

VIRGINIA.

PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY COUNTY AGENT ANNUAL REPORT

1933.

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ANNUAL
NARRATIVE REPORT AND SUMMARY OF EXTENSION WORK
CONDUCTED
IN
PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY
VIRGINIA
1932

E. F. STRIPLIN
COUNTY AGRICULTURAL AGENT
Farmville, Virginia

COUNTY AGENT ANNUAL REPORT

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INTRODUCTION

The following paper describes more or less in detail the efforts and accomplishments in extension work in Prince Edward County, in Virginia, for the year 1932 by E. F. Striplin, County Agent, and the Extension Organization of the county.

The status of Extension Work has not varied greatly from that of a year ago. There have been few changes in the local organization worthy of comment.

The Advisory Board formerly composed of eighteen members is at the present composed of only sixteen, due to the death of two of its members. Recently the Board suffered the loss of Mr. B. T. Taylor, its secretary and one of its most valuable members. He maintained more than average interest in the work and the welfare of the farmers of the county. The vacancies which now exist on the Board will be filled during the next few days. The Board represents the six Magisterial Districts, the three banks of the County, and the Town of Farmville and continues to form the foundation of Extension Work in the County. The Board has maintained throughout this past year much interest in the work, and in some cases an additional amount of interest has been shown in certain lines of the work.

The County Board of Supervisors this year unanimously voted the appropriation for the work with reasonable cuts in the usual amount appropriated.

The program was decided upon by the Advisory Board, in conference with the agent early in the year. The agent and leaders having spent considerable time and effort during the past two years in attempting, in cooperation with other county agencies in the Dark Fired tobacco Belt, to set up a cooperative tobacco

marketing association decided to allow for considerable time to be spent by the agent in assisting in completing this work. Therefore this was to occupy a place of prominence in the plan and program of work.

It was also the opinion of the leaders that there was a need for more cooperative effort in marketing of other farm produce and that the agent should give any amount of time to these cooperative movements where there was interest enough to justify it. In every case where possible to secure it local leaders were to be used to further these activities. In carrying on the organization movement the agent was to use the cooperation of the Granges, community leagues, Lion's Club and other local organizations.

As will be noted in the Statistical Report, the Agent was forced to give almost unlimited time to several rather unexpected activities, which reflected itself to a certain extent in the results obtained from other lines of work. Further description of this will be brought out in the detailed explanation of the work under the various headings. It is probably well to state at the outset, because of its importance, that extension work has become known to individuals this year, who heretofore were totally ignorant that such work existed. Especially is this true as regards the tenant class of people.

The work therefore, as well as the Agent, is more widely known, and deeply appreciated throughout the whole county than ever before.

PROGRAM OF WORK

At a meeting of the Advisory Board December 10, 1931 a suggested program of work was submitted by the Agent and discussed at some length with the Board. The plan of work as finally adopted is given below with the aims and results listed consecutively.

CLUB WORK

AIMS

- 1- 100 members
- 2- 100% report
- 3- Club-projects, corn, pig, calf, tobacco, potatoes
- 4- To hold district short course
- 5- Better club organizations, with emphasis on parliamentary practices
- 6- Better Club programs
- 7- Special interest on corn demonstrations
- 8- Achievement Day program and club exhibit

ACHIEVEMENTS

- 1- 102 members
- 2- 71% reports
- 3- Club projects, corn, pig, calf tobacco, potatoes, poultry, garden
- 4- District short course was held
- 5- Club organizations were better than ever before
- 6- Better club programs were given
- 7- There was special emphasis on corn demonstrations
- 8- Did hold achievement Day program but no club exhibit

SOIL IMPROVEMENT

AIMS

- 1- Terracing to receive large portion of time
- 2- Lespedeza to have special emphasis in rotation

ACHIEVEMENTS

- 1- Terracing was done on 33 farms
- 2- Sixteen terracing demonstrations meetings held
- 3- Over 150 farmers are using lespedeza either as a part of regular rotation of crops or for pasture and land improvement on idle land
- 4- The Agent cooperated in securing several cars of ground limestone

ORGANIZATIONS

AIMS

- 1- Tobacco organization work to receive unlimited time
- 2- Organize Dairy Herd Improvement Assn.
- 3- Establish Federal State egg grading station
- 4- Granges to receive support and cooperation regarding programs

ACHIEVEMENTS

- 1- Tobacco organization received all help possible to give
- 2- Dairy Herd Improvement Association organized and operating
- 3- Federal-State Egg Grading station established and operating
- 4- Granges have had cooperation as planned

MISCELLANEOUS

AIMS

- 1- Assist with Federal Seed Loans to farmers
- 2- Will attempt to place six pasture fertilizer demonstrations
- 3- Expect to get all wool producers to join marketing pool
- 4- Several cooperative purchasing pools for seed, fertilizer and farm supplies
- 5- Will have at least one county farm tour during the summer
- 6- Will have at least one out of county farm tour
- 7- Thirty demonstrations with special crops such as tomatoes, sweet potatoes

ACHIEVEMENTS

- 1- 350 farmers had assistance with loans and credit arrangements
- 2- Pasture fertilizer demonstrations were not placed
- 3- Did not have all wool growers in pool
- 4- Only two pools for purchasing seed were formed
- 5- Did not have county farm tour
- 6- Conducted two out of county tours
- 7- The thirty special crop demonstrations were not carried

GENERAL DISCUSSION OF PROGRAM ACTIVITIES

CLUB WORK

Club work in the county is limited to five organized clubs with only two members at large. The clubs are organized around each of the five consolidated high schools in the county and are well distributed geographically over the county. Meetings are held monthly and the agent in cooperation with the home demonstration agent has had hearty support and cooperation from the school principal and authorities. The principals have generally arranged for a club meeting in the schedule of class work. On several occasions the agent has been asked to talk to classes of boys and girls of club age regarding club work and college work in agriculture.

The enrollment this year has exceeded any previous enrollment, and exceeded by two members the aim in this respect. Appearance of the statistics would indicate that increase in enrollment was done at a sacrifice in the number of completions as we are reporting only 71% completions compared to 72% last year. But this decrease in percentage was not due to a larger enrollment but due mainly to the fact that there were 47 boys enrolled in corn club work and all crop projects suffered this year from drought similar and in places worse than it was in 1930. Therefore seventeen boys carrying this one project had practically nothing to report but failure. The thirty boys reporting carried a total of 46½ acres and only had a yield of 791 bushels or an average of about seventeen bushels per acre. A good part of this acreage was on low ground too, and each boy was given free charge by the agent enough certified seed corn to plant half an acre of his acre project. Of course some boys carried more than one acre. Four boys carried potato projects and only three reported and the three reporting had a total yield on one and a half acres of only forty six bushels.

Eleven boys enrolled with tobacco and nine reported. The nine carried a total of ten acres and reported a total estimated yield of only 5675 pounds.

Fourteen boys enrolled with poultry and ten reported; eight enrolled with dairy calf and eight reported; sixteen enrolled with swine projects and nine reported. The poultry boys had 935 birds and the pig club boys cared for forty-six head of swine.

The club organizations were better this year. Meetings were conducted with more business like methods. Each club used parliamentary law for at least one program period and one of the five club devoted some study to the subject. More care was used in making programs and rendering them. Four of the five clubs rendered one or more programs each before the whole school or the school community league. Four of the five clubs rendered a George Washington Bi-Centennial program. At two club meetings the agent showed George Washington Bi-Centennial film strip pictures. One club sponsored a concert using the proceeds to defray the expenses of a club representative to the State Short Course. Each club raised some money which was either spent on its club projects or paying expenses of representatives to the Short Courses. Each club had a definite club project to which it contributed. One club gave its school a handsome Washington portrait; two others gave their school a definite planting of shrubbery; the other two contributed toward the improvement of the school grounds.

The five clubs came together on the 29th of October and held the Annual Achievement Day Exercises. The club council which consists of all the leaders, club officers and the county and home demonstration agents established the following score card for judging the work of various clubs in determining the best club in the county.

(See following page for Score Card)

It will be noted that the winning club cannot be selected until the program for the day is over as each club is credited for its part in the program for the day.

All five clubs were represented and the total attendance was two hundred.

SCORE CARD FOR 4-H CLUB BANNER

Percentage of meetings and attendance	25
" " leaders at meetings and training meetings	10
Participation in County and State-wide events (Short Course Contests, Rally Day, Etc)	15
Percentage completions of projects	15
" record books turned in	20
Part in Achievement Day	15
Attendance	10
Stunt or Report	5

Prospect club was again declared the winner and awarded the banner which was presented last year by the Farmville Herald and to be awarded each year to the best club in the county. There were two other clubs with honorable mention namely; Worsham and Green Bay.

The club exhibit was not held due to the poor condition of members crop project.

Goals set up by the club council for next year's work are as follows:

PROSPECT 4-H COMMUNITY CLUB

The following is a record of the Goals and Achievements of the winning club for the year 1932.

GOALS

- To have twelve meetings
- To have 100% attendance at all meetings
- To have 100% completion of projects
- To have all members attend Rally
- To send delegates to District Short Course
- To Send delegates to State Short Course
- To have demonstration team
- To have Community project
- To have program at every meeting
- To have Club picnic
- To have all officers attend County Council meeting
- To take part in all County wide activities

ACHIEVEMENTS

- Twelve meetings held
- 85% attendance at meetings
- 100% completion of projects
- Fifteen members attended Rally
- Seven members attended District Short Course
- One member attended State Short Course
- Ten demonstrations given
- Gave picnic to school auditorium
- Program given at every meeting
- Picnic held in July
- Not all attended due to illness in family
- Part taken in all County-wide activities

4-H CLUB COUNCIL GOALS

- 1- Each club to have 12 meetings a definite program in advance
- 2- Each club to resume responsibility of collecting and delivering to County Farm and Home Demonstration Agent its record books.
- 3- Each club to set as their goal a definite demonstration for each member and 100% complete records.
- 4- Each club to have a local picnic.
- 5- } County Rally.
- 6- Each club to have at least two representatives at District Short Course to be held at Hampden Sydney and one representative at State Short Course to be in Blacksburg. This representative to be a club member for the following year.
- 7- A County wide competition for the best club. This to be determined at Achievement Day.
- 8- Attend County wide Achievement Day.

HAMPDEN SYDNEY 4-H CLUB

SHORT COURSE

The Hampden Sydney 4-H Club Short Course was held at Hampden Sydney College the week of June 27th to July 2nd. The following counties were represented: Appomattox, Buckingham, Charlotte, Campbell, Mecklenburg, Nottoway and Prince Edward. The total attendance was two hundred and eighteen with one hundred and eighty nine of these club children. There were seven county agents, one assistant agent and three home demonstration agents. H. E. McSwain of Charlotte was camp manager and other assignments around the camp were given to the other agents and leaders.

The boys had instructions in parliamentary law, proper dressing and posture, livestock with field crops and terracing for hand work. The terracing work consisted of handling and using a farm level, running a level line across rolling land, chaining land, and other things connected with such field work. The girls had foods, posture, dress and basketmaking for hand work.

There was in addition to the regular classes a rest period each day at noon, then a period of supervised recreation and games. Each evening at sundown vespers and more games, then the campfire each night for the usual contests between groups. The whole enrollment being divided into four equal groups for the week. These groups contested against each other for various things.

The weeks activities were terminated on Saturday the 2nd of July with everyone apparently happy after a week of work, fun, play and entertainment. The enrollment by counties is as follows:

The charges per club member for attending the Short Course were \$2.50, plus a quantity of vegetables or fruit.

The enrollment by counties is as follows:

Appomattox County-	
Boys	4
Girls	11
Men Leaders	1
Women Leaders	3
County Agent	<u>1</u>
	20

Buckingham County	
Boys	20
Girls	9
Men Leaders	1
Women Leaders	2
County Agent	<u>1</u>
	33

Charlotte County	
Boys	15
Girls	6
Women Leaders	1
County Agents	<u>2</u>
	24

Campbell County	
Boys	25
Girls	23
Women Leaders	3
County Agents	1
Home Dem. Agent	<u>1</u>
	53

Mecklenburg County-	
Boys	2
Girls	23
Women Leaders	4
County Agent	<u>1</u>
	30

Nottoway County-	
Boys	7
Girls	15
Women Leaders	1
County Agent	1
Home De. Agent	<u>1</u>
	25

Prince Edward County-	
Boys	18
Girls	13
Women Leaders	2
County Agent	1
Home Dem Agent	<u>1</u>
	35

General Total of Representatives from all counties

Boys	91
Girls	98
Men Leaders	2
Women Leaders	16
County Agents	8
Home Dem. Agents	<u>3</u>
Total	218

THE COUNTY CLUB RALLY

The county 4-H Club rally was held at Hampden Sydney College on Wednesday, August 17th, with over a hundred present. The meeting was opened at eleven o'clock with Mrs. Kyle Young in charge. After opening with a few songs and a short talk the various clubs put on stunts of several kinds or demonstrations.

Demonstrations or stunts were followed by more singing and then an address by Hon. J. R. Horeely, Master Virginia State Grange. After Mr. Horeely's address, G. A. Elcan, Asst. Boys Club Agent made a talk to the children. Miss Sallie Guy Davis, Dist. Home Demonstration Agent, was also present and made a short talk.

The morning program being completed the meeting was adjourned to the lunch ground where a basket dinner was spread. Then games in which both children, men and women joined in taking part and every one seemed to have enjoyed greatly.

SOIL IMPROVEMENT

TERRACING

Terracing this year was continued as one of the major projects for extension work. The work has not been confined to any particular part of the counties. All sections and communities have participated in this work to some extent. The Agent has devoted twenty or more days to this work, and held sixteen terracing demonstrations and done terracing on thirty-three different farms with seven or eight terracing dates booked now at the time of writing. The amount of acreage involved by this work is conservatively estimated at seven hundred acres.

This work has received mention in news articles on an average of twice a month each month through the year. In news articles the importance of the work has been stressed, local demonstrations pointed out, and value of the work emphasized.

Circular letters have been sent out more or less regularly to those who have had terraces run, urging importance of attention and up-keep. At demonstrations it is a practice to urge the farmer to keep strict watch, take proper precaution in breaking land which has been terraced. Film strips entitled "Soil Erosion a National Menace" have been shown.

This year is the first year when we have been able to observe terraces built correctly, or nearly so, which the Agent did not layout or help build. Quite frequently these terraces can be seen in traveling about through the county.

One of the most outstanding examples of the beneficial results of this work came to the notice of the

Agent recently when a farmer asked the Agent when he could come out and give him advice and assistance in terracing a field of twenty-five acres. He stated that the field of forty acres which he terraced last Spring has worked fine this year, despite fifteen-inch rainfall in seven weeks during October and November. Several farmers are gradually terracing their whole farms, a field at a time.

It is rather hard to determine the value of this work in dollars and cents since its value is influenced by so many different things. There is no doubt that an acre of land which is washing badly or subject to washing can be made to be worth much more or even twice as much if properly terraced. But placing the value at half a dollar per acre would mean a total value of this work by the Agent of \$350.00

SOIL IMPROVEMENT CONTINUED

LESPEDEZA

The lespedeza crop as a soil improver has reached the proportions of a major soil improvement agency. The lespedeza work in the early spring swamped the Agent. Hundreds of people came for advice regarding the seeding, value, cost and practicability. A partial list includes the names of one hundred sixty-five farmers. It has been estimated from the quantity of seed bought there is between eight hundred and nine hundred acres in the crop this year.

Results on most all acreages sown were rather discouraging due to the severe dry weather during July, August and September.

Several farmers reported however that the lespedeza was the only pasture their stock had during the drought.

Circular letters and news articles were used in assisting farmers to know the crop and its value better. A few attempted to save seed on choice spots but the general movement for sowing seed had to be delayed owing to the lack of growth by the plants. One of the big jobs has been to prevent farmers from being sadly disappointed in the crop, as many were led by seed salesmen to expect a hay crop from the sowing and despite our efforts many were led to believe and consequently disappointed.

There were seedings for all purposes such as pasture improvement, seed crop, hay crop and land improvement but generally for the first and last named purposes. Many of our land improvement and pasture improvement demonstrations will be carried on through the coming year.

ORGANIZATIONS

TOBACCO MARKETING

Tobacco marketing project is one which was carried over from last year as the organization work has occupied a major portion of three years. Its importance was such that its work took precedent over everything else.

The results may be stated briefly. The Association completed its organization in midsummer and established headquarters here in Farmville, the County seat of Prince Edward County. The county has a larger membership than any county except one. The association has a total membership of about eight thousand members and the membership for this county is between seven and eight hundred members. About forty meetings were held and organization work had a part on numbers of programs at other meetings. Organized efforts were carried on in each of the seven communities, and the work was in charge of local leaders and committees. Circular letters, news articles and editorials were other means used in the work to a good advantage.

The agent as chairman of the Marketing Committee of the Lion's Club of Farmville was responsible for the club having Dr. Bomberger of the Federal Farm Board as a special guest and while present address the club on its responsibility as a factor in the Dark Tobacco Growers Association organization movement. Out of this visit and talk grew plans for a general mass meeting of the growers of the belt. This meeting was directed by a committee of which the agent was a member. The meeting was held in Farmville on the 24th of February and was addressed by Ex-Congressman A. F. Lever. Over 1200 growers and business men were present from all over the belt and resulted in a great revival of interest in the movement to organize. To show its interest the town of Farmville suspended business two hours during the day in order that as many might attend as possible.

The meeting was followed by another in a few days at which the Organization Committee met with the business men of the town at which time a financial committee representing the business men reported that the town and business men of Farmville had a contribution of \$500.00 to make to the campaign fund. To this initial amount other towns in the belt contributed substantial sums or loans for the purpose of furthering the organization efforts.

After organization had been completed it was decided at a mass meeting that the county members would be organized into local groups, one in each community and that these locals in turn would form a county organization of members as a organized means of keeping the membership informed and also to reach the membership with a program of farming to be followed in meeting the demand situation in the dark tobacco market. Four out of the seven locals have been organized and meetings held in the other three communities, and organization is expected to take place in these at once. The county organization has been organized and has been holding regular monthly meetings now for three months. The program of work is now being worked out with the officers of the locals and the Advisory Board.

The Agent has held over forty meetings, written twenty news articles, written twelve or more circular letters and sent out over 1200 copies, made 150 or more farm visits and had 300 or more office calls regarding the work. Besides this the agent has met with the manager of the association on numerous occasions to advise with him regarding plans for carrying out various activities, such as means of getting other agents in the belt informed correctly regarding methods of operation, establishing association publicity organ and employment of association publicity man and other things of like nature.

DAIRY HERD IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION

Early in the year the agent in cooperation with Dairy Specialist, R. G. Connolly began a campaign to organize a dairy herd improvement association. This work of campaigning continued on into the Spring at the same time using news articles, circular letters and personal visits. In May this organization had secured enough members to begin operation with George McKesson as tester. Work was begun with thirteen herds comprising about two hundred and fifty cows. The work has progressed very nicely with the loss of two herds and the addition of one. The low price of milk has been so discouraging to dairymen that it has been extremely difficult to overcome their pessimism.

We are now making an analysis of records so far obtained and expect to be able to give the members some constructive advice soon. The agent is acting as secretary-treasurer of the group.

EGG GRADING STATION

For two years the agent had endeavored to locate a more desirable egg market for local producers. The State Division of Markets in cooperation with the Federal Department started what was known as a Federal-State Egg Grading Station in several places where sufficient eggs were guaranteed delivery to employ a grader and where some person or firm would sponsor the work and act as sales agent remitting to the producer the price received for the eggs less a limited amount for handling, storage, transportation, etc.

After investigating report from other stations the agent interested B. T. Taylor, of Prospect in this matter. He had for years bought large quantities of eggs and frequently at a loss.

A meeting of producers was called and the plan explained by a representative of the Division of Markets. They accepted the plan, the station was established and opened last December the 1st. It has now operated twelve months. Deliveries were large enough at times to require three graders. Two graders have worked for at least a third of the year. The station has paid producers between \$15,000 and \$20,000 during the twelve months. They have handled about 2680 cases or 86,400 dozen eggs.

More or less regular quarterly meetings have been held and at each meeting we have had a specialist present and in addition M. C. Kilpatrick, who is a joint employe of the Extension Division, Division of markets and the State Poultry Federation, Mr. Kilpatrick has followed closely the market demands and investigated thoroughly production troubles and generally kept us in touch with the outside.

The station is successful from many angles. It is paying the man who is producing quality egg, and it is helping the man with inferior egg to locate his production losses as well as quality losses. Not only has it brought the producer a fair price for his product when delivered to the station but it has raised the producers receipts per dozen when they have sold to local consumers and buyers other than the station. The price of egg has been raised in this whole section because of the existence of the station.

The agent has given every bit of publicity to this work that it seems it deserved. Personal visits, circular letters and meetings have been used to keep producers in touch with the situation.

It is perfectly safe to say that the station has increased receipts to producers by something like three to five cents per dozen and amount to \$3500 at least to all the producers in this section.

In addition to establishing the station and keeping the producers informed on how to meet production troubles the agent took up with the Agricultural and Industrial Agent of the N. & W R.R. the matter of express rates and through his cooperation these have been reduced materially.

GRANGES

There continues to be two subordinate Granges in the county and a Pomona Grange. One great weakness of the Granges has been that there was not a program of work mapped out to work by and this has been the chief cause for lack of accomplishment of many things which might have been done which were not.

The agent has endeavored this year to improve this condition. Early in the year in a talk before the Granges he attempted to show this necessity and received a fair response to the urge to make a program. During the early summer or late spring the agent secured the cooperation of Organization specialist, B. L. Hummel of the Extension Division. His suggested program was put before the Granges and one Grange responded by setting up three committees with definite objectives. The other Grange as a starter set up one committee and named it a Civic Committee and specified certain work needing to be done. We feel that this is the real beginning of much constructive work in each of these communities.

Both Granges have increased in membership during the year. Both hold meetings twice monthly, and the agent attends as regularly as is possible to do so. Each Grange owns its own hall, and both have done work improving their halls at some time during the year.

A definite outlined program is being followed which is especially adapted to this particular section.

There were members from the county which attended both State and National meetings.

WOOL MARKETING

Several wool producers in the county have each year for the past three years marketed their wool crop through the United Wool Growers Association with their pool being made at Lynchburg, Virginia. It was the original plan for the year to get all producers to join this pool but lack of marketing information by the Association caused several to sell individually.

The pool had only seven members from this county this year who marketed a little over 1000 pounds of wool. The pool saving it is estimated will amount to about 2¢ per pound or better.

At the present there is not over twelve or fifteen flocks of sheep in the county.

MISCELLANEOUS

FEDERAL CROP LOANS

The miscellaneous work planned included several very important things and were not listed as miscellaneous to indicate or minimize their importance.

One of the first on this list is the matter of assistance with the Federal Seed Loans to farmers. This work was done largely by the agent and his office force last year and it was again put on the agent and it was hoped that it would require considerable less time this year.

While there were only 267 loan applicants and a total amount of between \$11,000 and \$12,000 dollars which was considerable less than the year before. But the matter of renewals came up which was not expected to be taken care of by us, then quite a few came in to talk over plans for getting along without the loan if possible. The agent did have the cooperation of Mr. B. T. Taylor, chairman of the local loan board, in that he allowed his secretary to assist with the work when we were rushed heavily. Borrowers were more cautious this year and advised with the agent more in detail regarding the use of the money needed. This allowed the agent to pass along information which ordinarily he would not have been able to get over with as much emphasis as was possible at that time.

The loans and other work in connection with them consumed the larger part of more than a month of our time early in the spring.

CEREALS

CORN

Corn demonstrations were limited to a few demonstrations using better seed. Several using certified seed. The Agent showed film strip pictures at several meetings which illustrated the proper method of selection, storage and testing.

BARLEY

Barley users have increased tremendously this year. There are seven demonstrations being carried over in this crop. The low price of wheat and a better understanding of the uses of barley are responsible for its increase in importance. The Agent has used news articles and talks at meetings to increase the interest in the crop.

WHEAT

Wheat has received very little attention except in the matter of assisting farmers to secure and use better seed. Advice regarding seed treatment for smut is always furnished to many. The use of Ceresan or Smuttox in the treatment of barley is well known and there are ten or twelve demonstrations with them this fall.

Several cars of ground limestone have been bought cooperatively with the Agent assisting in the arrangement. Numbers of others have used the Agent as a source of information regarding freight rates, contents of various limestones offered for sale and also cost of handling and delivery.

PASTURE FERTILIZER DEMONSTRATION

The pasture demonstration listed under the head of miscellaneous work were supposed to have been started in the early spring, but the work was so crowded at that time very little was done with them. Two demonstrations were carried out but results were very poor and disappointing due largely to the extreme drought this summer and fall.

Pooling of wool was discussed under the heading of marketing and will be omitted here.

The thirty special crop demonstrations planned did not materialize due to a change in our plans for marketing them. Tomatoes were to have been a special crop as it was expected that the local cannery would operate, but before planting time the plans for operation were changed and the crop was abandoned for the year.

The agent had also planned to get into operation a sweet potato curing house in the bright tobacco belt with a small acreage. A meeting was held and the specialist working with the crop gave an interesting talk on the project and plans were started to prepare the house. The consulting engineer came down and went over plans but just before our preparation were to start the project had to be abandoned for the present due to several causes. It is hoped to carry out this project the coming year.

COUNTY FARM TOUR

It had been planned to hold a county farm tour. All crops suffered so from dry weather that this was called off.

OUT OF COUNTY FARM TOUR

The out of county farm tour as planned resulted in two very interesting trips. One with dairymen and the other with a few men interested in beef cattle. Sixteen men and boys made a very interesting trip up into Albermarle county for one day and while on the trip attended the State Guernsey Field Day meeting held at Greenwood on Mirador Farm.

The beef cattle men visited the Figgins Farm near Lynchburg, Virginia and inspected the fine herd of Angus cattle there. While there they were instructed in the points to be observed in selecting a type of cattle which would meet the market demand. Several herds are starting in the county now.

COOPERATIVE PURCHASING POOLS

It was planned to form several seed, fertilizer and supply purchasing pools. Early in the year the agent met with considerable interest in sowing lespedeza and at once consulted several regarding a pool for purchasing the necessary seed. A committee of two men were selected to assist the agent in this work with an idea of making it county wide.

The initial pool consisted of 3800 pounds of seed and ordered early in February. This pool was rapidly followed by another for 2500 pounds, the weekly pools followed until late in April. The agent did the buying with the advice of the committee. He had hoped to get the committee to do the buying but circumstances made it necessary at that time for the agent to assume this responsibility. The committee assisted in the handling of the seed received and in forming pools.

The total amount bought this way amounted to approximately 20,000 pounds. The seed were bought for about an average of 8¢ per pound delivered. The saving amounted conservatively to about 3¢ per pound and probably more, but figuring it at 3¢ the saving amounted to \$600.00 or more. There were over 150 farmers purchasing seed

through the pool. The majority of the seed bought were certified Korean with a small percentage of common and probably 25% carrying a trace of dodder.

Looking at the matter from a larger viewpoint the activity was worth many times more than the amount figured in the saving on the purchasing price. It is estimated that there is 800 or more acres sown in this crop and while this year was very dry and the growth small, the seed sown for land and pasture improvement will add much to the value of the land, knowing its value as a land improver as we do. There can be no doubt that the activity carried a value of several thousand dollars rather than the small amount saved on the purchasing price.

There was another indirect result that has not been figured into the activity as yet and that is that there were thousands of pounds of seed which were bought from other sources than through the pools due to the publicity which the whole enterprise received at the time. Many farmers were not able to take advantage of our cash pool and had to buy where they might get credit for a short while at least. There were probably as many of these as there were of those who bought through the pool. While this was not directly contacted by the agent indirectly the publicity given through meetings, newspaper articles and circular letters did materially influence the amount of land seeded to this crop.

Another small pool for buying seed corn was formed and this pool bought for several farmers eight bushels of certified seed corn. The saving on the purchasing price amounted to about a dollar a bushel.

There were no other pools for buying but our cooperation with the Virginia Seed Service Incorporated has been closer this year than before. The Virginia Seed Service is a cooperative purchasing organization covering the entire state and dealing generally with local distributors. We have two of those distributors in this county who have been doing quite a large business. These local distributors have handled between seventy-five and eighty cars of feed and seed and other farm supplies which though not limited

entirely to this county but rather to four counties has saved farmers considerable money. We have assisted the local distributors in electing an advisory board for each. The board consisting of five well known farmers representative of the territory involved.

We have held as a rule quarterly meetings with these boards which have acted in an advisory capacity to the distributors. One of the main things stressed has been to thoroughly acquaint the farmers with the set-up of the organization and its method of handling the supplies.

We are glad to report that the local produce market which the agent was instrumental in starting about two years is continuing to operate successfully. While this is not a cooperative venture and is operated privately, it has served a great need. The agent got a resolution passed by the Lion's Club whereby it gave its good will and moral support to this enterprise. A news article or story quarterly has kept local producers informed as to the help they could expect from this market. The market is now doing a business of several thousand dollars a year. The agent serves as a constant advisor to the operator of the market.

HOG CHOLERA WORK

Early in February of this year irresponsible parties brought hogs into the county from a distance and sold over a hundred. Shortly many of these hogs became sick with cholera and died. Several farmers called the agent out when the hogs became sick and it was at once identified as cholera. The State Veterinarian was at once notified by wire of the trouble and violation of the law governing such acts. The same day the agent contracted with the local veterinarian to go with him and inoculate such hogs as were not sick and those on adjacent to infected premises and whose owners could be persuaded to pay for the serum and virus and a twenty-five cent veterinarian charge. The total number of hogs treated was between five and six hundred and instructions to those with sick hogs as to the lawful disposal of

Veterinarian

the dead carcasses were given. The State Veterinarian sent out at once an investigator who succeeded in stopping these illegal shipments.

Every infected premise was surrounded and with a very few exceptions the infection was confined to the originally infected premises. The agent early in the month of February went before the Board of Supervisors and gave them the facts regarding the existing conditions and also informed them that it was within their power to quarantine the county if they thought the situation demanded it. They at once passed a resolution placing the county under quarantine and requesting the State Veterinarian to use his best effort in helping to enforce the same.

The agent feels that by contracting with and carrying the veterinarian and furnishing the material at cost that a saving directly to the farmer amounted to at least \$100.00, the indirect loss saved is not easy to figure but at that season there were a large number of hogs which had been fed for meat for farm use for the coming year and not at that time butchered, and at the most conservative estimate the loss would have been a \$1000 or more dollar had this infection not been completely stamped out when it was. To illustrate the thoroughness of the job and the cooperation the farmers gave in the matter will say that there has not been a single case since the work was completed.

In connection with the miscellaneous work there have been several other minor things of sufficient importance to mention at this time. One of these is the cooperation of the agent gave Mr. F. B. Wilkerson of the Bureau of Economics, Tobacco Section, U.S.D.A. in planning for and holding a tobacco grading school here in Farmville for the Dark Tobacco Belt. The agent was partly responsible for this school here and attended the three day session, as did several other county agents. The total attendance for the three days was about sixty persons.

The agent was responsible largely for the location of a representative of the State Farm Mutual Automobile Ins., Co. in this county. This company working under and with the American Farm Bureau Federation has saved those farmers carrying insurance on their cars several hundred dollars. Since the passage of recent laws regarding automobile insurance this company will continue to save the farmer a great deal and at the same time give him full protection.

There were a number of other miscellaneous items which always call for a part of the agents time and which can not be neglected. Among these for example are a few pruning demonstrations, culling demonstrations, (also) the farm flock work is in charge of the home agent, assisting dairymen in registering and reporting birth of calves, treatment of several flock of sheep for stomach worms and numerous other things. The agent estimates that he has spent about fifty-five days on this work.

Outlook meetings were held this year in cooperation with the tobacco local meetings and there was much interest in the outlook for the year. This is a type of work that is gradually making headway and there are signs of encouragement noted. We expect to make them important again this year.

Through the cooperation of the local Chevrolet dealer, The Newman Chevrolet Sales Corp., the agent is continuing the use of a film strip machine which is a very effective way to get certain work across. We are using it more in connection with the club work than before and it is generally proving a more attractive way to put certain programs on. We prefer to buy what strips we really need and in that way may use them at our convenience or repeat a program if it becomes necessary.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion the agent feels that certain parts of the program were sadly neglected, but at the same time there were changing conditions which always have to be met and the work adjusted to them. We do feel that regardless of all the failure we have kept driving at our main goals and have a great deal of satisfaction in knowing that we have progressed much and by taking a positive viewpoint of the situation feel encouraged and at this time the agent desires gratefully acknowledge valuable assistance rendered in this great work by the following persons or group of persons:

J. G. Bruce, Dist. Agent
R. G. Connolly, Dairy Specialist
J. B. Wall, Farmville Herald
A. M. Potter, Farmville Leader
J. J. Baker, Asst. Agri. N.&W RR
M. C. Kilpatrick, Poultry Specialist and Sec. State
poultry Federation
Bertha Mineral Co., Austinsville, Va.
B. T. Taylor, Gen. Mgr. Tobacco Growers Assn.
Lion's Club, Farmville, Virginia

COOPERATIVE EXTENSION WORK IN AGRICULTURE AND HOME ECONOMICS

U. S. Department of Agriculture
and State Agricultural Colleges
Cooperating

Extension Service,
Office of Cooperative Extension Work
Washington, D. C.

ANNUAL REPORT OF COUNTY EXTENSION WORKERS

This report form is to be used by county extension agents, such as county agricultural agent, home demonstration agent, club agent, and negro agent, reporting on their respective lines of work.

State Virginia County Prince Edward
Report of E. F. Striplin County Agricultural Agent
(Name) (Title)
From December 1st 1931 to November 30th, 1932

If agent has not been employed entire year, indicate exact period. Agents resigning during the year should make out this report before quitting the service.

READ DEFINITIONS, PAGE 3



COUNTY AGENT ANNUAL REPORT

Approved:

Date _____

State or District Supervisor.

Date _____

State Extension Director.

2-210

Back in Dist Agr Office 12/3/32

SUGGESTIONS RELATIVE TO THE PREPARATION OF THE COUNTY EXTENSION AGENT'S ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report should be a summary, with analysis and interpretations, for presentation to the people of the county, the State, and the Nation of the extension activities in each county for the year and the results obtained by the county extension agent, assisted by the subject-matter specialists. The making of such a report is of great value to the county extension agent and the people of the county in showing the progress made during the year as a basis for future plans. It is of vital concern also to the State and Nation as a measure of rural progress and a basis for intelligent legislation and financial support of extension work.

Separate statistical and narrative reports are desired from each leader of a line of work, such as county agricultural agent, home demonstration agent, boys' and girls' club agent, and negro agent, regardless of title. Where an assistant agent has been employed a part or all of the year, a report on his or her work should be included with the report of the leader of that line of work. Where an agent in charge of a line of work has quit the service during the year, the information contained in his or her report should be incorporated in the annual report of the agent on duty at the close of the report year, and the latter report so marked. Where two or more agents are employed in a county, each a leader of a line of work, statistics should not be duplicated.

At least four copies of the annual report should be made: One copy for the county officials, one copy for the agent's files, one copy for the State extension office, and one copy for the Extension Service, United States Department of Agriculture. *The report to the Washington office should be sent through the State extension office.*

NARRATIVE SUMMARY

The narrative report should summarize and interpret the outstanding results accomplished and the extension methods used, under appropriate subheadings, for each project. Every statement should be clear-cut, concise, forceful, and, where possible, reinforced with necessary data from the statistical summary. Use an interesting style of writing, giving major accomplishments first under each project. Give extension methods fully relating to outstanding results only, and where practicable illustrate with photographs, maps, diagrams, blue prints, or copies of charts and other forms used. Full credit should be given to all cooperating agencies. The lines should be single-spaced, with double space between the paragraphs, and reasonably good margins. The pages should be numbered in consecutive order.

The following outline is suggestive of how the narrative report may be clearly and systematically presented. Each agent should adapt the outline to the situation and the work to be reported.

SUGGESTIVE OUTLINE OF ANNUAL NARRATIVE REPORT

- I. Cover and title page.
- II. Table of contents.
- III. Status of county extension organization.
 - (1) Form of organization—changes and development.
 - (2) Function of local people, committees, or project leaders in developing the program of work.
 - (3) General policies, including relationships to other organizations.
- IV. Program of work; listing goals set up, methods employed, and results achieved.
 - (1) Factors considered and methods used in determining program of work.
 - (2) Project activities and results.

(a) Cereals.	(m) Dairy.
(b) Legumes and forage crops.	(n) Other livestock.
(c) Potatoes, Irish.	(o) Farm management.
(d) Cotton.	(p) Marketing, farm and home.
(e) Tobacco and other special crops.	(q) Foods and nutrition.
(f) Home gardens and home beautification.	(r) Child training and care.
(g) Market garden and truck crops.	(s) Clothing.
(h) Fruits.	(t) Home management.
(i) Forestry.	(u) Home furnishings.
(j) Rodents and miscellaneous insects.	(v) Home health and sanitation.
(k) Agricultural engineering and home engineering.	(w) Community activities.
(l) Poultry.	(x) Miscellaneous.
- V. Outlook and recommendations, including suggestive program of work for next year.
- VI. Summary of activities and accomplishments, preferably of one or two typewritten pages only, placed at the beginning or end of the narrative report.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY

3

To supplement the narrative part of the report, and in order that comparable State and National summaries may be made, it is necessary to include a statistical summary of the work in each county. The following form has been prepared to insure uniformity of reporting:

DEMONSTRATIONS OR TRAINS USED IN THIS REPORT

1. A program of work is a statement of the specific lines of extension work to be undertaken by the extension agent during a year or a period of years.
2. A plan of work is a definite outline of procedure for carrying out the different phases of the program of work. Such a plan provides specifically for the means to be used and the methods of using them. It also shows what, how much, when, and where the work is to be done.
3. A community is a more or less well-defined group of rural people with common interests and problems. Such a group may include those within a township, trade area, or similar limits. For the purpose of this report a community is one of the several units into which a county is divided for conducting organized extension work.
4. A project leader, local leader, or committeeman is a person who, because of special interest and fitness, is selected to serve as a leader in advancing some phase of the local extension program. A project leader may be either an organizer or a subject-matter leader.
5. Demonstrations as contemplated in this report are of two kinds—method demonstrations and result demonstrations. A method demonstration is a demonstration given by an extension worker or other trained leader for the purpose of showing how to carry out a practice. Examples: Demonstrations of how to can fruits and vegetables, mix spray materials, and cull poultry.
A result demonstration is a demonstration conducted by a farmer, home maker, boy, or girl under the direct supervision of the extension worker, to show locally the value of a recommended practice. Such a demonstration involves a substantial period of time and records of results and comparisons, and is designed to teach others in addition to the person conducting the demonstration. Examples: Demonstrating that the application of fertilizer so often will result in more profitable yields, that underweight of certain children can be corrected through proper diet, or that the use of certified seed in growing potatoes is a good investment.
The adoption of a farm or home practice resulting from a demonstration or other teaching activity arranged by the extension worker as a means of teaching is not in itself a demonstration.
6. A result demonstrator is an adult, boy, or girl who conducts a result demonstration as defined above.
7. A cooperater is a farmer or home maker who agrees to adopt certain recommended practices upon the exhibition of an extension worker. The work is not directly supervised by the extension agent and records are not required, but reports on the success of the practices may be obtained.
8. A 4-H Club is an organized group of boys and/or girls with the objectives of demonstrating improved practices in agriculture or home economics, and of providing desirable training for the members.
9. 4-H Club members enrolled are those boys and girls who actually start the work outlined for the year.
10. 4-H Club members completing are those boys and girls who satisfactorily finish the work outlined for the year.
11. A demonstration meeting is a meeting held to give a method demonstration or to start, inspect, or inspect a result demonstration.
12. A training meeting is a meeting at which project leaders, local leaders, or committeemen are trained to carry on extension activities in their respective communities.
13. An office call is a call in person by an individual or group seeking agricultural or home-economics information, as a result of which some definite assistance or information is given. A telephone call differs from an office call in that the assistance or information is given or received by means of the telephone. Telephone calls may be either incoming or outgoing.
14. A farm or home visit is a call by the agent at a farm or home at which some definite information relating to extension work is given or obtained.
15. Days in office should include those spent by the county extension agent in his office, extension conferences, and any other work directly related to office administration.
16. Days in field should include all days spent on official duty other than those spent in office.
17. Letters written should include all original letters on official business. (Duplicate letters should not be included.)
18. An extension school is a school usually of two to six days' duration, arranged by the extension service, where practical instruction is given to persons not resident at the college. An extension short course differs from an extension school in that it is usually held at the college or other educational institution and usually for a longer period of time.
19. Records consist of definite information on file in the county office that will enable the agent to verify the data on extension work included in this report.

GENERAL ACTIVITIES

Report Only This Year's Activities and Results that can be Verified

1. List below the names, titles, and periods of service of the county extension agents whose work is included in this report.

C. F. Striplin County Agent 12 mos.
(Name) (Title) (Months of service this year)

2. County extension organization or association.

(a) Name County Agri. Advisory Board

(b) Number of members: (1) Men 16

(2) Women _____

3. Number of communities in county where extension work should be conducted 7

4. Number of above communities in which the extension program has been cooperatively worked out by extension agents and local committees 7

5. Number of different voluntary county or community local leaders or committeemen actively engaged in forwarding the extension program.

(a) Adult work: (1) Men 40

(2) Women 12

(b) 4-H Club work: (1) Men 20

(2) Women 10

(3) Older club boys 5

(4) Older club girls 4

6. Number of clubs or other groups organized to carry on adult home demonstration work _____

7. Members in above clubs or groups _____

8. Number of 4-H Clubs 5

9. Number of different 4-H Club members enrolled: (a) Boys 102

(b) Girls _____

10. Number of different 4-H Club members completing: (a) Boys 70

(b) Girls _____

11. Number of members enrolled in 4-H Club work for:

	1st Year	2d Year	3d Year	4th Year	5th Year	6th Year and Over
(a) Boys	<u>15</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>5</u>	
(b) Girls						

12. Number of 4-H Club members according to age.

Age	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Boys	<u>15</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>			
Girls											

* Report the total number of different boys or girls enrolled in club work. This total should equal the sum of the project enrollments reported on pages 1 to 24, less any duplications due to the same boy or girl carrying on two or more subject-matter lines of work.

GENERAL ACTIVITIES—Continued

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities and Results that can be Verified

13. Number of 4-H Club members in school	102	Out of school		13
14. Number of 4-H Club teams trained	(a) Judging			14
	(b) Demonstration		1	
15. Number of groups organized for extension work with rural young people above the 4-H Club age			2	15
16. Members in above groups	(a) Young men		12	16
	(b) Young women		10	
17. Total number of farm visits ² made in conducting extension work			711	17
18. Number of different farms visited			250	18
19. Total number of home visits ² made in conducting extension work				19
20. Number of different homes visited	(a) Office		2362	20
	(b) Telephone		690	
21. Number of days agent spent in office			62	21
22. Number of days agent spent in field			247	22
23. Number of news articles or stories published ³			106	23
24. Number of individual letters written			1014	24
25. Number of different circular letters prepared (not total copies mailed)			34	25
26. Number of bulletins distributed			648	26
27. Number of radio talks made				27
28. Number of events at which extension exhibits were shown	(1) Number		10	28
	(2) Total men leaders attending		60	
29. Training meetings held for local leaders or committeemen	(3) Total women leaders attending			29
	(a) Adult work			
	(1) Number		10	30
	(2) Total leaders attending		84	
30. Method demonstration meetings held (do not include meetings reported under No. 30) <i>include steps</i>	(a) Number		45	30
	(b) Total attendance		647	
31. Meetings held at result demonstrations	(a) Number		10	31
	(b) Total attendance		75	
32. Tours conducted <i>Summer field day meet</i> <i>Meeting at Higgin beef cattle</i>	(a) Number		2	32
	(b) Total attendance		22	
33. Achievement days held	(1) Number			33
	(2) Total attendance			
	(1) Number		1	34
	(2) Total attendance		200	

¹ List as farm or home visit according to principal purpose of visit.

² Include county and State press, agricultural journals, and home magazines. Do not count items relating to notices of meetings only.

9-2148

Miles traveled by auto.

11,335

" " " Train

600

GENERAL ACTIVITIES—Continued

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities and Events that can be Verified

35. Encampments held	(a) Farm women	(1) Number		35
		(2) Total members attending		
		(3) Total others attending		
(b) 4-H Club	(1) Number	1	36	
	(2) Total boys attending	18		
	(3) Total girls attending	13		
	(4) Total others attending	218		
36. Other meetings of an extension nature participated in and not previously reported	(a) Number	65	36	
	(b) Total attendance	2173		
37. Meetings held by local leaders or committeemen not participated in by agent and not reported elsewhere	(a) Adult work	(1) Number	8	37
		(2) Total attendance	45	
(b) 4-H Club	(1) Number	2	37	
	(2) Total attendance	12		

PROGRAM SUMMARY

List below information on each subdivision of the program of work. Include under each heading all of the work done with men, women, boys, and girls. If an assistant agent has been employed include his or her time with that of the agent. This page should not be filled out until the questions on the following pages have been answered. Estimate where records are not available.

Lines of work	Number of communities or other units participating	Number of leaders or demonstrators assisting	Days spent in person helped with line of work	Days spent devoted to line of work	Number of meetings held in relation to line of work	Number of news stories published	Number of different circulars or leaflets issued	Number of farm or home visits made	Number of office calls received	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)		
38. Cereals (page 8)	5	10	2	10	17	4		20	100	38
39. Legumes and forage crops (pages 9, 10)	5	10	1	15	10	10	2	30	200	39
40. Potatoes, Irish (page 11)										40
41. Cotton (page 11)										41
42. Tobacco and other special crops (page 11)	7	25		25	16	3	2	50	150	42
43. Home gardens and home beautification (page 12)	3	10		10	5	5	1	15	100	43
44. Market garden and truck crops (page 12)	3	5	2	12	2	3		10	50	44
45. Fruits (page 12)	2	5	2	10	6	3	2	25	50	45
46. Forestry (page 13)			1	1	1	2		2	5	46
47. Rodents and miscellaneous insects (page 13)				3	7			6	70	47
48. Agricultural engineering (page 14)	7	10	2	20	16	10	2	140	150	48
49. Poultry (page 15)	7	12	6	10	6	8	1	25	125	49
50. Dairy (page 15)	5	7	12	18		7	1	40	100	50
51. Other livestock (page 15)	2	5	1	10	26	10	2	150	150	51
52. Farm management (page 16)	2	4		35	2	4	2	25	375	52
53. Marketing—farm and home (page 17)	7	50	5	41	46	20	12	150	300	53
54. Foods and nutrition (page 18)										54
55. Child training and care (page 19)										55
56. Clothing (page 20)										56
57. Home management (page 21)										57
58. House furnishings (page 22)										58
59. Home health and sanitation (page 23)										59
60. Community activities (page 24)	5	50	3	15	26	8	3	50	170	60
61. Miscellaneous (page 24)	4	10		55	10	10	2	50	700	61
62. Building extension program of work ¹	7	40	6	10	5	3	1	15	25	62
63. Organization—extension association and committee ²	7	25	5	10	2		2	8	10	63

(*) Totals for these columns do not necessarily check with the information given on pages 4, 5, and 6, since one meeting, farm visit, circular letter, etc., may relate to two or more lines of subject matter.

¹ Under "building the extension program" include all work incident to the collection of economic and social data as a basis for determining programs, the conducting of program surveys, and the outlining of county, district, and community programs. Do not include work related to the execution of programs, as this should be reported under the projects above.

² Under "organization" include all work incident to maintaining extension associations, agricultural councils, home demonstration councils, advisory committees, project committees, community committees, and the like not reported under building the extension program.

FORESTRY

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Supported by Records

95. Number of method demonstration meetings held	1	95
96. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year		96
97. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled	(a) Boys (b) Girls	97
98. Number of 4-H Club members completing	(a) Boys (b) Girls	98
99. Number of transplant beds cared for by club members completing		99
100. Number of acres farm wood lot managed by club members completing		100
101. Number of new forest or farm woodland areas planted according to recommendations		101
102. Acres involved in preceding question		102
103. Number of farms assisted in forest or wood-lot management	5	103
104. Acres involved in preceding question	100	104
105. Number of farms planting windbreaks according to recommendations		105
106. Number of farms following recommendations as to control of white-pine blister rust		106
107. Number of farms assisted in other ways relative to forestry (specify below)	10	107

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

RODENTS, OTHER ANIMAL PESTS, AND MISCELLANEOUS INSECTS

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Supported by Records

(Do not include work reported under "Crop" and "Livestock" headings)

Item	(a)	(b)	(c)	
	Rodents	Other animal pests	Insects	
108. Number of method demonstration meetings held	2		5	108
109. Number of result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year				109
110. Pounds of poison used	25		25	110

AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING

(Farm and Home)

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Supported by Records

111. Number of method demonstration meetings held.....	16	111
112. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year.....	25	112
113. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled.....	(a) Boys.....	113
	(b) Girls.....	
114. Number of 4-H Club members completing.....	(a) Boys.....	114
	(b) Girls.....	
115. Number of farms following recommendations in installing drainage systems.....	5-	115
116. Acres drained by such systems.....	25-	116
117. Number of farms following recommendations in installing irrigation systems.....		117
118. Acres irrigated by such systems.....		118
119. Number of farms building terraces and soil-saving dams to control erosion according to recommendations.....	22	119
120. Acres on which soil erosion was so prevented.....	700	120
121. Number of farms clearing land of stumps or boulders according to recommended methods.....		121
122. Number of families assisted with house-planning problems.....	5-	122
123. Number of dwellings constructed according to plans furnished.....		123
124. Number of dwellings remodeled according to plans furnished.....		124
125. Number of sewage-disposal systems installed according to recommendations.....		125
126. Number of water systems installed according to recommendations.....		126
127. Number of heating systems installed according to recommendations.....		127
128. Number of lighting systems installed according to recommendations.....		128
129. Number of farms on which buildings other than dwellings were constructed or remodeled this year according to plans furnished.....	20	129
	(a) Dairy barns.....	130
	(b) Hog houses.....	
130. Number of buildings involved in preceding question.....	(c) Poultry houses.....	
	(d) Silos.....	
	(e) Other.....	
130%. Number of farms or homes following recommendations on maintenance and repair of machinery.....	3	130%
	(a) Tractors.....	130%
130%. Number of machines involved in preceding question.....	(b) Tillage implements.....	
	(c) Harvesters and threshers.....	
	(d) Other.....	
130%. Number of farms employing better types of machinery or equipment recommended by extension agent.....	5	130%

FARM MANAGEMENT, CREDIT, INSURANCE, AND TAXATION

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Supported by Records

145. Number of method demonstration meetings held	2	145		
146. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year	3	146		
147. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled in account work	(a) Boys _____ (b) Girls _____	147		
148. Number of 4-H Club members completing	(a) Boys _____ (b) Girls _____	148		
149. Number of farms keeping farm accounts throughout the year under supervision of agent	2	149		
150. Number of farms keeping cost-of-production records under supervision of agent	2	150		
151. Number of farms assisted in summarizing and interpreting their accounts	2	151		
152. Number of farms assisted in making inventory or credit statements		152		
153. Number of farm business or enterprise survey records taken during year	3	153		
154. Number of farms making recommended changes in their business as result of keeping accounts or survey records	6	154		
155. Number of other farms adopting cropping, livestock, or complete farming systems according to recommendations	5	155		
156. Number of farms advised relative to loans	10	156		
157. Number of farms assisted in obtaining credit	350	157		
158. Number of different farms assisted in using outlook or other timely economic information as a basis for readjusting farm operations	150	158		
159. Number of farms in preceding question making readjustments in—		159		
(a) Wheat	5	(g) Dairy cattle	25	(m) _____
(b) Corn	20	(h) Beef cattle	5	(n) _____
(c) Cotton		(i) Hogs	20	(o) _____
(d) Potatoes	10	(j) Sheep	8	(p) _____
(e) Tobacco	100	(k) Poultry	75	(q) _____
(f) Truck crops	15	(l) _____		(r) _____

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

MARKETING (FARM AND HOME)

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Supported by Records

Item	(1) Grain and feed <i>feed</i>	(2) Hool cattle	(3) Dairy products	(4) Lambing	(5) Fruits and vegetables	(6) Poultry and eggs	(7) Home products	(8) Other	
160. Number of cooperative-marketing associations or groups organized during the year	1					1			160
161. Number of cooperative-marketing associations or groups previously organized assisted by extension agent this year		1	1					6	161
162. Membership in associations organized and assisted (161 and 162)		8	10			80		300	162
163. Value of products marketed by all associations worked with	\$	\$150	\$	\$	\$	\$100	\$	\$	163
164. Value of supplies purchased by all associations worked with	\$1400	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	164
Number of cooperative-marketing associations or groups assisted with problems of—									
165. Preliminary analysis	1							6	165
166. Organization	1					1		6	166
167. Accounting and auditing		1							167
168. Financing	1	1							168
169. Business policies		1				1		6	169
170. Production to meet market demand	1		1			1		6	170
171. Reduction of market losses		1	1			1		6	171
172. Use of current-market information		1	1			1		6	172
173. Standardizing						1		6	173
174. Processing or manufacturing									174
175. Packaging and grading	1	1				1		6	175
176. Loading	1	1							176
177. Transporting	1	1				1			177
178. Warehousing									178
179. Keeping membership informed	1	1	1			1		6	179
180. Merging into larger units		1				1		6	180
Number of farms or homes not in cooperative associations or groups assisted with problems of—									
181. Standardizing								15	181
182. Packaging and grading								10	182
183. Use of current-market information						100			183

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

FOODS AND NUTRITION

Report Only This Year's Extended Activities that are Supported by Records

184. Number of method demonstration meetings held..... 184

185. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year..... 185

186. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled..... 186

187. Number of 4-H Club members completing..... 187

188. Number of homes assisted in planning family food budget for a year..... 188

189. Number of homes budgeting food expenditures for a year..... 189

190. Number of homes balancing family meals for a year..... 190

191. Number of homes improving home-packed lunches according to recommendations..... 191

192. Number of schools following recommendations for a hot dish or school lunch..... 192

193. Number of children involved in preceding question..... 193

194. Number of homes using improved methods in child feeding..... 194

195. Number of individuals adopting recommendations for corrective feeding (such as weight control, anemia, pellagra,
and constipation)..... 195

196. Number of jars of canned products preserved by 4-H Club members..... 196

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

	Food selection and preparation	Food preservation
	(a)	(b)
(1) Girls		
(2) Boys		
(1) Girls		
(2) Boys		

CHILD TRAINING AND CARE

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Supported by Awards

187. Number of method demonstration meetings held 187
188. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year 188
189. Number of groups devoting major part of program to child training and care 189
190. Membership in these groups 200
191. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled 201
- (a) Girls
(b) Boys
192. Number of 4-H Club members completing 202
- (a) Girls
(b) Boys
193. Number of homes improving habits of school children (other than reported under "Foods and Nutrition" and "Home Health and Sanitation") 203
194. Number of homes substituting positive methods of discipline for negative ones 204
195. Number of homes providing recommended play equipment 205
196. Number of homes making recommended physical adjustments to better meet children's needs 206
197. Number of homes adopting better adult habits with respect to development of children 207

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

CLOTHING

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Reported by Branch

- 208. Number of method demonstration meetings held 208
- 209. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year 209
- 210. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled 210
 - (a) Girls
 - (b) Boys
- 211. Number of 4-H Club members completing 211
 - (a) Girls
 - (b) Boys
- 212. Number of individuals following recommendations in improving construction of clothing 212
 - (a) Women
 - (b) Girls
- 213. Number of individuals using a clothing budget 213
 - (a) Women
 - (b) Girls
 - (c) Boys
- 214. Number of individuals making garments for themselves 214
 - (a) Women
 - (b) Girls
- 215. Number of individuals improving children's clothing according to recommendations 215
 - (a) Women
 - (b) Girls
- 216. Number of individuals following recommendations in improving care, renovation, and remodeling of clothing 216
 - (a) Women
 - (b) Girls

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

HOME MANAGEMENT

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Supported by Records

217. Number of method demonstration meetings held.....		217
218. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year.....		218
219. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled.....	(a) Girls..... (b) Boys.....	219
220. Number of 4-H Club members completing.....	(a) Girls..... (b) Boys.....	220
221. Number of homes keeping home accounts according to a recommended plan.....		221
222. Number of homes budgeting expenditures in relation to income according to a recommended plan.....		222
223. Number of homes following recommended methods in buying for the home.....		223
224. Number of women following a recommended schedule for home activities.....		224
225. Number of kitchens rearranged for convenience according to recommendations.....		225
226. Number of homes following recommendations in obtaining labor-saving equipment.....		226
227. Number of homes adopting recommended laundering methods.....		227
228. Number of homes adopting recommended methods in care of house.....		228
229. Number of homes assisted in an analysis of their home conditions with reference to a standard of living.....		229
230. Number of homes assisted in making adjustments in home making to gain a more satisfactory standard of living.....		230

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

HOME HEALTH AND SANITATION

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Supported by Awards

240. Number of method demonstration meetings held.....	240	
241. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year.....	241	
242. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled.....	(a) Girls..... (b) Boys.....	242
243. Number of 4-H Club members completing.....	(a) Girls..... (b) Boys.....	243
244. Number of 4-H Club members not in special health clubs who participated in definite health-improvement work.....	(a) Girls..... (b) Boys.....	244
245. Number of individuals following recommendations as to complete health examination.....	245	
246. Number of individuals improving health habits according to recommendations.....	246	
247. Number of individuals improving posture according to recommendations.....	247	
248. Number of individuals adopting recommended positive preventive measures to improve health (immunization for typhoid, diphtheria, smallpox, etc.).....	248	
249. Number of homes adopting better home-nursing procedure according to recommendations.....	249	
250. Number of homes installing sanitary closets or outhouses according to recommended plans.....	250	
251. Number of homes screened according to recommendations.....	251	
252. Number of homes following other recommended methods of controlling flies, mosquitoes, and other insects.....	252	

(Use space below for State questions not listed above.)

COMMUNITY OR COUNTRY-LIFE ACTIVITIES

Report Only This Year's Extensive Activities that are Supported by Records

253. Number of communities assisted in making social or country-life surveys, or in scoring themselves or their community organizations		253
254. Number of country-life conferences or training meetings conducted for community leaders	1	254
255. Number of community groups assisted with organizational problems, programs of activities, or meeting programs	3	255
256. Number of communities developing recreation according to recommendations	2	256
257. Number of community or county-wide pageants or plays presented	5	257
258. Number of community houses, clubhouses, or community rest rooms established	2	258
259. Number of communities assisted in improving hygienic or public-welfare practices		259
260. Number of school or other community grounds improved in accordance with plans furnished	3	260
261. Number of 4-H Clubs engaging in community activities, such as improving school grounds, conducting local fairs, etc.	5	261
261½. Total number of different communities assisted in connection with the community or country-life work reported on this page	5	261½

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

BEES, WEEDS, HANDICRAFT, RABBITS, AND MISCELLANEOUS

Under This Heading Report Other Lines of Work not Included in the Preceding Pages, Such as Bees, Weeds, Handicraft, and Similar Work, i. e., any Other Information that can be Reported Statistically and that Will Help to Give a Complete Account of the Year's Work

Item	(a) Bees	(b) Weeds	(c) Handicraft	(d) Rabbits	(e) Misc.
262. Number of method demonstration meetings held					262
263. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into next year	1				263
264. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled	(1) Boys				264
	(2) Girls				
265. Number of 4-H Club members completing	(1) Boys				265
	(2) Girls				

1 Indicate project by name.