

ANNUAL NARRATIVE REPORT

of

J. B. Cole, County Agent,

Sussex County

VIRGINIA

1930

COUNTY AGENT ANNUAL REPORT

Nothing to report

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Introduction	2
Program of Work	3
Plan of work for 1930	3
Live at Home Campaign	3
Soils and Soil Improvement	7
Livestock	8
Fern Crops	10
4-H Club Work	11
Educational Work	13
Marketing	14
Miscellaneous	14
Conclusion	15

Introduction

This, the narrative report of the County Agent of Sussex County, Virginia, has for its aim and purpose the setting forth in detail the activities and accomplishments of Extension work in the County for the year ending November 30, 1950.

The Extension staff in the county is very small, the County Agent being the only employee in the county at present. He works through and in cooperation with all educational organizations in the county, there being no special organization for Extension work. The course of years of these organizations set in a capacity of advisors to the agent but do not function as an Advisory Council.

During the past year the Agent has not deemed it advisable to undertake to organize an Advisory Council as there has been quite a bit of other work of this kind going on in the county which will be of great assistance to the agent in carrying on his work when the work of organization is completed, and as the county is rather hard to organize in any way he felt it best not to start another educational organization during the past year.

The plan of work for the past year was made up by the agent with the help of the district agent and the specialists at Blacksburg. In the following pages this plan of work will be taken up in detail.

It is the policy of the County Agent to encourage any and all worthy enterprises started in the county, which may have for their goal the betterment of the county or community in any way, and more especially in its policy to encourage and foster all organizations which have to do with the betterment of agriculture in the county. To bring the agricultural situation in the county to a better state of stability through the use of better seed, proper fertilization, good lines of livestock, quality production, and orderly marketing is the aim of the county agent in his work with the people of this county.

Although the drought of the past six months has done much to destroy some of the visible results of the work for the past year, so few that considerable progress has been made along some lines, especially that of organization. Club work has also made some gain over last year. Livestock losses have been small in proportion to the number in the county and so few that the Extension campaigns, feeding demonstrations, and treatment for diseases have had their direct bearing on these low losses. Losses this year are less than last being only 11% for 1950 as against 14% for 1949.

Close cooperation of the banks and business establishments in the county has helped the agent greatly, and he feels that greater cooperation will be given him from these sources in 1951.

Page 3

Program of Work

The program of work for the year was mapped out by the County Agent in December 1929, assisted by Mr. F. S. Ferrer, the District Agent, and was submitted for criticism by some of the leading farmers of the county before its adoption. It was decided that the Live at Home Program was the one thing most needed in the County and that the Agent should, as far as possible devote his time to three projects for the year, namely, Live at Home Campaign, 4-H Club Work, and treatment of diseases in swine and other livestock.

In order that this third project may be understood more clearly, treatment of diseases in livestock may be explained as the administering of Sorens and Virus for immunization of swine and other animals for cholera and like diseases, advising farmers as to treatment for certain local ailments. This project is not in any way to be construed as taking the place of a good veterinarian in case of illness of the animals, and when in doubt the agent always advises that one be called.

This adopted program was used as an outline for the Agent's plan of work for the year which is given below.

Plan of work for year 1930

<u>Projects</u>	<u>Goals set</u>	<u>Results Achieved</u>
A. Live at Home Campaign		
1. To encourage and assist as far as possible all farmers to produce all the food and feed on the farm that will be consumed there (this includes tenants as well as landlords)	No definite goal set.	11 farm rotations planned with this in view.
2. Soils and Soil Improvement.	Six farms	
(a) Fertilizers (improved methods)	practicing	7
(b) Lime	20 cars	13
(c) Green manure crops	100 farms using them	71
3. Farm crops.		
(a) Diversification of crops	No goal	23 farms
(b) Yields with certified vs. uncert. seed	13 dems.	22
(c) Pastures and grasses	100 acres	122
(1) Old pastures top dressed	6 dems.	3
(2) Reclaimed swamp pastures	50 acres	60
4. Livestock and Poultry.		
(a) Replace scrub sires	50 replacements	29
(b) Feeding demonstrations	6	5
(c) Sanitation in production	6	6
(d) Culling schools for poultry	5	1
Note: 43 individual flocks called.		
B. 4-H Club work.		
1. To enroll as many members as possible		93 enrolled
2. Every child to have one or more projects		97 projects
3. Agent to assist members in every possible way.		

- | | Goal
set | Results
Achieved. |
|---|-------------|----------------------|
| C. Treatment for diseases of livestock | | |
| 1. Immunization of swine for cholera--as many as possible | | 2328 |
| 2. Treatment for worms in all livestock--where necessary. | | 325 |
| 3. Assist farmers in treating own animals | | 1640 |
| 4. Advise to farmers on disease prevention--Given in meetings etc. | | |
| 5. Help secure state aid when necessary. | | |
| D. Educational work. | | |
| 1. To work with existing organizations and to endeavor to organize Live at Home Clubs in different communities | | 2 |
| 2. To get timely information to the farmers as far as possible in the form of letters, news articles, talks at meetings and by personal contacts. | | |
| E. Marketing. | | |
| 1. To work with all existing marketing organizations which operate for the benefit of the farmer. | | |
| F. Miscellaneous. | | |
| 1. To assist farmers as best I can with any problems relating to agriculture that may face them. | | |

It will be noted that in these projects as set forth above the goal set was in some cases greater than the results achieved and in others the reverse was true. Still these are only numbers of quantity.

Some of the demonstrations listed above gave some very interesting results which will be described in detail in the following pages under the proper heading.

LIVE AT HOME CAMPAIGN. The object of this project as it has been worked out for this county is to encourage the farmer, and assist him in any way possible, to produce all the food for the family, and all the feed for his livestock on his farm. After this is done we feel that he can then turn his attention to the production of the cash crop.

In this work we have tried to go a step further than last year. In that we have considered the farm as a unit which is to be raised or unbalanced as the case might be. In the case of a balanced unit we consider that the particular farm in question has $\frac{2500}{100}$ major projects emphasized, which are as follows:

1. For every unit of 50 acres of tillable land the livestock carried is equivalent to 2 cows, 2 brood sows, and 100 hens.
2. That all the roughage consumed by the livestock on the farm must be produced on the farm.
3. That at least two thirds of all the grain ration of the livestock for the year be produced on the farm.
4. That an all year round garden be provided efficient for the needs of the family. This garden to contain small fruits and other crops necessary to make it complete.
5. That on the remaining acreage one or more cash crops be grown. (The remaining acreage means that land left after the food and feed crops have been provided for.)

Other projects may be added in special cases, but for the general farmer in this county we feel that the above projects will in most cases fully supply his need for diversification.

In addition to this work with individual farmers we have organized Live at Home Clubs in different communities through which the agent is able to reach a considerably larger number of farmers than by individual contacts. A further description of the workings of these clubs will be taken up under educational work.

During the year 11 farms in different sections were surveyed by the agent and recommendations given for the balancing up of the farm as a unit. Of course we do not expect to put into operation all necessary practices the first year as that would tend to upset the rotations already established. It is our plan to have these farms completely balanced at the end of the first year now in operation.

In a survey made upon the farm of J. H. Rodgers during the past year the following plan of operation was found to be unbalancing his farm unit to such an extent that it was necessary to completely change his rotations to enable him to Live at Home.

On the left side of the table will be found the facts as they were in regard to his farming operations, and on the left are the recommendations worked out for balancing his farm in accordance with our Live at Home program.

Live at Home cont.

SURVEY OF FARMS OF J. B. RODGERS, YALE, VA. FOR LIVE AT HOME PROGRAM.
 Present practices (FARM ACREAGE LBS) Recommended changes

30 acres in woodland & swamps	:	Left to supply fuel, swamps ditched and seeded to grass mixtures.
2 cows	:	Increase cows to 4
6 brood sows	:	Decrease brood sows to 4
50 chickens (Mixed breeds)	:	Standard bred flock of 100 birds
No sheep	:	Six ewes to be added
No pasture except swamps	:	9 acres permanent pasture, swamps seeded as above.
No hay crop except pea vines	:	Have at least 16 acres meadow each yr.
Temporary pastures (cover crops)	:	No change here. Add 4 acres corn and soybeans for hogs.
Corn grown (20 acres)	:	No change in acreage, Soybeans added
Acreage in peanuts (70 acres)	:	Food and feed crops (29 acres from peanut acreage)
Farmstead and garden (8 acres)	:	No change here
Orchard (fox trees on lawn)	:	Set one acre as soon as possible
Seeds and fertilizers.	:	Seeds and fertilizers
1. Home grown seeds	:	No change.
2. Standard fertilizers	:	
Lime (none).	:	Lime (1000 lbs. every 4 years)

We feel that if this farm is laid out on this basis that the farmer will grow sufficient feed for his livestock, will at the same time supply himself with milk, butter, eggs, and meat, and will automatically reduce his acreage of peanuts 29 acres per year.

These recommended changes are made by the agent after a visit to the individual farms and they necessarily vary some depending upon the fertility of the land, the type of soil, and other factors.

Having set up a model unit of 50 acres with an average production of 50 bu. of corn per acre it is comparatively simple to figure the changes necessary in the model for each individual farm.

Ten other farms in different communities have been surveyed and schedules similar to the one shown above made out for each.

Soils. If the Live at Home Program is to be a success in the County we feel that it is necessary to devote our attention to several things in connection with our soils. The agent has tried, at all times, to keep before his farmers the idea of soil improvement, because a productive soil is very necessary if food and feed for livestock is to be produced. The livestock carrying capacity of any farm is, we feel entirely dependent upon the productiveness of its soils.

In our work with soils we have tried to keep in mind three things which are necessary for their improvement and they are taken up in the following order.

1. Proper fertilization and rotations.
2. Green manure crops.
3. Lime.

1. Proper fertilization and rotations. Fertilizer recommendations for any crop are always made in accordance with the recommendations of the Experiment Station at Holland, Va. as this station is situated in the peanut belt where our soils are of the sandy type. Most of the Soils of Sussex County is of this type and these fertilizer requirements may be assumed to fit the stations recommendations with very little change.

Nine demonstrations in fertilization were conducted in the county during the past year, with signs placed at conspicuous points, calling attention to the demonstration, and specifying the kind of fertilizer used. Due to the excessively dry weather most of this work showed little or no visible results except on very early corn. Most of the yields were cut from a half to seventy percent on all crops in the county regardless of soil treatment, except in isolated cases here and there.

2. Green Manure Crops. The second factor in successful soil improvement, we feel is the widespread use of green manure crops. Many of our farmers feel that by the time the peanut crop is harvested that it is too late to plant cover crops. The agent has urged that rye be sown as soon as the peanuts are off and that this rye be turned down in the spring before corn is planted.

Seventy one farms where no cover crops were used before have been induced by the agent to do same this fall. We feel that the seeding of these crops will do much toward increasing the productivity of the soils of the county and will also tend to keep the rolling lands from washing and leaching to a great extent.

3. The goal set for 1930 in Lime was twenty cars distributed throughout the county for demonstration purposes. The dry season combined with a poor crop for 1929 cut this goal short 8 cars.

Twelve cars were distributed and the results were as a whole very gratifying. Farmers using the lime found that the moisture content of the soil on which lime was placed was much greater than the unlimed soils, and the crop yield on the limed soils, in corn especially exceeded that on unlimed plots by an average of 4 bushels per acre.

Mr W. E. Norris of Waverly, Va. applied one ton of ground limestone to half of his corn land in March and when the crop was harvested he found that he had an increased yield on the limed part of 7 bushels per acre above the part that received no lime.

This was the most outstanding result obtained and we feel that this great difference in yield resulted directly from the use of lime, which improved the physical condition of the soil in such a way as to enable it to hold more moisture than that of the unlimed field.

Livestock. More emphasis has been placed on livestock this year than on any other project in the Live at Home Campaign. This has been done because of the fact that the county is very poorly stocked, and we feel that no Live at Home Campaign can possibly be successful as long as the farmers are without livestock.

The parts of this project that have been emphasized most are as follows: Replacement of scrub sires, Sanitary production, Feeding Demonstrations, and Culling of Poultry.

In replacements very little has been done because of the great depression of prices of agricultural commodities. As a goal for the year fifty major replacements were scheduled. Only nine of these animals have been replaced, with a total of 53 replacements in poultry. Most of these poultry replacements have been made in cooperation with hatcheries building up flocks for use as breeding stock.

Three feeding demonstrations were completed, using three pens of three animals each in each case. To these animals were fed, commercial feeds, home mixed ration and tankage, and corn and tankage.

The results were as follows. (Average for three demonstrations)

Pen 1.	Commercial mixed feed	Cost of gain per 100#	-6.6¢
Pen 2.	Home mixed feed	" " " "	-7.45¢
Pen 3.	Corn and Tankage (self fed)	" " " "	-6.6¢

We were very much gratified to find that the Corn and Tankage ration proved cheapest as the Swine Specialist at Blacksburg, felt that from the experiments there such would be the case.

Next year we hope to carry this work on using large herds of swine instead of small pens as we have in the past twelve months. Also we hope to accumulate some data in regard to the use of pasture in reducing the cost of producing pork.

The pastures which we expect to use in this work are Crimson Clover, Rape, Early Soy Beans, and Late Soy Beans and Corn.

Livestock, cont.

Many of our herds of swine in this section are badly infested with worms and other parasites, and for this reason we have arranged demonstrations with a number of farmers to follow out the McLean System in a modified form, suited to our conditions here.

We use movable houses which are thoroughly cleaned before the sow is placed in them to farrow, and these houses are located on clean ground. On this ground the pigs are farrowed and kept until they are four months old, when they are moved to the regular pastures.

By using this method in six demonstrations, involving 212 animals we have cut losses from parasites on these six farms from 14 percent in the past two years to 4 1/2 this year. Also the animals grew off much better and at the end of six months showed a marked increase in weight over those grown under ordinary conditions.

A marked improvement in resistance to the diseases of Cholera, Swine Plague and Hemorrhagic Septicemia has also been noted by the agent in herds so handled.

Inoculation of swine for cholera and other diseases is handled by the agent in this county and the work has progressed to the point that these diseases were controlled to three outbreaks last year and in these three the disease was stopped on the farm where it originated by prompt action of the farmers in treating all swine on the surrounding farms.

The agent inoculated 2362 hogs for cholera and related diseases during the year and in addition treated 325 animals for worms. 1540 other animals were treated for intestinal parasites under the direction of the agent.

The agent has made several visits to assist farmers in treating cattle and other livestock during the year, but no accurate records of the work done has been kept as hogs are the only form of livestock of very much importance in the county as yet. We are endeavoring to increase the number of sheep and cattle in the county but owing to the scarcity of money during the past year not much progress has been made along these lines.

Culling Schools. The culling of poultry for production has been given considerable time this year as the number of chickens in the county is steadily increasing from year to year, and we feel that every effort should be made to ~~keep~~ keep the flocks up to a high standard. 4469 birds have been culled during the year in the presence of 68 men and women who were interested in this work.

Meetings have been held throughout the county in relation to the work with poultry as with other livestock and we feel that we are making some progress in increasing the quality as well as the quantity of livestock in the County.

Farm Crops. This project shows less visible results than any of the others, due to the dry season. Practically every crop grown in the county gave a very unsatisfactory yield, both in quantity and in quality.

The work undertaken by the County Agent along these lines was in fertilization of different crops, using recommended practices against local practices, and with certified seed, and uncertified.

With fertilizers six demonstrations were arranged, two on corn, two on cotton, and two on peanuts. The results of the majority of these demonstrations are very poor, showing practically no difference in yield on either plot in the demonstration, and all showing a decrease in yield from last year, from 2 to 3 less than average. In some spots there has not been enough moisture in the soil to dissolve the fertilizer used and it has been turned up this fall in almost the same condition that it was when planted.

The yields on the demonstrations with certified seed showed an increased yield over uncertified of from 2 to 5 bushels per acre on 22 demonstrations. In these cases, as in those listed above the average yield was in no case equal to those of last year.

Pastures top dressed this spring showed little or no benefit from the fertilizer, the ground drying up in the early summer and having no rain until late in the fall. We hope to see some results of this top dressing next year and all demonstrations were carried over with this in view.

The reclaiming of pastures from swamp land in several cases gave us very fine results. As this land was low and damp the dry weather only put it in good condition to grow grass and seed soon last fall and winter gave good grazing all through the summer months.

One pasture in particular, on the farm of Mr. A. H. Ellis, took care of 3 cows, 9 sheep, and 2 brood sows, from early spring until fall. This pasture was seeded 2 years ago in a mixture of orchard grass, red top, meadow fescue, and carpet grass. Mr. Ellis expects to top dress this pasture with superphosphate in the spring. This was an 8 acre pasture and was along a creek bottom where the small trees and bushes had been cut out.

The top dressing of corn, cotton, and peanuts is practiced quite generally in the county and although quite a bit of work has been done along this line this year no appreciable results were obtained except in cases where the top dressing material was applied before May 20th. In a few of these cases the yield was increased as much as five bushels per acre.

Generally speaking the highest yielding crops in the county for the year were those grown by 4-H Club members and these will be taken up in the paragraph headed Club work.

4-H Club Work. We feel encouraged somewhat in our club work this year as we had a larger enrollment this year as well as a larger percentage of completions. The enrollment and completions in the different projects for the year is shown in the table below.

Project	Enrollment		Completions	
	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls
Corn	18	0	15	0
Fig	16	6	14	4
Poultry	19	18	13	19
Garden	6	6	5	5
Sheep	4	0	1	0
Total	63	30	50	28

Out of this original enrollment boys dropped out until the total enrollment of boys was left at 59 and girls were added until their final enrollment was 34. This gives a total at end of yr. of 93.

Total completions at the end of November were 84 five completed records having come in since the club report was made out on November 24th. This number of completions we feel is quite an increase over last year, and we are encouraged thereby.

Our most outstanding accomplishments for the year, we feel is the work done in the corn project, in the poultry project, and in the number of boys and girls influenced to attend the district short course held at Jamestown.

In the corn project all seed corn was certified seed given the members by the Waverly Hatchery, to encourage the growing of yellow corn in the county. The variety used was *Ames Yellow Dent*, and enough corn was given each member to plant one acre. This corn was planted and cultivated under the direction of the county agent and was to be field selected for seed. All this was done and in spite of the drought some very creditable yields were made. The highest yield in the club was made by Spencer Croshaw, Stony Creek, Va. who made 54 bushels per acre. The second and third highest yields were 49 bushels, and 46 bushels respectively, and were made by Howard Atkins, Waverly, and G. C. Cox (this is a tie) also of Waverly. The third highest yield was made by Franklin Owen, of Jarrett.

The picture at the top on the next page, while it is not a good one by any means will give some idea as to the quality of the corn produced on the high yielding acre for the county.

Many of the other boys made creditable yields also considering the season, the average yield being above 30 lb per acre for all members enrolled.



Corn grown on acre of land of Walter Croshaw
by his son Spencer in 4-H Club 1930.

The poultry work deserves mention, though it did not turn out so spectacularly as the corn project, real work was accomplished in it. Most of the children enrolled in this project had had no previous experience with poultry and all who completed made good showings in the breeding and rearing unit. With the exception of six all expect to continue the work this next year, carrying it still further.

The other three projects were carried through the year in fairly good shape but none of the work in these was as worthy of note as that in the two projects mentioned above. We are expecting to do better work in these lines of work next year.

Twenty-six club members attended the district short course in Jamestown this year. This is the first year more than 5 have attended a short course from this county in nearly 7 years and we were very glad to see a revival of interest in this important feature of our work.

A school bus was loaned to us by the school board of the county to make the trip and a picture of the group about to start may be seen to the left of this paragraph. There were 18 boys and 8 girls in the party exclusive of the county agent and leaders. The short course was very successful and we are expecting a much larger attendance next year.



4-Club Work-cont.



Stony Creek 4-H Club
Scoring 2nd in the County

Note: - Not having picture of
Club taking 5th place answers
question as to why this one was used



Waverly 4-H Club
Scoring 1st in the County



Sussex 4-H Club
Scoring 5th in the County

Educational Work. This phase of the work, as has been stated before has been carried on through all existing organizations in the county, and also through the recently organized Live at Home Clubs.

These clubs are organized in each community, and elect their own officers, one of which is called a business executive. It is the duty of this particular officer to attend to the business enterprises undertaken by the club, such as cooperative buying and selling. He may or may not receive pay for his services, this being left to the club itself.

Through these clubs the agent puts his program into operation and also is able to give information relative to the projects to a larger number of farmers and their wives than if he had to visit each farm individually. This fact in itself is of much value to the agent in getting across any program of work in the county.

Educational work-cont.

Specific programs are worked out for each quarter at a meeting of representatives of the different clubs in some central place and these programs are carried back to each community to be put into operation. The agent attends all the meetings possible and explains technical points that might come up.

Through these clubs we hope to be able to put over the Live at Home project in good shape, and also grade and market our products by communities.

In the organization of these clubs the agent was assisted by Mr K. H. Ellis of the Department of Agricultural Economics at Blacksburg.

Marketing. The marketing of agricultural products has been undertaken by the Live at Home Clubs on a small scale, these products being assembled in some central place, and then being collected by trucks which take them to the central markets.

In this work of marketing we are particularly fortunate in having a cooperative creamery located conveniently at Spring Grove, Va. for the disposal of dairy products, and also a cooperative exchange in Petersburg for our meat, poultry, and eggs. Both these plants maintain truck routes throughout the county and handle the farm produce at a very nominal cost to the producer.

Most of our marketing work has been through these cooperatives, and we feel that they are rendering a real service to the farmers of this county. We hope to be able to increase very materially the volume of products disposed of in this manner in the next year.

Miscellaneous. Most important in the miscellaneous list is the drought relief work carried on in the county this fall in cooperation with the Department of Agriculture and the Railroads of the country.

Seven cars of feed were shipped into the county on permits issued by the County Agent, and distributed to farmers ~~and~~ saving them approximately \$80.00 to \$100.00 on each car and ten cars of hay were also brought in at a saving of approximately \$100.00 per car. This resulted in a net saving to the farmers of the county of \$1560.00 which was well distributed throughout the county.

Other miscellaneous work was done in horticulture, Agr. Engineering, pest control, etc. but they occupy a very small place in the activities of the agent for the year. A complete list of these activities will be found in the statistical report of 1930.

Conclusion. This in brief is a narrative record of the activities of the County Agent of Sussex County for the year 1930. In doing the work described in the foregoing pages the agent travelled 17,367 miles, spent 344 days in the field, 46 days in the office, made 664 farm visits, 608 home visits, wrote 508 individual letters, 23 circular letters of which over 18,000 copies were circulated, and attended all meetings within his reach that were related in any way to agricultural development.

Statistics showing the exact amount of work accomplished in any of the above projects may be had by referring to the agent's Statistical Report which has already been submitted.

The results of the work done in the county in the past year has not by any means been accomplished by the agent alone. The fine cooperation of the Specialists at Blacksburg, the business men of the county, and especially the farmers themselves, has contributed in a great measure to the success of all projects put over in the county.

COOPERATIVE EXTENSION WORK IN AGRICULTURE AND HOME ECONOMICS

U. S. Department of Agriculture
and State Agricultural Colleges
Cooperating

Extension Service,
Office of Cooperative Extension Work
Washington, D. C.

ANNUAL REPORT OF COUNTY EXTENSION WORKERS

Revised July 7, 1930

This report form is to be used by county extension agents, such as county agricultural agent, home demonstration agent, club agent, and negro agent, reporting on their respective lines of work.

State Virginia County Sussex
Report of J. D. Cole County Agricultural Agent
From December 1, 1929 to December 1 1930

If agent has not been employed entire year, indicate exact period. Agents resigning during the year should make out this report before quitting the service.

READ DEFINITIONS, PAGE 3



COUNTY AGENT ANNUAL REPORT

Approved:

Date _____

State or District Supervisor.

Date _____

State Extension Director.

SUGGESTIONS RELATIVE TO THE PREPARATION OF THE COUNTY EXTENSION AGENT'S ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report should be a summary, with analysis and interpretations, for presentation to the people of the county, the State, and the Nation of the extension activities in such county for the year and the results obtained by the county extension agent, assisted by the subject-matter specialists. The making of such a report is of great value to the county extension agent and the people of the county in showing the progress made during the year as a basis for future plans. It is of vital concern also to the State and Nation as a measure of rural progress and a basis for intelligent legislation and financial support of extension work.

Separate statistical and narrative reports are desired from each leader of a line of work, such as county agricultural agent, home demonstration agent, boys' and girls' club agent, and negro agent, regardless of title. Where an assistant agent has been employed a part or all of the year, a report on his or her work should be included with the report of the leader of that line of work. Where an agent in charge of a line of work has quit the service during the year, the information contained in his or her report should be incorporated in the annual report of the agent on duty at the close of the report year, and the latter report so marked. Where two or more agents are employed in a county, each a leader of a line of work, statistics should not be duplicated.

At least four copies of the annual report should be made: One copy for the county officials, one copy for the agent's files, one copy for the State extension office, and one copy for the Extension Service, United States Department of Agriculture. The report to the Washington office should be sent through the State extension office.

NARRATIVE SUMMARY

The narrative report should summarize and interpret the outstanding results accomplished and the extension methods used, under appropriate subheadings, for each project. Every statement should be clear-cut, concise, forceful, and, where possible, reinforced with necessary data from the statistical summary. Use an interesting style of writing, giving major accomplishments first under each project. Give extension methods fully relating to outstanding results only, and where practicable illustrate with photographs, maps, diagrams, blue prints, or copies of charts and other forms used. Full credit should be given to all cooperating agencies. The lines should be single-spaced, with double space between the paragraphs, and reasonably good margins. The pages should be numbered in consecutive order.

The following outline is suggestive of how the narrative report may be clearly and systematically presented. Each agent should adapt the outline to the situation and the work to be reported.

SUGGESTIVE OUTLINE OF ANNUAL NARRATIVE REPORT

- I. Cover and title page.
- II. Table of contents.
- III. Status of county extension organization.
 - (1) Form of organization—changes and development.
 - (2) Function of local people, committees, or project leaders in developing the program of work.
 - (3) General policies, including relationships to other organizations.
- IV. Program of work; listing goals set up, methods employed, and results achieved.
 - (1) Factors considered and methods used in determining program of work.
 - (2) Project activities and results.

(a) Cereals.	(m) Dairy.
(b) Legumes and forage crops.	(n) Other livestock.
(c) Potatoes, Irish.	(o) Farm management.
(d) Cotton.	(p) Marketing, farm and home.
(e) Tobacco and other special crops.	(q) Foods and nutrition.
(f) Home gardens and home beautification.	(r) Child training and care.
(g) Market garden and truck crops.	(s) Clothing.
(h) Fruits.	(t) Home management.
(i) Forestry.	(u) Home furnishings.
(j) Rodents and miscellaneous insects.	(v) Home health and sanitation.
(k) Agricultural engineering and home engineering.	(w) Community activities.
(l) Poultry.	(x) Miscellaneous.
- V. Outlook and recommendations, including suggestive program of work for next year.
- VI. Summary of activities and accomplishments, preferably of one or two typewritten pages only, placed at the beginning or end of the narrative report.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY

To supplement the narrative part of the report, and in order that comparable State and National summaries may be made, it is necessary to include a statistical summary of the work in each county. The following form has been prepared to insure uniformity of reporting:

DEFINITIONS OF TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT.

1. A program of work is a statement of the specific lines of extension work to be undertaken by the extension agent during a year or a period of years.
2. A plan of work is a definite outline of procedure for carrying out the different phases of the program of work. Such a plan provides specifically for the means to be used and the methods of using them. It also shows what, how much, when, and where the work is to be done.
3. A community is a more or less well-defined group of rural people with common interests and problems. Such a group may include those within a township, trade area, or similar limits. For the purpose of this report a community is one of the several units into which a county is divided for conducting organized extension work.
4. A project leader, local leader, or committeeman is a person who, because of special interest and fitness, is selected to serve as a leader in advancing some phase of the local extension program. A project leader may be either an organization or a subject-matter leader.
5. Demonstrations as contemplated in this report are of two kinds—method demonstrations and result demonstrations.

A method demonstration is a demonstration given by an extension worker or other trained leader for the purpose of showing how to carry out a practice. Examples: Demonstrations of how to can fruits and vegetables, mix spray materials, and cull poultry.

A result demonstration is a demonstration conducted by a farmer, home maker, boy, or girl under the direct supervision of the extension worker, to show locally the value of a recommended practice. Such a demonstration involves a substantial period of time and records of results and comparisons, and is designed to teach others in addition to the person conducting the demonstration. Examples: Demonstrating that the application of fertilizer to cotton will result in more profitable yields, that underweight of certain children can be corrected through proper diet, or that the use of certified seed in growing potatoes is a good investment.

The adoption of a farm or home practice resulting from a demonstration or other teaching activity employed by the extension worker as a means of teaching is not in itself a demonstration.
6. A result demonstrator is an adult, boy, or girl who conducts a result demonstration as defined above.
7. A cooperator is a farmer or home maker who agrees to adopt certain recommended practices upon the solicitation of an extension worker. The work is not directly supervised by the extension agent and records are not required, but reports on the success of the practices may be obtained.
8. A 4-H Club is an organized group of boys and/or girls with the objectives of demonstrating improved practices in agriculture or home economics, and of providing desirable training for the members.
9. 4-H Club members enrolled are those boys and girls who actually start the work outlined for the year.
10. 4-H Club members completing are those boys and girls who satisfactorily finish the work outlined for the year.
11. A demonstration meeting is a meeting held to give a method demonstration or to start, inspect, or further a result demonstration.
12. A training meeting is a meeting at which project leaders, local leaders, or committeemen are trained to carry on extension activities in their respective communities.
13. An office call is a call in person or by telephone by an individual or group seeking agricultural or home-economics information, as a result of which some definite assistance or information is given.
14. A farm or home visit is a call by the agent at a farm or home at which some definite information relating to extension work is given or obtained.
15. Days in office should include time spent by the county extension agent in his office, extension conferences, and any other work directly related to office administration.
16. Days in field should include all days spent on official duty other than those spent in office.
17. Letters written should include all original letters on official business. (Duplicated letters should not be included.)
18. An exhibition school is a school usually of two to six days' duration, arranged by the extension service, where practical instruction is given to persons not resident at the college. An extension short course differs from an extension school in that it is usually held at the college or other educational institution and usually for a longer period of time.
19. Records consist of definite information on file in the county office that will enable the agent to verify the data on extension work included in this report.

GENERAL ACTIVITIES

Report Only This Year's Activities and Results that are to be Filled

1. List below the names, titles, and periods of service of the county extension agents whose work is included in this report.

J. B. Cole (Name) County Agent (Title) 12 (Months of service this year)

2. County extension organization or association.

(a) Name. 0

(b) Number of members. (1) Men 0

(2) Women 0

3. Number of communities in county where extension work should be conducted. 6

4. Number of above communities in which the extension program has been cooperatively worked out by extension agents and local committees. 0

5. Number of different voluntary county or community local leaders or committeemen actively engaged in forwarding the extension program.

(a) Adult work. (1) Men 6

(2) Women 4

(b) 4-H Club work. (1) Men 3

(2) Women 2

(3) Older club boys 1

(4) Older club girls 2

6. Number of clubs or other groups organized to carry on adult home demonstration work. 0

7. Members in above clubs or groups. 0

8. Number of 4-H Clubs. 6

9. Number of different 4-H Club members enrolled. (a) Boys 59

(b) Girls 54

10. Number of different 4-H Club members completing. (a) Boys 50

(b) Girls 29

11. Number of members now enrolled in 4-H Club work for:

	1st Year	2d Year	3d Year	4th Year	5th Year	6th Year and Over
(a) Boys	<u>38</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>
(b) Girls	<u>18</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>

12. Number of 4-H Club members according to age.

Age	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Boys	<u>3</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>		
Girls	<u>2</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>1</u>			

¹ Report the total number of different boys or girls enrolled in club work. This total should equal the sum of the present enrollments reported on page 8 to 24, less any dropouts due to the same boy or girl carrying on two or more subject-matter lines of work.

GENERAL ACTIVITIES—Continued

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities and Branches that can be Verified

	(1) Number	0	
35. Encampments held	(a) Farm women	(2) Total members attending	0
		(3) Total others attending	0
		(1) Number	1
36. Other meetings of an extension nature participated in and not previously reported	(b) 4-H Club	(2) Total boys attending	17
		(3) Total girls attending	9
		(4) Total others attending	4
37. Meetings held by local leaders or committeemen not participated in by agent and not reported elsewhere	(a) Adult work	(5) Number	6
		(6) Total attendance	65
38. Meetings held by local leaders or committeemen not participated in by agent and not reported elsewhere	(a) Adult work	(1) Number	3
		(2) Total attendance	40
39. Meetings held by local leaders or committeemen not participated in by agent and not reported elsewhere	(b) 4-H Club	(1) Number	0
		(2) Total attendance	0

PROGRAM SUMMARY

Set below information on each subdivision of the program of work. Indicate under each heading all of the work done with men, women, boys, and girls. If an auxiliary agent has been employed indicate his or her time with that of the agent. This page should not be filled out until the questions on the following pages have been answered. Estimate where records are not available.

Line of work	Number of extension or other public participating	Number of leaders or consultants assisting	Days reported helped with line of work	Days agent devoted to line of work	Number of meetings held in relation to line of work	Number of correspondence published	Number of circular letters issued	Number of films or home visits made	Number of other aids received	
	(01)	(02)	(03)	(04)	(05)	(06)	(07)	(08)	(09)	
28. Cereals (page 8)	3	22	3	37	9	3	3	107	53	28
29. Legumes and forage crops (page 9, 10)	3	7	0	18	2	1	3	93	67	29
30. Potatoes, Irish (page 11)	1	3	0	16	0	1	1	14	12	30
31. Cotton (page 17)	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	11	3	31
32. Tobacco and other special crops (page 11)	1	1	5	8	2	0	2	40	18	32
33. Home gardens and home beautification (page 12)	2	3	1	14	4	2	2	29	25	33
34. Market garden and truck crops (page 12)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	34
35. Fruits (page 12)	1	2	1	15	0	1	1	25	24	35
36. Forestry (page 13)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36
37. Rodents and miscellaneous insects (page 13)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	37
38. Agricultural engineering and home engineering (page 14)	2	1	0	4	0	3	1	16	16	38
39. Poultry (page 15)	6	5	0	38	5	5	3	169	120	39
40. Dairy (page 15)	4	2	2	22	1	3	2	91	71	40
41. Other livestock (page 15)	6	3	4	26	3	3	4	229	175	41
42. Farm management (page 16)	11	11	0	5	0	1	1	15	17	42
43. Marketing—farm and home (page 17)	2	2	6	12	0	0	1	20	22	43
44. Foods and nutrition (page 18)										44
45. Child training and care (page 19)										45
46. Clothing (page 20)										46
47. Home management (page 21)										47
48. Home furnishings (page 22)										48
49. Home health and sanitation (page 23)	1	0	1	3	0	0	0	13	13	49
50. Community activities (page 24)	3	3	0	10	3	2	0	26	5	50
51. Miscellaneous (page 24)	6	13	0	15	0	0	0	89	77	51
52. Building extension program of work ¹										52
53. Organization—extension association and committee ²										53

¹ Under "building the extension program" include all work incident to the collection of accounts and field work as a basis for determining program, the conducting of program surveys, and the outlining of county, district, and community programs. Do not include work related to the execution of programs, as this should be reported under the projects shown.

² Under "organization" include all work incident to promoting extension associations, agricultural committees, home demonstration councils, advisory committees, project committees, community committees, and the like not reported under building the extension program.

LEGUMES AND FORAGE CROPS—Continued

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Suggested by Blount

Item	(1) Dry tons	(2) Comps	(3) Value ¹ tons	(4) Field tons	(5) Feeds	(6) Other ¹	
72. Number of method demonstration meetings held.....	3	0	0	0	3	0	72
73. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year.....	6	0	0	0	6	0	73
74. Total number of acres included in adult result demonstrations.....	6	0	0	0	6	0	74
75. Average increased yield per acre on adult result demonstrations due to recommended practices ²	0 bu. tons	0 bu. tons	0 bu. tons	0 bu.	0 bu.	0 bu. tons	75
76. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled.....	(1) Boys.....	0	0	0	0	0	76
	(2) Girls.....	0	0	0	0	0	
77. Number of 4-H Club members completing.....	(1) Boys.....	0	0	0	0	0	77
	(2) Girls.....	0	0	0	0	0	
78. Number of acres grown by club members completing.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	78
79. Total yield of crops grown by club members completing ³	0 bu. tons	0 bu. tons	0 bu. tons	0 bu.	0 bu.	0 bu. tons	79

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

¹ Indicate crop by name.² Indicate whether yield is bushels of seed or tons of cured forage.

POTATOES, COTTON, TOBACCO, AND OTHER SPECIAL CROPS

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Supported by Records

No.	Item	00	00	00	00	00
		Irish pota- toss	Sweet pota- toss	Cotton	Tobacco	Other ¹
80.	Number of method demonstration meetings held	0	4	0	0	0
81.	Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year	0	40	3	0	0
82.	Total number of acres included in adult result demonstrations	0	70	3	0	0
83.	Average increased yield per acre on adult result demonstrations due to recommended practices	0 bu.	Drought	bu.	cut yield	bu.
84.	Number of 4-H Club members enrolled	(1) Boys	0	0	0	0
		(2) Girls	0	0	0	0
85.	Number of 4-H Club members completing	(1) Boys	0	0	0	0
		(2) Girls	0	0	0	0
86.	Number of acres grown by club members completing	0	0	0	0	0
87.	Total yield of crops grown by club members completing	0 bu.	0 bu.	0 lbs.	0 bu.	0 bu.

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

¹ Indicate crop by name.² Report yield of cotton in pounds of seed cotton.

FRUITS, VEGETABLES, AND BEAUTIFICATION OF HOME GROUNDS

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Supported by Records

Item	88	89	90	91	92	93
	Home gardens	Market gardening, truck, and nursery crops	Beautification of home grounds	Tree fruits	Bush and small fruits	Grapes
88. Number of method demonstration meetings held	5	4	3	12	3	5
89. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year	25	3	30	12	2	5
90. Total number of acres included in adult result demonstrations	XXXX	4	XXXX	12	2	1/4
91. Average increased yield per acre on adult result demonstrations due to recommended practices	XXXX	0 bu.	XXXX	0 bu.	0 qts.	0 lbs.
92. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled	(1) Boys	8	0	0	0	0
	(2) Girls	5	0	0	0	0
93. Number of 4-H Club members completing	(1) Boys	5	0	0	0	0
	(2) Girls	5	0	0	0	0
94. Number of acres grown by club members completing	4 5/8	0	XXXX	0	0	0

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

FORESTRY

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Supported by Records

95. Number of method demonstration meetings held	None	95	
96. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year	1	96	
97. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled	(a) Boys	None	97
	(b) Girls	"	
98. Number of 4-H Club members completing	(a) Boys	"	98
	(b) Girls	"	
99. Number of transplant beds cared for by club members completing	None	99	
100. Number of acres farm wood lot managed by club members completing	"	100	
101. Number of new forest or farm woodland areas planted according to recommendations	"	101	
102. Acres involved in preceding question	"	102	
103. Number of farms assisted in forest or wood-lot management	3 (shading)	103	
104. Acres involved in preceding question	12	104	
105. Number of farms planting windbreaks according to recommendations	None	105	
106. Number of farms following recommendations as to control of white-pine blister rust	"	106	
107. Number of farms assisted in other ways relative to forestry (specify below)	"	107	

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

RODENTS, OTHER ANIMAL PESTS, AND MISCELLANEOUS INSECTS

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Supported by Records

(Do not include work reported under "Crop" and "Livestock" headings)

Item	00	00	00	
	Rodents	Other animal pests	Insects	
108. Number of method demonstration meetings held	0	0	0	108
109. Number of result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year	0	0	0	109
110. Pounds of poison used	0	0	0	110

AGRICULTURAL AND HOME ENGINEERING

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Supported by Grants

111. Number of method demonstration meetings held	None	111
112. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year	1	112
113. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled	(a) Boys 0 (b) Girls 0	113
114. Number of 4-H Club members completing	(a) Boys 0 (b) Girls 0	114
115. Number of farms following recommendations in installing drainage systems	0	115
116. Acres drained by such systems	0	116
117. Number of farms following recommendations in installing irrigation systems	0	117
118. Acres irrigated by such systems	0	118
119. Number of farms building terraces and soil-saving dams to control erosion according to recommendations	1	119
120. Acres on which soil erosion was so prevented	20	120
121. Number of farms clearing land of stumps or boulders according to recommended methods	2	121
122. Number of families assisted with house-planning problems	0	122
123. Number of dwellings constructed according to plans furnished	0	123
124. Number of dwellings remodeled according to plans furnished	0	124
125. Number of sewage-disposal systems installed according to recommendations	1	125
126. Number of water systems installed according to recommendations	1	126
127. Number of heating systems installed according to recommendations	0	127
128. Number of lighting systems installed according to recommendations	0	128
129. Number of farms on which buildings other than dwellings were constructed or remodeled this year according to plans furnished	27	129
130. Number of buildings involved in preceding question	(a) Dairy barns 1	130
	(b) Hog houses 6	
	(c) Poultry houses 12	
	(d) Siles 0	
	(e) Other 8	

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

FARM MANAGEMENT, CREDIT, INSURANCE, AND TAXATION

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Reported by Records

145. Number of method demonstration meetings held			0	145
146. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year			1	146
147. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled in account work	(a) Boys		0	147
	(b) Girls		0	
148. Number of 4-H Club members completing	(a) Boys		0	148
	(b) Girls		0	
149. Number of farms keeping farm accounts throughout the year under supervision of agent			1	149
150. Number of farms keeping cost-of-production records under supervision of agent			1	150
151. Number of farms assisted in summarizing and interpreting their accounts			1	151
152. Number of farms assisted in making inventory or credit statements			0	152
153. Number of farm business or enterprise survey records taken during year			6	153
154. Number of farms making recommended changes in their business as result of keeping accounts or survey records			0	154
155. Number of other farms adopting cropping, livestock, or complete farming systems according to recommendations			11	155
156. Number of farms advised relative to leases			0	156
157. Number of farms assisted in obtaining credit			17	157
158. Number of different farms assisted in using outlook or other timely economic information as a basis for readjusting farm operations			10	158
159. Number of farms in preceding question making readjustments in—				159
(a) Wheat	9	(g) Dairy cattle	10	(m)
(b) Corn	0	(h) Beef cattle	0	(n)
(c) Cotton	10	(i) Hogs	10	(o)
(d) Potatoes	0	(j) Sheep	3	(p)
(e) Tobacco	0	(k) Poultry	10	(q)
(f) Truck crops	0	(l) Peanuts	10	(r)

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

MARKETING (FARM AND HOME)

Report Only This Year's Extensive Activities and Results

Item	(a) Grain and feed	(b) Cotton	(c) Dairy products	(d) Livestock	(e) Fruits and vegetables	(f) Poultry and eggs	(g) Honey products	(h) Other	
160. Number of cooperative-marketing associations or groups organized during the year	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	160
161. Number of cooperative-marketing associations or groups previously organized, assisted by extension agent this year	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	161
162. Membership in associations organized and assisted (161 and 163)	0	0	65	0	0	108	0	0	162
163. Value of products marketed by all associations worked with	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 26.00	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 43.00	\$ 0	\$ 0	163
164. Value of supplies purchased by all associations worked with	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 12.00	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 19.00	\$ 0	\$ 0	164
Number of cooperative-marketing associations or groups assisted with problems of—									
165. Preliminary analysis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	165
166. Organization	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	166
167. Accounting and auditing	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	167
168. Financing	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	168
169. Business policies	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	169
170. Production to meet market demand	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	170
171. Reduction of market losses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	171
172. Use of current market information	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	172
173. Standardizing	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	173
174. Processing or manufacturing	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	174
175. Packaging and grading	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	175
176. Loading	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	176
177. Transporting	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	177
178. Warehousing	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	178
179. Keeping membership informed	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	179
180. Merging into larger units	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	180
Number of farms or homes not in cooperative associations or groups assisted with problems of—									
181. Standardizing	0	0	0	0	40	0	0	0	181
182. Packaging and grading	0	0	0	0	40	0	0	0	182
183. Use of current market information	0	0	0	0	40	0	0	0	183

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

FOODS AND NUTRITION

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Supported by Grants

184. Number of method demonstration meetings held 184
185. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year 185
- | | Food selection and preparation | Food preservation |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | (1) | (2) |
| 186. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled | (1) Girls | 186 |
| | (2) Boys | |
| 187. Number of 4-H Club members completing | (1) Girls | 187 |
| | (2) Boys | |
188. Number of homes assisted in planning family food budget for a year 188
189. Number of homes budgeting food expenditures for a year 189
190. Number of homes balancing family meals for a year 190
191. Number of homes improving home-packed lunches according to recommendations 191
192. Number of schools following recommendations for a hot dish or school lunch 192
193. Number of children involved in preceding question 193
194. Number of homes using improved methods in child feeding 194
195. Number of individuals adopting recommendations for corrective feeding (such as weight control, anemia, pellagra, and constipation) 195
196. Number of jars of canned products preserved by 4-H Club members 196

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

HOME MANAGEMENT

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Suggested by Boards

217. Number of method demonstration meetings held	217
218. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year	218
219. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled	219
	(a) Girls
	(b) Boys
220. Number of 4-H Club members completing	220
	(a) Girls
	(b) Boys
221. Number of homes keeping home accounts according to a recommended plan	221
222. Number of homes budgeting expenditures in relation to income according to a recommended plan	222
223. Number of homes following recommended methods in buying for the home	223
224. Number of women following a recommended schedule for home activities	224
225. Number of kitchens rearranged for convenience according to recommendations	225
226. Number of homes following recommendations in obtaining labor-saving equipment	226
227. Number of homes adopting recommended laundering methods	227
228. Number of homes adopting recommended methods in care of home	228
229. Number of homes assisted in an analysis of their home conditions with reference to a standard of living	229
230. Number of homes assisted in making adjustments in home making to gain a more satisfactory standard of living	230

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

COMMUNITY ACTIVITIES

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities

253. Number of communities surveyed or scored	6	253
254. Number of clubhouses, permanent camps, etc., built	0	254
255. Number of community rest rooms established	0	255
256. Number of community or county-wide pageants or plays presented	0	256
257. Number of communities developing recreation according to recommendations	0	257
258. Number of communities assisted in improving hygienic practices	0	258
259. Number of school or other community grounds landscaped in accordance with plans furnished	3	259
260. Number of 4-H Clubs engaging in community activities such as landscaping school grounds, conducting a local fair, etc.	3	260
261. Total number of different communities assisted in connection with the community work reported on this page	3	261

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

SEES, WEEDS, HANDCRAFT, AND MISCELLANEOUS

Enter State Member Report Other Kind of Work not Included in the Previous Pages, Such as Sees, Weeds, Handcraft, and Similar Work, Etc., and Other Information that can be Reported Statistically and that Will Help to Give a Complete Account of the Year's Work.

Item	00 Sees	01 Weeds	02 Handcraft	00 ¹	00 ¹	
262. Number of method demonstration meetings held	0	0	0	0	0	262
263. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into next year	0	0	0	0	0	263
264. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled	(1) Boys	0	0	0	0	264
	(2) Girls	0	0	0	0	
265. Number of 4-H Club members completing	(1) Boys	0	0	0	0	265
	(2) Girls	0	0	0	0	

¹ Indicate project by name.