin as to part, mix a little Flower in a bit of the Butter, then throw in your Oisters again, the Juice of a Lemon, and fome shred Parsly to look Green: Pour it over the Fowl; and Garnish with Oifters and Lemon.

To make Westphalia-Hams; absolutely the best way to do them.

CUT your Leg of fat large Pork, as like a right Ham as you can (black Hogs make the best) hang it up two Days, then beat it very well on the sleshy Side with a Rolling-pin; rub in an Ounce of Salt-petre (finely beaten) in every Place, so let it lie a Day and Night; then take an Ounce of beaten beaten Salt-prunel, with two large Handfuls of common Salt, and a Handful of Bay-falt, a Pound of coarfe Sugar; mix all these together, and warm them thorough-hot in a Stewpan, but be sure not to melt it; and while 'tis hot, rub it all over the Ham very well, with two large Handfuls more of Salt; thus let it lie 'till it melts to Brine, then turn it every Day twice, and baste it with that Brine for three Weeks together: Dry it as Bacon.

Note, That your Handfuls of common

Salt be very large.

# To Pot Neat's-Tongues, a better way than Drying them.

PICKLE them Red, as you do to Dry; and when you think them Salt enough to Dry, boil them very tender; take them up and peel them, and rub them with Pepper, Cloves and Mace all over; then turn them round into a Pot to bake: Lay them in fingle Pots on their fide; you must cut off the Root as well as the Skin, and cover them with Butter: Bake them with brown Bread; when they come out of the Oven, pour out the Gravy, and let the same Butter serve, when clear'd; if there is not enough, add more clarified.

## To Pot Salmon, as at Newcastle.

AKE a Side of Salmon, scale and wipe it very well and clean, but don't wash it; Salt it very well, and let it lie till the Salt be melted, and drained from it, then season it with beat Mace and Cloves, and whole Pepper; lay in three or four Bayleaves, and cover it all over with Butter; when 'tis well bak'd take it out, and let it drain from the Gravy, then put it into your Pot to keep; and when cold, cover it with clarified Butter. Thus you may do Carp, Tench, Trout, or any firm Fish.

## To Pickle Mackarel, call'd Caveach.

CUT your Mackarel into round Pieces, and divide one into five or fix Pieces: To fix large Mackarel you may take one Ounce of beaten Pepper, three large Nutmegs, a little Mace, and a Handful of Salt; mix your Salt and beaten Spice together, and make two or three Holes in each Piece, and thrust the Seasoning into those Holes with your Finger; rub the Pieces all over with the Seasoning; fry them brown in Oil, and let them stand 'till they are cold; then put them into Vinegar, and cover them with Oil. They will keep, well cover'd, a great while, and are delicious.

To

## To Stew a Rump of Beef.

IRST boil it more than half enough, then take it off the Fire, and peel the Skin off the Top: Have ready some Pepper, beaten Mace, grated Nutmeg, Salt, shred Thyme, Savory, Marjoram, and Parsly; stuff it in large holes through the Fat; lay the rest of the Seasoning all over the Top; and to bind it on, spread over it the Yolk of one or two Eggs. Be sure to save the Gravy that runs out in Stussing, to which add a Pint of Claret, and some Vinegar; Put it in a deep Pan that will not be too big, but let the Liquor come up to the Top: Bake it two Hours; and when you put it in a clean Dish, pour the Gravy and Wine it was baked in, all over.

# To make a good Forc'd-Meat for any Use.

TAKE a Pound of Veal, and full its weight in Beef-suet, a bit of Bacon; shred all together, beat it in a Mortar very fine; then season it with Sweet-Herbs, Pepper, Salt, Cloves, Mace, and Nutmegs: And when you roll it up to fry, add the Yolks of two or three Eggs, to bind it. You may add Oisters or Marrow, on extraordinary Occasions.

### To Pot Lamprey.

SEASON your Fish with Pepper, Salt, and Nutmeg, a large Onion stuck with Cloves, three Spoonfuls of Claret; cover it with Butter, and bake it: When 'tis enough, take it out, and strain it from the Liquor: Pour off the clear Butter, and add it to as much more as will cover the Fish, in a Pan sit to keep it, and bring to Table. Remember always to clarify all the Butter you pour over Potted Things.

## A Westphalia Ham-Pye.

BOIL your Ham as tender as you usually do to eat when 'tis cold; bone and skin it; season it with Pepper, Cloves and Mace beaten; put it into very good Crust, or in a Dish cover'd over with Pasty-crust. Before you Lid it, lay in Butter; and when it comes out of the Oven, put in clarify'd Butter. 'Tis good either Hot or Cold.

## To Pickle Codlins, like Mangoe.

M AKE a Brine of Salt and Water, strong enough to bear an Egg, into which put half a Hundred of the fairest and largest Codlins you can get; they must be full grown, but not full ripe; let them lie in this

this Brine nine or ten Days, shifting the Pickle every other Day, then dry them, and very carefully scoop out the Core: Take out the Stalk fo whole, as that it may fit in again; and you may leave the Eye in, if you don't put your Scoop quite through; Fill it, in the room of the Core, with Ginger fliced thin, and cut fhort, a Clove of Garlick, and whole Mustard-seed, as much as it will hold: Put in the Piece, and tie it up tight. Make your Pickle of as much White-wine Vinegar as will cover them, with fliced Ginger, Cloves of Garlick, and whole Muftard-feed: Pour this Pickle boiling hot upon them every other Day, for a Fortnight or Three Weeks. Stone lars are best for all Sorts of Pickles.

And this is as good a Way as any for a midling large Cycumber; only don't cut them to put the Garlick and Mustard-seed in; for they keep much longer, and eat much crisper, if you let them be whole. But neither Cucumbers, Peaches, nor Melons, are comparable to Codlins, for imitating the right Mangoe.

#### To Pickle Wallnuts.

TAKE a Hundred of the large French Wallnuts, at the beginning of July before they have a hard Shell: Just scald them that the first Skin may rub off; then throw them into Water and Salt for nine or ten

Days,

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Days, shifting them every other Day, and keep them close cover'd from the Air; then dry them: And make your Pickle of two Quarts of White-wine Vinegar, Long-Pepper, Black-Pepper, and Ginger, of each one Ounce; Cloves, Mace, and Nutmegs, of each half an Ounce; beat the Spice, and with it a large Spoonful of Mustard-feed; strew this between every Layer of Wallnuts, and pour your Liquor boiling hot upon them three or four times, or oftener, if you fee Occasion: Be fure to keep them close flopt. A Spoonful of this Pickle is good in Fish, or any favoury Sauce. Three or four Cloves of Garlick do well, if you do not diflike the Tafte.

#### To Pickle Mushrooms.

off the bottom of the Stalk, and throw them into Water and Salt; then rub them with a coarse Cloth or Flannel very clean, and throw them into another Pan of clean Water: Boil them in Milk and Water: Take them out upon a clean Cloth: When they are dry, put them into Glasses, with White Pepper-corns, and a good quantity of Mace: Make your Pickle of half White-wine and half good sharp White-wine Vinegar. Many put it to the Mushrooms unboil'd: If you boil it, you must let it stand to be cold, before

fore you pour it to the Mushrooms. Pour good Oil on the Top of the Pickle; it keeps them best; and put them in as small Glasses as you can, because they soon decay when they have taken Air.

# To Pickle Neat's Tongues, very good.

L AY your Tongues twelve Days in common Salt and Salt-petre, then boil them very tender, and blanch them; cut off the Root, and lay them into a Pot, and pour over them a Pickle made of good White-wine Vinegar, which you must boil up with Pepper, Cloves, Mace, and a little Ginger: When 'tis ready to take off the Fire, throw in a piece of Lemon-peel, and three or four Bay-leaves; put it not to the Tongues 'till cool; tie them close from the Air. A little of the Pickle, with good Oil, is their Sauce.

### To Pickle Pigeons.

BONE them neatly, and feafon them with Salt, Pepper, Cloves, and Mace; few them up at the Back, and tie the Neck and Rump; boil them in two Quarts of Water, a Pint of White-wine, and as much White-wine Vinegar; put into it a fmall Faggot of Sweet-herbs, and a bit of Lemonpeel. When the Pigeons are enough, take them off the Fire: When they are out, boil and

and foum the Pickle very clean; pour it not to the Pigeons 'till 'tis cold.

#### To Pickle Smelts.

GUT and wash them clean, then lay them in Rows, and put Pepper, Nutmeg, Cloves, Mace and Salt between every Layer of Fish, and four or five Bay-leaves, powder'd Cochineal, and Petre-falt beat and mix'd with the Spice: Boil (as much as will cover them) good Red-wine Vinegar, and put to them when cold. They exceed Anchovies.

#### To Pickle Oifters.

TAKE a Peck of very large Oisters; when carefully open'd without cutting, wash them three or four times in their own Liquor; ftrain the Liquor, and put that into a Skillet: When it boils, put in your Oifters, with half an Ounce of White Pepper, and five or fix Blades of Mace: Let them boil 'till they begin to shrivel up; then take them out of the Liquor, and cover them close, while the Spice and Liquor boils a quarter of an Hour longer; then pour it on the Oifters; and always keep them as much from the Air as you can, to keep their Colour.

## An Apple-Pudding to Bake, very good.

TAKE twelve fair large Pippins, coddle them over the Fire very flowly, that they do not crack; when they are foft, peel and core them, and pulp them through a Cullender: Add to this three Spoonfuls of Orange-flower Water, ten Eggs well beat and strained, half a Pound of very good Butter melted; make it very sweet, the Apples require it: Add Candy'd Orange, Lemon, or Citron-peel: Put a Sheet of Pusspasse into a Dish, and pour in your Pudding; bake it with care: 'Tis done in half an Hour.

# The best Orange-Pudding that ever was tasted.

PARE the Yellow Rind of two fair Sevil-Oranges, so very thin, that no part of the White comes with it; shred and beat it extremely small in a large Stone Mortar; add to it, when very fine, half a Pound of Butter, half a Pound of Sugar, and the Yolks of sixteen Eggs; beat all together in the Mortar till 'tis all of a Colour; then pour it into your Dish in which you have laid a Sheet of Puff-paste. I think grating the Peel saves 'Trouble, and does it finer and thinner than you can shred

or beat it: But you must beat up the Butter and Sugar with it, and the Eggs with all, to mix them well.

## A Rice-Pudding.

TRIND or Beat half a Pound of Rice to Flower, mix it, by degrees, with three Pints of Milk, and thicken it over the Fire with care, for fear of Burning, 'till 'tis like a Hafty-Pudding: When 'tis fo thick, pour it out, and let it fland to cool: Put to it nine Eggs, (but half the Whites) three or four Spoonfuls of Orange-flower Water: Melt almost a Pound of good Butter, and sweeten it to your Taste. Add Sweet-meats, if you please.

### White Hog's Puddings.

TAKE a Quart of Cream, and fourteen Eggs (only half the Whites) beat them but a little; and when the Cream boils, put in the Eggs; keep them stirring on a gentle Fire 'till 'tis all a thick Curd: After 'tis almost cold, put to it a Pound of grated white Bread, two Pound of Suet shred very fine, two Nutmegs grated, some Citron cut small, half a Pound of Almonds beat small, with Orange-slower-Water; Salt, and Sugar to your Taste: To this you may put three quar-

quarters of a Pint of Cream when you go to filling.

# A Neat's-Foot-Pudding.

TAKE to a Pound of Neat's-foot finely shred, three quarters of a Pound of Suet shred as small, a whole Nutmeg grated, candy'd Orange minced, some Salt, and some Currants, a little grated Bread, and seven Eggs (leave out half the Whites); slower the Bag, and let it boil two Hours and a half at least. The Sauce is Sack, Sugar and Butter melted.

### Custards, very good.

BOIL a Quart of Cream, then sweeten it with fine powder'd Sugar, beat eight Yolks of Eggs, with two spoonfuls of Orange-flower Water; stir this in the Cream, and strain all through a Sieve: Fill your Cups or Crust, and bake them with Care.

# Orange Cheese-cakes, very good.

BLANCH half a Pound of found Sweet-Almonds, beat them very fine, with two spoonfuls of Orange-flower Water, half a Pound of Sugar beat and sifted, three quarters of a Pound of melted Butter: Put to the rest, when almost cold, eight Eggs, leav-

in

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ing out half the Whites; beat and strain them: Boil the Peel of a Sevil Orange 'till the Bitterness is out, beat it fine, and mix it with the rest; put it into very light Crust: 'Tis an incomparable Cheese-cake without the Orange.

# Another Cheese-cake, without Curd, very good.

Eggs, Yolks and Whites; beat three of the Eggs, and put as much Rice-flower to them as will make them thick as a Pafte; then put in the other four Eggs, being a little beaten, and ftir all well together; fet on your Cream to boil, and put in your Eggs and Rice, ftirring it all the Time, 'till 'tis a pretty thick Curd: When 'tis cold, feafon one part with a fpoonful or two of Sack, Nutmeg, Sugar and Currants, and the other with Orange-flower Water, Ambergreefe and Sugar; put them in a very good Cruft: A little time bakes them.

# A good Cheese-cake, with Curd.

TO a Pound and half of Cheefe-curd put ten Ounces of Butter, beat both in a Mortar, 'till all looks like Butter; then add a quarter of a Pound of Almonds, beat with Orange-flower Water, a Pound of Sugar, 2 eight Eggs, half the Whites, a little beaten Mace, and a little Cream, beat all together: A quarter of an Hour bakes them in Puffcruft, and in a quick Oven.

# Thin Cream Pan-cakes, called a Quire of Paper.

TAKE to a Pint of Cream, eight Eggs, leaving out two Whites, three Spoonfuls of fine Flower, three Spoonfuls of Sack, and one Spoonful of Orange-flower Water, a little Sugar, a grated Nutmeg, and a quarter of a Pound of Butter, melted in the Cream; mingle all well together, mixing the Flower with a little Cream at first, that it may be smooth: Butter your Pan for the first Pan-cake, and let them run as thin as you can possibly to be whole; when one side is colour'd 'tis enough; take them carefully out of the Pan, and strew some fine sisted Sugar between each; lay them as even on each other as you can: This Quantity will make Twenty.

# An Almond-Pudding.

BEAT half a Pound of good fweet Almonds, with Orange-flower Water, grated Biskets, three or four, as they are for fize, half a Pound of Butter, and four large Spoonfuls of Sack, eight Eggs, leaving out D 2 half

half the Whites, and a Quart of Cream, with Sugar to your Tafte; put a Puff-pafte at the Bottom of the Dish; and garnish the edge with Pafte; fo pour it in, and bake it: Those that love not Orange-flower Water may put a grated Nutmeg instead of it, and beat the Almonds with fair Water, for fear of oiling.

## Orange-Pudding.

TAKE three fair Oranges, cut them, and fqueeze off the Juice into a clean Pan, boil the Peels in two or three Waters, 'till the Bitterness is off, then pick out the Pulp and Strings, and beat the Peel very fine in your Mortar, with Orange-flower Water, then mix it up with the strain'd Juice; add to it nine Eggs, leaving out four Whites, half a Pound of Butter, and Sugar to your Tafte; put a Puff-pafte at the Bottom of the Dish; and garnish the Edge of the Dish with Paste: Some People only grate in the Peels raw, and leave out the Juice; but I think the above-written Way is the most grateful and pleafant. Note, You must beat all in the Mortar a full Hour at least, 'till the Ingredients look all alike.

#### A Custard Sack-Posset.

FAKE a Quart of Cream, boil it, and feafon it well with Sugar; then take ten Eggs, with two Whites, beaten very

well, strain them to half a Pint of Sack, stir the Eggs and Sack with care over the Fire, 'till 'tis very hot; then pour in the Cream, holding it very high, and stir all very well together; cover it close, and set it over a Kettle of Water, 'till 'tis come as thick and smooth as a Custard: "Tis by much the best Sort of Posset that is made.

# Cheese-curd Pudding.

TAKE the Curd of a Gallon of new Milk, drain'd from the Whey, beat it very well in a Mortar, with half a Pound of Butter; then take fix Eggs, but three of the Whites, beat them very well, and strain them to the Curd; two grated Naples-biskets, or a Half-penny Loaf, if they cannot be had, with half a Pint of Flower; mix all thefe together, and fweeten it to your Palate: Butter your Patty-pans very well, fill and bake them: Let not the Oven be too hot; turn them out, and pour over them Sack, Sugar, and Butter melted very thick, cut flips of candy'd Orange-peel, or Citron, to stick up in them; and flice blanch'd Almonds for those that have not Sweet-meats.

# A very good Tanfie.

TAKE a Pint of Milk, and a Pint of Cream, about a Pint of Juice of Spinage, which must be well dried, after washing, before you stamp it; strain it and pour it in; beat sisteen Eggs with a little Salt, leave out eight Whites, strain them into the other Things, put in near a Pint of grated Bread or Bisket, grate in a whole large Nutmeg, and as much Sugar as will make it very sweet, thicken it over the Fire as thick as a Hasty-Pudding; put it into a butter'd Dish, and a cool Oven: Half an Hour bakes it.

# To make Hogs-Puddings.

TAKE the Hog's Tongue, and some of the Lights, with a Piece of Liver; when all is boil'd tender, grate the Liver, and chop the Tongue and Lights very small; put this to a Gallon of grated Bread, three Pounds of Currants, Mace, Cinnamon, Nutmeg, Salt and Sugar, nine Eggs, leave out four Whites, three Pound of Suet finely shred; wet it with the Top of the Liquor you boil'd your Meat in; it must not be too limber: When 'tis ready, fill your Skins.

## Liver-Puddings, very good.

TAKE the Crumb of a Two-penny White-Loaf grated, a Pound of Marrow, or fresh Beef-suet, so finely shred as to go through a Cullender; take a Pound of Hog's Liver boil'd, grate and sift that very sine; boil a Quart of Cream, with a Blade of Mace, and sweeten it; grate a Nutmeg, and put it to the rest; beat up six Eggs with the Whites, a little Salt, and a Spoonful of Orange-slower Water, mix all together, and fill your Skins: If you like Currants, you must plump them before they go in.

### A Sagoe-Pudding.

TAKE half a Pound of Sagoe, and wash it well in three or four hot Waters, then put to it a Quart of New Milk, and let it boil together, 'till thick as a Hasty-Pudding; stir it carefully, for 'tis apt to burn; put in a Stick of Cinnamon, when you set it on the Fire; when 'tis boil'd take it out: Before you pour it out, stir in near half a Pound of Butter, beat nine Eggs, with sour Spoonfuls of Sack, leave out four Whites, stir all together, sweeten it to your Taste, and put in a quarter of a Pound of plump'd

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Currants; lay a Sheet of Puff-paste under, and to garnish the Brim.

# To Stew Golden-Pippins, a very good Way.

PARE them, and nicely scoop out the Core, with a very small Scoop, throw them into Water, to preserve their Colour; to a Pound of Pippins thus prepared, take half a Pound of double refin'd Sugar, and one Pint of Water, boil and scum the Syrup before you put in the Pippins; when the Pippins are in, let them boil apace, to make them clear, and when they are so, put in a bit of Lemon-peel, and the Juice of Lemon to your Taste.

# Hart's-Horn, or Calf's-foot-Jelly, the best Way.

TAKE to half a Pound of good Hart's-horn, three Quarts of fair Water, let it boil very flowly, 'till above one Quart be confumed; if you cannot get Hart's-horn, one Sett of Calf's-feet will make more in Quantity, and tafte almost as well; the Look, with care, will be the same; strain this Liquor, and let it stand to cool; the stronger you make your Jelly, the more Ingredients you may use; to make it Palatable, when it is settled, as it will be the next Day, take off

off what is clear of the Hart's-horn, and of the Calf's-foot-Jelly; you must take off the Fat from the Top, as well as leave the Dross at the Bottom; to this two Quarts of strong Jelly, you may put a Pint of Rhenish, and a quarter of a Pint of Canary; beat up the Whites of sive Eggs to a Froth; stir all together with Sugar, to make it very sweet; mix it well, and set it on the Fire, and stir it till it melts and curdles; then put in the Juice of sive large Lemons, and a bit of the Peel; let this boil up, then pour it through your Jelly-bag, and pass the first Quart or two, over and over again, 'till 'tis perfectly sine.

### To make Almondnet, or White-Jelly.

BLANCH half a Pound of Almonds, and beat them very fine, with a little Orange-flower Water, just enough to keep them from Oiling; when they are pounded as small as 'tis possible to do them, mix them up with some of your Jelly, that is not so much weaken'd with Wine and Lemon; this will colour a Pint and half of the Jelly; pass this through a very fine Hair-Sieve, very often, and stir it 'till it grows thick, that the Colour of the Almond may not settle to the Bottom; pour it into pretty shaped Glasses, that it may look handsome, when turn'd out upon China Plates. This set!

Telly must be made very good tasted, tho' you may abate a little of the Wine, and Juice of Lemon, because the Almonds supply that want; and then being ferv'd out of the Glaffes, it wants Strength.

## Lemon-Cream, the best Way.

TAKE three fmooth fair Lemons, pare them, and squeeze out the Juice; cut the Peel in fmall Pieces, and put it to the Juice; for two or three Hours, cover it close; and when it taftes of the Peel, add to it the Whites of four Eggs, and the Yolks of two. beat this well with two Spoonfuls of Orangeflower Water, then put all these to a Pint of fair Water, strain it, and sweeten it with Double-refin'd Sugar; fet it over a gentle Fire, and ftir it carefully 'till 'tis as thick as Cream: Put it into your Jelly-Glaffes.

# To make Black-Caps, the best Way.

TAKE a dozen and half of very large French-Pippins, or Golden-Runnets, cut them in half, and lay them with the flat Side down to the Mazareen, which must be large; lay them fingle, as close by each other as they can lie; fqueeze a large Lemon into two Spoonfuls of Orange-flower Water, and pour over them; fhred Lemon-peel very fine, and fhake between; and grate Double-refin'd Sugar all over them; put them into a quick Oven, and they are done in half an Hour.

#### Almond-Cream.

TAKE half a Pound of good Almonds, blanch and beat them very fine, with Orange-flower-Water; take a Quart of Cream boil'd, cool'd and fweeten'd, put the Almonds into it, and when they are mixt, ftrain it through a Canvas, then ftir it over the Fire, 'till it thickens, and pour it into Glasses; if you love it richly persum'd, put in a Grain of Ambergreese.

#### To make Orange-Cream.

TAKE four Oranges, and grate the Peels into a Pint of Water, then squeeze the Juice into the Water; beat the Yolks of four Eggs very well, and put into the Water; sweeten it very well with double-refin'd Sugar; press all hard through a strong Strainer, set it on the Fire, and stir it carefully all one way, 'till 'tis as thick as Cream; then pour it into your Glasses.

# A very Rich Almond Cream, to felly.

MAKE a very strong Jelly of Hart'shorn; and that it may be so, put half a Pound of good Hart's-horn, to a Quart and half

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half a Pint of Water; let it boil away near half; strain it off through a Jelly-bag; then have ready beaten to a very fine Paste fix Ounces of Almonds, which must be carefully beat with one Spoonful of good Orangeflower Water, with fix or eight Spoonfuls of very thick fweet Cream; then take near as much Cream as you have Jelly, and put both into a Skellet, and strain in your Almonds; fweeten it to your Tafte with doublerefin'd Sugar; fet it over the Fire, and stir it with care constantly 'till 'tis ready to boil; fo take it off, and keep it ftirring 'till it is near cold; then pour it into narrow-bottom'd Drinking-glaffes, in which let it ftand a whole Day: When you would turn it out, put your Glasses into warm Water for a Minute, and 'twill turn out like a Sugar-loaf. This is call'd Steeple-Cream.

## To make Orange-Posset.

SQUEEZE the Juice of two Sevil-Oranges, and one Lemon, into a China-Bason that holds about a Quart; sweeten this Juice like a Syrup with Double-refin'd Sugar, put to it two Spoonfuls of Orange-flower Water, and strain it through a fine Sieve; boil a large Pint of thick Cream, with some of the Orange-peel in it cut thin: When 'tis pretty cool, pour it into the Bason of Juice through a Funnel, which must be held as high high as you can from the Bason: It must stand a Day before you use it. When it goes to Table, stick Slips of Candy'd Orange, Lemon, and Citron-peel on the Top.

### Postatia-Cream, very good.

AKE an Ounce of the Kernels of Poflatia-Nut, beat them small with two Spoonfuls of Orange-flower Water, and sour Yolks of Eggs; boil a Quart of Cream, and mix all together: When the Cream is so cool it will not curdle the Eggs, thicken it over the Fire with great Care, and put it into your Glasses.

### To make Fry'd Cream.

TAKE a Quart of good new Cream, the Yolks of feven Eggs, a bit of Lemon-peel, a grated Nutmeg, two Spoonfuls of Sack, as much Orange-flower Water: Butter your Sauce-pan, and put it over the Fire; flir it all the while one Way with a little white Whisk, and as you flir, flrew in Flower very lightly, 'till 'tis thick and fmooth; then 'tis boil'd enough, and may be pour'd out upon a Cheefe-plate or Mazarcen; fpread it with a Knife exactly even, about half an Inch thick, then cut it in Diamond-squares, and fry it in a Pan full of boiling fweet Suet.

# To make a very good Barley-Gruel.

OF three Ounces of Pearl-barley make a Quart of Barley-water; shift it once or twice, if it is not white; put to it four Ounces of Currants clean pick'd and wash'd; when they are plumpt, pour the Gruel out to cool a little, and beat up the Yolks of three Eggs and put into it, with half a Pint of White-wine, and half a Pint of new thick Cream, the Peel of a Lemon, and as much Sugar as you like; stir it gently over the Fire 'till 'tis as thick as Cream. 'Tis a pretty wholesome Spoon-meat for Suppers.

### To make the Thick Square Cream-Cheese, as at Newport.

Y O U must get a Vat made a quarter and half high, the Bottom (nor Top) must not be fastned in, it must be Four-square, with Holes all over, then take two Quarts of good thick Cream, two Quarts of Stroakings, and a Gallon of new Milk, set it with Runnet as for common Cheese; when 'tis come take out the Curd with a China Saucer, and put it into the Vat, strew a little clean dry Salt in two or three Places as it is laid in; and as the Curd sinks, fill up the Vat, 'till all the Cheese is in; press it as other Cheese: Let it stand in the Vat two or three Days,

'till all the Whey is out, and turn'd often while 'tis in; falt it two Days: When you take it out, you must let it dry without rubbing; and make it in May. If you desire it exactly Four-square, let the Vat be full a quarter and half high, and the Square want an Inch of a Quarter.

# To make a pretty fort of Flummery.

PUT three large Handfuls of Oat-meal ground small, into two Quarts of fair Water, let it steep a Day and Night; then pour off the clear Water, and put the same Quantity of fresh Water to it; strain it through a fine Hair-sieve, and boil it 'till' 'tis as thick as Hasty-pudding; stir it all the while, that it may be extremely smooth: (and when you first strain it out, before you set it on the Fire, put in one Spoonful of Sugar, and two of good Orange-slower Water.) When 'tis boil'd enough, pour it into shallow Dishes, for your Use.

# To make Hart's-horn Flummery.

PUT a Pound of Hart's-horn Shavings to three Quarts of Spring-Water, boil it very gently over a foft Fire 'till 'tis confumed to one Quart; then strain it through a fine Sieve into your Bason, and let it stand 'till cold; then just melt it over the Fire, and put

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to it half a Pint of White-wine, a Pint of new thick Cream, and four Spoonfuls of Orange-flower Water; feald your Cream, and let it be cold before you mix it with Wine and Jelly; put in double-refin'd Sugar to your Tafte, and then beat it all one way for an Hour and an half at leaft; for if you are not thus careful in beating, 'twill neither mix nor look to pleafe you. Let the Cups you pour it into, be dipp'd in clean Water; for if they are dry, it will not turn out well: Keep it in the Cups a Day before you use it. When 'tis fent to Table, you must turn it out, and stick it all over the Top with blanch'd Almonds cut in Slips. Eat it in Cream, or Wine, which you like best.

# A Whipt Sillibub, extraordinary.

TAKE a Quart of Cream, and boil it, let it fland 'till 'tis cold; then take a Pint of White-wine; pare a Lemon thin, and fleep the Peel in the Wine two Hours before you use it; to this add the Juice of a Lemon, and as much Sugar as will make it very sweet: Put all this together into a Bason, and whisk it all one way 'till 'tis pretty thick: Fill your Glasses, and keep it a Day before you use it; 'twill keep good three or four Days. Let your Cream be full Measure, and your Wine rather less. If you like it perfumed, put in a Grain or two of Ambergreese.

Panada,

#### Panada, for a Sick or Weak Stomach.

PUT the Crumb of a Penny White-loaf grated into a Quart of cold Water, fet both on the Fire together, with a Blade of Mace: When 'tis boil'd smooth, take it off the Fire, and put in a bit of Lemon-peel, the Juice of a Lemon, a Glass of Sack, and Sugar to your Taste. This is very Nourishing, and never offends the Stomach. Some season with Butter and Sugar, adding Currants, which on some Occasions are proper; but the first is the most grateful and innocent.

## To make Sagoe.

PUT an Ounce of Sagoe to a Pint of Water, fet it over the Fire, and stir it carefully 'till 'tis thick; season it with three Spoonfuls of Sack or White-wine, a bit of Lemon-peel, and the Juice of a Lemon. Sweeten it to your Taste.

## To make Salep.

PUT half an Ounce of Salep to a Pint of Water, fet it over the Fire, and stir it 'till 'tis as thick as Chocolate, and season it with Rose-Water, or Orange-flower-Water, or Sack: If you like it better, a little Juice of Lemon and Sugar. 'Tis good for Weak or Consumptive People.

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To make Orange-Marmalade, very good.

TAKE eighteen fair large Sevil-Oranges, pare them very thin, then cut them in halves, and fave their Juice in a clean Vessel, and fet it cover'd in a cool Place; put the half Oranges into Water for one Night, then boil them very tender, shifting the Water 'till all the Bitterness is out, then dry them well, and pick out the Seeds and Strings as nicely as you can; pound them fine, and to every Pound of Pulp take a Pound of double-refin'd Sugar; boil your Pulp and Sugar almost to a Candy-height: When this is ready, you must take the Juice of fix Lemons, the Juice of all the Oranges, strain it, and take its full weight in double-refin'd Sugar, all which pour in to the Pulp and Sugar; and boil the whole pretty fast 'till it will Jelly. Keep your Glasses cover'd, and 'twill be a lasting wholesome Sweet-meat for any Use. If you would rather have it Jelly, add Pippin-Jelly, and leave out half the Juice of Orange and Lemon.

#### Lemon-Cakes.

TAKE a Pound of double-refin'd Sugar, beat and fift it very fine, wet it with Juice of Lemon, boil it almost to a Candyheight, then drop it on Plates; set it in a warm Place, 'till they will slip off the Plates. They

They are grateful, and proper to quench Thirst. You may shred the Peel very fine, and boil up with one half, if you like it; but add fresh Juice with that, or 'twill be too thick to drop neatly.

### Orange-Chips.

OUT off the Peels of very fine Oranges, not too thin, boil them in a large quantity of Water, shifting them often, that they may not be bitter: When they are tender, dry them, and take their weight in double-refin'd Sugar; boil the Chips and Sugar, when wet, to a Candy, 'till the Sugar be almost consumed: Lay them thin on Plates, to dry.

### Jelly of Currants.

T AKE your Currants, and strip them from the Stalks into a Gally-pot, which Pot you must put into a Kettle of Water over the Fire 'till they be enough; strain them through a Flannel Jelly-bag, but don't squeeze it; add to the Llquor its weight in double-refin'd Sugar, boil both up for a quarter of an Hour very gently, then put it into Glasses.

### Apricot-Chips.

TAKE the weight of the whole Apricot in double-refin'd Sugar, then flice them the long-way, but don't pare them; boil your Sugar to a thin Candy, then put the Fruit in, and let them fland on the Fire 'till scalding-hot; lay them thin on Plates, and fet them in the Sun to dry, when they have lain one Night in the Liquor.

### To Preserve Apricots in Jelly.

TO a Pound of Apricots, before they are stoned and pared, take a Pound and a quarter of double-refin'd Sugar; stone and pare your Apricots, and have your Sugar finely beat; as you pare them, lay fome Sugar under and over them; when the Sugar is pretty well melted, fet them on the Fire and boil them; keep some Sugar out to strew on them in the boiling, to keep their Colour; and as the Scum rifes, take it off very clean, and fometimes turn them with the Ladle, as you fee Occasion: When they are tender, put them into Glaffes. Add to your Syrup a quarter of a Pint of Pippin-liquor, and the weight of it in Sugar, and let it boil a while; put it to your Apricots: Let your Fire be quick; for the fooner any White-Sweetmeat is done, 'twill look the better. may may let the Liquor run through a Jelly-bag, if you would have it delicately clear.

### Prawlins, or Fry'd Almonds.

AKE a Pound of the best Fordan-Almonds, rub them very clean from the Dust: Take their weight in Loaf-Sugar, wet it with Orange-slower Water, and boil it to a Syrup; then throw the Almonds into it, and boil them to a Candy, constantly stirring 'till they are dry; then put them into a Dish, and take away the loose Bits and Knobs which will be about them: Put the Almonds again into the Preserving-pan, and set them on a slow Fire, 'till some of their Oil comes from them into the Bottom of the Pan.

### To Preserve Orange-Flowers.

Stalks apart, boil the Flowers in clear Water 'till they are tender; boil the little Oranges and Stalks also in several Waters, 'till the Bitterness be quite gone: To a Pound of Flowers take three Pounds of double-resin'd Sugar, wet the Sugar with Water, and boil it to a Syrup; then drain the Flowers from their Water, and put them into the Syrup, boil them a little, and put them into Glasses.

### Cakes of Orange-Flowers.

TO a Pound of Flowers take five Pounds of double-refin'd Sugar; dip your Sugar in Water, and lay it in the Prefervingpan to melt; pick the out-fide Leaves off, boil the Flowers in Water 'till they are tender, and drain them well: While they boil, you must fet your dissolv'd Sugar on the Fire, and boil it to a thick Syrup, and be sure to let it stand to be cold, before you put in your Orange-slowers; drop them nicely on Plates, in round Cakes, and dry them in the hot Sun, or a Stove.

# A very good way to make Conserve of Roses.

M A K E a strong Insusion of Red Roses, with Red-rose Water, as much as you think will boil the Quantity you intend to make; then take the fresh Buds of Roses, and clip off all the white and withered Leaves; and boil these Buds in the insused Liquor, as soft as may be, 'till they are very tender, and as red as they were at first; then take them out, and weigh them, and put twice the weight of double-resin'd Sugar, and boil it again, with the Sugar, as fast as can be, 'till it Jellies; when you take it out,

you may add either Amber, Pearl, Corali-Gold, or Spirit of Vitriol; these last Additions, are as well made, when 'tis used; because 'tis good for many Distempers, and they may be suited to the Occasion.

### A Powder for Digestion.

TAKE a very large Nutmeg, the same weight in Mace, the same weight in Anniseeds, and the Weight of all the Ingredients of Angelica-seeds; bake all these in the middle of a small brown Wheaten-Loas, when 'tis enough, take out the Spice and Seeds, and beat them to a very sine Powder, with Powder of Crab's-Eyes, and double-resin'd Sugar, of each a like Quantity, enough to make the Powder palatable; take as much as will lie on a Shilling, after every Meal. I have known it wonderfully relieve a windy, sowre, weaken'd Stomach; it must be continued a Month or two.

### To Candy any fort of Flowers.

TAKE the best treble-refin'd Sugar you can get, break it in Lumps, dip them piece by piece in Water; put them in a Silver Sauce-pan, or Bason, melt them over the Fire; when it just boils, strain it through a Muslin, and set it on the Fire again, and let it boil, 'till it draws in Hairs, which you

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may fee by holding up your Spoon; then put in the Flowers, of any Sort, and fet them in Cups or Glaffes, and when 'tis of a hard Candy, break it in Lumps, and lay it as high as you pleafe: Dry it in a Stove, or the Sun, and 'twill look like Sugar-candy.

### Thick Ginger-Bread.

A Pound and half of Flower, takes up one Pound of Treacle, almost as much Sugar, an Ounce of beaten Ginger, two Ounces of Carraway-feeds, four Ounces of Citron, and Lemon-peel candy'd, the Yolks of four Eggs; cut your Sweet-meats, mix all, and bake it in large Cakes, on Tin-plates.

#### Wafers.

PRY your Flower, and make it into a thick Batter with Cream, put in Mace very fine beat, a little Sugar to your Tafte; Butter your Irons, and let them be hot, then put in a Tea-spoonful of the Batter; so bake them with care, and roll them off the Iron, on a small Stick.

### A good Sort of Portugal Cakes.

TAKE a Pound of new Butter, and fix Eggs, leaving out two Whites; then work it together with your Hand, 'till the Eggs

Eggs are perfectly mixt in the Butter; to this put one Pound of Loaf-Sugar fifted, a Pound of fine Flower dry'd, half a Pound of Currants, a little beaten Mace, mix all together; Butter the Pans; fill and bake them in an Oven that won't colour a White Paper.

### A Carraway-Cake, without Yeast.

TAKE five Pounds of Flower, and four Pounds of fingle-refin'd Sugar beat, and finely fifted, mix this with a Pound and half of Carraway-feeds; to this Quantity, you must take four Pounds of Butter, which must be work'd in eight Spoonfuls of Orangeflower Water, 'till 'tis perfectly mix'd, and looks like Cream; break twenty Eggs, but half of the Whites, beat them well; and in beating, add fix Spoonfuls of Sack, strew in the Flower, Sugar, and Seeds, by little and little, into the Eggs and Butter, with a Pound of candy'd Citron, Lemon and Orange-peel: Let the first Fierceness of your Oven be over, before you put the Cake in, for fear of fcorching; for the Oven must be hot, and you must keep beating your Cake, 'till it goes into the Hoop, which must be just as the Oven is ready.

Note, That half a Pound of the Carraway-

feeds may be omitted.

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### An excellent Plumb-Pudding.

TAKE one Pound of Suet, shred very small and sisted, one Pound of Raisins ston'd, four Spoonfuls of Flower, and four Spoonfuls of Sugar, five Eggs, but three Whites; beat the Eggs with a little Salt: Tie it up close, and boil it four Hours at least.

#### To make Stone-Cream.

TAKE a Pint and half of thick Cream, boil in it a Blade of Mace, and a Stick of Cinnamon, and fix Spoonfuls of Orange-flower Water, fweeten it to your Tafte, and boil it 'till thick; then pour it out, and keep it stirring 'till 'tis almost cold; then put in a small Spoonful of Runnet, and put it into your Cups or Glasses: Make it three or four Hours before you use it; 'tis good.

#### To make Cracknels.

TO a Quart of Flower, take a Pound of Butter, half a Nutmeg grated, the Yolks of four Eggs beat, with four Spoonfuls of Rose-Water; put the Nutmeg and Eggs into the Flower, and wet it into a stiff Paste, with cold Water; then roll in the Butter, and make them into shape; put them into a Kettle

Kettle of boiling Water; when they fwim, take them out with a Skimmer, and put them into cold Water; when they are harden'd, lay them out to dry, and bake them on Tin-plates.

### A very good Seed-Cake.

TAKE a quarter of a Peck of fine Flower, and dry it before the Fire, with three quarters of a Pound of Sugar, beat a quarter of a Pound of Almonds, to keep them from Oiling, pour in two Spoonfuls of Orange-flower Water, as you beat them, and mix this with the Flower and Sugar, put in the full weight of a Pound and half of Butter; rub in one half dry, and melt the other in a full Pint of Cream; before you begin to mix, put a Pint of good Ale-yeast, to half a Pint of Sack, and let it rise before the Fire; let your Butter and Cream just melt over a gentle Fire, and when 'tis pretty cool, make a Hole in the middle of your Flower, and pour in the Cream and Butter, the Sack and Yeast, with nine Eggs, leaving out four Whites; beat and ftrain your Eggs, and mix all well together, and fet it to the Fire to rife: When 'tis ready to put into the Hoop, mix in a Pound and a half of fmooth Carraways, with half a Pound of Citron, Orange and Lemon-peel candy'd; cut this in long bits, and ftrew it in the middle of your Cake: You

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may put more Sweet-meats, and Ice it, if you defire it very rich.

### The London-Wigs.

AKE a quarter of a Peck of Flower, put to it half a Pound of Sugar, and as much Carraways, smooth or rough, as you like; mix these, and set them to the Fire to dry, then make a Pound and half of Butter hot over a gentle Fire; stir it often, and add to it near a Quart of good Milk or Cream, when the Butter is melted in the Cream, pour it into the middle of the Flower, and to it pour a little Sack, and full a Pint and half of very good Ale-yeast; let it stand before the Fire to rife, before you lay them on your Tin-plates to bake.

### Egg Minc'd-Pyes.

AKE fix Eggs, boil them very hard, and shred them small; shred the double quantity of good Suet very fine; put Currants, neatly wash'd and pick'd, one Pound, or more if your Eggs were large; the Peel of one Lemon very fine shred, half the Juice, and five or fix Spoonfuls of Sack, Mace, Nutmeg, Sugar, and a little Salt; and Candy'd Citron, or Orange-peel, if you would have them rich.

### An extraordinary Plumb-Cake.

TAKE feven Pounds of fine Flower, and two Pounds and half of Butter; put the Butter into the Flower; feven Pounds of Currants, and two large Nutmegs, with half an Ounce of Mace, and a quarter of an Ounce of Cloves, all finely beat and grated; one Pound of Sugar, fixteen Eggs, leaving out four Whites, put in a full Pint and half of Ale-yeast; warm as much Gream as you think will wet it, and pour Sack to your Cream, to make it as thick as Batter; beat alfo one Pound of Almonds, with Sack and Orange-flower Water; but don't let them be fine, but grofly beat; put in a Pound of candy'd Orange, Lemon, and Citron-peel, or more, if you defire it very rich; mix all, and put it into your Hoop, with a Paste under it, to fave the bottom. This was given by one of the nicest House-wives in England; and is as good as ever was made.

### Icing for the Cake.

TAKE the Whites of five Eggs, whipt up to a Froth, and put a Pound of double-refin'd Sugar fifted, a Grain of Ambergreese, and three Spoonfuls of Orange-flower Water; whip it all the while the Cake is in the Oven; when it comes out of the

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Oven, Ice it; but set it in no more: Leave out the Persume, if it be offensive.

#### Lemon or Chocolate-Puffs.

TAKE half a Pound of double-refin'd Sugar, finely beat and fifted, grate into it the yellow Rind of a very fair large Lemon; then whip up the White of an Egg to a Froth, and wet it with this Froth, 'till' is as stiff as good working Paste, lay it on Papers, and bake it in a very slow Oven; lay some round and some long: If you make Chocolate, grate about an Ounce as you did the Peel.

#### Almond-Puffs.

BEAT two Ounces of blanch'd Almonds, with a quarter of a Pint of Orange-flower Water, and fifted Sugar, 'till they are fine; whip up the Whites of three Eggs, and mix them with Almonds, Sugar, and Orange-flower Water; then add as much fifted Sugar, as will make it into Paste; lay it in Cakes, and bake it in a cool Oven.

### The Right Dutch-Wafer.

TAKE four Eggs, and beat them very well, then take a good Spoonful of fine Sugar, one Nutmeg grated, a Pint of Cream,

Cream, and a Pound of Flower, a Pound of Butter melted, two or three Spoonfuls of Rose-water, and two good Spoonfuls of Yeast; mix all well together, and bake them in your Wafer-tongs on the Fire. For the Sauce, take grated Cinnamon, Sack, and melted Butter, sweeten'd to your Tafte.

#### To make Ratafia-Cakes.

TAKE eight Ounces of Apricot-Kernels, or, if they cannot be had, Bitter-Almonds will do as well, blanch them, and beat them very fine with a little Orangeflower Water, mix them with the Whites of three Eggs well beaten, and put to them two Pounds of fingle-refin'd Sugar finely beaten and fifted; work all together, and 'twill be like a Paste; then lay it in little round Bits on Tin-plates flower'd, fet them in an Oven that is not too hot, and they will puff up, and be foon baked.

#### The Nuns-Bisket.

TAKE the Whites of fix Eggs, and beat them to a Froth; take also half a Pound of Almonds, blanch and beat them with the Froth of the Whites of your Eggs as it rifes; then take the Yolks, with a Pound of fine Sugar, beat these well together, and mix your Almonds with your Eggs and Sugar; then

then put in a quarter of a Pound of Flower, with the Peel of two Lemons grated, and fome Citron finely shred; bake them in little Cake-pans in a quick Oven, and when they are colour'd, turn them on Tins, to harden the Bottoms; but before you set them in the Oven again, strew some double-resin'd Sugar on them finely fifted. Remember to butter your Pans, and fill them but half.

### Pancakes, very good.

Spoonfuls of Sack, and half a Pint of Flower, fix Eggs (but three Whites) one grated Nutmeg, a quarter of a Pound of melted Butter, a very little Salt, and some Sugar; fry these thin in a dry Pan.

### To make good Fritters.

MIX half a Pint of good Cream, very thick with Flower, beat fix Eggs, leaving out four Whites, and to the Eggs put fix Spoonfuls of Sack, and strain them into the Batter; put in a little grated Nutmeg, Ginger and Cinnamon, all very fine, also a little Salt; then put in another half Pint of Cream, and beat the Batter near an Hour; pare and slice your Apples thin, dip every Piece in the Batter, and throw them in a Pan-full of boiling Lard.

A Spin-

### A Spinage-Tart, very good.

TAKE fix Handfuls of Spinage, wash it clean, and dry it, pick it clean from Stalks, and the hard Rib that goes up the middle of the Leaf, shred it extremely fine as 'tis possible to be; put to it a Pint of grated Bread the lightest you can get, a Pint of very thick Cream, nine Eggs (but four of the Whites) three Spoonfuls of Orangeflower Water, a little Salt and Sugar to your Tafte; it ought to be pretty sweet: If with your Orange-flower Water you beat up two Ounces of blanch'd Almonds, 'tis an incomparable Addition to the Tafte. Garnish the Brim of your Dish with Paste, and lay Slips crofs the Top. Thus you may make Couslip-Tart; but that being not so juicy, will bear beating in a Mortar. Heat it with Care before it be put into the Dish.

### An Almond-Tart, very good.

TO half a Pound of Almonds blanch'd, and very finely beat with Orange-flower Water, put a Pint of thick Cream, two large Naples-Biskets grated, and five Yolks of Eggs, near half a Pound of Sugar; put all into a Dish garnish'd with Paste, and lay Slips in Diamonds cross the Top; bake it in a cool Oyen, and when it comes Four,

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out, stick Slips of Candy'd Citron in each
Diamond.

# To Preserve Golden-Pippins, the best Way.

TAKE to a Pound of Apples a Pound of double-refin'd Sugar, and a Pint of clear Spring-Water; fet it on the Fire; neatly pare the Pippins, and take out the Stalks and Eyes, put them into the Sugar and Water, cover them close, and let them boil as fast as you can half a quarter of an Hour; then take them off a little to cool; then set them on again to boil as fast and as long as they did before; do this three or four times, 'till they are very clear: Cover them very close, 'till you make the following Jelly for them.

### Codlin or Pippin-Jelly.

SLICE a Pound of Codlins or Pippins into a Pint of clear Spring-Water, let them boil 'till the Liquor takes all the Tafte of the Fruit; then strain it out, and to a Pint of this Liquor take a Pound of double-refin'd Sugar, boil'd to Sugar again; then put in your Codlin-Liquor, boil it a little together as fast as you can; then put in your Golden-Pippins, boil them up fast for a little while; just before the last boiling, squeeze in the Juice of a Lemon; boil it up quick once more;

more; take great care they do not lofe Colour: Take the Pippins out, and put them into the Glasses with the Jelly. This is the most grateful Way that ever was invented to preferve them.

#### To make Raisin Elder Wine:

TAKE fix Gallons of Water, and boil it half an Hour; and when 'tis boil'd, add to every Gallon of Water five Pounds of Malaga-Raifins shred fmall; pour the Water boiling-hot upon them, and let it fland nine Days, stirring it twice a Day: Boil your Berries as you do Currants for Jelly, and strain it as fine; then add to every Gallon of Liquor a Pint of Elder-berry Juice: When you have stirr'd all well together, spread a Toast on both fides with Yeaft, let it work a Day and a Night, then put it into a Veffel, which befure to fill as it works over; stop it close when it has done working, 'till you are fure 'tis fine, then bottle it.

### Another, very Wholesome.

To every Gallon of pick'd Elder-berries, put a full Gallon of Water, boil them together 'till the Berries are tender, then strain it off through a fine Sieve; let what will run through, but don't press the Berries; to every Gallon of the Liquor put two full F 2

Pounds of good Lisbon-Sugar: This Sort for present Drinking. What you design to keep some Years, must have two Pounds and a half of Sugar; boil the Liquor and Sugar together, and scum it clean in the boiling as long as any will rise; when cool, work it with Yeast for a Night and a Day; put it into the Vessel, and when it has done working, stop it close for sive or six Months: Bottle it then, if sine. This ought to be the constant Drink for all Gouty People: If well boil'd and work'd, it never ferments in the Bottle or Stomach.

#### Quince-Wine.

CLEAN the Quinces with a coarse Cloth, then grate them on large Graters; then squeeze them through a Linnen Strainer, to clear it from the gross Thickness; then squeeze it through a Flannel-Strainer, to clear it from all the Thick that remains: To every Gallon of this Liquor put two Pounds of single Loas-Sugar; let it dissolve, and pour it off several times, as it settles to the Bottom; do this a Night and a Day: When 'tis sine, put it into your Vessel, but don't stop it down for a Week, nor Bottle it in fix Months; then you may, if 'tis persectly sine; if not, draw it into another Vessel, and stop it up again.

Be fure to put all English Wines into cool Cellars. Orange-

### Orange-Wine.

O fix Gallons of Spring-Water put twelve Pounds of fingle-refin'd Sugar, the Whites of four Eggs well beaten, put these to the Water cold; then let it boil three quarters of an Hour, taking off the Scum as fast as it rises: When 'tis cold, put in six Spoonfuls of Yeaft, and fix Ounces of Syrup of Lemon, beaten together; put in also the Juice and Rind of fifty large Oranges thin pared, that no White-part nor any of the Seeds go in with the Juice, which should be strained: Let all this stand two Nights and two Days in an open Veffel, or large Pan, then put it into your close Vessel, and in three or four Days stop it down: When it has stood three Weeks thus, draw it off into another Veffel, and add to it two Quarts of Rhenish or White-wine; then stop it close again, and in a Month or Six Weeks, 'twill be fine enough to Bottle, and to drink in a Month after. If you defire it should keep, put in Brandy instead of Rhenish.

### Birch Wine, as made in Suffex.

TAKE the Sap of Birch fresh drawn, boil it as long as any Scum arifes; to every Gallon of Liquor put two Pounds of good Sugar; boil it half an Hour, and scum F 3

it very clean; when 'tis almost cold, set it with a little Yeast spread on a Toast; let it fland five or fix Days in an open Veffel, ftirring it often; then take fuch a Cask as the Liquor will be fure to fill; and fire a large Match dipt in Brimftone, and put it into the Cask, and ftop in the Smoak, 'till the Match is extinguish'd, always keeping it shook, then shake out the Ashes, and, as quick as possible, pour in a Pint of Sack or Rhenish, which Taste you like best, for the Liquor retains it; rince the Cask well with this, and pour it out : Pour in your Wine, and stop it close for fix Months, then, if 'tis perfectly fine, you may Bottle it.

### Black-Cherry Wine.

BOIL fix Gallons of Spring-Water one Hour, then bruife twenty-four Pounds of Black-Cherries, but don't break the Stones; pour the Water boiling hot on the Cherries, ffir the Cherries well in the Water, and let it stand twenty-four Hours; then strain it off, and to every Gallon put near two Pounds of good Sugar, mix it well with the Liquor, and let it stand one Day longer; then pour it off clear into the Veffel, and ftop it close: Let it be very fine before you draw it off into Bottles.

### Sage-Wine, very good.

TO twenty-eight Pounds of Malaga-Raifins, pick'd and shred, have twentyeight Quarts of Spring-Water well boil'd, but let it be cool as Milk from the Cow before you pour it on the Raisins; then put in half a Bushel of Red-Sage grosly shred; stir all together, and let it stand six Days, stirring it very well every Day, and cover it as close as you can; then strain it off, and pour it into your Vessel; it will soon be sine, but you may add two Quarts of Sack or Whitewine to sine it: Raisins of the Sun will do as well as Malaga, if they cannot be had.

### Cherry-Wine, as in Kent.

WHEN your Red Cherries are full ripe, ftrip them from the Strigs, and ftamp them, as Apples, 'till the Stones are broke, then put it into a Tub, and cover it up close for three Days and Nights; then press it in a Cyder-press, and put your Liquor again into a Tub, and let it stand close cover'd two Days more; then take off the Scum very carefully, for fear of jogging, and pour it off the Lees into another Tub, and let it stand to clear two Days more, then scum and pour it off, as before. If your Cherries were full ripe and sweet, put only a Pound and F 4 a half

a half of good Sugar to each Gallon of Liquor; ftir it well together, and cover it close, and flir it no more 'till the next Day, then pour it carefully off the Lees, as before; let it fland again, and do the fame the next Day into the Veffel you keep it in: You may repeat this oftner, if you fee the Lees are gross, and like to make it fret. When 'tis fettled, stop it up 'till seven or eight Months are past; then, if 'tis perfectly fine, bottle it; if not, draw it off into another Veffel, and ftop it up as much longer: 'Twill keep Seven Years, if Bottled fine, and had not best be drank 'till 'tis a Year old. Our English Wines want only Age, to equal, if not exceed all Foreign Liquors.

### Rasberry-Wine, very good.

TO every Quart of Fruit, you must pour, boiling hot, a Quart of Water; cover it very close, and let it stand Twenty-four Hours; then strain it, and to three Quarts of Liquor, put two Pounds of good Sugar; ffir it together, and spread a Toast with Yeast; fet it to work, and pour it off the Lees; put it into your Veffel, and when it has quite done working, flop it up : If 'tis fine in fix or feven Months, you may Bottle it, and keep it a Year in Bottles. will own made of

Note, You must at first watch all Wines: And if you find them Fret, continue to Fine

them

them off the Lees every Day, for some 'Time, as fast as any settles.

### White Mead, very good.

To every Gallon of Water put a Pint of Honey, and half a Pound of Loaf-Sugar, ftir in the Whites of Eggs beat to a Froth, and boil it as long as any Scum arises: When 'tis cold, work it with Yeast, and to every Gallon put the Juice and Peel of a large Lemon: Stop it up when it has done working, and Bottle it ten Days.

#### To make Apricot-Wine, Incomparable.

Pounds of ripe Apricots, flice them into the Water, and add to both five Pounds of Loaf-Sugar; let all boil, and be nicely foum'd as fast as it rifes, but let it boil some time before you begin to soum; take your Soum off into a clean Sieve, and set it in a Pot, to save what Liquor comes from it: When the Wine is clear as you can make it from the Dross of the Sugar, pour it hot upon the Kernels, which must be crack'd, and put, with the Shells, into the Pan you design the Liquor to cool in; shir it together, and cover it 'till cool, then work it with a Toast and Yeast;

and in two or three Days, when 'tis fettled, fine it off into your Vessel; let it work as long as it will: When it has done working, pour in a Bottle of Rhenish or small Whitewine, and stop it up for fix Months; then, if very fine, Bottle it, and keep it a Twelvemonth longer.

#### Damson-Wine.

To every Gallon of Water put two Pounds and half of Sugar, which you must boil and fcum three-quarters of an Hour; and to every Gallon put five Pints of Damfons stoned; let them boil 'till 'tis of a fine Colour, then ftrain it through a fine Sieve; work it in an open Vessel three or four Days, then pour it off the Lees, and let it work in that Vessel as long as it will; then ftop it up for fix or eight Months, when, if fine, you may Bottle it: Keep it a Year or two in Bottles.

### Cowslip or Marigold-Wine.

TO every Gallon of Water take two Pounds and a half of Sugar, boil this an Hour, and fcum it very well, and pour it boilinghot upon the Yellow Tops of either fort of Flowers: To every Gallon of the Liquor put half a Peck of Flowers nicely cut; let this fleep all Night, and to each Gallon fqueeze in

two or three Lemons, with a Piece of Peel cut thin: When these have steep'd a Night and a Day, work it with a Toast and Yeast: When you put it in your Vessel, pour it from the Settlement; and when it has work'd as long as it will, pour into every Gallon one Pint of Rhenish or White-wine. If 'tis fine in six Months, you may Bottle it, but 'tis best to drink at three or four Years old. Either Sort is Cordial, Wholesome, and Pleasant.

### To Improve Cyder, and make it perfettly Fine.

WHEN 'tis first made, put into a Hogshead six Ounces of Brimstone in the Stone to colour it; put a Gallon of good French-Brandy highly tinctured with Cochineal; beat one Pound of Allom, and three Pounds of Sugar-candy sine, and put it in when you stop it up: When 'tis sine, Bottle it, which will be in six Months. This great Secret is successfully practis'd by the Hereford-shire Artists.

### To make Milk-Punch.

TO two Quarts of Water put two Quarts of good French-Brandy, a dozen and a half of Lemons, three-quarters of a Pound of double-

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double-refin'd Sugar, and three Pints of New Milk; mix all together, and strain it through a Jelly-bag; put it up often, 'till it looks perfectly clear and fine. You must make it a Day or two before you use it; for it will not keep long Bottled.

### To make strong Mead.

O four Gallons of Water put eighteen Pounds of Honey; beat the Whites of four Eggs, ftir them in with the Honey 'till it be all melted; fcum it well as long as it boils, and be fure it boil an Hour and a half: If you like the Tafte, you may put a Sprig of Rosemary in the Boiling: When it is cold. work it with a Toast spread with Yeast; and when you put it into the Veffel, hang therein one Nutmeg, the weight of that in Mace, and the fame quantity in Cloves, with four Races of Ginger, in a bit of Muslin; the Spice must be beaten; put in the Peel of two Lemons. When it has done working, flop it up, and let it fland fix Months before you Bottle it.

### To make Goose-berry-Wine.

TO four Pounds of Goose-berries full ripe put a Quart of Water, and to every Gallon of Water put four Pounds of Sugar; bruise bruife the Goofe-berries well, and let them stand in the Water two Days, stirring it twice or thrice a Day, and then strain it through a fine Hair-bag; then put in the Sugar, and flir it very well 'till it is melted; When it is well mix'd, cover it, and let it stand a while; then strain it through a Flannel Bag into the Veffel: When it has done working, flop it close, and let it fland fix Weeks, or two Months, and, if fine, Bottle it.

Nothing of Brass must be us'd about any Wine.

#### To make Elder-flower Wine.

TO twelve Gallons of Water put thirty Pounds of fingle Loaf-Sugar, boil it 'till two Gallons be wasted, scumming it well; let it fland 'till it be as cool as Wort, then put two or three Spoonfuls of Yeast; when it works, put in two Quarts of Bloffoms, pick'd from the Stalks, ftirring it every Day 'till it has done working, which will not be under five or fix Days; then strain it, and put it into the Veffel: After it is stopt down, let it stand two Months, and then, if fine, Bottle it.

#### To make Ratafia.

To every Gallon of Brandy put a Quart of the best Orange-slower Water, and a Quart of good French White-wine; you must also take care your Brandy be right and good; to each Gallon of Brandy you must likewise put four hundred Apricot-Stones, and a Pound and a quarter of White Sugar-candy; just crack the Stones, and put them in, Shells and all, into a large Bottle, which must be very close stope, and seal'd down; let it stand in the Sun for six Weeks; take it in every Night, and in wet Weather; and shake it when you take it in, or set it out: After this is done, you must let it stand to settle, and rack it off 'till 'tis persectly sine.

### Cinnamon-Water, very good.

IN two Gallons of extraordinary Brandy fteep a Pound of good Cinnamon bruifed, there let it lie three or four Days; then put it into your Limbeck, with two Quarts of Cold-still'd Plantain-water; you may draw as much off as you put in; and with a Quart of the smallest boil up two Pounds and an half of double-refin'd Sugar: When 'tis cold, mix all together for your use. 'Tis a noble Cordial.

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### A Cordial Orange-Water.

TAKE three Quarts of good Brandy, and the Rinds of a dozen and a half of Oranges, pare them very thin, that none of the White go in, let them fleep in the Brandy three Days and Nights close flopt; then take five Pints of fair Water, and a Pound and a half of double-refin'd Sugar: Boil this Syrup half an Hour, and scum it as any rifes; then strain it through a Jelly-bag, and let it stand 'till cold; then mix it with the Brandy, which must be first pour'd from the Peels, and settled: Keep it for Use.

Thus you may do Lemons, which is a plea-

fanter Cordial.

#### To make Citron-Water.

Rinds half a Finger thick, flice 'em thin; and take the Citron Kernels, flice them in as you think fit; put as much good Sack as will cover them over the Top; put all into a Stone-Jug, and stop it very close; let it stand in a Cellar five Days, then distil it in a Glass Still; let it run into a Bottle wherein is fine Sugar-candy in Powder and Ambergreese: Draw off in several Runnings, and mix it as you like.

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### To make Spirit of Clary.

TAKE a Gallon of good Sack, a Pint of the Juice of Clary, a Pound of Clary-flowers, as many Clove-July-flowers, and half as many Arch-angel-flowers, as many Comfry-flowers, and as many Flowers of Lillies of the Valley; let these steep in the Sack all Night, then put it into a Glass Still; the softer it distils, the stronger 'twill be: You must have great care to keep in the Spirits, by pasting the Still every-where; let it drop through a Bag of good Ambergreese upon as much sisted White Sugarcandy as you think will sweeten it. 'Tis a very high Cordial.

### To make Spirit of Carraways.

two Pounds of good fmooth-fugar'd Carraways, bruife them, and put them into a Bottle, with a Grain of the best Ambergreese; pour the Spirit on them, and seal the Cork very close; set it in the Sun for a Month; strain it off, and keep it always close stopt for Use. One Spoonful does often give Ease in the Cholick.

# A Cordial Black-Cherry-Water, very good.

AKE two Quarts of strong Claret, and four Pounds of Black-Cherries full ripe, stamp them, and put them to the Wine, with one Handful of Angelica, one Handful of Balm, and as much Carduus, half as much Mint, and as many Rofemary-flowers as you can hold in both your Hands, three Handfuls of Clove-July-flowers, two Ounces of Cinnamon cut fmall, one Ounce of Nutmegs; put all these into a deep Pot, let them be well stirred together, then cover it so close that no Air can get in; let it stand one Day and a Night; then put it into your Still, which you must also paste close; and draw off as much as runs good; fweeten it with Sugar-candy to your Tafte. 'Tis good in any Melancholy, or for the Vapours.

### A very Rich Cherry-Cordial.

TAKE a Stone-Pot that has a broad Bottom, and a narrow Top, and lay a Layer of Black-Cherries, and a Layer of very fine powder'd Sugar; do this 'till your Pot is full: Measure your Pot, and to every Gallon it holds, put a quarter of a Pint of true Spirit of Wine. You are to pick your Cherries clean

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from Soil and Stalks, but not wash them. When you have thus fill'd your Pot, stop it with a Cork, and tie first a Bladder, then a Leather over it; and if you fear it is not close enough, pitch it down close, and bury it deep in the Earth six Months, or longer; then strain it out, and keep it close stopt for your Use. 'Twill revive, when all other Cordials fail.





### COLLECTION

OF

## RECEIPTS

IN

## Phylick and Surgery.

### Strong Palfey-Water:



AKE the Spirits of five Gallons of the best Old Sherry-Sack. diffill'd in a Limbeck : Take Cowflip-flowers, the Flowers of Burrage and Bugloss, and

of the Lillies of the Valley, of each one Handful: Take also Rosemary - flowers, Sage and Betony-flowers, of each one Handful: Take each Flower in their Season, and so put into some of the Spirits afore-

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aforefaid, in an open-mouth'd Glass of near 2 Quart, for that will hold them all, with the Spirits, 'till you are ready to distil the Water; but this, and the rest of the Spirits, must be most carefully stopt 'till you use it: Take Lavender-flowers in their Season, ftrip them clean from their Stalks, and fill a widemouth'd Gallon Glass with them; pour into them the Remainder of your Spirits; then stop them close with Cork and Bladder (as before) and let them frand fix Weeks to digeft in the Sun; then put all together, thefe and the first steep'd Flowers, with all the Spirits in both Glaffes; add alfo Balm, Motherwort, Spike-flowers, Bay-leaves, and Orange-leaves, if to be had, of each an Ounce, cut finall, and put to the former Flowers and Spirits: Diffil all these together in a Limbeck; make three Runnings of it; first a Quart Glass, which will be exceeding ftrong; then a Pint Glass, which will be almost as good; lastly, receive from it a Pint Glass-full, or as much as runs ftrong; for when it runs weak, which you may know by its Tafte and Colour, which will be whiter, let it run no longer : Put your three Runnings all together: Then take Citronpeel, the out-fide Yellow Rind, or Lemonpeels thin pared, also Pine-feeds hull'd, of each fix Drams; of Cinnamon one Ounce; of Nutmegs, Mace, Cardamoms, Cucubies, and Yellow Sanders, each half an Quace; of Lignum

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Lignum Aloes one Dram; make all thefe into a gross Powder, putting among them also half a Pound of Jujubes new and good, being floned, and cut fmall: Put all these Ingredients into a White Sarfnet-bag, to be hung in the Water aforesaid: Take also of Prepared Pearls two Drams; of Prepared Smaragd a Scruple, Amber-greefe, Musk, and Saffron, of each one Scruple; of Red Roses well dried and sweet, one Ounce: These may be put in a little Bag by themselves, and hung in the Spirit, as the other: Close it well, that no Air gets in, for fix Weeks; then take out the Water, and press the Bags dry; keep the Water in narrow-mouth'd Glaffes close stopt.

#### The Use of the Water.

"Tis fo strong and powerful, that it cannot be taken alone, but must be dropt on Crumbs of Bread and Sugar by any one, for Prevention: Take it first and last, and at Four in the Asternoon: Fast always before and after it a full Hour at least. "Tis of exceeding Virtue in all Swoonings, Weakness of Heart, and Decay'd Spirits, in all Palseys, Apoplexies, both to help in, and prevent a Fit; 'twill also keep all Cold Dispositions off the Liver, restores lost Appetite, and fortifies and strengthens the Stomach; 'twill alone cure a Dropsy, if taken at first, and the Patient be kept from small and cooling Liquors.

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A second Palsey-Water, made upon the Ingredients of the first.

WHEN the first Water has run what is ftrong, there will be fome fmall Water at the Bottom of the Limbeck; pour it out from the Herbs and Flowers, and drain them; put them into a Gallon of the best Sherry, so let them stand close stopt five Weeks; then distil them, and let it run as long as it continues strong; then pour it into the Glass where the Sarsnet-bags are, and let them be in this fecond Liquor close ftopt fix Weeks; then you may use it, as the former, with Bread and Sugar: For tho' this is not so powerful as the former, 'tis too strong to take alone. Both these are good to bathe Outwardly the Part affected with Weakness by Palsey, and generally help any violent Pains or Aches that any Part is vexed with; but because Bathing wastes most, and this fort is less costly, they commonly use this fecond fort for that.

A very good Snail-Water, for a Confumption.

TAKE half a Peck of Shell-Snails, wipe them, and bruise them Shells and all in a Mortar; put to them a Gallon of New Milk; as also Balm, Mint, Carduus, unset Hyssop,

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Hyssop, and Burrage, of each one Handful; Raisins of the Sun stoned, Figs, and Dates, of each a quarter of a Pound; two large Nutmegs: Slice all these, and put them to the Milk, and distil it with a quick Fire in a cold Still; this will yield near four Winequarts of Water very good: You must put two Ounces of White Sugar-candy into each Bottle, and let the Water drop on it; stir the Herbs sometimes while it distils, and keep it cover'd on the Head with wet Cloths. Take five Spoonfuls at a time, first and last, and at Four in the Asternoon.

## A good Water for the Spleen; a Cordial.

TAKE four Ounces of Hart's-horn, one Ounce of Cardamoms, one Ounce of Cinnamon, one Ounce of Saffron, two Handfuls of Red Sage, as much Balm; steep these twenty-four Hours in two Quarts of Sack, or as much good Brandy, which you please; distil it in a cold Still as quick as you can, and let it drop on four Ounces of Sugar-candy. Drink of this when low-spirited.

#### A Good Water for the Stone.

TAKE four Quarts of White-Thorn-flowers, infuse them in two Quarts of strong White-wine, with two Ounces of Nut-G 4 meg

meg fliced; let these stand two Days, then distil it in a cold Still. Drink it with Sugar, or without, as you like best.

## A Drink for any Inward Bruise or Wound.

TAKE one Handful of each of the Herbs following, viz. Wormwood, Comfrey, Throatwort, Wood-Betony, Plaintain, Mugwort, Bonewort, Scabious, Avens, Wild Honey-fuckle, Agremony, Bramble-buds, Cinquefoil, Spearmint, Senacle, White-bottle, Ribwort, Daify-roots, Dandelion, Buglofs, Hauthorn-buds: Put to these Herbs two Quarts of White-wine, and a Gallon of running Water, and boil it 'till it be half wasted; then strain it, and add to it a Quart of Honey; let that boil in the Liquor fome time: When tis cold, Bottle it very close, and keep it for Ufe. 'Twill keep many Years, and is necessary for all Families; two or three Spoonfuls of it taken Morning and Night. 'Tis really good for Sores, Wounds, and Hurts New or Old, in Men, Women, and Children: Its Virtues of that kind are too long to mention: It has broke and brought away inward Imposthumes.

An excellent Balfom, called, The Fryer's Balfom.

TAKE a Quart of Spirit of Sack, infuse in it four Ounces of Sarfaparilla cut fhort, two Ounces of China fliced thin, one Ounce of Virginia Snake-weed cut small; put all these in a two-quart Bottle, and set it in the Sun, shaking it twice or thrice a Day, 'till the Spirit be tinctur'd as Yellow as Gold; then clear off the Spirit into another Bottle, and put to it eight Ounces of Gum Guaice; fet it in the Sun, as before, shaking it very often, 'till all the Gum be diffolv'd, except Dregs, which will be inten or twelve Days; then clear it a fecond time from the Dregs, and put to it one Ounce of Natural Balfom of Peru; shake it well together, and fet it in the Sun for two Days; then put in one Ounce of Balm of Gilead; shake all well together once more, and fet it in the Sun for a Fortnight; 'tis then fit for Use, and will keep many Years. Its Virtues are too long to infert: 'Tis good to take Inwardly in most Distempers, and proper for all Sores or Wounds, by pouring in fome Drops, and binding Lint thereon. The Dofe, taken Inwardly, is from half a Spoonful to a whole one, in Sugar, or any Liquid Vehicle, for Confumptions or any Inward Ulcer: Use moderate Exercise with it.

#### An Oil for any Bruise or Wound.

TAKE of the tender Tops of the Bay-Tree, Red-Sage, Lavender, Wormwood, Plantain, Rue, Tormentil, Scabious, Comfrey, Broom, Rape, Ofmond-royal, Southernwood, Camomil, Charity, St. John'swort, Solomon - feal, Amber, Rofemary, Adders-spear, Golden-Rod, Herb-Robert. Ground-pine, Sanicle, and Bugle, of each one Handful; shred all these very small, and infuse them in one Quart of Oil-Olive, and three Pints of Neat-Oil; strop them close in a Glass Vessel, and let them stand ten or twelve Days in the Heat of the Sun; stir them every Night when you take them in : After this, boil it over a gentle Fire 'till the Oil is green; then strain it clear from the Herbs, and add to the Oil again half a Handful of the Herbs, as before, fhred, with one Ounce of Oil of Turpentine, one Ounce of Natural Balfam, and one Ounce of Oil of Worms: Digest all in the Sun, as before; boil and ftrain it, and keep it close ftopt for Use. It must be made in May.

### A Salve for the King's Evil.

AKE one Pint of the best Sallad-Oil, four Ounces of Red Lead finely powder'd, as much White-Lead, one Ounce of Becs-

Bees-wax thinly fliced, of Frankincense and the best Mastick each one Ounce, of Burgundy-Pitch two Ounces; let all be beaten; boil the Oil and Leads some little time together over a gentle Fire; keep the Oil stirring while you add the Wax; then boil thefe together for half an Hour, stirring it constantly: Take it off the Fire, and ftir it 'till the Heat is abated; then add your Mastick, and keep it from the Fire 'till it has done working: Boil it gently again, and put in your Frankincense, stirring it off the Fire, as you did before; Set it on again, and then add the Burgundy-Pitch, as before, with Care; then boil all together, 'till it look like Pitch; ffir it 'till cold: Leave your Stick in the Middle, and the next Day fet it on the Fire to melt the Edges; then take it out, and keep it in an Oil'd-Paper for Use. Let the Party afflicted spread a Plaister as big as the Swelling is, and apply: If it gather to a Head, and break, after you have wash'd the Wound with warm Vinegar, apply fome Lint roll'd in an equal Quantity of the Salve warm'd, and Honey; spread a Plaister of the Salve, and when the Corruption is out, that will heal it. 'Tis incomparable, and fafely may be used for any Swelling.

### A Drink for the Evil.

TAKE of White Arch-angel two Handfuls, of Outlandish Sweet Fennel-seed bruised, one Ounce, of Liquorice one Ounce; boil these together in two Wine-quarts of Spring-Water; stop it close 'till half be consumed: When cold, strain it from the Ingredients; add to the Liquor two Ounces of Damask Roses: Let the Party drink of this Liquor Spring and Fall, sive, seven, or nine Days together, as you best find it agree, three times in the Day, a quarter of a Pint First and Last, and at Four in the Afternoon.

## A Drink for the King's-Evil, and Cancer.

TAKE Guaiacum one Ounce, Sassafras, Sarsaparilla, Sharp-pointed Dock, and Daify-Roots, of each half an Ounce: Archangel Flowers, and Millepedes, of each two large Spoonfuls; Ground-Ivy, and Herb-Robert, of each one Handful: Bruise and shred all these Ingredients, and put them to steep one Night in three Pints of good clear New Ale; strain it, and drink no other Drink for six Weeks, Spring and Fall. You may do a larger Quantity at a time for Man or Woman; but you must not insuse too much at a time, because the Herbs are apt

in Physick and Surgery. 109 to change it. At the same time, if the Swellings are painful, anoint with Juice of Rue, prepared as follows.

## An Ointment for the Swellings in the King's Evil.

TAKE two Spoonfuls of Juice of Rue, as much Sallad-Oil, beat them well together; then fet it over the Fire, and let it boil flowly half an Hour; add two Ounces of Bees-wax, let it boil a little with this: Pour it out, and keep it close cover'd. 'Tis an incomparable Ointment to use all the time you take the Diet-Drink.

A Milk-Water for Cancer or King's-Evil, for those that cannot drink an Insussion.

TAKE Roots of Daifies, Burdock, Guaiacum, Saffafras, Sarfaparilla, China, Tormentil, and Hounds-tongue, each two Ounces; Selandine, Yarrow, Plantain, Herb-Robert, Agrimony, Speedwel, Ground-Ivy, and Cinquefoil, of each a large Handful; Arch-angel-flowers one Pint: Sweet-fennel, and Coriander-feeds, of each one Ounce: fhred and bruife all, and put them to a Gallon of Milk: Draw off as much as runs good, and drink daily a quarter of a Pint every

every four Hours: Into each Draught squeeze the Juice of a small Spoonful of Millepedes.

## An Ointment for the Evil, or Rickets.

TAKE Leaves of Ofmond-royal, St. John's-wort, Wormwood, Centaury, White Hore-hound, Germander, Ground-Pine, Golden-Rod, Carduus, Southernwood, Camomil, Tanfy, Penny-royal, Sage, Mint, Rue, Lillies of the Valley, Angelica, Meadow-Saxifrage, of each one Ounce; shred it small, and add of Oil one Quart; Deer-suet, and Claret, of each one Pint; Mace one Ounce: Boil these 'till all the Watry-part is consumed: Strain it, and anoint the Belly and Joints with it all the Spring and Fall. This has done great Cures on Weakly Children.

#### For a Strain.

PUT the Arm or Leg into a Pail of cold Spring-water, and keep it there 'till the Water be warm; then take it out, and repeat it 'till it be well, which it will be without applying any other Remedy.

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### A Good Powder for Worms.

TAKE an Ounce of Worm-feed, and half an Ounce of Rhubarb, beat both to a fine Powder, and take a quarter of an Ounce of Powder of Prepar'd Coral; mix all three together, and let the Child take as much of this as will lie on a Shilling, for three Mornings together, drinking a Glass of small warm Ale after each Dose.

### Another Powder for the Worms.

TAKE an Ounce of Sena, a quarter of an Ounce of whole Worm-feed, a quarter of an Ounce of Tanfy-feed, a quarter of an Ounce of Anifeed, a few Leaves of Wood-Betony; dry all these, and beat them together very fine; mix it into a Bolus with Syrup of Turnips. A Child of Nine Years old may take a quarter of an Ounce of this Mixture; so, less or more, for any other Age. Drink Water-gruel or Posset-drink in the working. 'Tis good for Men or Women, as well as Children.

#### For Worms.

BRUISE a Pound of Worm-feed, and put it into a large Still full of Spear-mint, draw it off as long as it runs good: Let the Child

Child drink three Spoonfuls of this nine Mornings together.

#### For the same.

ONE Drop of Oil of Brimstone in a little warm Ale, for three Mornings together. Do not exceed one Drop for a Child; three are enough for a Man or Woman.

#### For the same.

nuts put half a Pound of Worm-feed, and as much Flower of Brimstone: Draw it off in a Cold Still, and let a Tea-cup be taken every Morning for a Month. "Tis an Excellent Medicine for Worms, or Jaundice, and has done great Cures.

### For the same.

TAKE one Handful of Spear-mint, as much Plantain, as much Goats Rue, a Spoonful of Plantain-feeds: Stamp all together, and squeeze out the Juice, and take two Spoonfuls of it in a Glass of Sack, three Mornings together.

#### For the same; well recommended.

HUSK and Dry an Ounce of Sevil-Orange-feeds, beat them to a fine Powder, and give as much as will lie on a Sixpence, in a Spoonful of Syrup of Peachblossoms: At the same time, bind the Leaves of the Peach-Tree to the Navel of the Child. If you have no Syrup of Peach-blossoms, use Syrup of Black-cherries.

#### The Red Powder, for Fevers, Smallpox, or Surfeits.

TAKE of Carduus, Rue, Red-Sage, Lillies of the Valley, Tormentil, Pimpernel, Dragon, Betony, Angelica, Scabious, Speedwel, of each one Handful; Virginia-Snake-weed one Handful; Wormwood half a Handful; Agrimony and Verum, of each a quarter of a Handful: Shred the Herbs very small, and infuse them in two Quarts of White-wine, in a Jug, which you must stop very close, and set nine Days in the Sun: Then strain the Wine from the Herbs, and infuse the same quantity of the fresh Herbs in the same Wine; let it stand, as before, nine Days more: Then take a Pound of Bole-armoniac finely powder'd; then put as much of the Wine (after it is a second time pressed out) as the Powder will take up, and set it

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in the Sun to dry; and as it dries up, put in more of the Wine, flirring it two or three times a Day, 'till all the Wine be dried up in the Powder, so as to be fit to work like Paste: Then put to it one Ounce of Diascordium, and one Ounce of Mithridate, half an Ounce of Cochineal, one Ounce of Powder of Red Coral, one Ounce of prepar'd Saffron, forty Grains of Bezoar, one Ounce of Powder of Crabs-eyes, one Ounce of Burn'd Hart's-horn, and one Ounce of Prepar'd Pearl; mix thefe in the last Wetting, and work them all together: Make them up in Balls, (when well mix'd) and dry them in the Sun. Take forty or fifty Grains of this for a Dose. Drink Mace-Ale after it.

## Of Gascoign Powder, a good Sort for the same Uses.

TAKE Prepar'd Crabs-eyes, Red Coral, White Amber very finely powder'd, of each half an Ounce; Burnt Harts-horn half an Ounce, one Ounce of Pearls very finely powder'd, one Ounce of Oriental Bezoar, of the Black Tops of Crabs-claws finely powder'd four Ounces; grind all these on a Marble-Stone, 'till they cast a Greenish Colour; then make it into Balls with Jelly made of English Vipers-Skin, which may be made, and will jelly like Hart's-horn.

A very good Powder for a Dizziness in the Head, and to prevent Apoplectick Fits.

TAKE the Seeds and Roots of fingle Piony of each a like Quantity, dry and beat them feverally into a fine Powder; take the weight in Nutmeg, which you must beat and dry, and beat again; mix fine-fifted Sugar, and take as much as will lie on a Shilling every Morning for a Month constantly.

A Powder to stop the Hickup in Man, Woman, or Child.

PUT as much Dill-feed finely powder'd as will lie on a Shilling, into two Spoonfuls of Syrup of Black Cherries, and take it prefently.

An Excellent Powder for Convulsion Fits.

TAKE two Drams of Piony-roots, Mifletoe of the Oak one Dram; Prepar'd Pearl, White Amber Prepar'd, and Cotal Prepar'd, of each half a Dram; Bezoar two Grains, and five Leaves of Gold; make all these into a very fine Powder, and give as H 2 much

much of it as will lie on a Three-pence to a Child of a Month old, and proportionable to a bigger: Mix it up with a Spoonful of Black-cherry Water, which fweeten with the Syrup of Black-Cherries: Take it three Days together at every Change of the Moon, to prevent Returns.

#### A Powder for Digestion.

TAKE Gallingale and Setwal of each one Ounce, Long-Pepper, Mace, and Nutmeg, of each two Ounces; Anifeeds, Carraway-feeds, Fennel-feeds, and Angelica-feeds, of each half an Ounce: Put to thefe, all finely powder'd, the weight in fine powder'd Sugar; take as much as will lie on a Shilling after every Meal, and drink a Glass of Simple Carduus Water after it: This has done mighty Cures to weak depray'd Stomachs.

## A Present Remedy for Convulsion Fits.

MAKE a Draught of an equal quantity of Piony and Simple Black-Cherry water; and for a Man put thirty, for a Woman twenty, for a Child five Drops of Spirit of Hart's-horn; Drink this in or before a Fit.

### Another for the same.

INFUSE Turnips in a Pot close stopt, and set them in a Kettle of Water, 'till they are tender enough to squeeze; then take the Liquor clear from them, and take three Spoonfuls of it, in one Spoonful of rich Old Malaga: It has cured the Falling-Sickness in grown-up People; but is almost infallible for Children.

### A Syrup for Convulsion Fits.

TAKE one Pint of small Black-Cherry Water, two Pounds of Black Cherries, bruise them, Stones and all, in a Mortar; put these with the Water into a Jug, with two Blades of Mace, and four Tops of Spear-mint; stop the Jug close, and set it into a Kettle of Water: Let it simmer three Hours over the Fire, then strain it out, and let it be boil'd to a Syrup, with a full Pound and half of Lisbon Sugar to each Pint of that Liquor.

### For Convulsions or Vertigo.

TAKE one Ounce of Juniper-Berries, two Ounces of fresh Sevil Orange-peel, Male-Piony Roots three Ounces, Peacocks Dung six Ounces, Sugar-candy half a Pound; Insuse these in two Quarts of Rhenish, for H 3 twenty-

twenty-four Hours, in hot Ashes; then let it settle, and take two Spoonfuls of this in a Glass of Angelica-water: It has done great Cures.

## A Strong Milk-Water.

TAKE Mint, Sage and Balm, of each two good Handfuls, Rue, Carduus, Wormwood, and Meadow-sweet, of each one Handful; chop these Herbs together, and put them, with four Quarts of New Milk, and a whole Nutmeg slic'd, into a Copper Limbeck; from this Quantity you may draw two Quarts, if you keep an even slow Fire, 'till that Quantity is drawn off: When you have drawn off what you design, mix it all together, for the Use of any Feverish or Consumptive Person.

### The Barley Cinnamon-Water.

PUT two Pounds of Pearl Barley, into four Quarts of Spring-Water, draw it off in a cold Still, as long as it runs fweet: Infuse in it half a Pound of Cinnamon, and a Quart of Canary; Sweeten it, and drink a Draught at any time, in a Fever and Looseness.

#### Wallnut-Water

GATHER a large Quantity of Green Wallnuts, in the beginning of June, break them in a Mortar, and distil them in a cold Still; keep this Water by itfelf, and at Midsummer do the like, keeping that Water by itself also; about a Fortnight after Midfummer do the like; and fo again a Fortnight after that; then put all the four Sorts of Water together, and diffil it off; keep it close for Use; its Perfections are many: 'Tis good in Confumptions and Surfeits; Drank with Wine in a Morning, 'tis good for a Palsey. A Bottle or two in a Vessel of decay'd Wine, revives it: It's good to wash the Eyes and Temples. I have not met with any Simple Water fo well recommended, or by a Person of more Experience.

#### A very good Snail-Water.

TAKE a Peck of Snails clean wip'd, crack them and put them into a Gallon of Milk, with a Handful of Balm, as much Mint and unfet Hyffop, half a Pound of Dates, as many Figs, and one Pound of Raisins of the Sun; diffil all together, and let it be the constant Drink in a Consumption.

A good Milk-Water for Surfeit or Worms.

TAKE of Rue, Wormwood, Carduus and Mint, each three Handfuls; cut the Herbs, and steep them all Night in two Quarts of Milk; distil it off next Morning in a cold Still; from this Quantity draw three Pints, then distil this Water over again, with the same quantity of Milk and Herbs; sweeten it to your Taste, if for Children; but for wifer People, 'tis best alone.

#### Strong Elder-berry Water.

T AKE a Bushel of Elder-berries, and put to them a Quart of Ale-yeast, let them stand nine or ten Days, stirring it two or three times a Day, and then distil it in a Limbeck: "Tis a very good Cordial in any Illness.

#### A Cordial Mint-Water.

TAKE one Pound of Mint, stript from the Stalks, and gather'd the Day before you weigh it; a quarter of a Pound of Liquorice, thin slic'd, one Ounce of Anifeeds, one Ounce of Carraway-feeds, one Pound of Raisins of the Sun ston'd; steep these together in a Gallon of good strong Claret;

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Claret; distil it off a Limbeck, or cold Still, if you don't like it so hot and strong; let it drop on a little fine Sugar, through a Bag of Saffron.

#### A good Milk-Water:

TAKE one Pound of Carduus, half a Pound of Wormwood, Spear-mint, Balm shred a little; put them into an ordinary Still, with a Gallon of Milk; and distil it off leifurely: 'Tis good in any Thirst.

#### Another Milk-Water.

CARDUUS and Wormwood, of each one Handful, Spear-mint two Handfuls, pick and cut the Herbs, and pour upon them a Pint of Sack; let them stand all Night, and next Day put them into a cold Still, with a Gallon of New Milk, or New Whey clarified: Draw off while it runs good.

#### A most excellent Drink for the King's-Evil in the Eyes.

TAKE Sage, Celandine, Yarrow, Betony, three-leav'd Grafs, Cinquefoile, Daify-roots and Leaves, of each a Handful, Honey-fuckles and Ground-Ivy, the fame Quantity; pick, wash, dry, and bruise them, and put to them a good Quart of White-wine,

or Beer, steep them two Nights and Days; press the Herbs out, and drink four Spoonfuls Morning and Night: Just as you drink it, squeeze in the Juice of sifty Millepedes, fresh bruis'd.

#### A good Cere-Cloth.

TAKE one Pint of Oil of Olives, eight Ounces of Red Lead, Virgins-wax four Ounces; of Ointment of Populion, Oil of Roses, and Oil of Camomile, of each one Ounce; set the Pint of Oil on the Fire, and melt the Wax in it; then put in the Populion, and other Oils; when all is melted, put in the Red-Lead, stir all well together, and let them boil 'till they are black; then dip in your Cloth.

### An Incomparable Salve for the Eyes.

TAKE two Ounces of May Butter, one Ounce of Virgins-wax, half an Ounce of Camphire, one Ounce of Powder of Tutty; you must first put your Wax and Camphire, into a Silver Porringer, and let both melt on a gentle slow Fire together; constantly stirring 'till they be dissolved, some little time after put in your May Butter, and dissolve it with a large Spoonful of Red Rose-water; keep it on the Fire 'till all be incorporated; then add the Powder of Tutty, and mix all

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very well; take it from the Air; and when you lie to fleep, gently anoint your Eye-lid with it.

#### The Smallage-Ointment.

T AKE a Handful of Smallage, as much Mallows, and as much Elder; pick and shred all small; put them into a Skillet with a Pound of Mutton-suet shred small; let all boil together; Strain it, and keep it to anoint any Swelling.

## A very good Plaister for a Stomach fore with Coughing.

TAKE of Burgundy-Pitch, Rosin, and Bees-wax, of each one Ounce; melt these together: Then take three-quarters of an Ounce of coarse Turpentine, and half an Ounce of Oil of Mace; melt these with the other, and keep it for Use: When you have Occasion, spread it on Sheep's-leather prick'd full of Holes; and when you lay it on, grate some Nutmeg over it.

### To give certain Ease in the Tooth-ach.

TAKE French-Flies, Mithridate, and a few Drops of Vinegar; beat this to a Paste, and lay a Plaister on the Cheek-bone,

or behind the Ear: "Twill blifter, but rarely fails to cure.

#### Plaisters for a Fever.

BEAT two Handfuls of Rue, with as many Currants, 'till they are fine, and well mix'd; fpread it on Cloths, and bind it to the Wrifts, and Soles of the Feet: This draws from the Head; and, if laid on in time, does as much good as Pigeons to the Feet, in Extremity.

## An Ointment that is good for any Ach or Swelling in Man or Beast.

AKE of unset Hyssop, Goats-Rue, Adder-spear, Alchoof, Wormwood, Camomile, Ladies-mantle, Plantain, Harts-tongue, Ladder to Heaven, Southernwood, Red-Sage, Agrimony, Bone-wort, Amber-leaves, Bayleaves, of each one Handful; shred these, and stamp them together: Then mix with them one Pound and a half of Butter without Salt, and make it up in nine Balls, and let it lie nine Days; then boil it over the Fire gently: When it looks very green, strain it off, and keep it for Use.

This Number of Days and Balls, feems superstitions and whimsical; but it has been to long approv'd in the Family from whence

#### in Phyfick and Surgery. 125 I had it, that I cannot doubt of its Virtues, tho' I fmile at the Preparation.

#### An Ointment for a Burn.

TAKE of Housleek, smooth Plantain-leaves, and green Elder, each one Pound; stamp them together small; put to them a quarter of a Pint of Wine-Vinegar, three Spoonfuls of Urine, and four Ounces of old Tallow-Candle, with three Pints of Oil-Olive; boil these two or three Hours, stirring them constantly with a Stick. Then strain it through a new Canvas-strainer, and put it on the Fire again, with four Ounces of Yellow Bees-wax flic'd thin; let it boil half an Hour this time, and pour it into Pots. 'Twill keep many Years, if ty'd down with Bladders. When you use it, rub white Paper 'till 'tis foft, then fpread it over with the Ointment, and anoint the Burn with the Ointment : Do it with a Feather, and lay the Paper over it: Do this Morning and Night, 'till 'tis quite well. "Twill skin the Wound, as well as take out the Fire; therefore be sure to use nothing else: "Twill give Ease in a quar-ter of an Hour. "Tis a certain as well as a quick Cure, if the Vitals are not burn'd; and is recommended on the Experience of a Perion of great Worth and Charity. A third-part of this Quantity will

will last many Years, and may be made very Cheap.

An Ointment which is a certain Cure for any Scabs, Pimples, or Old Inveterate Itch.

TAKE a quarter of an Ounce of Red Precipitate, grind it on a Marble Stone, 'till 'tis as fine as the Flower of Brimstone; mix this with an Ounce of Flower of Brimstone, and work both up with three Ounces of Butter without Salt, as it comes from the Churn; mix it very well, and anoint the Place very thin with the Ointment. 'Tis not the Nature of it to Check, but Draw out the Distemper; and in a Week or Ten Days Confinement, will make an absolute Cure.

I should fay many things to recommend this, being fure of its Virtues; but it will not need that, to Any-body of Judgment.

A very good Poultis for a Sore-Breaft, to Break it, if there be Occasion; and also Heal it, without any other Salve.

TAKE of Smallage, Spear-mint, and Wormwood, each a good Handful; boil all these in Milk, and thicken it with Oat-

# in Physick and Surgery. 127 Oat-meal: Lay it on as hot as you can bear it, and repeat it when hard or dry.

An Incomparable Ointment for a Strain, Weakness, or Shrinking in the Nerves.

TAKE Sweet-marjoram, Penny-royal, Rosemary-tops, Camomile-slowers, Lavender-slowers, Sage, and young Bay-leaves, of each a large Handful; a very large Nutneeg, and its weight in Mace; the Rind of four Lemons, and as many Oranges: Stamp all very fine, and boil it in a quarter of a Pint of rich Malaga Wine, and half a Pound of unfalted Butter: Let it boil 'till the Wine is wasted; press it through a fine Sieve, and keep it cool for Use. Rub it Morning and Night before the Fire, on the Part affected.

#### The French-King's Balsam.

TAKE Red-Sage, and Rue, of each half a Pound; young Bay-leaves, and Wormwood, of each a quarter of a Pound: Stamp them unwash'd in a Mortar, with a Pound and a half of Sheep's-fuet hot from the Sheep, 'till 'tis all of a Colour: Then add to it a Quart of Oil-Olive, and work that with the rest: Then put it into an Earthen Pot well stopt for eight Days: Then boil it

on a foft Fire: Being ready to take off, pour in three Ounces of Oil of Spike; let it boil a little together; then strain it, and keep it for Use: Take care it do not burn. It must be made in May, and will keep many Years: Rubb'd into the Small of the Back, it eases the Stone: The Quantity of half a Pea in the Ear, chased in and stopt with black Wooll, helps Pains there; It cures Stiffness or Strains, in Man or Beast; as also Bruises, Over-stretching of Veins, Fellons, Anguish or Swelling of Wounds: It eases the Cramp; and is a good and useful Balsam in all Families.

#### For the Biting of a Mad-Dog.

TAKE four Ounces of Rue, four Ounces of London Treacle, four Spoonfuls of scrap'd Pewter, and four Ounces of Garlick; stamp the Garlick, and boil all in a Pottle of Stale strong Ale; strain this Drink; let that which is thick be apply'd to the Wound, and take nine Spoonfuls of the clear, for nine Days together.

## An Ointment for a Child that has the Rickets.

TAKE one Ounce of Beef Marrow, as much Oil of Lillies, and Tamarisk, Bees-wax two Ounces, Gum Ammoniacum diffoly'd

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diffolv'd in Vinegar, half an Ounce; Juice of Briony-roots, Smallage, and Golden-Rod, of each one Ounce; let all boil, 'till the Juice of the Herbs be confumed: With this anoint the Belly of the Child, rubbing it in with your warm Hand by the Fire, half an Hour every Night. 'Tis good if the Belly is fwell'd with Rickets, Worms, or Ague.

#### An Ointment, for the Back of a Weak Ricketty Child.

PICK Snails clean out of the Shells, and prick them full of Holes, hang them up in a Cloth, and put a Bason to catch what drops from them; which you must boil up with Speracity, and Blades of Mace, of each one Ounce: Rub this Ointment along the Back-bone, round the Neck, Wrists, and Ancles. Use this constantly Night and Morning, and chase it in by the Fire: This, with the Drink that follows, has recover'd many Weak Children from Sickness, Lameness and Deformity.

### The Ricketty Drink.

PUT an Ounce of Rhubarb, three hundred live Wood-lice, Sassafras, China, and Eringo-roots, of each three Ounces; Roots of Osmond-royal, two Ounces; Raisins of the Sun ston'd, two Ounces; Hart's-Tongue,

Tongue, two Handfuls: Put these into fix Quarts of Small-Ale, and drink, Spring and Fall, no other Drink; 'tis almost infallible for weak Children.

## A cooling Drink in a Fever or Plurifie.

Put an Ounce of Pearl-Barley, into three Pints of Water, shift it twice; beat half an Ounce of Almonds, with a bit of Lemonpeel, and a Spoonful or two of the Water; when they are very fine, wash the Almond-Milk through your Sieve, with three Pints of Barley-Water; in the last boiling of this, you may put Mellon-seeds, and Pumpion-seeds, of each half an Ounce; white Poppyseeds, half a Dram; when these are well boil'd, mix the Liquor with the Almonds, and strain all. Sweeten it with Syrup of Lemons, for a Fever, or Syrup of Maidenhair, and drink four Ounces every three or four Hours.

#### Another Drink in a Fever.

TAKE a little Sage, a little Balm, and a little Wood-forrel, wash and dry them; slice a small Lemon, (after you have par'd it clean from the white and bitter part); To these Herbs and sliced Lemon, pour three Pints of boiling Water: Sweeten

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in Physick and Surgery. 131 it to your Taste, and drink as freely as you please.

#### Another Drink.

To three Pints of Barley-water, often shifted, put Hart's-horn, and Ivory-shavings, of each three Drams; Quick-grass-Roots, two Ounces; Currants, one Ounce; Red-rose Water, half a Pint; a very little Balm: Let it boil, and sweeten it with Syrup of Lemons or Violets. If the Patient is Costive, a few Drops of Spirit of Vitriol serves instead of Lemons, when that cannot be had: Of this you may drink freely in a Fever or Quinsie.

#### Another Sort.

CLEAR Posset-drink, pour'd on Woodforrel only, is good, and allays Thirst better than any other; and Pippins slie'd into Milk, are as good and better than all, if you have a Lemon to slice in with them, being not sharp enough of themselves to turn it to a pleasant Clearness.

#### A cold Caudle in a Fever.

BOIL a Quart of Spring-water; let it ftand 'till cold, then add the Yolk of one Egg, the Juice of a fmall Lemon, fix Spoon-

fuls of Sack, and Sugar to your Tafte; Syrup of Lemons one Ounce; if you have not this, fresh Lemons do as well; Brew all together 'till well mix'd, then drink freely.

Elder-flower Water cold still'd, is an excellent Drink for Heat and Thirst; quicken each Draught with five or fix Drops of Spirit of Vitriol; and sweeten it to your Taste.

## Wallnut-Water, good in Agues or Fever.

TAKE a Pound of Rue, and a Pound of Green Wallnuts, before the Shell be hard, a Pound of good Figs; bruife all and distil it: Take a Draught before your Fit, and try to sweat after it.

#### An excellent Snail-Water in a Confumption.

TAKE a Peck of large Shell-Snails, lay them on a hot Hearth before the Fire; let them lie 'till they have done Hissing and Spitting; then wipe them from the Froth, and break them in a Mortar; have a Quart of Earth-worms, slit and scour'd clean with Salt and Water; beat them with the Snails; then take Angelica, Celendine, Wood-sorrel, Agrimony, Bearfoot, Barberry-bark, Great Dock-roots, of each two Handfuls; Rue half a Handful, Rosemary-slowers, one Quart; half

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half a Pound of Hart's-horn, Turmarick, and Fenugreek, of each two Ounces; half an Ounce of powder'd Saffron, and three Ounces of Cloves fresh beat; shred these Ingredients, and insuse all in three Gallons of Strong Ale, for twelve Hours; then distil it, and draw off what runs good; and take three Spoonfuls of this in a Glass of Sack or White-wine, an Hour before every Meal. Use moderate Exercise with it: 'Tis highly recommended, and has been us'd with constant Success in Consumptions and Jaundice.

## A Posset-Drink, to be taken before the Fit of an Ague.

POUR a Gallon of clear Posset-drink upon four large Handfuls of Angelica, shred small; let it insuse, 'till 'tis very strong: Let the Person, if possible, drink all, that the Stomach may be persectly clear; and go into a warm Bed, as soon as the Vomit has done working: Cover yourself close, and try to sweat. It has seldom fail'd, and is a safe Vomit.

### A good Epidemick-Water.

TAKE Rue, Rosemary, Pimpernel, Rosafolis, Balm, Scordium, Carduus, Dragon, Marigold-flowers and Leaves, Goats-Rue, Mint, and Angelica, of each two I 3 Hand-

Handfuls; take the Roots of Elecampane, Piony, Masterwort, and Butter-bur, of each one Pound: Gentian, Tormentil, Scorzonera, and Virginia Snake-weed, of each four Ounces; Saffron one Ounce: Infuse all these, when shred, in two Quarts of White-wine, one Quart of Water, and one Quart of French-Brandy distill'd, and use it in any malignant Distemper.

#### An admirable Posset-Drink, in a Plurisie, or Shortness of Breath.

INFUSE two Ounces of Flax-feed in a Pint of clear Poffet-Drink; first bruise the Seeds. Drink this Quantity at a Draught every Morning, and at Night, if very ill.

It has the same Virtues of Linfeed Oil;

but is not fo hard to take.

#### For an Inflammation in the Throat.

NFUSE one large Handful of Cinquefoile in a Quart of Water, let it boil to a Pint; strain it, and sweeten it with Honey very sweet, and swallow two or three Spoonfuls often. This, tho' a simple Medicine, has done great Cures, and may be rely'd on. The Herb is otherwise call'd Five-leav'd Grass.

#### For a Cough, and Shortness of Breath.

TAKE eight Ounces of Colt's-foot pick'd clean from the Stalks; beat it to a perfect Conserve, with four Ounces of Brown Sugar-candy, four Ounces of Raisins stoned: When 'tis very fine, and well mix'd, add four Ounces of Conferve of Rofes; then add twenty Drops of Spirit of Sulphur, and ten Drops of Spirit of Vitriol: Mix it well, and take as much as a large Nutmeg, as often as you pleafe. I think the Juice of the Coltsfoot, mix'd with the Sugar-candy, is better than the Leaves, without straining.

#### A good Way to make Caudle.

TO four full Quarts of Water, you may put a Pint of whole Oatmeal; let it boil very flow for five or fix Hours at least; then strain it out, and put to two Quarts three large Blades of Mace, a full Pint and a half of White or Rhenish-wine; and make it sweet to your Taste: And just as you take it off the Fire, flice in a Lemon from which all the White is cut, which is apt, by lying long, to make it bitter; just the Yellow of the Peel may be put in. little Salt does very well in Caudle, but is not often used. A very

#### A very good Purge in a Fever.

TAKE Sena two Drams, Rhubarb one Dram, Tamarinds two Drams; boil these in half a Pint of Water, 'till two-thirds be wasted: to what remains, add half an Ounce of Cream of Tartar, sweeten'd with one Ounce of Syrup of Succory, or Syrup of Roses solutive; strain and drink it at a Draught. In the Working, drink clarify'd Whey, rather than Posset-Drink. 'Tis good to cool and thin the Blood.

## An Incomparable Drink in a Thirsty Fever.

A N Ounce and a half of Tamarinds, three Ounces of Currants, and two Ounces of ston'd Raisins, boil'd in three Pints of Water 'till near one-third be consumed. Strain and drink this when you are Costive.

### A Draught for a Consumption.

TAKE Mint, and Red-Rose Water, of each two large Spoonfuls, Sugar-candy finely beat, one Ounce; warm these together, with a little grated Nutmeg; pour to it near half a Pint of Milk just warm from the Cow. Drink this twice a Day, for fix Weeks in the Spring. It has recover'd many from Weakness, and Faint-Sweats.

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#### An excellent Electuary for a Confumption.

TAKE Hore-hound, Hart's-tongue, Li-ver-wort, Maiden-hair, Egrimony, unfet Hyffop, Germander, and Colt's-foot, of each one Handful; boil them in a Gallon of Spring-water 'till half be confumed: Then take three Pounds of Live Honey, half an Ounce of Powder of Elecampane, and an Ounce of Powder of Aniseed; sift them both through a Sieve: Boil thefe together 'till it come to the Confistence of an Electuary. Take the Quantity of a Nutmeg fasting in the Morning, and fast an Hour after it. Take the like Quantity at Night when you go to Bed.

#### A Poppy-Water for Surfeits.

REW ten Gallons of ftrong Ale-wort; when 'tis cool, work it with Yeast, and add as many fresh Red Poppies as the Wort will conveniently wet, fo that you may stir it daily: Let the Poppies infuse in this Wort three Days and Nights; then draw it off in a Limbeck as quick as you can, 'till the whole is diftill'd off: Mix the Small and Strong together, and take a Glass at any time, with or without Sugar, after a full or difgusting Meal. 'Tis not much stronger than

than a Simple Water, but has been the only Cordial of an infirm Lady, who has us'd it ever fince Fifteen, and she is now Ninety-feven. This of my own Knowledge.

### Another for a Surfeit.

BOIL a Handful of fresh or dry'd Poppies in Ale, with an Ounce of Carrawayseeds bruised: Sweeten it, and drink a large Draught. If the Stomach is so sick as to discharge it, repeat it 'till it does stay, and sleep on it.

#### A Rich Surfeit Cordial-Water.

TAKE four Pounds of fresh Red Poppies, Insuse them in sour Quarts of Brandy; add to it half a Pound of Dates sliced, half a Pound of Figs sliced, a Pound of Raissins stoned; Carraway and Angelica-seeds bruised, of each one Ounce; Mace, Cinnamon, Cloves, and Nutmeg, of each a quarter of an Ounce; Marigold-slowers, and Balm, of each one Handful; Sugar-candy one Pound, Hot Angelica and cold, of each one Pint: steep all these a Month, stirring them every Day. If you have a convenient Place, let it stand in the Sun.

## A Wholesome Cordial.

TAKE one Pound of Gentian-roots fliced, common Dock-roots fliced half a Pound; Centaury, both Flowers and Leaves, of each half a Pound: Put these into a great Glass, with one Pound of Poppies: Pour upon these Ingredients six Quarts of White-wine: Let it stand twenty-sour Hours to insuse; then draw it off in a Limbeck. "Tis good and safe in any Illness of the Stomach.

### For the Gout.

MAKE a Conserve of Buck-bean, with the weight in Sugar-candy; beat both fine, and take as much as a large Nutmeg, first and last; and drink a Tea made of the same Herb every Morning and Asternoon,

constantly, for one whole Year.

This alone, without any other Medicine, made a perfect Cure in a Person that had been many Years most grievously afflicted; and is effectual in the Scurvy, or Rheumatick Pains. Where the Patient is weak and very restless, 'tis best to mix a third Part Venice-Treacle in the Conserve they take, when going to Rest.

## A Drink for the Gout.

SArfaparilla eight Ounces, Saffafras, China, and Hart's-horn-shavings, of each three Ounces, Angelica-roots three Ounces, Rai-fins one Pound, and the Roots of Sweet-smelling Flag, three Ounces; of candy'd Eringo-root half a Pound; hang these in six Gallons of small Ale, when you tun it up: And as soon as 'tis a Fortnight old, drink of it constantly.

"Tis an incomparable Drink to fweeten the Blood, and correct those very sharp Humours, that occasion that dismal tormenting

Diftemper.

### For the Head-ach.

DRY Rosemary before the Fire 'till 'twill crumble to a very fine Powder; one Pugil of Saffron; and with the Powder of Rosemary and Saffron, make the Yolk of an Egg into a stiff Poultis, and lay it as hot as you can endure it to the Temples.

#### For the Stone and Gravel.

TAKE of Cassia newly drawn, one Ounce and a half, choice Rhubarb in Powder, a Dram and a half, Cyprus-Turpentine well wash'd, seven Drams, spic'd Diatragacanth

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one Scruple, Powder of Liquorice half a Dram; mix it in a good quantity of Syrup of Marshmallows. Take the Quantity of a Wallnut in a Morning fasting: Drink a Draught of plain Ale Posset-drink immediately after it: then walk an Hour: And after that, drink a Pint (if your Stomach will bear it) of White-wine Posset, sweeten'd with Syrup of Marsh-mallows.

N. B. This was the Prescription of a learned Physician; and has been long kept as a choice Secret in a very charitable Family, who have made numberless Experiments of it with miraculous Success, even to dissolve the Stone.

# Another for Stoppage of Water, in the Stone.

TAKE four Spoonfuls of the Juice of Parfly in a Pint of White-wine; fweeten it with Syrup of Marsh-mallows, and (if you can) drink the whole Quantity at a Draught.

#### For the Stone.

M AKE a very strong Decoction of Mallows, thus; Put in half a Peck of Leaves into one Gallon of Water; let it boil to near half the Quantity: Then strain it, and add half as many Leaves, and boil it again: Then

Then add Liquorice, floned Raifins, and Syrup of Marsh-mallows, of each two Ounces; and drink continually of this Drink: It has given Ease to many in Extremity. Observe to strain it clean, and let it settle from the Thick before you pour it off.

#### For the Stone.

TAKE of good White-wine one Pint: Fennel, and Parfly-water, of each one Pint: Into this Mixture put one Ounce of live Wood-lice, well cleanfed, one Lemon fliced thin, and two Ounces of Syrup of Marsh-mallows; put these into a Jug to infuse for five or fix Days: Then strain it out, and let the Patient take sour Ounces at a time, twice a Day.

## For the Scurvy.

TAKE Scurvy-grass, Garden-Tansey, Wood-sorrel, and Golden-rod, of each one Handful; beat these Herbs to a Conserve with their weight in Sugar; add to them an Ounce of Powder of Wake-Robin: Take as much Syrup of Oranges as will make this into an Electuary, of which take a Dram three times a Day, for six Weeks together, in the Spring; drinking after it the following Drink.

TAKE Garden-Tanfey, Garden-Scurvy-grafs, of each fix Handfuls; Buck-bean, Water-creffes, Brook-lime, and Wood-forrel, of each four Handfuls, the Peel of fix Oranges, and one Ounce of Nutmegs bruifed: Infufe thefe in two Gallons of new ftrong Alewort; let it work together a Day and a Night; then diffil it off in a cold Still as long as it runs good; Mix the Small, and drink a Wine-Glass-full after every Dose of the Electuary.

This has been taken with great Success, by People who have been much afflicted with Scurvy-Pains, and Spots. It has, by constant

Taking, cur'd a Rheumatism.

## For the fame.

ONE Handful of Garden-Tansey, as much Sage, and twice as much Scurvy-grafs, steep'd in two Quarts of White-wine, or Strong Ale. Drink half a Pint of this, Morning and Night.

## For the same.

INTO five Gallons of well-brew'd Small-Ale, put in a Bag one large Handful of Fir-tree-Tops cut small, two Handfuls of Scurvy-grafs, as much Water-creffes, one Pound of Burdock-root scraped and sliced,

the Juice and Rinds of twelve Sevil-Oranges; let these be put in while the Ale is working: When it has done, stop it down 'till 'tis Fine; then drink of it for a Month, or Six Weeks.

Use the same for a *Dropfy*; adding only a quarter of a Pound of Mustard-seed, and half a Pound of Horse-radish Root.

# An Excellent Purging Ale for a Droply.

SENA four Ounces, Saffafras, and Tar-tar, of each two Ounces; Jalop, and Liquorice, of each one Ounce; Rhubarb, Coriander, and Anifeed, of each one Ounce; Polypodium eight Ounces, Broomashes one Quart, and one Ounce of Cloves; put all in a Bag, with fome little Weight to fink it: Take Scabious, and Agrimony, of each three Handfuls; of the Roots of Daneswort one Handful, Raifins of the Sun stoned one Pound, with a little Ginger: Put these Ingredients into fweet Ale-wort when you put in your Hops, and let all boil together half an Hour; then pour it scalding-hot on your Bag of Drugs: When 'tis cold enough, fet it to work with Yeast: When it has done working, stop it up for Twelve Days, or a Fortnight: Hang the Bag of Drugs in the Veffel,

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Veffel. Drink a large Glass of this in the Morning, and at Four in the Afternoon, unless you find it works too much at first; if so, lessen your Dose; but take it Daily, 'till you have taken all.

## For a Dropfy.

TAKE Broom, and burn it by itself, in a clean Oven; shift the Ashes from the Stalks and Coals that are not quite confumed, and put two full Pounds of these Ashes into a two Quart Bottle; pour on Old Hock, 'till the Bottle is up to the Neck; take care 'tis not too full; if it has not room to ferment, 'twill be apt to fplit the Bottle : digeft it in hot Ashes by the Fire, or in the Sun, and shake it often; when it has stood three or four Days, pour off a Quart of the clear Lye: If it is not perfectly fine, decant again and again, 'till it is fo; fill up your Bottle again with Hock, and do as before, 'till all the Strength of the Ashes be out. Drink this first, and at four or five in the Afternoon; continue it for fome time, and 'twill carry off the Dropfical Humours : While you take it, let the Meat you eat be dry roafted; and your Drink, ftrong Ale or Wine.

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## For the Dropfy.

M I X four Ounces of Syrup of Elderberries, with two Ounces of Oil of Turpentine, incorporate them well together; and take one large Spoonful of this Mixture,

first and last, for a Fortnight.

Note, That Sea-bisket, and New Raifins of the Sun (if they can be had) eaten conflantly, instead of Suppers, have cured that Distemper without Physick: Especially if the Party can refrain from small Liquors.

#### For the Jaundice.

CUT off the Top of a Sevil-Orange, and take out, as well as you can, the middle Core and Seeds, without the Juice; fill the Vacancy with Saffron, and lay the Top on again; then roast it carefully without burning, and throw it into a Pint of Whitewine: Drink a quarter of a Pint saffing, for nine Days; it greatly sweetens and clears the Blood.

To Sweeten the Blood, in Scurvy, Jaundice, or any Pains in the Limbs.

TAKE Scurvy-grafs, Maiden-hair, Wild Germander, Wood-forrel, Fumitory, of each half a Handful; Wild Mercury one Handful, Damask-Rofes two Handfuls; put these into two Quarts of clarify'd Whey; let all stand 'till 'tis scalding hot, then strain it off; and drink half a Pint at a Draught, four or five times in a Day, for a Month or five Weeks in the Spring. This is highly recommended in the Gout.

## A good Bitter Wine.

TAKE two Quarts of strong White-wine, infuse in it one Dram of Rhubarb, a Dram and half of Gentian-root, Roman Wormwood, Tops of Carduus, Centaury, Camomile-flowers, of each three Drams, Yellow Peel of Oranges, half an Ounce; Nutmegs, Mace, and Cloves, of each one Dram: Infuse all these two Days and Nights; strain and drink a Glass fasting, and an Hour before Dinner, and Supper: Add Filings of Steel (if 'tis proper) two Ounces.

A Pleasant and Safe Medicine, for the Yellow Jaundice.

R OAST a large Lemon 'till 'tis foft, take care it do not break; cut it and fqueeze it (while 'tis very hot) upon a Dram of Turmerick flic'd or grated, and half a Dram of Saffron; pour upon these Ingredients a Pint of good White-wine: Let all infuse one Night; and in the Morning fasting, take a quarter of a Pint of this Liquor; sweeten it to your Taste with Sugarcandy; or if your Stomach can bear it, the Sugar-candy may be omitted; repeat this for four Mornings, or longer if you have Occasion. 'Tis for the most Part a certain Cure.

#### For the Stone.

W ASH, dry, and very finely powder, the inner Skin of Pigeons-Gizzards: Take as much as will lie on a Shilling of this Powder, in a Glass of White-wine. This does very often give Ease in racking Pain.

## Another for the Stone.

DRY and powder the Haw-thorn Berries, and take as much as will lie on a Shilling in a Glass of White-wine: This has done great Cures, by constant taking; it may

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may be taken in Ale, if you cannot have Wine; the Virtue is in the Berry, and has been experienc'd to the great Ease of many poor People, in Ale as well as Wine; but the last is best: And a Posset-Drink turn'd with White-wine, is a proper Vehicle for it; taking it Fasting, or when in Pain,

# An excellent Drink in the Gout or Rheumatism.

TAKE fix Ounces of Saffafras; Sarfaparilla, and China, of each four Ounces; Liquorice and Anifeeds, of each two Ounces; Sage of Virtue, half a Handful; Candy'd Eringo-root, two Ounces; Raifins and Figs, of each half a Pound: Put all these into sour Quarts of Water; let it insuse over a slow Fire, 'till one third is wasted. Strain and drink it constantly, to sweeten the Blood.

# A good Mouth-Water, to be us'd Daily in the Scurvy.

TAKE half a Handful of Red-rose-Leaves, three Ounces of Black-thorn Bark slic'd, a bit of Allom; boil these in a Pint of Claret, and as much Water, 'till a third is wasted; then put in the Peel of one Sevil-Orange, a Handful of Scurvy-grass, and as much Powder'd Myrrh as will lie on a Shilling; stir all together, and let it boil up; K 3 then

then strain it, and hold a Mouthful as long as you can, once or twice a Day: It fastens loose Teeth, and makes the Gums grow up to the Teeth.

# A Gargle for a Sore Throat.

TAKE Plantain, and Red-Rose Water, of each half a Pint; the Whites of Eggs beat into Water, four Spoonfuls; Juice of House-leek, fresh beat, four Spoonfuls; as much of the Water in which Jews-Ears have been boil'd; twenty drops of Spirit of Vitriol, and an Ounce of Honey of Roses.

### For a Canker in the Mouth or Gums.

MIX forty drops of Spirit of Vitriol, in an Ounce of Honey of Roses: Keep the fore Place always moist with this Mixture; and 'tis a certain Cure.

# A Gargle in the Palsey.

PUT a large Spoonful of Mustard-seed, bruis'd, into a Pint of White-wine; drop in Spirit of Vitriol, to make it sharp; and wash your Mouth often in a Day, hold it as long at the Root of your Tongue, as you can endure it at a time.

## Another Gargle in the Palsey.

POUR a Quart of boiling Water upon a very large Handful of Lavender-flowers; let it Infuse in the Ashes, 'till 'tis very strong; strain it, and add a Spoonful of Vinegar, a Spoonful of Hungary-water, and a Spoonful of Honey. Wash your Mouth often with this; it is a very good Gargle.

## A constant Daily Wash for your Teeth.

TO one Quart of Claret, put an Ounce of Bole-armoniac, half an Ounce of Myrrh, one Dram of Allom; Salt of Vitriol, ten Grains; an Ounce of Hungary-Water, and two Ounces of Honey of Roses; when these have stood in a warm Sun, or near the Fire for three Days, fet it by to fettle; and pour a Spoonful of it into a Tea-cup of Water, with which wash your Teeth: It preserves them found, and makes them white.

## To clean very foul Spotted Teeth.

MAKE a Skewer very sharp at one end, over which wind a bit of fine Rag, tie it on very hard, and cut it very fharp, that it may be like a fine Pencil for Painting; dip this in Spirit of Salt, take it out immediately, and dip it then into a Cup

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of fair Water, in which hold it for a Moment; with this Rag fo carefully wet, rub your Teeth, and take care you do not touch your Lips or Gums; have a Cup of cold Water ready to wash your Mouth, that the Rag has not been dip'd in: with this you may make any furr'd Teeth as white as Snow; but you must not use it often or carelesly. When they are once thus clean'd, the Claret-wash will preserve them so.

## A Mucilage in a Sore Throat.

TAKE four Drams of Quince-seed, decoct it in a quarter of a Pint of Rose or Plantain-water, 'till 'tis a strong Jelly; add a Spoonful of the White of an Egg beat to Water; and sweeten it with Syrup of Mulberries or Rasberries.

# To Cure a Cough and Shortness of Breath.

Very tender and pulp them fine through a Sieve; take their weight in the Pulp of coddled Pippins; if you have a Pound weight of both together, boil it in a Pint and half of clarify'd Honey, for half an Hour; then take one Ounce of Powder of Liquorice, and as much Powder of Anifeeds; mix all well together, and take a Dram Morning and Night,

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Night, and in the Afternoon: "Tis an excellent Medicine in an Afthma.

## Another for a Cough.

ROAST a large Lemon very carefully without burning; when 'tis thorough hot, cut and fqueeze it into a Cup, upon three Ounces of Sugar-candy finely powder'd; take a Spoonful whenever your Cough troubles you: 'Tis as good as 'tis pleafant.

## For the Same.

TAKE two Ounces of Syrup of Poppies, as much Conferve of Red Rofes; mix and take one Spoonful for Three Nights, when going to Rest.

## For the same, with a Hoarseness.

SYRUP of Jujubes and Althea, of each two Ounces, Lohoch Sanans one Ounce; Saffron and Water-flag powder'd, of each a Scruple: Lick it off a Liquorice-stick when you cough.

#### For a Hoarseness.

TAKE every Night, going to Rest, half a Pint of Mum, as warm as you can drink it at a Draught, for three Nights together.

## For a Hooping-Cough, very good.

TAKE a Quart of Spring-water, put to it a large Handful of Chin-Cups that grow upon Moss, a large Handful of unset Hyssop; boil it to a Pint; strain it off, and sweeten it with Sugar-candy. Let the Child, as oft as it coughs, take two Spoonfuls at a time.

### For a Cough.

MAKE a strong Tea of Ale-hoof, sweeten it with Sugar-candy, pour this upon a white Toast, well rubb'd with Nutmeg, and drink it First and Last.

## For a Consumptive Cough.

TAKE half a Pound of double-refin'd Sugar finely beat and fifted, wet this with Orange-flower Water, and boil it up to a Candy-height; then flir in an Ounce of Cassia-Earth finely powder'd. If you love Per-

## in Physick and Surgery. 155

Perfume, a Grain of Amber-greefe does well; drop it in little Cakes on a Mazareen that has been butter'd, and wip'd.

This has cured those that have spit

Blood.

# A very good Pectoral Drink for the same.

TAKE Quitch-grass-roots, two Ounces, Eringo-roots one Ounce, Loris two Drams, Hart's-horn one Ounce, Raisins stoned two Ounces, six Figs, one Spoonful of Pearl-Barley, Colts-foot and Sage of Jerusalem, of each one Handful; boil these in three Pints of Water 'till a third-part is wasted; strain it, and dissolve therein two Drams of Sal-prunella, and one Ounce of Syrup of Violets. Drink a quarter of a Pint often, when you cough, or are dry.

## Pills for Shortness of Breath.

TAKE a quarter of an Ounce of Powder of Elecampane-root, half an Ounce of Powder of Liquorice, as much Flower of Brimstone, and Powder of Aniseed, and two Ounces of Sugar-candy powder'd; make all into Pills with a sufficient Quantity of Tar: Take four large Pills when going to Rest.

This is an incomparable Medicine for an

Asthma.

Another

## Another for the same.

HALF a Pint of the Juice of Stinging Nettles; boil, and scum it, and mix it up with as much clarify'd Honey: Take a Spoonful First and Last. It has done mighty Cures.

#### For an Asthma.

TAKE Hyffop-water, and Poppy-water, of each five Ounces: Oxymel of Squils three Ounces, Syrup of Maiden-hair one Ounce: Take one Spoonful when you find any Difficulty of Breathing.

# A good Drink in a Consumption.

TAKE of St. John's-wort, the Great Daify-flowers (called Ox-eyes) and Scabious, of each two Handfuls; boil these in a Gallon of Spring-water, 'till half be wasted; then strain it, and sweeten it with clarify'd Honey to your Taste: Take a quarter of a Pint of this in half a Pint of New Milk; make your Liquor just so warm; and take it in a Morning, and at Four in the Asternoon.

This Drink is highly recommended, and that too upon long Experience.

## A Powder for a Consumption.

TAKE twelve Dozen of the smallest Grigs you can get, wipe them very clean; bake them in a well-glaz'd Pan all Night; set it into the Oven again 'till they are dry enough to Powder; then make them into a very fine powder, and take as much as will lie on a Half-Crown, three times a Day, drinking with it a Glass of Old Malaga, or Canary.

'Tis restorative, and well approv'd by

many who have try'd it with Success.

# For Sweating in the Night, in a Consumption.

DRINK a Glass of Tent, or Old Malaga, with a Toast, every Morning early, and sleep an Hour after it.

This is good for Confumptive Perfons, or fuch as are Weak, in recovering a long

Sickness.

#### For a Shortness of Breath.

TAKE Flower of Brimftone, and Elecampane-root finely powder'd, of each an equal quantity; mix this into an Electuary with clarify'd Honey, and take it whenever you cough, or find it difficult to breathe.

For

## For an Asthma; Incomparable.

TAKE Juice of Hyffop, Juice of Elecampane-root, of each one Pound; boil thefe to a Syrup, with double their weight in Honey or Sugar-candy: Take one Spoonful of this Syrup, in two Spoonfuls of Hyffopwater, and one Spoonful of compound Brionywater; take this three times a Day.

## For a Cough and Shortness of Breath.

TAKE Elecampane-roots, one Ounce; Saffron, a quarter of an Ounce; Ground-Ivy and Hyffop, of each one Handful; boil this in two Quarts of Water, 'till 'tis above half confumed; ftrain it out, and fweeten it with Sugar-candy, and take three Spoonfuls often.

## Another for the same.

SYRUP of Garlick two Spoonfuls, or the Cloves of Garlick preferv'd; either of them very good; but if the Breath be very bad, 'tis best to lose nine or ten Ounces of Blood, if the Patient can bear it, before you begin to take so hot a Medicine.

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## Another for the same.

TAKE one Spoonful of Linfeed-Oil new drawn, First and Last: This is good in a Plurisie, or any other Cough; and may be used safely at any Age.

## For a Chin-Cough.

DRY the Leaves of Box-Tree very well, and powder them finall; and give the Child of this fine Powder, in all its Meat and Drink, that it can be difguifed in: "Tis excellent in that Diftemper.

# An admirable Electuary for a Cough.

TAKE Syrup of Hore-hound, Ground-Ivy, and white Poppy, of each one Ounce; Crabs-eyes, one Dram; and Spermaceti, half a Dram; mix and beat these very fine, and take a little Spoonful when your Cough is troublesome, and at going to Rest.

#### For the Pleurifie.

TAKE Broom-tops, Dandelion, Red-Poppies, and Hyffop, of each two Handfuls fhred; Flax-feed bruis'd, two Ounces; four Ounces of fresh Orange-peel, and nine large Balls

Balls of fresh Stone-horse-dung; to these Ingredients, put a Gallon of Milk, and distil it in a cold Still: "Tis an incomparable Water, and may be drank freely of. If you think it too cold, add a Spoonful of Sack or Whitewine, in every Glass.

#### Another.

MAKE a Posset-Drink pretty clear, with small Ale and White-wine; and to a Quart of that, put three Balls of Horsedung, and one Ounce of Angelica-seeds; let it insuse three Hours; Strain and drink often, half a Pint at a time: This has the same Virtue, and is sooner prepared; but 'tis so very nauseous, that many Stomachs cannot bear it.

# An excellent Water for the Stone-Cholick.

PUT four Pounds of Haw-berries bruis'd, into four Quarts of strong White-wine; let it steep twenty-four Hours; then draw off, in a cold Still, two Quarts of very strong; and what runs after, keep by itself: A quarter of a Pint of the Strongest, has given Ease in very bad Fits at once taking; but if it comes up, you must repeat it 'till it does stay.

# in Physick and Surgery. 161 For the Cholick.

SLICE one Ounce of the very best Rhusbarb you can get, into a Quart of Sack; let it insuse twelve Hours at least; then drink four large Spoonfuls, and fill your Bottle up again: Drink this Quantity once a Day for six Weeks or two Months at least; when your Rhubarb has lost its Virtue, you must put fresh. This has cured some People, who could not find Ease in Opiats, nor the Bath; it must be constantly continued, till the Bowels and Blood are strengthened: It has done such miraculous Cures, where even Laudanum could not; that 'tis impossible to praise it so much as it deserves.

I do therefore advise every Person for afflicted, for their own sakes, to make the

harmless Experiment.

#### For the Cholick.

TAKE a Quart of Double-still'd Anifeed-water; infuse in it one Ounce of Hirapicra; stop it very close, and keep it near a Fire, where it must stand some Days; shake the Glass twice every Day: Take three or four Spoonfuls of this in a Fit, when 'tis new; less will serve, after it has stood a Year or two.

For a Convultive-Cholick.

T AKE Yellow transparent Amber, grosly powder'd; Ginger minced; mix

and fill a Pipe, fmoke three or four while in Pain, and always going to Reft.

Another for the Cholick.

BOIL four Spoonfuls of right good Irish Usquebaugh, in half a Pint of Ale, flice in a little Ginger, and sweeten with Syrup of Rhubarb: This is a pretty certain Cure, and seldom fails to give present Ease.

### For the Cholick.

AKE the thin Peel that comes off the Kernels of a ripe Wallnut dry'd and beat to Powder; the thin yellow Peel of Orange powder'd; of each a like Quantity; mix in a Cup of hot Ale, and drink it up. A fmall Spoonful of the Powders, mix'd, is a Dofe.

#### For a Stitch in the Side.

AKE Powder of Angelica-feed, and a large Acorn dry'd and powder'd, of each a like Quantity; drink after it a Glass of Black-Cherry Water.

A Posset Drink for a Cough.

Ake one Handful of Hyssop, sour Sprigs of Minth, as much Savoury and Angelica, one Handful of ston'd Raisins, and twelve Figs; insuse all these in three Pints of clear Posset-drink; add, when strain'd, one Ounce of Syrup of Maiden-hair, as much Syrup of Violets drink often.

To

# in Physick and Surgery. 163 To Cure Deafnels.

TAKE clean fine black Wooll, and dip it in Civet, put it into the Ear; as it dries, which in a Day or two it will, dip it again; and keep it moisten'd in the Ear for three Weeks or a Month.

#### Another.

TAKE an equal Quantity of good Huns gary Water, and Oil of bitter Almonds, beat them together; and drop three Drops in the Ears going to Bed; stop them with black Wooll, and repeat this nine Nights at least.

## Another for a Pain in the Ear.

THE Juice of Mountain Sage, Oil of Fennel, Oil of bitter Almonds, Oil of Olives; take an equal Quantity of each, and mix them well together: Drop into the pained Ear three Drops, for three Nights. 'Twill ease and draw out any Imposthume, if that be the Cause.

### For a Pain in the Ear.

TAKE half a Pint of Claret, a quarter of a Pint of Wine-Vinegar; put in Sage, Rue, and Rosemary; let it boil up; put it into a new Mug, and hold your Ear close, so that the Steam may be sure to go in: As it cools, heat it again and again; and L 2 when

when the Strength is pretty well wasted, wrap your Head very warm, and go into Bed.

For a violent Cholic-Pain in the Side.

M IX an equal Quantity of Spirit of Lavender, Spirit of Sal-Armoniac, and Hungary-water; rub it in with a very hot Hand, and lay a Flannel on as hot as you can bear it. Repeat this often.

For a Blow or Hurt in the Eye.

BEAT the Leaves of Eye-bright with a rotten Apple; lay it on the Eye as a Poultis: Repeat it as it grows dry. I think the Juice of the Eye-bright is best.

A certain Remedy to take Fire out of a Burn.

BEAT an Apple with Sallad Oil, 'till 'tis a Poultis pretty foft; bind it on the Part; and as it dries, lay on fresh. You must be fure to pare, core, and beat your Apple well, for fear of breaking the Skin of the Burn: But if the Skin be off, there is not any thing in Nature so fure to take out the Fire.

An excellent Ointment for a Pain in the Side.

BEAT two Ounces of Cummin-feed very fine; fift it, and put to it two Spoonfuls of Capon-greafe, and two Spoonfuls of Linfeed-Oil; make it hot over the Fire, and anoint

## in Physick and Surgery. 165

anoint the Side with it: Dip a Flannel in the Ointment, and lay it on as hot as you can endure it.

## For a Pleurify and Fever.

AFTER Bleeding once or twice, as there is Occasion, let the Patient take an Ounce of Linseed-Oil new drawn; sweeten it with Syrup of Lemons; shake them together 'till they mix, and let this Quantity be taken every four Hours: At going to Rest, let them take thirty Grains of Gascoign-Powder, with a composing Draught. They must forbear Malt-drink; and take care they do not catch cold.

This has done great Cures, when taken in time, and will prevent the Diffemper falling upon the Lungs.

#### For a Looseness.

TAKE a quarter of an Ounce of Hipe-cacoanna, decoct it in an equal Quantity of Claret and Water; let it boil from a Quart to less than a Pint; strain it, and add one Spoonful of Oil; give it in a Clyster to the Party afflicted. If the Patient is weak, or a Child, you must infuse less of the Root; two Drams being a full Quantity for a strong Man.

It has cured the most violent Illness of that fort, and was recommended on the Experience of a worthy and ingenious Phy-

fician.

L 3

The

# The best Way of burning Claret for a Looseness.

TAKE a large Quart-Bottle that will hold more than a Quart of Wine; put to that Quantity half an Ounce of Cinnamon, four large Blades of Mace, and a large Nutmeg fliced; put a Cork into the Bottle, to keep in the Steam, but don't ftop it close or hard, for fear of breaking: Set this Bottle of Wine and Spice into a Skellet of cold Water, and let it simmer 'till the Wine is a little wasted; sweeten it with Loaf-Sugar, and drink often, if the Patient have a cold decay'd Stomach, and no Fever.

#### For a Looseness.

TAKE an Ounce of Cinnamon, and as much Ginger; flice both small, and strew it on a Chasing-dish of Coals, over which let the Patient sit as long as the Fume lasts.

#### For a Looseness.

TAKE three large Nutmegs, and the weight of them in Cinnamon; grate and beat the Spice extremely fine; make it into a moist Paste with new-lay'd Eggs, dry them in little Cakes, in a Shovel, over a gentle Fire: Eat the bigness of a Half Crown, first and last, and at Four in the Afternoon.

Another

# in Physick and Surgery. 167

## Another for a Looseness.

TAKE a Quart of new Milk, and fet it on the Fire 'till it boil; then feum it, and let it boil, and feum it again, as long as any Scum rifes: When 'tis almost cold, to the clear Milk put two-penny-worth of Aqua-Vitæ, and let it stand: 'twill jelly, and keep (in a cool Vessel and Place) two or three Days. It has done great Cures.

# Cinnamon-Water for a Looseness and Fever.

BOIL a Pound of Pearl-Barley, and fix Ounces of Plantain-Seed, in fix Quarts of Water; when both are tender, pour it upon eight Ounces of Cinnamon: Let it infuse all Night, and next Day draw it off in a cold Still: Let the Patients drink of this as often as they please: If they like it sweet, put in double-refin'd Sugar.

### For a Looseness and Gripes.

IX up twenty Grains of Rhubarb, three Drops of Oil of Cinnamon, and three Drops of Oil of Juniper, in near a Dram of good Venice-Treacle; make it into a Bolus, and take it all over Night. Next Morning, in the working, drink warm Poffet-drink in which Mallows have been infus'd.

This has done great Cures, when the Diflemper has been very dangerous.

L 4 Another

Another for a Looseness and Gripes.

Nfuse a Pound of Poppies, in half a Pint of Spirit of Wine: Take a large Spoonful of this Liquor, with fix Drops of Oil of Juniper, in a Glass of Black-Cherry Water, sweeten'd with double-refin'd Sugar. 'Twill give Ease in extreme Pain and Torture.

Note, You must mix your Oil with the powder'd Sugar before you put it into the Liquor, or 'twill swim on the Top, and not mix.

For the Same.

PUT a large Spoonful of good Plantain-feed into half a Pint of Spring-water; boil it half away, and strain it out; sweeten it with double-refin'd Sugar, and drink it all.

It often cures at once; but must be re-

peated, if there be Occasion.

To help a Hot and Costive Habit of Body.

PReferve green Wallnuts before the Shell is hard, after they have lain a Day and a Night in Water, first prick'd full of Holes; boil and shift the Water often, till they are tender; stick in each a bit of candy'd Orangepeel, and take their weight in a sweet Lisbon Sugar; boil them up, and take two, three, or four of these when going to rest.

They are a gentle, wholesome, and cer-

tain Purge.

Another.

#### Another.

DISTILL a Quantity of Wood-forrel Water in the Spring, and fweeten it with Syrup of Violets: An Ounce of Syrup to a quarter of a Pint of Water is a Dose for any Body, and may be fafely taken, even in a Fever, or Lying-in: A less Quantity for a Child.

#### Another.

ROASTED Apples, with Carraway-Comfits, eaten conflantly every Night, has been the Method of a Gentleman of Fourfcore, who has hardly ever taken other Phyfick, or omitted this for Fifty Years, and never felt the Gout, or Stone, or any other Diftemper incident to old Age.

#### Another.

QOIL a few Mallows in one Porringer of Water-gruel; ftrain it out, and inftead of Salt, put in a Pugil of Cream of Tartar: Let this be your Morning's Draught.

#### Another.

ONE Spoonful of Syrup of Peach-Bloffoms, taken in a Glass of the Water distill'd from the Leaves, or in which the Leaves and Worm-feed have been decocted, is a most fafe and certain Medicine for the Worms in Children.

# 並和政策的主義的

### ADDITIONS to PART I.

To make Catchup that will keep good Twenty Years.

> A K E a Gallon of strong Stale-Beer, one Pound of Anchovies wash'd and clean'd from the Guts, half an Ounce of Mace, half an Ounce of Cloves,

a quarter of an Ounce of Pepper, three large Races of Ginger, one Pound of Shallots, one Quart of flap Mushrooms, well rubb'd and pick'd; boil all these over a flow Fire, till 'tis half wasted, then strain it thro' a Flannel-bag; let it stand till 'tis quite cold, then bottle, and stop it very close. This is thought to exceed what is brought from India; and must be allowed, the most agreeable Relish that can be given to Fish-Sauce. One Spoonful to a Pint of melted Butter, gives Taste and Colour, above all other Ingredients.

Note, That the stronger and staler the

Beer is, the better the Catchup will be.

To make Catchup of Mushrooms.

TAKE a Stew-pan full of the large flap
Mushrooms, and the Tips of those you
wipe

## Additions to the Receipts, &c. 171

wipe for Pickling; fet it on a flow Fire, with a Handful of Salt; they will make a great deal of Liquor, which you must strain, and put to it a quarter of a Pound of Shallots, two Cloves of Garlick, some Pepper, Ginger, Cloves, Mace, and a Bay-leaf; boil and scum it very well; when 'tis quite cold, bottle, and stop it very close.

### Paris Pyes.

TAKE a Capon and parboil it a little; bone and skin it, then shred it extremely fine; shred also as small, one Pound of Beef-suet. Beat a Pound of Blanch'd Almonds, with so much Sack and Orange-slower Water, as will keep them from Oiling. Season all with Nutmeg, Cloves and Mace, a little Salt, and twice as much sine Sugar as there is Spice and Salt; mix all very well together, and make them into little pussipaste Patties to bake or fry; before you close them, you must lay candy'd Orange, Lemon and Citron-peel, in thin Slices, with bits of Marrow, and the Kernels of Pistachia Nuts.

Note, That large Chicken does as well as Capon, and is an exact Quantity for half the

Suet and Almond.

#### A Steake Florendine.

CUT a Neck of Mutton into Steakes, take off the Skin and some of the Fat at the thick End; season it with Pepper and Salt, put

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put into the Dish one Anchovy shred small, a little Nutmeg slic'd thin, and a little Thyme shred sine, lay in the Steakes, and a Pint of Oisters, sifty Balls of Forc'd-meat, half a Pint of Claret, and as much Water, cover the Dish with a Pussi-crust, and bake it.

## Beef Alamode, to eat hot.

TAKE the Round of a Buttock of Beef from the Under-side, let it be about three Inches thick; if you like it red, let it lie a Day and Night rubb'd over with Salt-Petre; when that is done, take off the Fat. and chop it with Parfly, Thyme, Sweetmarjoram, and a little Onion (if you like it) add to this Pepper, Salt, Cloves and Mace; work it up in form of Saufages, then cut fome fat Bacon into Slips of the fame Thickness, and cover it over with the Salt and Spice, without the Herbs; cut the Beef into holes, about two Inches diffant from each other, and quite through the Beef; stuff into one the spiced Slips of Bacon, and into the other the Forc'd-meat, till all is full, ftrew Salt all over it, put it into your Stew-pan, with half a Pound of Butter, fet it on a quick Fire, that it may be brown and harden on the outfide, turn and flower it, that both fides may be alike; then put half a Pint of Water to it, and cover it close; put it over a flow Fire, that it may flew leifurely feven or eight Hours;

Hours; when it grows dry, add a Cup of Water or Gravy. The Liquor 'tis stew'd in, if clear'd from Fat, and shook up with Claret, is the Sauce to it; to which you may add Mushrooms, Sweetbreads, Artichoke-bottoms, or what you please for Ornaments, but the Gravy and Claret are sufficient to make it as favoury a Dish as can be eat, and 'tis as good to slice cold as eat hot.

Pan-Puddings to fry.

To a full Pint of Milk, you may put near three quarters of a Pound of Flower, fix Ounces of Beef-fuet shred very fine, and sifted through a Cullender, fix Ounces of Currants pick'd, wash'd and plump'd, a little Salt, a little Nutmeg, and a little Sugar, if you like it, but they are lightest without; three or four Eggs beat and strain'd; mix all well together, fry them in a large Quantity of Lard or Dripping, and make them little bigger than Fritters.

A Spanish Potatoe or Parsnip Fritter.

Potatoes, boil, peel and scrape them, beat them with four Eggs, leave out two of the Whites, a large Spoonful of Cream, and as much Sack as Cream, a little grated Nutmeg; beat all for one Hour, till they are very light, and fry them in a large Quantity of Lard. The Sauce that is ordered for

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for them, is melted Butter, Sack and Sugar, but Lemon and Sugar gives more Quickness to the Fritter, and is less apt to disagree with the Stomach. Note, That Parsnips are as good as Potatoes.

### To boil Garden Things green.

YOU must be sure the Water boils when you put in your Pease, Greens, Frenchbeans, or Asparagus; when they are in, make it boil very fast again, you need not cover them, but watch them, and may be assured they are enough when they begin to fink to the Bottom, provided they have boil'd all the time; take them out as soon as they sink, or they immediately change Colour.

#### To Pickle Lemons.

TAKE large Lemons, and grate off a little of the yellow Rind, make eight Scores in the Peel long-ways; then lay them in the Sun, and take care no Rain comes to them, for fix Weeks, when they will be dry; put them into a Jar when you have fill'd them with Mustard-seed, pour Mustard-seed and White-wine Vinegar over them, with some slic'd Ginger in it; put as much of this Pickle as will cover them.

#### To Pickle Artichoke Bottoms.

TAKE Artichokes before they are at their full growth, boil them fit to eat,

then pull off the Leaves quick, and put the Bottoms into cold Water; shift them twice, let them lie twelve Hours in the third Water; then wipe dry, and put them into Jars, and cover them with a Pickle made of White-wine, and White-wine Vinegar; one part Wine, two parts Vinegar; half an Ounce of Mace, as much Cloves and Pepper, all whole; boil it up, and let it stand 'till 'tis cold before you put it to the Bottoms.

#### To keep Wallnuts good all the Year.

DUT them into a Jar, on a Layer of Seafand, ftrew Sand again, and fo another Layer of Nuts 'till 'tis full, and be fure they do not touch each other in any of the Layers; when you would use them, lay them in warm Water, shifting it as it cools for an Hour; then rub them dry, and they will peel well, and eat fweet. Lemons will keep thus cover'd with Sand, longer than any other way you can try.

#### To keep Gooseberries for Tarts all the Year.

GATHER them at their full growth before they turn from the green Look, Top and Tail them, then put them into large - mouth'd Bottles, put Corks in the Bottles, and fet them into a Kettle of Water up to the Neck, but take care the Cork be

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not wet; let the Water heat over a flow Fire, till the Goofeberries begin to look white or break; fet the Bottle on a Cloth, when they come hot out of the Kettle, because 'tis apt to break; when they are cold drive the Corks hard in, and pitch them down.

#### To keep White-Bullice or Pear-Plumbs.

ATHER them when full grown, and before they turn, pick out the largest, and to the small ones, put as much cold Water as will make Liquor to cover the sine ones, let these boil gently till they are soft, then strain the Liquor from them, and let it stand till it is cool enough to bear your Finger; then put your large ones into this Pickle till they are quite cold, then you must put them into large-neck'd Bottles, or small Jars, and lay Paper, cut sit, upon them, over which pour melted Butter, or rather sweet Oil; if you are careful in taking it oss, this Method seldom sails.

#### To keep Damascens for Tarts.

YOU must make a Syrup of a Pound and half of Sugar, to a Quart of Water, boil and scum it very clear, when cold put them into the Syrup, set them down on a soft Fire, and keep them down in the Syrup, and gently stirring 'till they are scalding hot, then set them off till cold, put them into little Pots or Jars, such as you can use at once;

for

for when any of these Fruits are expos'd to the Air, they spoil in a Day or two, unless such Sweet-meats as you preserve with full weight of Sugar: Cover these over as the other, with melted Butter or Oil; Beef-suet is hard, and apter to crack at the Edge in Winter.

#### MEDICINE.

Dr. Wadenfield's Remedy for Lunacy, with which a Person of Quality cured Threescore.

TAKE of Ground-Ivy three large Handfuls shred small, boil it in two Quarts of White-wine, 'till two Parts in three be consumed. Strain, and add to it six Ounces of the best Sallad Oil, boil it up to an Ointment; let the Patient's Head be shav'd, rub and chase it with the Ointment made warm. Then take fresh Herbs, bruis'd and apply'd Plaisterwise, tying it on the Top of the Head very hard. Repeat this every other Day, ten or twelve times; give the Patient three Spoonfuls of the Juice of Ground-Ivy every Morning sasting, in a Glass of Beer for the first ten Days.

The Infallible Powder for Shortness of Breath, especially in Young Ladies.

TAKE of Carraway and Anifeed, each one Ounce, Liquorice half an Ounce, one large Nutmeg, one Ounce of prepared M Steel,

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Steel, and two Ounces of double-refin'd Sugar; reduce all to a very fine Powder, and take as much as will lie on a Shilling, in the Morning fasting, and at Five in the Afternoon, using Exercise.

A Consumptive Syrup.

TAKE a Score of Shell-Snails, wash them clean, and crack the Shells, put them into a large Jelly-bag, with half a Pound of White Sugar-candy beat and ftrew'd among them; let this hang twelve Hours at leaft, 'till all the Sugar-candy be melted and drop out, of which you must take a large Teaspoonful first and last, and whenever your Cough is troublesome. This is a quicker and more effectual Medicine than Snail-water.

The Famous French Method for the Bite of a Mad-Dog.

TAKE the Leaves of Rue, Vervin, the leffer Sage, Plantain, Polypody, Common Wormwood, Mint, Motherwort, Balm, Betony, St. John's-wort, and the leffer Centaury, of each an equal Quantity; gather these in June, tie them up in little Bundles, which are to be wrapp'd up in Papers, and hung in the Air where 'tis shady; when wanted, you are to pound them fo fine as to fift through a Silk or Lawn Sieve. The Dose is from two, to three Drams of this Powder, with half a Dram of the Powder of Vipers-

Vipers-flesh, in a Glass of good White-wine in a Morning fasting, for fifty-two Days together; if the Bite is near the Head or Face, you must double the Dose. In this you are caution'd against washing the Wound with Water, which contradicts our English Practice of going to the Sea for that Purpose. However, fince 'tis necessary to cleanse off the Foam or Blood, Camphirated Spirit, or Spi-rit of Myrrh is better to wash with: I set down this because highly recommended; but am, from late Experience, convinc'd, that no Remedy is fo fure, as the Liver of the Dog; dry and powder it immediately, and give from three to fix Ounces of it, in Wine, Syrup, or any way you can best get the Patient to fwallow it. And depend upon it 'tis the best Medicine yet discovered for that sad Malady; take the Quantity within twentyfour Hours, if possible.

An outward Application for a Chin-Cough.

M IX an equal Quantity of Spirit of Hart's-horn, and Oil of Amber, not exceeding half an Ounce at a time, because in often opening, it decays. With this anoint the Palms of the Hands, Pit of the Stomach, and Soles of the Feet, for a Month together; and let no Water come nigh any of the Parts anointed: The Fingers and Backs of the Hands may be wip'd with a wet Cloth.

M 2 For

# 180 Additions to the Receipts

For St. Anthony's Fire.

TAKE one part fine Spirit or Oil of Turpentine, and one part finely rectified Spirit of Wine; mix and shake the Glass when you use it, anointing the Face gently with a Feather, or your Finger, not covering it. Do it often, and it cures in a Day or two, but take care not to come near your Eyes. It softens and heals, though at first you think it instames. You may put more or less Spirit of Wine, as you like.

A most excellent Bitter, not inferior to Stoughton's Drops.

TAKE two Ounces of Gentian-root, the Rinds of nine Oranges, they must be of the largest right Sevil, and pared very thin, two Drams of Saffron, and two Drams of Cochineal; insuse all in one Quart of Brandy, for forty-eight Hours, in the hottest Sun; then philter it through whited-brown Paper: After this you may take from twenty Drops to a Tea-spoonful, in Wine, Beer, Tea, or any Liquor you like.

The best Way to prepare Gum Ammoniacum.

TO half a Pint of choice Spirit of Wine, put one Ounce of Gum Ammoniacum, nicely powder'd and fifted; fet it in a hot Sun for Six Weeks, shaking the Glass often,

## in Physick and Surgery. 181

'till within three Days of pouring it off; then let it stand to settle, and decant it as clear as you can, without taking any of the Powder; a Tea-spoonful of this Spirit, with twenty Drops of Tincture of Castor, in what fort of Liquor you like, gives immediate Relief in an Asthma; four Spoonfuls of Spring-water, and two of Sack, is as proper as any,

### An Infusion for the Cure of Melancholy.

TAKE two Drams of Anifeed, two Drams of Myrrh, one Dram of Cochineal, two Drams of Hira-picra; infuse all in a Quart of White-wine; let it stand three Days, then philter it, and give the Patient five Spoonfuls in a Morning fasting, and at Four in the Asternoon, 'till they have taken two Quarts.

# An Infusion for a Dropsy.

PUT fix Spoonfuls of the Juice of Garlick, a Pint of the best Rack, with one Dram of Cochineal; let it stand twenty-four Hours, then philter it, and give four Spoonfuls twice a Day, 'till the whole be taken. 'Tis a most nauseous Medicine, but has done mighty Cures; especially when the Throat or Breath is much affected by the Distemper.

# 182 Additions to the Receipts

A Preservative against the Pestilence.

AKE of Rue, Sage, Mint, Rofemary, Wormwood and Lavender, of each one Handful; infuse them in a Gallon of the best White-wine Vinegar, put all into a Stone Bottle closely cover'd and pasted; set the Bottle, thus clos'd, upon warm Ashes for eight Days together. After which, strain it through a Flannel, and put the Liquor into Bottles, and to every Quart put an Ounce of Camphire; then cork the Bottles very close, and it will keep fome Years. With this Preparation, wash your Mouth, rub your Temples, and your Loins every Day; fnuff a little up your Noftrils when you go into the Air, and carry about you a Sponge dipt in the same, when you desire to refresh the Smell upon any Occasion, especially when near to any Place or Person that is infected. From a Physician in the Duke of Berwick's Army, in the Year 1721. we were told, That four Malefactors, who used to rob the infected Houses, &c. had own'd at their Execution, That they preferved themselves from the Contagion by using this Medicine only. And the Truth having been fince confirm'd by a Gentleman then present, I thought it deferv'd a Place here; especially since the Ingredients are fo well chosen for that purpose, as to need no Recommendation but their own Virtue.

To

# in Physick and Surgery. 183 To cure a Quinsey.

WHEN Bleeding has fail'd, take a Swallow's Neft, as whole as you can get it down, boil it in Milk 'till 'tis foft, then wrap it in a Cloth, and apply it to the Throat as hot as the Patient can bear it. This excellent Poultis has very often cured, when other Remedies have been used to no Effect.

# Another present Remedy.

TAKE fresh Cow's-dung, mix it well with Hog's-lard over the Fire, apply it by way of Poultis as hot as it can be borne, shift it as it cools, and continue it 'till the Person is eas'd. It draws the Humour outward, and opens the Passage of the Gullet.

# An admirable Snuff for the Head.

TAKE of Sage, Rosemary, Lillies of the Valley, the Tops of Sweet-marjoram, of each half an Ounce, of Nutmeg, and of Asarabacca-roots, each one Dram; dry them, and reduce them to a very fine Powder.

The END of the FIRST PART.





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# COOKERY, &c.

#### PART II.

#### To make Plum-Porridge.



OIL a large Leg of Beef to Rags, and make as much Broth as will Jelly when cold; when 'tis enough, ftrain it, let it ftand to be cold, that you may take off

all the Fat, then put it over the Fire again; and to every Gallon of Broth, put near a Pound of Currants, and half a Pound of Raifins, clean wash'd and pick'd; Stew also two Pounds of Prunes, and when they are plumpt,

plumpt, take out the fairest to put in whole, and pulp the rest through a Cullender, and wash the Stone and Skins clean with some of the Broth; take also the Crumb of a Penny white Loaf grated, to every Gallon; and to four Gallons, you may put about two Nutmegs, the weight of that in Cloves and Mace, and the weight of all in Cinnamon; let all the Spice be finely beat and grated, add Salt and Sugar to your Tafte; when the Fruit is plump, 'tis enough; but just before you take it from the Fire, fqueeze in the Juice of four or five Lemons, and throw in the Peel of two; four Gallons will require a Quart of Claret, and a Pint of Sack, which must be put in with the Fruit.

#### To make Calves-Foot Broth.

BOIL your Feet in as much Water as will make a good Jelly, when 'tis enough strain it, and set the Liquor on the Fire again, with two or three Blades of Mace; if 'tis two Quarts, about half a Pint of Sack, half a Pound of Currants clean wash'd and pick'd: When they are plump, beat up the Yolks of two Eggs, and mix them with a little of the cool Liquor, so thicken it with great Care over a gentle Fire, put Salt and Sugar to your Taste, and stir in a bit of Butter; a little before you take it off the Fire, put in the Juice and Peel of a fresh Lemon:

Lemon: This, tho' old-fashion'd, is a pretty Supper-Dish.

#### Calves-Feet, another way.

BOIL two Calves-Feet, a bit of Veal, a bit of Beef, and the Bottom of a white Loaf; add no Seasoning, but two or three Blades of Mace, a sliced Nutmeg, and some Salt; have some boil'd Rice to stir in after you have strain'd it from the Bones and Skins; put a boil'd Chicken in the middle, and Sippits in the Dish. This is very nourishing, and less offensive to weak Stomachs, than any Soup that is made.

### To Dress a Cod's-Head.

WHEN you have wash'd and pick'd it extremely clean, tie it up tight with a broad Filleting, that it may keep together, and take out as whole as 'tis possible; let the Liquor you boil it in, be one Pint of Vinegar, and the rest Water, enough to cover it; put into this three Onions quartered, some whole Pepper, Mace, and Sweet-herbs, and when it boils, throw in a Handful of Salt; 'tis apt to discolour it, if put in at first; when 'tis clean scumm'd, and tastes well of the Spice, put in the Head, let it simmer at least half an Hour; then take it out, and place it on your Dish, over a hot Chasing-dish

of Coals; that it may be fure to drain very dry, prick the Eyes, and other parts of the Head, to let out the Liquor, and foak up all with a Sponge; the Sauce must be made with a Pint of White-wine, almost as much Water, fix or eight Anchovies, a large Onion, a Nutmeg, four or five Blades of Mace, fome whole Pepper, and a bit of Lemon-peel and Horfe-radish, if you like it; when the Anchovies are diffolv'd, strain it, and add the Liver of the Cod bruis'd, the Body of a Lobster, and at least a Pound of extraordinary Butter, work a little Flower with a bit of the Butter, that it may mix, and be all of a Colour; let the last thing be the Juice of a Lemon or Vinegar, the rest of the Lobster cut in Dice, some Shrimps and Oifters fry'd and scalded, and fry'd flattish round the Head.

#### To Broil Chickens.

ET your Chickens be very fat, slit them down the Back, and season them with Salt and Pepper, lay them on a very clear Fire, and at a great distance, and let the Inside lie next the Fire, that the sleshy side be not scorch'd or discolour'd; when they are half done, you may turn them often, and baste them mightily; strew on some Raspings of a French-Roll, that it may be crisp, it must be finely grated; Shred-parsley

and melted Butter, is a good and a ready Sauce: But I am ordered to fet down what follows as extraordinary; Take a large Handful of Sorrel, dip it in fealding Water, then drain it, and have ready half a Pint of strong Broth or Gravy, a Shallot shred small, a little Thyme, a little Parsley, a bit of burnt Butter to thicken it, lay the Sorrel in Heaps, and pour the Sauce over it; Garnish with sliced Lemon.

#### To Stew Wild-Fowl.

Pieces, fet them over a Chafingdish of Coals, with half a Pint of Claret, as much good Gravy, which must be first boil'd and season'd with Shallot and Spice; let it stew in this Liquor, 'till 'tis high colour'd and well mix'd, and they eat better than off the Spit.

# A good Gravy, to keep ready for any Use.

BURN an Ounce of Butter in your Frying-pan, but always take care to do it at fuch a Distance from the Fire, that as you strew in the Flower to the Butter, it may be brown, but not black; put to it two Pounds of coarse lean Beef, a Quart of Water, and half a Pint of Wine, Red or White,

N 3

as you like the Colour; put three Anchovies, two Shallots, fome whole Pepper, Cloves and Mace, three or four Mushrooms, or as many Pickled Wallnuts, let it stew gently near an Hour, then strain it; 'twill keep some Time, and is proper for any savoury Dish.

### To Roast Pike or Mackarel.

TAKE one large Pike, or four large Mackarel, draw and wash them clean, make the Seafoning of four Anchovies, a Pint of Oifters, or Shrimps, Nutmegs, Cloves and Mace, a little Parfley, an Onion or Shallot, if you like it; shred and grate all these very fmall, and mix it up with full half a Pound of good Butter, fill the Bellies of the Fish with this Seasoning, and strew fome on the outlide of them; with flat large Skewers and a broad Tape, tie them on to the Spit, bafte it as it roafts with Claret or Butter (I prefer the last); let your Sauce be Wine, Oifter-Liquor, Anchovy, Spice, Butter and Vinegar, which is always to be the last Ingredient; when you stir in your Butter, take care you ftir in no more Flower than will make it mix well, because the Seasoning thickens it.

## To Roast a Haunch of Venison.

MAKE up a substantial Fire before you lay it down, then baste and slower it, and with very fine Skewers fasten a Piece of Veal-Cawl over the fat Part; if that cannot be had, the White of an Egg, or Paper well butter'd will ferve. A Haunch of 12 Pounds weight will take up three full Hours to be well foaked: Your Sauce must be Gravy, with a great deal of Claret in it; the fashionable fweet Sauce, is Jelly of Currants made hot. What was formerly used, was a Pap-Sauce made of white Bread boil'd in Claret, with a large Stick of Cinnamon, and when boil'd 'till fmooth, take out the Cinnamon, and add Sugar. It is difficult to give general Rules about Roafting and Boiling, because Cooks are apt to neglect a Fire, and not mind the Distance, that it may neither scorch nor pawl; but as to Time, I will venture to fay, that allowing a quarter of an Hour to every Pound of Meat at a steady Fire, your Expectations shall hardly ever fail, from a Fowl to a Sirloin of the largest Ox. And the same Method may be follow'd in Boiling.

#### To Roaft Eels.

SKIN and wash the finest large Eels you can get, cut them in three, four or five Pieces, according as they are for Size; make a Seafoning of grated Nutmeg, beaten Pepper and Salt, a little Thyme and Sage, a little Lemon-peel, the Crumb of white Bread; let all these be finely grated and fhred, and strew'd on the Eels, stick them crofs each other on Skewers, and tie the Skewers to your Spit, and let them roaft 'till they begin to crack, and are white at the Bone: be fure to bafte them well, as they roaft; melted Butter and Juice of Lemon is the best Sauce, because the Seasoning gives them as good a Relish as they can have; they fry or broil, as well as roaft, fo feafon'd.

# A Sweet Sauce for boil'd Mutton, very good.

TAKE a quarter of a Pint of the Broth your Mutton was boil'd in, put to it four Spoonfuls of the Pickle of Capers or Samphire, fet it on the Fire to boil; then shred a Carrot, which has been first boil'd tender, and four Spoonfuls of Capers or Samphire shred: put this into the Liquor; when it boils stir in four Ounces of Butter, and shake

a very little Flower, fweeten it, and pour it over the Meat: 'Tis a grateful, tho' old-fashion'd Sauce.

# To make a Pasty of Beef or Mutton, as good as Venison.

BONE a fmall Rump, or a Piece of a Sir-loin of Beef; or, if you like Mutton better, let it be a Loin or a Shoulder of Mutton, but Beef is best; when your Meat is Boned, beat it very well with your Rolling Pin, then rub ten Pounds of this Meat with four Ounces of Sugar, and let it lie twentyfour Hours, then wipe it very clean, or wash it off with a Glass of Claret, and season it high with Pepper, Nutmeg, and Salt; lay it in your Crust, and cover so much Meat with full two Pounds of Butter; put on the Crust, and bake it as much as Venison; set the Bones into the Oven, with no more Water than will cover them, that you may have a little good Gravy, to put into the Pafty, if it wants it when drawn. Let no one diflike the laying it in Sugar, 'till they have try'd it, for how prepofterous an Ingredient foever it may feem in a favoury Pye, I must beg leave to affure the Reader, that nothing gives fo certain a Shortness and Tenderness to the Meat as Sugar; and, if carefully wash'd or wip'd off, it leaves a Delicacy that is equal to Venifon; and fince I have

I have Occasion to mention Sugar, 'tis my Opinion, that in our common English Bacon, 'tis as effectual in the Cure of it, as Salt; and whereas abundance of Salt makes it hard and dry, the Addition of Sugar gives a Tenderness almost equal to right West phalia, and preserves it good all the Year, with half the Quantity of Salt we formerly used.

### A Shrimp-Pye.

T AKE a Quart of Shrimps, clean pick'd from the Shells: if they are very falt in the boiling, feafon them only with a little Cloves and Mace, but if they want Salt, shred two or three Anchovies very fine, and mix them with the Spice, and feafon the Shrimps; you may make a good Crust, because they don't want much baking; put a pretty deal of Butter over and under them, one Glass of White-wine, and set it in the Oven: Where Shrimps are to be had, this is not an expensive, but a very delicious Dish.

# A Hare-Pye.

BONE the Hare, and shred the Meat small, take almost the weight in fresh Beef-suet, shred that small then too, beat both in a Marble Mortar, 'till 'tis so finely mix'd you cannot discover the Meat from the Suet; if the

the Hare was large, it will take up two Ounces of Salt, two fmall Nutmegs, their weight in Cloves and Mace, and add alfo a little fine Pepper; mix the Spice well with the Meat, and put it into a good Crust and bake it; 'tis good hot or cold.

# A very pretty Crust for Tarts.

TAKE three Eggs and beat them well together, put to them three Spoonfuls of cold Water, then break in a Pound of Butter; while you are working it all together, let some Flower be shak'd in, and work it together, still strewing in more Flower, 'till 'tis a pretty stiff Paste, then roul it out for Tarts; it keeps crifper and longer than Puff-Crust for most Uses.

### A Green-Goose Pye.

AKE two fat Green Geese, bone them and feafon them pretty high, with Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace, Pepper and Salt, and, if you like it, two whole Onions; lay then, upon each other, and fill the Sides, and cover them with Butter: Let them be well bak'd, and they eat delicately hot or cold.

#### To Pot Cheshire-Cheese.

TAKE three Pounds of Cheshire-Cheese, and put it into a Mortar, with half a Pound of the best fresh Butter you can get; pound them together, and in the Beating add a Glass or two of rich Canary, and half an Ounce of Mace, so finely beat and sisted that it may not be discern'd; when all is extremely well mix'd, press it hard down into a Gallipot, cover it with melted Butter, and keep it cool; a Slice of this exceeds all the Cream Cheeses that can possibly be made, and is generally more acceptable.

# To make a Cold Hash, or Salad-Magundy.

TAKE a cold Turkey, two cold Chickens, or, if you have neither, a piece of fine white Veal will do; cut the Breafts of these Fowls into fair slices, and mince all the rest; to the Quantity of two Chickens you must take eight or ten large Anchovies, wash and bone them, eight large Pickled Oisters, ten or twelve fine green Pickled Cucumbers, shred the Oisters, the Anchovies, the Cucumbers, and one whole Lemon small; mix them with the shred Meat, lay it in the middle of the Dish, lay the Slices of the

white Part round the Dish, with halv'd Anchovies, whole Pickled Oisters, quarter'd Cucumbers, sliced Lemon, whole Pickled Mushrooms, Capers or any Pickle you like; cut also some fine Lettice, and lay round among the Garnish; but put not Oil and Vinegar to the minced Meat, 'till it comes to Table.

# To Souse a Turkey, in Imitation of Sturgeon.

TAKE a fine large Turkey, dress it very clean, dry and bone it, then tie it up, as you do Sturgeon; put into the Pot you boil it in, one Quart of White-wine, one Quart of Water, and one Quart of good Vinegar, and a very large Handful of Salt, let it boil, and fcum it well, and then put in the Turkey; when 'tis enough, take it out and tie it tighter, let the Liquor boil a little longer, and if it wants more Vinegar or Salt, add it when 'tis cold: pour it upon the Turkey, 'twill keep fome Months; you eat it with Oil and Vinegar, or Sugar and Vinegar; 'tis more delicate than Sturgeon, and makes a pretty Variety; if that is not to be had, cover it with Fennel, when it is brought to the Table.

A very pretty way to eat cold boil'd Beef.

SLICE it as thin as 'tis possible, slice also an Onion, or a Shallot, and squeeze on it the Juice of a Lemon or two, then beat it between two Plates, as you do Cucumbers; when 'tis very well beaten, and tastes sharp of the Lemon, put it into a deep China Dish, pick out the Onion, and pour on Oil, shake in also some shred Parsly, and garnish with sliced Lemon; 'tis very savoury and delicious.

#### To make excellent Meat of a Hog's-Head.

TAKE the Head and split it, take out the Brains, cut off the Ears, and lay it in Water one Day, then boil it 'till all the Bones come out, then take off the Skin as whole as you can, for that is to be laid over and under it: chop it small, as fast as you can, while 'tis hot; season it with Pepper, Salt, Mace, Nutmeg, or Jamaica Pepper, if you like it, instead of Mace; press it down into a Pudding or Venison-pan, lay the Skin over and under it, cover and press it down very close, and when 'tis quite cold 'twill turn out, and cut as close as a Cheese; you may add Salt and Vinegar to some of the

the Liquor 'twas boil'd in, and keep it in that Pickle: 'Tis eat with Vinegar or Mustard, and is better than Brawn, if the Head you make it of be large and fat.

A very good way to keep Tongues in Pickle for Boiling, to eat Hot or Cold.

CLEAN them well, and rub them very dry, then lay them flat in a Tray, and falt them well with common Salt; let them lie two Days, then beat an Ounce of Salt-petre for every Tongue, and strew it on the Top of the Tongue; let it lie two or three Days, and then falt it again with common Salt, after this turn them often, and put fresh Salt when wanted; these need never be Dried, but kept always in the Pickle, and boil'd, when you have Occasion, out of the Pickle.

An admirable Pickle, in Imitation of India Bamboo, exactly as that is done.

TAKE the largest and youngest Shoots of Elder, which put out the middle of May, the middle Stalks are most tender and biggest, the small are not worth doing; peel

peel off the outward Peel or Skin, and lay them in a strong Brine of Salt and Water for one Night, and then dry them in a Cloth, piece by piece; in the mean Time, make your Pickle of half White-wine, and half Beer-Vinegar; to each Quart of Pickle you must put an Ounce of White or Red Pepper, an Ounce of Ginger fliced, a little Mace, and a few Corns of Jamaica Pepper: when the Spice has boil'd in the Pickle, pour it hot upon the Shoots, stop them close immediately, and fet the Jar two Hours before the Fire, turning it often; 'tis as good a way to green this or any other Pickle as often boiling, though either way is certain, if you keep it scalding hot; always use Stone-jars, for any fort of Pickle if they can be got; the first Charge is inconsiderable, and they do not only last longer than Earth, but keep the Pickle better, because Vinegar will penetrate through all Earthen Veffels, and Glass will not bear the Fire: This is a very crifp pretty-tafted Pickle.

#### To Pickle Small Onions.

TAKE small Onions, peel off the outward Skin, and put them in Salt and Water all Night, pour that away, and put a fresh Pickle of Salt and Water, made stronger than the first; set them on the Fire in this, and let them just boil, scum them

them well, and take them off the Fire, fet them by to cool, and make a Pickle of Whitewine Vinegar, Pepper, Mace, and a little Ginger; let all stand to be cold, then dry the Onions from the Brine, and put them into the Pickle; if you add Mustard-seed, they will keep some Time: They taste and look very pretty among green Pickles.

#### To Pickle Cucumbers in Slices.

TAKE Thirty large Cucumbers, cut them in Slices, but not too thin, put them in a broad Pan, and lay with them fome small Onions peel'd, let them stand Twenty-four Hours; then put them into a Cullender to drain; boil two Quarts of Vinegar, with whole Pepper, large Mace, and Ginger; put the Cucumbers into a Jar, and pour the Pickle boiling-hot upon them, stop them very close that Moment; set them by for Two Days, and then boil the Pickle again, as before, 'till they are green'd.

Note, That they keep best unpared, and the whole small Onion may be kept in the Pickle with them.

# An Incomparable Way to make Mustard.

TAKE a Quart of the beft Mustard-feed you can get, let it be well dried, finely beat and sifted, then put to mix it two parts White-wine Vinegar, and one Sack, also one Spoonful of double-refin'd Sugar, stop it close, and 'twill keep a Year: If you are curious in your Seed, this way of making it, gives a very agreeable Quick-ness and Flavour, that is not so disgusting in the Breath, as when Garlick is kept in the Jug.

#### To Stew Cucumbers to eat Hot.

TAKE fix large Cucumbers, pare them and cut them in flices, not too thin, put them into your Sauce-pan, with fome Salt, and a whole Onion, not too large; let them flew in their own Liquor a little, then drain all that Liquor away, as dry as you can; and put to them, when you have taken out the Onion, one Anchovy, two or three Blades of Mace, a Spoonful of Gravy, and a quarter of a Pint of Claret; when the Anchovy is diffolved, shake in a bit of burnt Butter to thicken it; 'tis a Sauce generally lik'd with Venison or Mutton, and is indeed very savoury; some People add Ale,

Ale, rather than Wine, and 'tis very good where Wine cannot be had.

#### To keep Artichoak Bottoms for Sauce.

TAKE your Artichoaks about Michaelmas, they may be the fmall Plant fort, boil them fo much, as to take off all the Leaves, and the Choak; then put them on Tin Plates, and fet them into your Oven, after your other things are out, when 'tis fo cool as not to discolour them in the least; do this till they are very dry, then put them into an Earthen Pot to keep; tie them down close, and keep them in a dry Place; when you would use them, put them into some scalding Water, 'till they are tender, cut them in large Dice; they look white, and eat very fweet all Winter.

#### To keep Mushrooms without Pickle, for Sauce.

T AKE large Mushrooms, peel them, and take out all the Infide, lay them in Water fome Hours; then strew them in their own Liquor, and lay them on Tin Plates, as you do the Artichoak-Bottoms, in a cool Oven; repeat it till they are perfectly dry, tie them down, and keep them dry as the other. I cannot find they will look

white, take what care we can; therefore in the Stewing, I put some Mace and Pepper, so they eat delicately, and look as well as Truffles.

#### To Collar Veal.

Dake the Fillet of a Fat Leg of Veal, bone it, and cut the Fat in Slices to mix well, and roll up in the Collars; make your Seafoning of Pepper, Cloves, Mace, and Salt, fhred also Lemon-Thyme extremely small, place the Pieces of Fat, and strew the Seasoning, that it may be in all Places alike; then roll it very tight, and boil it tender in half White-wine, and half Water, season'd with Salt and Spice; when 'tis enough, new roll it, and keep it in that Pickle.

## A Neat's-Tongue Pudding.

BOIL a finall Neat's-Tongue, before 'tis falted; when 'tis enough blanch it, and when 'tis cold, shred or grate it extremely fine, put to it a Penny-Loaf grated, near a Quart of Cream, eight Eggs, but half the Whites, beat and strain the Eggs, then add a Spoonful or two of Sack, a little Salt, beaten Cloves and Mace, and Sugar to your Taste; a few Currants, and some Citron-peel candy'd; when you have laid a Puff-paste in the Dish, put in the Pudding; and then stick all over with large Pieces of Marrow.

The

The best way to make the Old English Bread-Pudding.

GRATE a Penny Loaf, all but the Cruft, aud pour upon it a full Pint of boiling Milk; if you can get Cream 'tis better; cover it, and let it stand to scald; for this Quantity beat up five Eggs, leave out two Whites, with a little Salt, and a little Sugar, strain this to the Bread and Milk; when that is pretty cool, grate in a little Nutmeg, and mix all well; pour it into little Wooden Dishes that have been butter'd, and are of a Size, tie them up in Cloths, very tight; they require near an Hour to boil, when in Dishes; be fure to flower the Cloth you tie over the Dish; because if you would have your Pudding very good, you must make them almost as thin as Custard; and in the Spring, the Addition of Juice of Spinage, makes them as good as Tanfy.

#### French Bread.

TAKE a Quart of Flower, and put to it three Spoonfuls of Ale-yeaft, an equal Quantity of Milk and Water warm'd; about the bigness of a Wallnut of good Butter, and a little Salt; make them pretty light, and drop them on Tin-plates, fet them before the Fire to rife, and bake them in a quick Oven, rasp them; some People put three 0 3 Eggs,

Eggs, only one White, to this Quantity; but I think Eggs make it tough, and not fo short; but that as you please.

## An excellent Oatmeal Pudding.

PUT into a Quart of Milk, just warm, one Pint of whole Oatmeal, very carefully pick'd, let it soak at least two Hours; then add to it a quarter of a Pound of stoned Raisins, half a Pound of Currants, a little Salt, sour Ounces of Sugar, and full half a Pound of good Butter; if you bake it, Marrow on the Top is a good Addition; 'tis very good either bak'd or boil'd.

## A Rice or Millet Pudding.

AKE fix Ounces of whole Rice, or Millet-feed, to this put full three Pints of New Milk, rather more than a quarter of a Pound of Sugar, a little Salt, and fix Ounces, or near half a Pound of Butter; for unlefs you have Marrow, Butter is better in all thefe than Suet: I fet down all thefe without Eggs, because they are generally as well, if not better lik'd without; but if you would have them of the Custard fort, you may add from four to nine Eggs; beat them well, and leave a little of your Milk to mix and strain with them.

#### A Pancake Pudding.

TAKE a Quart of Milk, four Eggs, two large Spoonfuls of Flower, a little Salt, and a very little grated Ginger; Butter your Dish, and bake it; pour melted Butter over it when it comes out of the Oven: 'Tis a cheap and very acceptable Pudding, being less offensive to the Stomach than fry'd Pancakes.

#### Puffs to Fry instead of Fritters.

TAKE a Pint of Milk, and mix as much Flower as will make it a Hasty-Pudding; take care to mix it with a little of the Milk at first, and so more and more, that when you set it on the Fire to thicken, it may not grow lumpy; pour it out to cool, and then add to it three Eggs, a little Salt and Sugar, beat all in a Mortar; fry them in good Lard over a quick Fire: They are to be dropp'd small, and will be round.

### Herb Dumplins.

TAKE the Crnmb of a Two-penny Loaf grated, fift it through a Cullender, take almost as much fresh Beef-suet, shred and sifted, put in Thyme, sweet Marjoram, Savory, and as much Penny-royal as all the other Herbs together; let all be shred extremely small; put in a few Currants

rants neatly pick'd and wash'd, a little Salt, grated Nutmeg, and a Spoonful of Sugar, beat two Eggs, with two Spoonfuls of Sack, mingle all these; rub a little Flower on your Hands, and roll them up as big as Tennis-Balls; boil them half an Hour; melt your Butter with a Glass of Sack, and strew Sugar over them; 'tis best to let your Water boil before you put them in.

#### An Almond Pudding.

BOIL a Quart of Cream, and when 'tis cold, put to it the Whites of feven Eggs new laid, that they may be beat to a Froth, blanch five Ounces of fine Jordan Almonds, and beat them small, with a little Orange-flower Water, then mix them with your Cream, and Whites of Eggs; make it pretty sweet with fine Powder Sugar, then lay on the Top some thin Slices of Orange, Lemon and Citron-peel neatly cut; take care to bake it in a cool Oven; for when the Crust is bak'd, 'tis enough; you are to lay a thin Crust in the Dish, before you pour it in, and garnish the Brim with the same; This is a very delicate Pudding as can be made, and not very expensive.

#### To make Mackeroons.

BLANCH and beat your Almonds, with Rose or Orange-flower Water; to every Pound of Almonds, put a Pound of fine

fine Sugar, and the Whites of three large Eggs, beat to a Froth, put all to the Almonds, and beat it together very well in your Mortar; when 'tis small enough, make it scalding hot in your Preserving-pan, then drop it on Waser Paper, and bake it on Sheets of Tin; be sure the Oven be not scorching.

## A Lemon-Pudding.

TAKE a quarter of a Pound of Almonds, blanch them, and beat them very fine, with Orange-flower Water, or fair Water will do, to keep them from Oiling as they beat; when they are fine, put in half a Pound of Butter, three quarters of a Pound of fine Sugar; then beat it again, and grate in the Rinds of two large Lemons, and fqueeze in the Juice of one, and beat it again; put in the Yolks of twelve Eggs, well beaten, mix it again extremely well; put a Puff-paste at the Bottom of the Dish; put the Pudding in, and cover it with a Puffpaste; three quarters of an Hour will bake it; take care your Oven be not fo hot to scorch it: 'tis a most delicate Pudding, and a very exact and certain way for either Orange or Lemon.

An Orange-Pudding for Skins.

TAKE the Rinds of twelve Sevil-Oranges, boil them in Water till they are very tender, and the Bitterness almost gone, the Water must be shifted several. Times; then dry them from the Water, and put them into a Marble Mortar, and beat them pretty fmall, with half a Pound of Fordan Almonds blanch'd, putting in often Sack, and three or four Spoonfuls of Orange-flower Water; grate a Pound of Naples Bisket, and a Penny white Loaf, which you must steep in warm Milk, breaking it fometimes, for fear it should gather into Lumps, when cold; put in twenty Eggs well beaten, leave out five Whites, take two full Pounds of the Hog's-Lard, which you must scrape very fine with your Spoon; put in a little Salt, and as much fine Sugar as will make it very fweet; put all together when the Bread and Milk is cold, and mix it extremely well with your Hands, that the Fat be not in Lumps; this Fat eats as well as Marrow; fill your Skins, and boil them with great Care.

#### White Lemon Cream.

TAKE almost a Pint of Water, and the Whites of nine Eggs very well beaten, and the Juice of four large Lemons, or five if they are not large; then strain it through a Jelly Bag, and put to it half a Pound of double-

double-refin'd Sugar, beat and fifted; fet it on a foft Fire, and keep it constantly stirring all one way, 'till 'tis as thick as Jelly; pour it out quick.

### A Rice White-Pot, very good, indeed.

TAKE one Pound of Rice, boil it in two Quarts of Milk, 'till 'tis thick and tender, then beat it very well in your Mortar, with three or four Ounces of blanch'd Almonds, boil two Quarts of Cream, with Crumbs of white Bread, and Blades of Mace; put all together, with the Yolks of eight Eggs, fome Rofe-water, and Sugar to your Tafte; when 'tis in the Oven, lay in some Candy'd Orange and Citron-peels, cut thin in handfome Pieces: This is very good, and half the Quantity, or a quarter, makes a very pretty China Bason full: Be very careful in the Baking; 'tis foon spoil'd, if too hot.

#### Cream Flummery.

TAKE a Pint of Cream, three Spoonfuls of Rice Flower, very fine ground or beat, and fifted 'till it is fmall, three Ounces of Sugar, and two Ounces of Almonds, beat fmall, beat with fome Spoonfuls of Milk, for fear of Oiling, the Whites of three Eggs, beat; ftrain the Cream and Eggs to the Almonds, and fet it on the Fire, and ftir it all one way, 'till 'tis thick and fmooth as a Cuftard :

Custard; then pour it into deep Glasses, that when 'tis cold, it may turn out in picked Shapes; blanch and cut some Almonds in Slips to stick upon it.

#### Currant clear Cakes.

INFUSE your Currants in a Stone Pot or Jug, that you may keep it close cover'd in a Kettle of Water, to boil 'till they are tender; then pass them while they are hot through your Jelly-bag; to a Pound of this Liquor, put a Pound of double-refin'd Sugar, boil'd to a thick Candy, 'till 'tis almost Sugar again; then put in your Liquor, and make it scalding hot, but it must not boil; then put it into Glasses, the Thickness you would have your Cakes of, and put them in your Stove, with a moderate Heat, 'till they are a strong Jelly; then turn them out upon Glass Plates, fift a little Sugar on the Top of them; keep them turn'd and stoved 'till they are candy'd. White Currents and Pear Plumbs are done the fame way.

Rasberry-Cakes.

INFUSE your Rasberries as you do the Currants, and let the Liquor run out; then put to the Pulp of the Rasberries as much or more of the Currant Liquor as run out of the Rasberries; put the weight in Sugar, and boil it to a Candy as exactly as you did the other.

Note,

Note, 'That the Seeds of the Rasberry are not to be mix'd, therefore 'tis best to strain them through a thin strong Cloth, that you may get all the Pulp, and leave only the dry Seeds hard prest. Quinces and Apricot clear Cakes, are made the same way, only they are scalded in fair Water, 'till tender, and not by Insusion, as this small Liquid Fruit is.

#### Rasberry-Jamm.

YOU are to infuse your Rasberries as before, but must be very careful to pick your Fruit from the Dead and Maggotty ones; when they are tender, take out some of their Liquor, and put the same Quantity of Currant Liquor to what is left; put the weight in Sugar, and boil it up together; put it into your Glasses, to eat with Cream all the Year.

I believe this general Rule will never fail you, because the Person who sent it, excels in Sweet-Meats; the Rasberry-Liquor that you take out, may be boil'd up for Syrup, which no Family should be without; but some Currant Liquor put to the Rasberries makes it Jelly; so that it looks better, and tastes quicker.

To make RedQuince Marmalade in Jelly.

SCALD as many fair large Quinces as you would use; then grate as many of the small ones, as will make a Pint or a Quart of Juice,

Juice, according to the Quantity you shall want; let this Juice settle, after you have press'd it through a coarse Cloth; then strain it through a Jelly-bag, that what you use may be perfectly clear; to every Pint of this Liquor, put a Pound and half of Sugar, and a Pound and half of the scalded Quinces, which must be par'd and cored, before they are weigh'd; fet it all at first on a pretty brisk Fire; when it begins to boil, make it flower; and when you fee it begins to turn Red, cover it with a Pye-plate tyed up in a Cloth; when 'tis a fine bright Red, take it off, and fill your Glaffes: You must carefully watch the Colour, because it turns muddy and black in a Moment, and the Colour is as delicate as the Tafte, in this and all Sweet-Meats.

#### To Preserve Cherries.

Pint of the Juice of White Currants (first infus'd and pass'd through a Jelly-bag) and the weight of both Liquor and Cherries in double-refin'd Sugar; sift your Sugar, and strew it as you put them into your Preserving-Pan; boil and scum it, 'till the Cherries look clear from the scum; then put them into your Glasses: Some put in Gooseberry-Liquor so strain'd, but Currant is better, if they are White and full Ripe.

A most

### A most admirable Way to Dry Cherries.

TO every five Pounds of Cherries flon'd put one Pound of double-refin'd Sugar; put the Cherries into the Preferving-Pan, with a very little Water; make both just scalding hot, take them immediately out of this Liquor, and dry them; then put them into the Pan again, strewing the Sugar between every Layer of Cherries; let it stand to melt, and then fet it on the Fire, and make it scalding hot, as before, which must be done twice or thrice with the Sugar; then drain them from this Syrup, and lay them fingly to dry in the Sun, or in your Stove; when they are dry throw them into a Bason of cold Water, and take them out again the fame Moment, and dry them with a Cloth; fet them once more into the hot Sun, and keep them all the Year in a dry Place: This is not only the best way for to give them a good Taste, but alfo for Colour and Plumpness; I never found any way fo certain.

### To Preserve Green Apricots.

TAKE your Apricots before the Stones are hard, put them into a coarse Cloth, with a large Handful of Salt, rub them well in it; then put them into fealding hot Water; fet them on the Fire, and keep them fealding on a gentle Fire, 'till they are green;

then

then let them boil 'till they are tender; put to a Pound of Apricots, a Pound of Sugar double-refin'd; boil your Sugar to a thick Syrup; and when the Apricots are drain'd and cold, and the Syrup is cold, you may put them together; what you defign for Tarts will keep fome Time with half their Weight in fingle-refin'd Sugar: When you are to boil your Sugar to Syrup, you may wet it more than when 'tis to Candy.

## To make Marmalade of ripe Apricots.

PARE, stone and cut your Apricots into thin Slices; then to a Pound of Fruit, put a Pound of double-refin'd Sugar, and a quarter of a Pint of strong Codlin Liquor; boil it as fast as you can, and when the Fruit is tender, and clear from the Scum, which you are carefully to take off, then set it off the Fire, and break what Pieces you think too big; then sill your Glasses, and paper them when cold.

#### To make a Marmalade of Orange-Flowers.

PICK your Orange-flowers, Leaf by Leaf, and then boil them tender, in as much Water as will quite cover them; then take twice their weight in double-refin'd Sugar; take a quarter of the Sugar, and beat with the Leaves in a Mortar; wet the reft

OI

of the Sugar, and boil it up almost to a Candy heighth; put the Flowers into it, and stir it in the Syrup 'till 'tis well mix'd; boil it just up after 'tis mix'd, and fill your Glasses; it may be turn'd out, and fifted with Sugar, and dry'd in Cakes, or kept in deeper Glasses to eat wet: A Spoonful of this gives a fine Flavour in Almond Cream, or Cream Flummery, or any made Dish that wants Perfume.

#### To make Apricot Cakes.

TAKE a Pound of your ripest Apricots. feald them, peel them, and take out the Stones; then mash them to pieces with the back of your Spoon; then take half a Pound of double-refin'd Sugar, and a Spoonful of Water, boil it to a Candy; then put in the Pulp of your Apricots; let it flund a quarter of an Hour on the Fire, and boil a little, stirring it well, then pour it into shallow flat Glasses, that it may easily turn out; let it stand two Days in the Glasses; then lay them on Glass Plates, stove them, and turn them daily.

You may do Quince Cakes thus, only al-Ow more Sugar; but if your Apricots are full Ripe, this, by that time they are skinn'd and ston'd, is a fit Quantity, and will keep

them all the Year.

To Preserve Currants Red and White.

PICK out all the little Seeds with a Quill, to half a Pound of these stoned Currants, put a Pound of the Currant Liquor, infus'd and pass'd through a Jelly-bag, and put the weight of both in double-refin'd Sugar; put all together into your Preserving Pan, boil them all together on a quick Fire, 'till they look clear, and the Scum has done rising; then put them into your Glasses, and paper them close.

#### To Preserve Grapes.

SKIN and stone your Grapes, and to every Pound, put a Pound of double-resin'd Sugar, beat and sifted; strew some between and over the Grapes, as you put them
carefully into your Preserving Pan, and
keep out one quarter of the Sugar, to strew
on them in boiling; set them on a quick
Fire; cover them with a Silver or Earthen
Plate; strew on the remaining Sugar as they
boil up; when they look clear, take them off
the Fire; let it stand off the Fire, cover'd a
little while, then scum them clean, and put
them into Glasses.

To Dry Plumbs.

TAKE half the weight of the Plumbs in Sugar; boil it to a Syrup, not too thick; flit your Plumbs down the Seam, and put them

them into this Syrup; fet them on the Fire, and keep them scalding hot, 'till they are tender, and be fure to let the Syrup cover them, that they may keep their Colour; let them lie a Day in this Syrup; then make a thick Syrup of near the weight in Sugar, boil'd almost to a Candy; when 'tis cold, drain your Plumbs out of the first Syrup, and put them into this; they must also be cover'd with this Syrup, and fet on the Fire to feald, 'till they look clear; fet them by three Days in this last Syrup; then lay them on Glass Plates, and dry them in the Sun, or your Stove, turning them often; if green, they must be first rubb'd in Salt, and scalded green, as green Apricots.

An excellent Way to Preserve or Candy Orange or Lemon-peels.

BOIL the Peels very tender, shifting the Water four or five times in the boiling, more or less, as you chuse the bitterish Flavour; then put them in Water two or three Days; but if they are well boil'd, this last Watering is best let alone; though 'tis the Direction of a very nice Consectioner; but I leave it to the Judgment of the Experienced: Then take half their weight in Sugar; and to each Pound of Sugar, put a Quart of Water; boil and scum it very clean, then put in your Peels; let them lie a Fortnight: heat them once a Day, then take a little

more than half their weight in Sugar again; and to each Pound of this Sugar, put a Pint of Water; boil this Syrup as before; put in your Peels, and heat them, 'till they look clear, but never let them boil; you may keep them all the Year for Use, in this last Syrup, if you sometimes heat it; 'tis best so for most Uses, as Apple-Pyes, Cakes, &c. but if you want it Candy'd, boil a little double-refin'd Loaf Sugar to a Candy heighth, and throw them in to boil up; lay them out to dry in the Sun, or in your Stove: Thus may do Orange Chips.

### To the a pretty fort of Lemon-Puffs.

O a Pound of double-refin'd Sugar, finely beat and fifted, take the Juice of two
Lemons, beat them together in a Bowl; and
as you beat them, put in White of Egg, first
beat to a very high Froth, 'till 'tis white as
Snow; when you have beat all together
some time, and put in the Quantity of Egg
you design, which must be Three at least
to every Pound of Sugar; then add the
Rind of two fair Lemons, finely grated,
beat it 'till all is well mix'd, sift your Papers with Sugar, and drop on the Puss in
small Drops; you may add any Persume you
like; but they are very good without.

#### To make Savoy Biskets.

TAKE twelve Eggs, and leave out half the Whites, beat them up with a small Whisk; put in two or three Spoonfuls of Rose or Orange-flower Water, and as you beat it up strew in a Pound of double-refin'd Sugar, that is first beat and sifted very fine; when this Eggs and Sugar is as thick and white as Cream, take a Pound and two Ounces of the finest Flower that is dry'd, and mix it in; then lay them in long Cakes, and bake them in a cool Oven.

## To feason a Venison-Pasty.

Buck, you may take off a fine Neck to roast; then Bone and Skin what remains, which will make as large a Pasty as the whole Side of a Doe; but if you would bake all the Side of the Buck, your Seasoning must be an Ounce and Quarter of beaten Pepper, and full as much Salt as twice the bigness of the Heap of Pepper, rub all over the Meat, and then lay your Meat, of an equal Thickness, into a very large Soupedish, without any Crust at Bottom: (for thus stewing in its own Gravy, is a great Improvement upon the old-fashion'd way of a Bottom-Crust, and shred Suet upon that to keep it moist) This full Quantity of Meat

will require near three Pounds and a half of Butter to lay over it, unless your Venison be exceeding fat; put a Roll of Paste quite round the Meat, that it may ferve for Pudding-Cruft, and to fasten the Lid to, which make by the Rule in the next Receipt; let the Lid be thick, and wet the infide Roll, that you may close it fast; put what Ornaments you please on the Top, but the fewer there are, the better your Crust will rife; make a Hole on the Top, and put in a quarter of a Pint of Water just as it goes into the Oven; this will take fix Hours to be well foak'd. The Bones and Skins must be feafon'd, and put into a Pan just cover'd with Water, and baked at the fame Time, left the Pasty should want Liquor.

Note, You must, at Discretion, abate of this Quantity of Seasoning and Butter, as the Venison is in Quantity; this is in full for the

largest Side.

## Paste for the Pasty.

Pounds and a half of Butter, and fix Eggs, leaving out half the Whites, which are apt to make the Crust tough; put in one Pound of the Butter with the Eggs, and Water into the Middle of the Flower, (which should be always of the finest Sort) wet it pretty stiff, then roll it out, and work in the Remainder of the Butter, by sticking it on in bits,

bits, and shaking on Flower; so double and roll, and stick on more, 'till the whole is taken up. This for all Meat-Passies is fat enough; but if you make it for Fruit-Tarts, where the Crust is to be very thin, you must allow full three quarters of a Pound of Butter and one Egg to every Pound of Flower.

### Icing for Tarts.

TAKE a quarter of a Pound of fine Loaf-Sugar, beat it very fine, and fift it; put it into your very clean Mortar, with the White of one Egg, and two Spoonfuls of Rofe or Orange-flower Water; flir it all one way, 'till your Tarts are baked, and almost cold; then strike them all over the Top with a fmall Bunch of Feathers dipp'd in this Icing, and fet them into your cool Oven again, 'till they are harden'd; take care they do not grow discolour'd by standing too long.

#### To make Orange-Tarts.

TAKE Twelve of the fairest Sevil-Oranges; pare off the Rinds as thin as 'tis possible, that some of the Yellow may remain on the Orange; put them into fair Water as you pare them; then cut them in halves, and fqueeze the Juice into a clean Bason; still throw your Oranges into clean Water; when all your Juice is out, put to it half a Pint of fair Water; cover it and fet it by 'till you have boil'd your Oranges P 4

tender, in fo many Waters as is requifite to take off the Bitterness; when this is done, take out the Skin and ftringy Part that is in the Infide, still throw them into Water; then cut them into Slices, and dry them in a clean Cloth; strain out the Juice and Water from the Seeds, which will be pretty thick, like Jelly; put four or five Spoonfuls into every Tart; one Orange will fill a Tart; your Sugar must be fine Loaf powder'd, and about a Pound and a quarter will feafon the twelve Tarts; when the Crust is bak'd they are enough, and will look very clear; if you like Apple, you may mix the Apple and Orange, and if your Oranges are not very juicy, you may add the Juice of a Lemon; thefe are a very proper Tart for Winter.

# To make a good Ginger-Bread without Butter.

TAKE two Pounds of Treacle, candy'd Orange, Lemon and Citron-peel, of each a quarter of a Pound, as much candy'd Ginger, all fliced thin; one Ounce of Carraway-feed, and one Ounce of Corianderfeed, with one Ounce of beaten Ginger; mix in as much Flower as will make it a foft Paste; lay it in Cakes on Tin Plates, and bake it in a quick Oven; keep it dry, and it will be good some Months.



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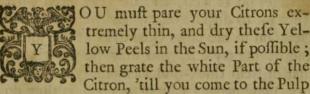
# RECEIPTS

IN

# Physick and Surgery.

#### PART II.

The true Way of making Barbadoes Water.



or Juice; take this that is grated, and put it into a cold Still, and diffil as much of that Simple Water as you can draw off good, with

with a pretty quick Fire; in the mean Time, you are to put one Pound of those dry'd Peels into one Quart of Brandy, let it be the very best you can get; when these Peels are foak'd enough, put to each Quart of that Brandy, one Quart of Madera Wine; then distil that Brandy and Wine, and Peels in a cold Still, and put one Pint of the Simple Water, to a Quart of the other ftrong Water; make a Syrup of double-refin'd Sugar; put to each Pound of Sugar, almost three Pints of Water, and the Whites of three Eggs; let it boil, and then pass it through your Jelly-bag, 'till 'tis extremely fine; put half a Pint of this Syrup, to each Quart of the mix'd Water, more or less, as you love it for Sweetness; and to each Quart put a bit of Allom, as big as a Pea; when you fee it perfectly clear and fine, rack it off into other Bottles; and put into each Bottle some of the Citron Flowers.

I did with great Difficulty procure this Receipt so exact, because either Lemons or Oranges do as well, and are very often what we want to dispose of, when we have had Occasion to use large Quantities of the Juice; and having try'd it, you may be convinc'd, that of fresh thick-rind Lemons, you may at any Time make a Liquor as good as they do in Barbados; especially where the Green-House affords you Orange or Lemon Flowers.

# An excellent Poppy-Water for an Asthma.

PILL a large Glass full of fresh Poppies; pour to it one Quart of Hyslop Water; one Pint of Damask-Rose Water; one Pint of Penny-royal Water; and two Quarts of Compound Briony Water; put in also eight Ounces of stoned Raisins, four Ounces of sliced Figs, two Ounces of Sugar-candy, two Ounces of Syrup of Maiden-hair, two Ounces of Syrup of Ground-Ivy, two Ounces of sliced Liquorice, Carraway-seeds and Aniseed, of each three Ounces bruised; let these stand fix Weeks in the Sun; then strain it off; and when the Breath is very bad, drink four Spoonfuls; In Extremity you may mix half an Ounce of Oximel of Squils with every Dose.

## A Pleasant Medicine for a Cough.

PUT two large Lemons over a gentle Fire, to coddle as you do an Apple; when they are foft, take them out before they burft (which they will be very apt to do, if your Fire be fierce) cut them, and take out the Juice and foft Pulp from the Seeds, Strings and Rind; put to this Pulp four Ounces of Sugar-candy finely beat; four Ounces of Oil of Sweet Almonds, and two Ounces of Syrup of Poppies; mix all well together, and take a large Spoonful whenever your Cough is troublesome.

An

An easy Medicine for a dry Husking Cough.

DRINK near a Pint of Spring-Water as hot as you can, the last Thing you

do going to Rest.

This is recommended by one whose Integrity may be depended on; and though 'tis seemingly a trifling Prescription, it has done very wonderful Cures.

## An admirable Medicine for the Piles.

TAKE a Handful of the Leaves of Mullein, and boil it in a Pint of Milk; fweeten this with an Ounce of Syrup of Violets, and drink it every Night going to Reft, for five or fix Weeks, and it will certainly take away the Cause.

# Lozenges for the Piles, as used in the West-Indies.

TWO Ounces of Flower of Sulphur, of fine Sugar pounded, with Mucelage of Gum-Tacamahaca, and Red-rose Water sour Ounces; make it into Lozenges, and dry them before the Fire, or in an Oven after the Things are drawn; take about the Quantity of one Dram daily. This is a most valuable Medicine.

# An excellent Remedy for the Stone-Cholick.

TAKE three Mornings together fix Spoonfuls of Milk-Water cold Still'd, and as much good White-wine; and before you drink it, slice a Spoonful of Ginger very thin; wet it with some of this Mixture, swallow it, and drink the rest after it; do this for three Mornings; and the three following Mornings, take two Spoonfuls of the best Sallad Oil you can get; strew a little Sugar upon it, and swallow it down, drinking after it a Draught of warm Ale, sweeten'd with Honey; take these two Medicines interchangeably for nine Mornings together: This has been very often approved with admirable Success in violent Fits.

# For a Cholick attended with painful Vomitings.

TAKE a large Chicken, and fill it with Manna as full as it will hold; put it into two Gallons of Water, with a quarter of an Ounce of Mace; let it boil as quick as possible, 'till two or three Quarts be wasted, the Manna consumed, and the Fowl boiled to Rags; then strain it, and let the Patient drink at least one Gallon of it, and as fast

as one Porringer comes up, let him drink another, 'till it works downwards; when he has drank all, and the Operation is over, let him take the following Julep.

# The Composing Draught for the Cholick.

TAKE two large Spoonfuls of Mint-Water, two of Hyfterick-Water, one of Oil of Sweet Almonds, and one Ounce of Syrup of Diacodium; if, 'tis for a Man, add ten Drops of Liquid Laudanum, and twenty Drops of Spirit of Hart's-horn; if for a Wo-man, only twenty Drops of Tincture of Castor; add also for either two or three Drops of Oil of Juniper; drink this Draught, and, under God, you may absolutely depend on Rest and Ease, and a safe Cure; for the Manna does fo gently make its Passage, as by Repetition is fure to carry off that sharp Humour that was the Caufe of this Tumult in the Bowels; and then an Opiate may be fafely given, when this Operation is over; but before, 'tis dangerous: I would very earnestly recommend this Method, because 'twas Thirty Years the Successful Practice of an excellent Apothecary, and given me as a very valuable Specifick on this Occasion.

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leaft one Callen of it, and esting

#### For the Stone.

TAKE Millepedes, and white Amber, of each a like Quantity, finely powder'd, half as much Nutmeg finely grated; as much Chio Turpentine as will beat; mix them in a warm Mortar, into a Mass for Pills; let your Millepedes die in White or Rhenish Wine; a little more Turpentine than all the rest weigh, is sufficient; take fasting the Quantity of five large Peas, in Tea or any such Thing.

#### For the Gravel.

T AKE half a Pint of Ale, boil it and foum it very clean; then fet it off the Fire, 'till you beat up the Yolks of two newlaid Eggs, with one Spoonful of Honey; mix it with the Ale, when 'tis cold enough to mix without curdling: Drink this Draught nine Mornings.

## To stop a violent Bleeding immediately.

DIP a Piece of black Bays, in the sharpest Vinegar you can get, and lay it to the Groin of the Patient; as it grows warm, dip it again: It gives a sudden Check, and is the Practice in the West Indies, among the Blacks, who are subject to this Distemper,

and

# 240 A Collection of Receipts and often loft by the Violence of it: And

this does feldom fail in Extremity.

## For a Loofeness and Bloody-Flux.

TAKE the Yolks of two new-laid Eggs, and put them into a Glass of strong Cinnamon-Water, and drink it all; Brandy, Rum, Rosa-solis, or indeed any strong spirituous Liquor, will do as well as Cinnamon-Water, and does very seldom fail: But I think such hot Things, how well soever recommended, should never be used, but in the greatest Extremity; because chewing of Rhubarb is as certain, and carries off the Cause; and of all the sudden Cures, I prefer Venice Treacle.

## An excellent Ale for the Scurvy.

TAKE one Peck of Garden Scurvy-grafs, of Water-creffes and Brooklime, each four Handfuls, dried Fumitory, Ground-Ivy, Liverwort, Tops of Firr and Tamerisk, of each two Handfuls; Roots of Sharp-pointed-dock fliced, four Ounces; Horfe-radish Roots, Saffafras and Daucus Seed, each one Ounce; two large Sevil Oranges fliced; put all, being gently bruis'd, into a Canvas Bag, and hang it into fix Gallons of Ale; when it is fine, drink a Draught in a Morning, or at any Time in the Day: This was order'd

# in Physick and Surgery. 241

order'd by Sergeant Barnard, and is an incomparable Ale for that Purpose; but where the Scurvy and Dropsy meet, and the Legs swell, if the Stomach can bear it, the Juices of the Herbs, with Sevil Orange-Juice, is a more speedy and effectual Method.

# A very good Purging Diet-Drink for the same.

TAKE new Wort, nine Gallons; boil in it one good Handful of Firr, with a few Hops; then strain it and work it in the Barrel, as for other Ale; then take Scurvygrass, Water-cresses and Brooklime, of each four Handfuls; Hart's-tongue, Liver-wort, of each two Handfuls; Dock-root, and Polipody of the Oak sliced, of each two Handfuls; Rhubarb, Gentian, Sassafras, and Senna, of each two Ounces; cut your Herbs very small, and mix them all together; slice in four Sevil Oranges, and bruise two Ounces of Carraway and Cardimum-seeds; put all into a Bag; let it work together: when it has been stopp'd down a Week, 'tis sit to drink.

# For a Dropfy.

TAKE the Leaves of Ash-trees, as soon as they begin to come out, and double Still them; give nine Spoonfuls of this Water, with one Spoonful of Mustard-seed, in Q the

the Morning; and at four or five in the Afternoon, give a Spoonful of Mustard-feed, in the like Quantity of White-wine: This is recommended as never-failing; when the Distemper is taken at first, rest from taking it for ten Days, and then begin again.

A most incomparable Spring Water to sweeten the Blood, and ease all wandring Pains.

TAKE the Leaves both of the Garden and Sea Scurvy-grafs, wash and pick all clean, of each six Pounds; press out the Juice of the Sea Scurvy-grafs; put also the Juice of Brooklime and Water-cresses, of each one Quart; of the best White-wine, one Gallon; twelve Sevil Oranges; of Irish and Briony-roots sliced, one Pound; Horse-radish Roots, two Pound; Winter Bark sliced, half a Pound; Nutmegs bruis'd, a quarter of a Pound; let all these steep four Days, and then distil them in a Limbeck: Take six Spoonfuls every Morning, and at four in the Asternoon.

# An excellent Purging Elixir.

TAKE an Ounce of good Rhubarb; two Ounces of Senna; half an Ounce of Liquorice; Juniper, Aniseed, and Carrawayseed,

# in Physick and Surgery. 243

feed, of each half an Ounce; Cochineal, Myrrh and Saffron, of each a quarter of an Ounce; Raifins stoned, two Ounces; bruise the Seeds, slice the Rhubarb and Liquorice, and put all the Ingredients into a Quart of good Brandy, and half a Pint of Compound Briony-Water: I also add long Pepper and Cinnamon, of each half an Ounce; when it has stood a Month to infuse, strain it out, and add half a Pint of the Purging Syrup of Roses. Take six Spoonfuls of this, whenever you fear a Fit of the Cholick, or find a Sickness and Loathing in your Stomach.

# A Syrup for an old Cough, and to cleanse the Breast.

TAKE Liquorice and Maiden-hair, of each two Ounces, dried Hyffop one Ounce, Anifeeds two Drams; infuse all one Day and Night, in two Quarts of Spring Water; let them boil on a soft Fire, till half be consumed; strain it hard, and put to it a Pound and half of Clarified Honey, and good White-wine Vinegar, as much as will make it pretty sharp; then boil it again, till it is a thick Syrup; keep it for use, and if you would add a grateful Taste, drop in three or four Drops of Oil of Cinnamon: This is not only safe, but very highly recommended to be taken First and Last.

A most

A most excellent Process in a Confumption.

The Conferve.

CONSERVE of Hips, fix Ounces.

#### The Milk Water.

TAKE dry'd Mint, one Handful; Ground-Ivy, three Handfuls; fix Nutmego fliced, one Quart of Snails, clean'd and bruis'd; Diftil these in a Gallon of Milk, and a Quart of White-wine.

#### The Syrup.

TAKE Balfam of Tolu, half an Ounce; boil it in two Pints of Barley-Water, 'till half be boil'd away; strain, and add to it as much Sugar as will make it a weak Syrup.

#### The Pectoral Pills.

TAKE Pill of Storax, and of Hound's-Tongue, each half a Dram; mix them and make it into twelve Pills.

#### The Purging Pills.

TAKE Pill Rufus two Drams; Salt of Tartar, half a Scruple; Chymical Oil of Marjoram, three Drops; as much Syrup of Rhubarb as will make it into Pills.

The

## in Phylick and Surgery. 245

#### The Powder.

TAKE Powder of Crab's Eyes, one Ounce; Prepared Pearl, a quarter of an Ounce; white Sugar-candy, one Ounce; mix these all into a fine Powder.

## The Directions how to take All.

TAK E as much of the Powder as will lie on a Sixpence, in half a Pint of Ass's or Cow's Milk, and Barley-Water every Morning; take as much as a Chefnut thrice every Day, and drink after it some of the Milk Water, sweeten'd with the Balfamick Syrup; take three of the Pectoral Pills going to Rest; and repeat the Dose if your Cough disturbs your Rest; and once a Week take four of the Purging Pills at Night; make an Issue in the Arm; and once in a Month or six Weeks, take three or sour Ounces of Blood away.

This is so safe and valuable a Method,

This is fo fafe and valuable a Method, that I shall only say, that every good Judgment must approve it; and it was as highly recommended to me, as, on Experience, I

find it deserv'd to be.

Let d, half a Pound ; and for a boil hell and Home; then put in Mynh, firely pounder d.

An Excellent and Approv'd Process for the Eyes, if the Rheum be violent, and they have Specks.

TAKE Hemlock two Ounces, pound it in a Wooden Bowl, and add one Thimble-full of Bay-falt, and as much Bole Armoniack as will ferve to fpread it on a thick Cloth; lay it to the Wrist, and renew it every twelve Hours, as long as you have Occasion; If but one Eye is affected, lay it to the contrary Wrist.

Red-Rose Water, one Ounce; Tutty and white Sugar, finely powder'd, of each one Ounce; shake them well, and let it settle, and wash your Eye, with a fine Rag, three

or four times a Day.

A most excellent Salve for the same Purpose, which will do without the other, when the Rheum is not so violent.

TAKE of the best Sallad-Oil, one Pound; Yellow Wax, twelve Ounces; put them on the Fire in a new Pipkin, stirring the Wax 'till it is melted; then add white Lead, half a Pound; and let it boil half an Hour; then put in Myrrh, finely powder'd, Olibanum,

### in Phylick and Surgery. 247

Olibanum, Mastick, of each two Ounces; Camphire, one Ounce; each of them by themselves, in the Order here named, stirring and mixing them well before you put in the other; let all boil foftly, 'till it is blackish; you must stir it all the time it is on the Fire, and also after it is taken off, 'till it be cold enough to make into Rolls, working it like Dough: Take great Care in the well mixing, and that it be not over or under boil'd; it is to be apply'd to the Temples, and behind the Ears, for the Eyes, to lie there 'till it grows moift, and falls off. It will keep a long Time, and is a fweet and clean Plaister; a most admirable Dissolvent, and therefore good for Swellings, as also for Cuts, and cures almost any Sore that does not need much drawing.

These RECEIPTS cost a Gentleman Fisteen Hundred Pounds, who had them of a Jesuit, who came from Rome, to cure his Daughter's Eyes; and they have been often try'd with great Success: Value these as choice Receipts.

The Sum is so considerable, that I should not have mentioned it, if I had not receiv'd it thus, Word for Word, from a most generous Contributor, whose Veracity and Good-

ness makes it perfectly unquestionable.

To

#### To draw out a Thorn.

TAKE a little black Soap, and chew fome Nut-kernels to mix with the Soap, and lay it on to the Place grieved; repeat t'till the Thorn comes out.

#### For the Canker.

TAKE a quarter of a Pound of Honey; the Quantity of a Wallnut of Allom beat fine; take Woodbine Leaves, Columbine Leaves, Briar Leaves, and Red Sage, Sorrel and Violet Leaves, of each one Handful; two or three Sprigs of Rue; stamp all the Leaves; strain the Juice, and boil it with the Honey and Allum; scum it clean, and wash the Mouth often with it.

## To draw an Imposthume out of the Ear.

TAKE Gamomile, and burn it between two Tiles, and put it in a Gloth; apply it as hot to the Ear as it can be fuffer'd; repeat it 'till you find Eafe.

### A Medicine for the Jaundice.

TAKE Two-penny-worth of Saffron, finely powder'd; twice the weight in Turmerick, finely powder'd; a Nutmeg grated, as much powder'd Egg-shell as will lie on half a Crown; an Ounce and half of Sugar finely powder'd and sifted; nix all these Powders together, and divide them into three Parts; and take one Part in nine Spoonfuls of White-wine in the Morning Fasting; fast two Hours after it: Do this for three Mornings.

#### Another for the same, that is recommended as never-failing.

one Handful; twenty Earth-worms, fcour'd in Ashes; pound all together in a Stone Mortar; put to them a Pint of Ale or White-wine; stir all together well, then strain it, and let it boil softly, and put to it two Spoonfuls of the Powder of Hart's-horn; as much Saffron, fresh dry'd and powder'd, as will lie on half a Crown. The Patient must drink nine Spoonfuls of it Morning and Evening, being first warm'd; do this for three Days. This Medicine is not pleasant, nor do I find one that is, except Steel Wine, or Water, which I think is allow'd Infallible.

A very good Drink for a Consumptive Cough.

TAKE Comfrey, and Marsh-mallow-roots, of each three Ounces; let them be first well dry'd, Scorzonera, and Orange-root candy'd, of each two Ounces; cut all these very small; mix them well together, then divide them into several Parts; that is an Ounce in each Paper; take a Quart of Spring Water, and put in one Ounce of these Ingredients; let it boil gently, then add a Pint of Milk, and let all boil gently, 'till it comes to a Quart; when 'tis cool drink half; do this twice a Day for some Time.

## For a Pleuretick Cough, or Pain in the Side.

TAKE two Ounces of Oil of Turnip-feed, new drawn; the Syrups of Lemons and Maiden-hair, each half an Ounce; of Syrup of Violets one Ounce; beat all these with one Ounce of Sugar-candy; take a Spoonful as often as you can, and be sure you mix it well when you take it, being apt to separate.

Note, That Oil of Turnips, in any malignant Cafe, exceeds all other Oils that can

be dtawn; and can always be had.

In

### In a strong Fit of the Asthma.

TAKE Three Ounces of Linfeed Oil cold drawn; one Ounce of the Syrup of Balfam of Tolu, shook well together; drink all, or as much of this as you can, Fasting; 'twill cause a little Vomit, and perhaps a Stool; but has often relieved, when Squils and Bleeding have fail'd; tho' Squils in Extremity is almost a Specifick for that Distemper.

### Lozenges for the Heart-burn.

TAKE calcin'd Oister-shells, as found on the Sea-Coast; let them be so well wash'd by Time, as to be as white within and without as Mother of Pearl; dry them well by the Fire, and let them be beat and fifted as fine as 'tis possible; with half a Pound of this Powder, mix half a Pound of Sugar well beat and fifted; wet this with a Spoonful or two of Milk and Water, to make it a very stiff Paste; then mould them into Lozenges neatly, and bake them very dry, in an Oven that is not too hot, for fear of discolouring them; they do best when every thing is drawn: This does fo effectually fweeten that four Humour in the Stomach, that causes this Distemper, that it not only prevents it, but helps Digeftion,

and

and fecures you from all the III Effects that are the Confequences of it: And it was recommended on the Experience of a very worthy Gentleman, who had fuffer'd extremely, 'till this Specifick was discover'd: And indeed this Medicine may be reasonably supposed to work the Cure 'tis preferibed for; if we will be at the Pains to try its immediate Power over the sharpest Vinegar.

## A Powder for the Worm-Fever in Children.

TAKE Crab's-Eyes and Corraline, of each two Drams; Cream of Tartar, one Dram; make all into a very fine Powder, and give as much as will lie on a Sixpence, three times a Day, in a Spoonful of Milk Water, and drink two or three Spoonfuls after it; if this does not keep it from being Coftive, give sometimes a Glister of Milk and Sugar; and if the Weakness continues, Rhubarb steep'd in small Beer, drank constantly for three Weeks or a Month, will certainly effect a perfect Cure, and strengthen as well as sweeten the Blood: This Powder must be taken at the Full and Change of the Moon.

much, that causes this Differences, that it

The Milk-Water, proper to take with the Powder.

TAKE Shell Snails bruis'd, one Quart; Earth-worms, one Pint; Ale-hoof, Betony, Penny-royal, Sage, Mint, Scabious, of each one Handful; Comfry Leaves and Roots two Handfuls; Foxfern-roots two Handfuls; fix Whites of Eggs, a Gallon of New Milk, a Quart of Canary; bruife the Herbs, flice the Roots, and diffil all in a cold Still; fweeten it with Sugar-candy.

### A good Drink in the Rickets.

TAKE Currants and Raisins of the Sun stoned, of each one Handful; Maidenhair, Yarrow and Speedwell, of each one Handful; a large Handful of Liver-wort, a Handful of Dragon's Leaves; nine Leaves of Hart's-tongue; a Spoonful of Aniseeds, and an Ounce of Liquorice sliced; boil all these in three Quarts of small Ale, 'till half be confumed; then strain it, and put it in little Bottles, and drink a Draught of it every Morning, and at Four in the Asternoon.

### Another for the Rickets.

TAKE of French Barley, one Ounce; Buds of Fern, two Ounces; of the Leaves of Egrimony, Liver-wort, Hart'stongue, Betony, Maiden-hair, of each of these half a Handful; Raisins of the Sunston'd, one Handful; eight Figs; Liquorice sliced, half an Ounce; Aniseeds bruised, one Ounce; boil these in three Pints of Spring Water, till a third be wasted: strain it, and mix with it an Ounce and half of Sugarcandy, and ten Drops of Spirit of Sulphur: This Medicine seldom fails, if you give four Spoonfuls twice a Day.

## An admirable Method for Convulsion Fits.

TAKE Onions and black Pepper, of each a like Quantity, stamp both pretty small, and lay it to the Soles of the Feet, keep it on seven Hours: while the Party is in the Fit, force them not to take any thing, but anoint the Wrists, the Palms of the Hands, and the Temples with Mithridate if 'tis a Child, and Spirit of Amber if a Man or Woman: between the Fits give Black Cherry-Water, sweeten'd with Syrup of Male-Piony, and Syrup of Clove July-slowers; and for a Week after the Fit give

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give this constantly twice a Day; let it wear a Necklace of Male Piony-root about the Neck.

### Another for Convulsions:

GIVE the Child five or fix Drops of King's Drops, or Spirit of Hart's-horn, in two Spoonfuls of Black-Cherry Water, fweeten'd with Syrup of Male-Piony; repeat this whenever you fee it coming, and twice in a Day before and after every Change of the Moon; Purge the Child once in ten Days, or a Fortnight, with a Spoonful or two of Syrup of Rhubarb, or with Manna; after this Method, take an Ounce of Manna, dissolve it in four Ounces of Barley-Water; strain it, and give the Child two Spoonfuls at a Time, every third Hour, till it begin to work; then defift, and give thin Chicken Broth, or Water-Gruel, in the working; the Child may purge thus before the Drops are given; if the Child flart or grow pale, that you apprehend a Fit, lay a Blifter behind and below the Ear, and give it a Glifter of Milk and Sugar, with a very few Camomile Leaves and Anifeeds, and put as big as a small Nutmeg of Diafcordium into the Glifter: then ftrain and give it. When you purge with the Manna, add to it one Ounce of Oil of fweet Almonds, newly drawn, which be fure to mix well with

with the Barley-Water and Manna, that it may work off fmoothly, and take off all Gripings.

An admirable Powder for any Sore Mouth, Thrush, or Canker.

TAKE of Red Sage, Red Fennel, Plantain, Woodbine and Rue, of each one Handful, and of Allum four Ounces; shred the Herbs, and beat the Allum, then heat all in a clean Shovel; keep them continually stirring; and when they are very well mix'd, and seem quite dry from all Juice, spread them to cool, and when they are cold, beat them to a very sine Powder, which you must sift; you may use it dry, or mix it with Honey; "Tis recommended as Infallible, to cure any fort of Sore Mouth.

A most Incomparable Salve to break any Swelling, and heal it; and good for a Burn.

TAKE a quarter of a Pint of Sallad Oil, or for want of it, as much unfalted Butter; five Ounces of the best Turpentine, six Ounces of Honey, three Ounces of Bees-wax, two Ounces of Rosin; put the Turpentine, Rosin, and Bees-wax, and Honey,

## in Physick and Surgery. 257

Honey, into a new Pipkin, and let them fimmer together, 'till all be melted; then put in your Oil, and let all boil together a little while foftly; then put it into Pots for Use.

This was fent as a very choice necessary Salve, for all Families, and almost for all Uses: And indeed I have seen almost a miraculous Cure, on a very bad Breast, by this alone; and therefore am obliged to do it this Justice.

#### For Sore Nipples, or Kibe Heels.

T AKE a Pint of the best Sallad Oil, half a Pound of Red Lead, one Ounce of Red Sealing-wax, and an Ounce of Rosin, six Ounces of Bees-wax; put all these together, and let them boil to a Salve; as soon as ever it turns black 'tis enough; then put it out presently, or 'twill be too hard: When you use it, you must melt it, and anoint the Place griev'd with your Finger, spread it on a Cloth, and keep a Plaister on it: This may be very good; but I think nothing so effectually cures Kibe Heels, as doing them with Camphirized Spirits, before they break.

### To Camphirize Spirit of Wine.

PUT four Ounces of Camphire, into a Quart of highly-rectified Spirit of Wine; fet it in the Sun, and always keep it close stopp'd; as soon as 'tis dissolv'd, 'tis sit R almost

almost for all Uses, as Kibes, Chilblains, for Head-aches, many forts of Sores, that want drying; therefore is sometimes dissolv'd in good Hungary-Water: It ought always to be in a Family.

### A good Salve for Sore Lips or Nipples.

MAKE two Ounces of Bees-wax, as much good Sallad Oil; fet it over the Fire, colour it with Alcany-roots; when 'tis boil'd, and of a fine Red, strain it, and drop in Six-penny-worth of Balsam of Peru; then pour it into the bottom of Tea Gups, that it may come out in little Cakes.

#### Another for the Same.

TAKE four Ounces of fresh Beef-Marrow, or unfalted Butter, three Ounces of Virgin's-Wax, Alcany-roots half an Ounce, as much Storax, and as much Gumben, one sliced Pippin, half an Ounce of Loaf-Sugar, six Spoonfuls of Claret, and four of Sack; let all boil 'till 'tis of a good Colour; then pour it into Cups to cool; and when you take them out, dry the Bottoms of the Cakes from the Liquid Part.

## A pretty Medicine for Sore Nipples.

INFUSE Quince-feeds in White Rose-Water, 'till 'tis a Jelly; strain it through a Muslin, and wash the Sore Part often with it.

An

#### An Ointment for the Piles, when Swell d and Painful.

NFUSE Elder-flowers in Linfeed Oil; let them stand in the Sun a Month, then strain it, and take two Spoonfuls of this Oil, an Ounce of Bees-wax, half an Ounce of Turpentine, the Yolk of an Egg; beat all together in a Mortar; spread it on a Cloth, and apply it to the Piles.

#### Another for the same.

TAKE an Ounce of Virgin's-wax, two Ounces of Linfeed Oil, half an Ounce of Camphire, and as much Sperma-ceti, and one Dram of Oil of Amber; melt there together, and fpread it on Plaisters; when you are in Pain, both thefe are very good; but the most effectual way to prevent coming to Extremity, is, to keep the Body always open with Lenitive Electuary, and Flower of Brimftone, Syrup of Roses, or any gentle cooling Medicines; among which Number, flew'd Prunes, though out of Fashion, must not be despis'd.

## For an Apoplectick Pain in the Head.

BEAT Ground-Ivy, and strain out the Juice; put to this a Spoonful of Powder of Marum, but not enough to thicken the Juice; then take a Leaf of Tobacco, and

wet it very wet in this Juice, roll it up in Pellets, and put it up your Nostrils; as fast as it hardens, put up a fresh one; 'twill give present Relief, and is much better than either Liquid or dry Snuff.

# An Incomparable Medicine for the Scurvy in the Teeth.

TAKE a Quart of good White-wine Vinegar, heat a piece of Steel red hot, and quench it eight or ten times in the Vinegar, as fast as you can heat it; then add to this Liquor an Ounce of powder'd Myrrh, and half an Ounce of Mastick powder'd; wash your Teeth twice or thrice a Day.

## A certain and immediate Cure for a Bruise.

MAKE a Poultis of Bran and Urine, apply it as hot as you can bear it; if 'tis very bad, repeat it as it cools, and do it as foon as you can, to prevent its fwelling, which the Air is apt to occasion.

# To Cure Deafness and Noise in the Head.

PUT your own Urine into a Pewter-Dish, and cover it with another; then put some Coals under, and when 'tis hot brush off the clear Water that hangs on the upper

## in Phyfick and Surgery. 261

upper Dish with a Feather, and drop it into the Ear: This has done great Cures.

#### A Mouth-Water to Cure a Canker.

TAKE of Juice of Sage and Honey-Suckle, of each fix Spoonfuls; of White-wine Vinegar, two Spoonfuls; Roch Allum, one Ounce; take double the weight of the whole in Honey, boil it to a thick Syrup; scum it very clean, and when 'tis cold put it up for your Use: This, with Syrup of Mulberries, is good for any Sore Mouth.

#### A good Cere-Cloth:

TAKE a Pint and half of Sallad Oil, half a Pound of Red Lead, a quarter of a Pound of White Lead, a quarter of a Pound of Castle Soap, two Ounces of Beeswax, two Ounces of Oil of Bays, two Ounces of Barrows-grease; boil the Leads in the Oils, till they look brown; then put in the rest, keeping it stirring 'till it works; then make it into Rolls, first Oiling your Hands: This should boil five Hours.

A most admirable Balsam, for outward or inward Sores, Fistula's, Ulcers, &c.

TAKE an equal Quantity of Linfeed and Sallad Oil; to three Pints of this put R 3

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one Pound of Chio Turpentine, well wash'd in Red-Rose Water, half a Pound of Red Sanders, half an Ounce of Mastick, half an Ounce of Cochineal, half a Pound of good Yellow Bees-wax, one Pint of Spirit of Sack; these must simmer over a slow Fire, 'till all are incorporated; then keep it close stopp'd for your Use: Half this Quantity

will last many Years.

I could not, in Gratitude to the Generous Communicator, and Justice to the World, omit inferting this; because it promises Miracles in all inward Ulcers, as it does outward, if anointed; but as to my own particular, I believe no Balfam that was ever made, exceeds that called the Fryar's Balfam, in the first Part of this Book: You may take the bigness of a Nutmeg of this, always fasting an Hour before and after.

### A Tincture of the Bark.

TAKE an Ounce of the finest Bark you can procure, put it in large Pieces, to four Ounces of Spirit of Sal-Armoniac; let it be close ftopt, and fet it in the Sun, or warm Embers, 24 Hours; then pour it off clear, and keep it for Ufc. It is to be given in Agues, or Fevers, from ten to forty Drops, according to the Age and Strength of Man, Woman or Child, in Wine and Water; it must be repeated every four Hours, as other Dofes of the Bark. Here I am obliged to make a most

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most grateful Acknowledgement for this Receipt, which I take to be the safest and most effectual Medicine that was ever publish'd to the World.

### A Draught of the Salts in a Fever.

TAKE Black Cherry-Water, two Ounces; Compound Piony-Water, one Ounce; Salt of Hart's-horn, one Scruple; Salt of Wormwood, half a Dram; Salt of Amber, three Grains; Spirit of Sulphur, fifteen Drops; take this Draught every fix Hours, 'till you have taken eight or ten Draughts: This has done very great Cures, without the Bark, where the Fever is occasion'd by a greatCold; it sweetens and cools the Blood, and revives the Spirits and Head to Admiration.

### A very pleasant Posset in a Fever.

PUT two Ounces of Preferv'd Barberries, into one Quart of Milk; let it boil and ftrain it: drink when you are thirsty.

## A Milk-Water, for a Hooping-Cough.

TAKE of Ground-Ivy, Rosemary, and Hyssop, of each one Handful; distilt them in a Quart of new Milk, and let it drop on a quarter of a Pound of Sugarcandy: Take a Spoonful Night and Morning, and as often as you please.

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An excellent Remedy for a Sore Throat, which, taken in Time, will prevent a Quinsey.

TAKE five Spoonfuls of Syrup of Elderberries, and mix with one Spoonful of Honey, and as much Salt Prunel (in Powder) as will lie on a Shilling: Take a Teaspoonful of this as often as you can.

#### For Convulsion Fits.

GET a Dozen of Live Moles, when with young; flick them with a Knife in the Throat, 'till they are dead; then open them, and take out all the Intrails; put them in an Earthen Pan, and by degrees dry them in an Oven, 'till they are fit to powder; then powder and fift them through a fine Sieve; give the Child as much as will lie on a half Crown in Black-Cherry Water, once in three Hours, for three times; then every Night going to Rest, for three times. If you fear a Return, give it three Nights before the Full and New of the Moon.

I dare say this is an approv'd Receipt, because I had it from a very choice Hand; but I should fear 'twould be impossible to make a young Child take so much of so loathsome a

Thing as this Powder must needs be.

#### Another for the same.

TAKE half a Pound of the Roots of fingle Piony, flice them thin, four Ounces of Gentian-Root fliced thin, a Peck of Juniper Berries bruis'd, Cummin-feeds, Coriander-feeds, Carraway-feed, Pine-feed, Grommile-feed, of each two Ounces bruis'd, Sage, Pimpernel Roots, Rue, Rofemary, Balm, of each two Handfuls, a good Quantity of Clove July-flowers, Lilly of the Valley, Sage-flowers, if they can be got, Rosemaryflowers you may always keep dry; add a Handful of each of these; Cloves, Ginger, Nutmegs, Gallingal, Cardimums, Cubebs, of each two Drams, bruise them; then take a Handful of dried Betony-flowers, half a Handful of Egrimony, chop all these Herbs, and put them in to fleep in three Gallons of Ale, not too New; let it lie one Night or better in Steep; then Still it, and draw it down pretty low, fo mingle small and strong together; if it be too strong for a little Child, put to a Spoonful of this Water, one Spoonful of Black-Cherry Water.

#### A Salve for a Rupture.

IELT a Pound of Deer-suet, and put to it a Handful of Solomon-seal, as much Comfrey-roots, and as much Moufeear, stamp all the Herbs and Roots; strain and

and boil them with the Suet; when 'tis well mix'd and confumed to half of the Quantity, then add four Ounces of Adders-spear, and an Ounce of fine Bole-Armoniac, well powder'd and sifted; mix all, and keep it for Use: When you lay it on the Part, bind it hard. For a Rupture in the Throat, lie always in a Neckcloth tied hard.

# An excellent Way to make the Purging Syrup of Roses.

TAKE Damask-Roles before they are full blown, cut off the White, then pour upon them two Quarts of Succory-Water boiling; let this infuse in the Embers an Hour; then strain it very dry, and pour that Liquor upon as many more Roses, so cut, as it will cover; let this insuse as before, then strain it, and to every Pint of this Liquor, put near two Pounds of Sugar; 'tis the best Purging Syrup, for almost all Uses, that is made.

### A very good Electuary for an Althma.

TAKE four Cloves of Garlick, roaft them 'till they are fost; then bruise out the Pulp, and put it into six Spoonfuls of Honey, two Spoonfuls of the Powder of Elecampane; of Liquorice, Aniseeds, and Coriander-seeds, all finely powder'd and sifted, one Spoonful and a half; mix all well together, in Physick and Surgery. 267 together, and take the bigness of a Nutmeg Morning and Night.

## A most Incomparable Steel Electuary.

TAKE two Ounces of Conserve of Brook-lime, Conserve of Water-cresses, and Scurvy-grass, each two Ounces; the Yellow Rind of a Sevil Orange grated, two large Nutmegs grated, and an Ounce of Prepared Steel; mix up all with Syrup of Poppies, and take the bigness of a Wallnut in the Morning, and at five in the Asternoon.

# A bitter Tincture for a Pain in the Stomach.

TAKE a Handful of Roman Worm-wood, as much Ground-Ivy, two Drams of Gentian, one Dram of Gallingal-root, four Ounces of the thin Yellow Rind of Oranges, one Dram of Cardimums the lefs, Saffron one Dram, Cochineal one Dram; infuse all these in one Quart of Brandy, set them in the Sun, or in warm Embers, 'till 'tis well tinctured; strain it, and take one Spoonful in a Glass of any Wine: 'Tis an incomparable Bitter.

A Medicine for any one that has been bit by a Mad-Dog.

AKE a Handful of the Herb call'd Ladies Bed-straw, bruise it in a Mortar; then roll up the Leaf and Juice, with a Lump of Butter, and make the Party fwallow it. 'Tis fent me as an immediate Cure for Man or Beaft.

A very good Way to prevent the Nail growing into the Toe.

IF the Nail of your Toe be hard, and apt to grow round, and into the Corners of your Toe, take a Piece of broken Glass and scrape the Top very thin, do this whenever you cut your Nails, and by constant ufe, it makes the Corners fly up, and grow flat; fo that 'tis impossible they should give you any Pain.

## To make the Hair grow thick.

AKE Rosemary, Maiden-hair, Southern-wood, Myrtle-Berries, Hazel-Bark, of each two Ounces; burn these to Ashes on a clean Hearth, or in an Oven; put these Ashes in White-wine, to make a ftrong Lye, and wash the Hair daily at the

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the Root; keep it cut pretty short: It kills the Worm which is at the Root, and is more effectual than Bear's Grease, or any fort of Pomatum, which rather seeds than destroys that Enemy to the Hair.

A Salve for a Burn or Scald, which will effectually take out the Fire.

TAKE a Pint of Sallad Oil, half a Pound of White-Lead, and a quarter of a Pound of Virgin's Wax; boil all together foftly, 'till it looks of a dark brown Colour, then roll it into Rolls.

An excellent Way to make the Salve Gratia Dei, which is to be made about Midsummer.

T AKE Vervain, Betony, and Pimpernel, of each one Handful; stamp them and boil them in three Quarts of Whitewine, 'till half be confumed; then strain it through a Linen Cloth, and set it over the Fire again; put to it one Pound of the best Rosin, well beaten, sour Ounces of Virgin's Wax, or Yellow Wax, dissolv'd in Woman's Milk, and one Ounce of Mastick well powder'd; boil all in the Wine, 'till it be melted, stirring well and sast: then take it from

from the Fire, and put to it a Pound of Turpentine, flirring it 'till it be cold; then the Salve will rife above the rest, which you must take out, and labour with your Hands, as Shoemakers do their Wax, and you may make it in Rolls, or keep it all together in a Pan. This was omitted in the First Part; but is fent me again from the fame Charitable Family, on whose repeated Experience, I dare fet down fome of its many Virtues: 'Tis good for all Sorts of Wounds, new and old; it cleanses and heals; eateth off Dead Flesh, and generateth New; it mollifies Boils, draws out Thorns, breaks Imposthumes; is good in the Canker and a Fiftula, Bruises on the Sinews, St. Anthony's Fire, and it affuageth Swellings.

# An Ointment for St. Anthony's Fire.

ATHER Elder-flowers in the Spring, and fill a Bottle as full as it can hold; then wet them with Linfeed Oil, and fet them in the Sun, press out this very hard, and put to sour Ounces of this, half a Dram of Saffron, an Ounce of soft Soap, and boil it to an Ointment; just before you take it off the Fire, stir in an Ounce of Ceruse; when

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when you use it, make it warm, and anoint the Place; dip soft Paper in the Ointment, and cover it when you dress it, which must be twice a Day, wash it with Spirit of Wine, in which a little Venice Treacle has been mix'd,

### To make Extract of Amber.

TAKE two Drams of good Ambergrease, as much Sugar-candy, twelve Grains of Musk, and six Grains of Civet; beat all small together, and put this Mixture into a Bottle that has a Glass Stopper; pour upon these Ingredients sour Ounces of highly Rectified Spirit of Wine; set it in warm Embers for twenty-four Hours, while 'tis warm, separate the Clear from the Dross: This Extract is much better for all forts of Use, than Ambergreese; sive or six Drops in any Thing, gives a most noble Persume; half this Quantity will last a great many Years; but 'tis proper in all Families distant from London, because often prescrib'd in Cordials.

#### To make a Sweet Water.

TAKE half a Bushel of Damask Roses, not over-blown, pick them into a broad Pan, and put in two good Handfuls

of Lavender Tops, when it has just shot the Ear; put in also four Ounces of Cloves, and stir all together, putting in three Pints of Rose-Water, and cover them with a Pewter Dish and a Napkin close; let them stand a Day and a Night, stir them twice or thrice in a Day, and then distil them in a cold Still; put into the Bottle sour Grains of Musk, and a Pebble Stone tied in a Rag.

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