

VIRGINIA

SCOTT COUNTY

COUNTY AGENT ANNUAL REPORT

1933

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COOPERATIVE EXTENSION WORK
IN
AGRICULTURE AND HOME ECONOMICS
STATE OF VIRGINIA

VIRGINIA AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL
COLLEGE AND POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE
AND UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF
AGRICULTURE, WASHINGTON

EXTENSION SERVICE
COUNTY AGENT WORK

ANNUAL NARRATIVE REPORT
of

J. E. Delp, County Agent

for

Scott County

from

Dec. 1, 1952 to Dec. 1, 1953.

COUNTY AGENT ANNUAL REPORT

1. On the first Monday in January 1953 the County Agricultural Advisory Board met at the County Agents Office and after earnest discussion by all members a county "Program of Work" for the ensuing year was adopted. In this program certain major projects were to be emphasized through this Extension Service with all members cooperating to put the program in to effect.
2. The main lines of work to be emphasized was with soils & legumes, Tobacco, beef cattle, sheep, orchard, poultry and 4-H club work.
3. During the month of February the Agent invited all tobacco growers to deliver their tobacco seed to his office the same week and have it treated free of charge for the purpose of controlling Wildfire and Blackfire. Enough seed was treated at that time for 700 farmers. The seed treatment was followed up by a lantern slide lecture meeting with 100 farmers present. This picture and lecture showed the farmers the various diseases and they were advised how to control them.
4. During March and April, 199 farmers came to the Agents Office and applied for crop loans with which they could finance their 1953 crop production.
5. An unrelenting campaign was put on and kept up to have all lambs docked and trimmed, all wool pooled and sold cooperatively, and all flocks treated for worms.
6. A continuous campaign was kept up throughout the season to dispose of all grade bulls, rams and boars and replace with good pure bred sires.
7. A very large number of turkeys were pooled and marketed cooperatively at Thanksgiving.

8. Orchard demonstration were carried out.
 9. County and community fairs were assisted in all ways possible.
 10. Farmers were induced to keep good beef heifers for cows.
 11. Calves were vaccinated to prevent Blackleg, etc.
 12. 4-H Club work was carried on successfully throughout the year.
- The agent was ably assisted in the above program by Local Leaders, Specialists from the V. F. I. and R. C. Carter Asst., County Agent for four months, as well as members of the County Advisory Board, members of the Board of Supervisors and other business leaders.

LEGUMES:

With the assistance of two specialists from the V. F. I. the Agent held seven meetings in the major communities of the county stressing the importance of the growing of more legumes such as the clovers and lespedeza. These meetings held in February were the beginning of a campaign to get the farmers to growing more clover and lespedeza for the improvement of soils and the feeding of young livestock as well as the increased pasture yields.

All seven of the meetings were largely attended and a great deal of interest shown. And as a direct result of this campaign seed dealers had to finally put in their third orders for seed to meet the demand.

It is estimated that an increase of 15% more acreage was sown in Red Clover than for the past few years, and not less than 80% increase in the seeding of lespedeza resulted.

LIME

Some time was spent urging farmers to use lime on soils, too acid to grow red clover successfully. The result was that about five lime kilns were burned and spread on 100 acres, and 25 farmers used ground lime-stone on approximately 150 acres. These demonstrations

will be carried into next year.

WHEAT:

Scott County did not form a wheat association this year for the reduction of wheat production as other sections did. On the other hand several hundred farmers were induced to grow enough wheat for their own needs that had not been growing wheat for a number of years. The Agent advised as to varieties, fertilization etc. And furnished instructions to 25 farmers for the treatment and control of smut which was very prevalent in several communities.

BARLEY:

A continued effort has been maintained to get farmers grow more Barley and less corn. Barley is much better suited to our steep hill sides since it does not allow washing as does corn or other cultivated crops.

The land seeded to barley this fall was probably increased 500% over previous years.

POULTRY:

It was part of our 1935 plan of work to pool as many as possible of this years turkey crop. Consequently, when the Thanksgiving marketing season arrived we were prepared to render all assistance to producers possible.

2400 birds were pooled on the south side of the county in five communities, and 600 birds on the north side.

Before the pool was announced local buyers were offering 9¢ per lb. for turkeys, and immediately after the pools were announced the local buyers offered 10¢ F. O. B. loading point. When they discovered they could not secure as many as was needed to fill their cars outside of the pools they offered an increase in price, or 10¢

F. O. B. farms or 10¢ delivered at car. This price was accepted on 1100 birds, and the remainder of the pooled birds were sold at from 10½¢ to 11¢ at the farms to out- of the county buyers.

It is estimated that the pools saved to growers who were members, the sum of \$288.00. In addition the pools were the direct cause of the price being raised on five cars of other turkeys in the county resulting in an increase price of \$700 or a total saving to the turkey industry of the county due directly to pooling of \$988.00

Owners of poultry flocks were advised throughout the year as to production methods and laying rations for their flocks.

ORCHARD:

Two demonstration orchards carried two years followed the advice of the Agent and Specialists from V. P. I. in their pruning, fertilization and spraying methods. Two years ago these two orchards were not paying expenses(having about 16 acres in the two orchards) but this year they will return to the owners above expenses approximately \$2000.00.

Two other orchards which are being cared for according to our recommendations have shown excellent results this year. One of which, about 10 acres, has never shown a profit according to the owner until this year, this orchard is now showing a net profit above cash outlay for the year of \$1800.00.

Six pruning demonstrations were held during the year by the County Agent and Specialists from the V. P. I.

One grape vineyard was pruned and recommendations given for the control of black rot etc, which resulted in very good results and some small profit to the owner in spite of a short crop of grapes.



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CONTROLLING TOBACCO DISEASES IN SCOTT COUNTY.

Before the advent of the county agricultural demonstrator in Scott County, plant diseases played an important role in reducing quality crops and crop yields. This was especially true of tobacco diseases. For example, during the season of 1931, blackfire alone caused a loss of at least \$10,000 to the Scott County tobacco crop. Field observation of tobacco crops made during the growing season of 1931 by County Agent J. E. Delp, and the extension plant pathologist of the Virginia Polytechnic Institute showed the prevalence of blackfire in all fields observed. In all of these, inferior grade of tobacco ^{was} produced. We believe that growers have largely eliminated these conditions in the 1935 tobacco crop of Scott County by seed treatment, and the use of correct practices in the plant bed from the time of selection and preparation of the plant bed up to and including the time of setting the plants into the field. The growers were advised as to the correct amounts and balance of fertilizers to be used for meeting the particular needs of their different sections of the County. Much good has already been realized as a result of this work.

Early in February, 1930 lots of tobacco seed, varying in amounts from one-half ounce up to two pounds, were treated in the County Agent's office by the County Agent and extension plant pathologist of the Virginia Polytechnic Institute. These different lots of tobacco seed came from every corner and locality of Scott County (see pictorial history following)

The best known method of seed treatment (bichlorid of mercury) was followed, and every precaution taken in carrying out this phase of the work.

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Before treatment all lots of seed were cleaned and after treatment all lots were placed in brand new containers. Great care was exercised so that there was no mixing of the different seed lots in handling. After treatment, each lot was carefully addressed, some being mailed out and others called for by the growers themselves. These practices afforded us a "check and double check" on each and every step taken in regard to the seed treatment work ((see pictorial history following)) On February 22, 1935, a colored lantern-slide lecture was given at the Court House in Gate City. This lecture showed the stages of the different tobacco diseases and methods of control. One hundred growers were in attendance.

In the early spring 65 plant beds were inspected in different sections of the county. Sixty of which grown from treated seed were free from diseases, and five grown from untreated seed showed the presence of the Blackfire disease. Later on in the summer season, 250 fields were inspected in different sections of the county. Two hundred and forty which were grown from treated seed were free from diseases, and 10 grown from untreated seed showed the presence of the Blackfire disease. ^{There was} a pretty good record ^{for} the treated and well-cared for beds and fields, as compared to those not treated or otherwise properly cared for. This tells a story of good seed. It pays to follow the best recommended practices in producing a tobacco crop. //

In addition to the above seed treatment work etc., we have 50 farmers growing the Wisconsin Root-Rot Resistant Variety. These farmers are located in all sections of the county, and are running this test to find out if the particular variety will compare favor-

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ably in quality, yield etc., with present varieties of burley that are being grown here. Already the farmers have proven that this new variety really is resistant to root-rot, a disease that is beginning to appear in certain localities of the county, and they believe that the quality will prove equal to other varieties. This will be definitely established this winter when all of the crops have been stripped and marketed. Another strong point of the new variety is that it is far more resistant to drought, because of its highly developed root system, than native varieties and this is a very important feature during dry seasons.

The Agent does more work with the growers of this crop than all other crops combined, this is largely due to the inexperience of some two-thirds of our growers. In the production and handling of this crop, 125 grading demonstrations have been held in various sections of the county with an attendance of from one farmer to fifty at each demonstration.

The Agent is called on to help with the seed treatment to prevent disease, planting, fertilization, culture, insect control, topping, harvesting, curing and finally to show them just how to grade it properly. Seed was treated free for some 1200 growers last winter. 800 growers have been assisted with the grading problem.

The economic value of the tobacco work is hard to estimate when dealing with so many factors; many growers believe that the county lost at least \$10,000 in 1931 due solely to disease. But to be conservative we will say that the growers have saved this year due to seed treatment and miscellaneous work— \$5000

800 foremen assisted with grading tobacco, with 80,000# @ 2¢ per lb. on their tobacco.

Through proper grading.....\$16,000

Or a total of\$21,000

Due to the service of the County Agent.

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BEEF CATTLE:

The beef cattle program consisted of :

1. Replacement of grade and scrub with good pure bred bulls.
 2. Vaccinating cattle to prevent blackleg.
 3. Establishing good beef cow herds,
 4. Control practices for worms, lice and scours in calves.
 5. Marketing fat cattle cooperatively.
 6. Marketing feeder cattle.
- A. As a final result of the above program, 32 beef bulls were placed with 51 farmers.
- B. 500 young cattle were vaccinated to prevent Blackleg. 4 cow herds established in addition to about 50 farmers who kept from one to three good beef type heifers for breeding purposes.
- C. 100 calves were treated for lice, worms or scours.
- D. 150 calves were castrated.
- E. 25 scrub bulls were castrated and 25 more sold on half market. Three car loads of cattle were marketed cooperatively.
- F. Approximately 500 feeder cattle were placed with the assistance of the extension agent.

The direct returns or monetary value of this work is estimated as follows:

32 beef bulls bred to an average of 30 cows each will increase the value per calf on average of \$6.00 or \$7680.00 the first year.

Saving on 500 calves vaccinated.....	\$375.00
100 other calves treated.....	\$150.00
Total value to beef cattle industry.....	<u>\$525.00</u>

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SWINE

For several years hundreds of dollars have been going out of the county annually for feeder pigs. Importing approximately 1000 pigs each year to take care of the local demand for home consumption.

In 1931-32 the extension program called for "one or more brood sows on every farm", this goal has not yet been reached, but we have already reached the point of where-as in the past years we were importing about 1000 pigs this year we imported only about 100 pigs as feeders.

This means a saving to our growers and consumers of some \$3000.00 annually. It also has the advantage of keeping this much cash at home to circulate among the neighbors rather than take out of the county never *to return*.

Nine pure bred boars were placed with nine farmers during the year, and it is estimated that these boars will be bred to an average of not less than 12 sows each, and that this will mean an average increased value per sow the first year of not less than five dollars each, or a total value of the purebred boars the first year of \$500.00.

Twenty pure bred sows were placed with that many farmers during the year, all of which came from pure bred herds owned by the 4-H Club members of the county.

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THE SHEEP PROGRAM THIS YEAR CONSISTED OF THE FOLLOWING PROJECTS:

- A. Standardizing Lambs.
- B. Pooling and Marketing of wool.
- C. Pooling and Marketing Lambs.
- D. Treating Flocks for Stomach Worms.
- E. Replacement of Scrub and Grade Rams with Purebreds.
- F. Creep Feeding Early Lambs.

A campaign was put on early in the lambing season to get the farmers to standardize their lambs. This was carried on by circular letters, newspaper articles, method demonstrations, and personal visits. This campaign resulted in at least 97% of the lambs in the county being docked and castrated.

A similar campaign was put on to get the farmers to pool and market their wool cooperatively. This campaign was very successful and resulted in at least 80% of the entire county clip being pooled. This wool was sold for 30¢ per lb. which resulted in the farmers getting an average of 15¢ per lb. more than they would otherwise have gotten. The country price ranged from 9¢ in the early part of the season to 20¢ in the latter part. The wool in the adjoining county of Lee which does not have a County Agent, is of about the same quality as Scott County wool. It was sold to Country buyers at an average of 15¢ per lb. Estimated savings on the 28, 500 lbs. of wool pooled is \$3825.00.

The success of the wool pool was very helpful in organizing the community lamb pools. The five principal lamb producing communities of the county were organized into a pool with a selling committee for each.

At the end of the selling season the figures of the pools were compared with the receipts at the local livestock auction to which

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almost all of the lambs outside of the pool were sold. About 85% of the lambs of the county had been sold through the pools. Prices obtained were very satisfactory. In all cases they were from a cent to a cent and a half above those outside the pool and those of adjoining counties which had no pools. A total of 1875 lambs were handled through the pool. The savings estimated at from 60¢ to 85¢ per head (a very conservative estimate) was \$1581.25. Needless to say the prices obtained by the pool helped hold up the prices outside the pool.

The treatment of ewe flocks for stomach worms is an absolutely necessary operation in many Scott county flocks. Other flocks are not so badly infested but actually lose more than the worst infested flocks through not realizing the importance of it. Number of the better sheep raisers have been persuaded to treat their flocks in the past. The continuation of this practice has been urged by the use of a monthly card prepared by the state extension service. This year an attempt was made to get the flock owners who had not treated in the past to begin. A total of 25 new flocks were treated by the county agent this year containing a total of 750 head of sheep. Fifteen were distributed to the sheep owners at cost. These syringes are not for sale in the county. In addition to the 750 head treated by the county agent it is estimated that at least 1000 head are being treated by the owners themselves as a result of previous extension work along this line. Savings, estimated by the farmers themselves ranged from 50¢ to \$3.00 per head. One flock owner who has been persuaded to treat his sheep in the past said that his flock was so badly infested that he thought it added 50% to the market value of his lambs. Estimated savings on the 1750 sheep treated this year as a result of the extension program, figured at 1.00 per head amounts to \$1,750.00.

The use of good quality purebred rams was an exception in Scott County before extension work was established here three years ago. A major feature of the extension program has been the replacement of scrub and grade rams with purebreds. More purebred rams were placed in the county this year than ever before. A total of 57 purebred and registered rams were placed in the county ~~through~~ as a result of extension work. This was accomplished by the use of newspaper articles, circular letters and personal contacts with the flock owners. A county ram sale was held early in August at which 22 rams were sold. Several farmers who had used their rams two years were given assistance in exchanging with their neighbors.

A number of farmers carried on demonstration in creep feeding early lambs. Excellent gains were gotten. They were not able to sell them at as much a premium as they should have, since there was not a load of them ready at the same time.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE SHEEP PROGRAM:

Estimated saving on 2500 lambs docked and Castrated...	\$3100.00
(Increased market price average \$1.50 per cent.	
Estimated saving on 25,500 lbs. wool sold thru. the ^{pub.} pub.	\$325.00
(15¢ per lb. over the average country prices)	
Estimated saving on 1875 lambs sold cooperatively	1881.25
(60¢ to 80¢ per head above average country price)	
Estimated saving on 1,750 head sheep treated for worms	1,750.00
(At 1.00 per head)	
Estimated saving through the use of purebred rams	888.00
(57 rams sireing an average of 50 lambs worth 1¢ per lb more than those by scrub sires).	
Total.....	\$10,644.25

Ten Farmers were aided in securing ewes to start new flocks. This is a project that is being pushed since sheep are well adapted to Scott County farms.



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4-H CLUB WORK:

The 4-H Club work for 1935 consisted of the following projects:

Baby beef, Fat Pig, Sow and litter, Poultry, tobacco and Corn. Two hundred and two members were enrolled in the several projects. Seven organized local clubs functioned throughout the year, with regular monthly meetings, where they put on their own program and discussed the progress of their different projects. An average of eight meetings per club were held during the year. Twelve members attended the State Short Course at V. P. I. in July, accompanied by one Local Leader and the County Agent. 175 members attended and took part in the county 4-H club Achievement Day Program at Gate City, November 26th. 50 members exhibited at the community or county fairs.

The number of completed records and financial statement of the various projects are as follows:

- Fat Pig Project:
- 12 members completing.
- 27 animals involved.
- \$575.00 total receipts.
- \$176.00 Total Expenses.
- \$199.00 net Profit.
- \$1.50 total prize won.

Statement for each project follows:

BREEDING PIG PROJECT:

13 members completing.
 51 animals involved.
 \$456.50 total receipts.
 \$342.28 total expenses.
 \$114.22 net profit.
 \$ 10.50 total prizes won.

BABY BEEF PROJECT:

7 members completing.
 9 animals involved.
 \$252.60 total receipts.
 \$182.10 total expenses.
 \$ 70.40 total profit.
 \$ 15.00 total prizes won.

POULTRY PROJECT:

Members completing49
 Total animal involved.....1647
 Total receipts.....\$1565.00
 Total Expense.....\$ 897.56
 Total net profit.....\$ 465.48
 Total prizes won.....\$ 8.00

CORN PROJECT:

MEMBERS ENROLLED..... 8
 Members completing.....1
 Total net profit.....\$5.00

This project was severely damaged by the drouth.

TOBACCO PROJECT:

Members enrolled.....70
 Members completing.....39
 Total number acres.....17 1/2
 Total yield in lbs.....19897
 Total receipts.....\$2538.60
 Total expenses.....\$ 765.71
 Total net profit.....\$1772.89
 Total prizes won.....\$ 22.75

GRAND TOTAL FOR ALL PROJECTS REPORTED:

Members reported.....121
 Number animals involved.....1754

Total receipts.....\$5014.80
 Total expenses.....\$2583.61
 Total profit, or labor income.....\$2630.99
 Total value prizes won.....\$ 67.50

MISCELLANEOUS WORK.

1. The agent assisted 189 farmers make out applications for federal seed and crop loans. Thus, securing more than \$6000 for 1935-crop production, and advised each of the growers about kind and amounts of fertilizer to use as well as kind and rate of seeding of other crops.
2. Attended the State Farmers Institute and meeting of Rural Affairs at Blacksburg, in August.
3. Assisted 60 boys and girls exhibit some of their products at the community and county fair.
4. Helped to keep the farmers informed of market conditions throughout the season of marketing wool, lambs, beef cattle and turkeys.
5. Assisted two farmers with the growing of tobacco seed for market, resulting in one man selling \$150.00 worth of seed, the other received \$100.00 for his seed sold. and we believe this is one way of keeping money at home, and at the same time putting dollars in the farmer-growers' pocket.
6. Marketed baby beef calves.
7. Succeeded by direct or indirect methods in getting 98% of all lambs in the county docked and trimmed.
8. Went to Russell County and contacted buyers for feeder cattle this year and persuaded buyers to come to Scott and look first before going elsewhere.
9. Assisted with the County and Community Fairs.
10. Assisted in the pooling and marketing of 90% of the county wool crop, a total of 22500 pounds.
11. Assisted in the cooperative marketing of 80% of the lambs in the county at a saving of from one to one and one half cents per lb.

12. Held one meeting of the county Agricultural Advisory Board.
15. Started 100 farmers to growing tobacco seed for their own needs.

GENERAL SUMMARY

No. Farm and home visits made.....	5329
No. office calls on Agents.....	2018
No. Telephone calls for Agent.....	77
No. days spent in field.....	384
No. Days spent in office.....	95
No. News Articles written.....	89
No. Letters in reply to inquires etc.....	905
No. Circular letter written.....	48
No. Bulletins distributed.....	610
Method demonstrations meetings held	485
Attendance at above meetings.....	3000
Esault Dem. meetings held.....	8
Attendende at above meetings.....	175
No. different Specialists from V. P. I. used during the year	12
Total day s these specialists spent in the Co.....	35
No. 4-H Club Meetings attended by the Agent.....	25
No. Members enrolled in the seven local clubs....	202
Other meetings participated in of an extension nature.....	25
Total attendance at such meetings.....	3000
Total Official miles traveled.....	18072
Total number purebred sires placed	78.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY FOR THIS YEAR:

The economic value of the Extension Work to the county for the year is as follows:

To the poultry producers through marketing turkeys....	\$988.00
Orchardists.....	3800.00
To the beef cattle industry.....	5205.00
To the sheep industry.....	10,644.25
To swine industry.....	5,500.00
To the tobacco industry.....	21,000.00
Net profit accruing to the 4-H Club.....	2,630.08
Total amount of all projects listed.....	<u>50,766.34</u>

It will be noted that the above financial statement is for the one years Extension Service, and does not attempt to include the value of pure bred sires for next year and thereafter, nor does it show any future financial value to the orchard work which is educational and will continue automatically.

COOPERATIVE EXTENSION WORK IN AGRICULTURE AND HOME ECONOMICS

U. S. Department of Agriculture
and State Agricultural Colleges
Cooperating

Extension Service,
Office of Cooperative Extension Work
Washington, D. C.

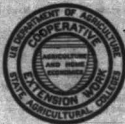
ANNUAL REPORT OF COUNTY EXTENSION WORKERS

This report form is to be used by county extension agents, such as county agricultural agent, home demonstration agent, club agent, and negro agent, reporting on their respective lines of work.

State Virginia County Scott
Report of J. B. Delp County Farm Agent
(Name) (Title)
From Dec. 1, 1932 to Dec. 1, 1933

If agent has not been employed entire year, indicate exact period. Agents resigning during the year should make out this report before quitting the service.

READ DEFINITIONS, PAGE 3



COUNTY AGENT ANNUAL REPORT

Approved:

Date December 24

B. A. Warriner
State or District Supervisor

Date 12/15/33

L. M. Outgum
Asst. Director
State Extension Director

SUGGESTIONS RELATIVE TO THE PREPARATION OF THE COUNTY EXTENSION AGENT'S ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report should be a summary, with analysis and interpretations, for presentation to the people of the county, the State and the Nation of the extension activities in each county for the year and the results obtained by the county extension agent, assisted by the subject-matter specialists. The making of such a report is of great value to the county extension agent and the people of the county in showing the progress made during the year as a basis for future plans. It is of vital concern also to the State and Nation as a measure of rural progress and a basis for intelligent legislation and financial support of extension work.

Separate statistical and narrative reports are desired from each leader of a line of work, such as county agricultural agent, home demonstration agent, boys' and girls' club agent, and negro agent, regardless of title. Where an assistant agent has been employed a part or all of the year, a report on his or her work should be included with the report of the leader of that line of work. Where an agent in charge of a line of work has quit the service during the year, the information contained in his or her report should be incorporated in the annual report of the agent on duty at the close of the report year, and the latter report so marked. Where two or more agents are employed in a county, each a leader of a line of work, statistics should not be duplicated.

At least four copies of the annual report should be made: One copy for the county officials, one copy for the agent's files, one copy for the State extension office, and one copy for the Extension Service, United States Department of Agriculture. The report to the Washington office should be sent through the State extension office.

NARRATIVE SUMMARY

The narrative report should summarize and interpret the outstanding results accomplished and the extension methods used, under appropriate subheadings, for each project. Every statement should be clear-cut, concise, forceful, and, where possible, reinforced with necessary data from the statistical summary. Use an interesting style of writing, giving major accomplishments first under each project. Give extension methods fully relating to outstanding results only, and where practicable illustrate with photographs, maps, diagrams, blue prints, or copies of charts and other forms used. Full credit should be given to all cooperating agencies. The lines should be single-spaced, with double space between the paragraphs, and reasonably good margins. The pages should be numbered in consecutive order.

The following outline is suggestive of how the narrative report may be clearly and systematically presented. Each agent should adapt the outline to the situation and the work to be reported.

SUGGESTIVE OUTLINE OF ANNUAL NARRATIVE REPORT

- I. Cover and title page.
- II. Table of contents.
- III. Status of county extension organization.
 - (1) Form of organization—changes and development.
 - (2) Function of local people, committees, or project leaders in developing the program of work.
 - (3) General policies, including relationships to other organizations.
- IV. Program of work; listing goals set up, methods employed, and results achieved.
 - (1) Factors considered and methods used in determining program of work.
 - (2) Project activities and results.

(a) Cereals.	(m) Dairy.
(b) Legumes and forage crops.	(n) Other livestock.
(c) Potatoes, Irish.	(o) Farm management.
(d) Cotton.	(p) Marketing, farm and home.
(e) Tobacco and other special crops.	(q) Foods and nutrition.
(f) Home gardens and home beautification.	(r) Child training and care.
(g) Market garden and truck crops.	(s) Clothing.
(h) Fruits.	(t) Home management.
(i) Forestry.	(u) Home furnishings.
(j) Rodents and miscellaneous insects.	(v) Home health and sanitation.
(k) Agricultural engineering and home engineering.	(w) Community activities.
(l) Poultry.	(x) Miscellaneous.
- V. Outlook and recommendations, including suggestive program of work for next year.
- VI. Summary of activities and accomplishments, preferably of one or two typewritten pages only, placed at the beginning or end of the narrative report.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY

To supplement the narrative part of the report, and in order that comparable State and National summaries may be made, it is necessary to include a statistical summary of the work in each county. The following form has been prepared to insure uniformity of reporting:

DEFINITIONS OF TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

1. A program of work is a statement of the specific lines of extension work to be undertaken by the extension agent during a year or a period of years.
2. A plan of work is a definite outline of procedure for carrying out the different phases of the program of work. Such a plan provides specifically for the means to be used and the methods of using them. It also shows what, how much, when, and where the work is to be done.
3. A community is a more or less well-defined group of rural people with common interests and problems. Such a group may include those within a township, trade area, or similar limits. For the purpose of this report a community is one of the several units into which a county is divided for conducting organized extension work.
4. A project leader, local leader, or committeeman is a person who, because of special interest and fitness, is selected to serve as a leader in advancing some phase of the local extension program. A project leader may be either an organization or a subject-matter leader.
5. Demonstrations as contemplated in this report are of two kinds—method demonstrations and result demonstrations.
A method demonstration is a demonstration given by an extension worker or other trained leader for the purpose of showing how to carry out a practice. Examples: Demonstrations of how to can fruits and vegetables, mix spray materials, and cull poultry.
A result demonstration is a demonstration conducted by a farmer, home maker, boy, or girl under the direct supervision of the extension worker, to show locally the value of a recommended practice. Such a demonstration involves a substantial period of time and records of results and comparisons, and is designed to teach others in addition to the person conducting the demonstration. Examples: Demonstrating that the application of fertilizer to cotton will result in more profitable yields, that underweight of certain children can be corrected through proper diet, or that the use of certified seed in growing potatoes is a good investment.
The adoption of a farm or home practice resulting from a demonstration or other teaching activity employed by the extension worker as a means of teaching is not in itself a demonstration.
6. A result demonstrator is an adult, boy, or girl who conducts a result demonstration as defined above.
7. A cooperator is a farmer or home maker who agrees to adopt certain recommended practices upon the solicitation of an extension worker. The work is not directly supervised by the extension agent and records are not required, but reports on the success of the practices may be obtained.
8. A 4-H Club is an organized group of boys and/or girls with the objectives of demonstrating improved practices in agriculture or home-economics, and of providing desirable training for the members.
9. 4-H Club members enrolled are those boys and girls who actually start the work outlined for the year.
10. 4-H Club members completing are those boys and girls who satisfactorily finish the work outlined for the year.
11. A demonstration meeting is a meeting held to give a method demonstration or to start, inspect, or further a result demonstration.
12. A training meeting is a meeting at which project leaders, local leaders, or committeemen are trained to carry on extension activities in their respective communities.
13. An office call is a call in person by an individual or group seeking agricultural or home-economics information, as a result of which some definite assistance or information is given. A telephone call differs from an office call in that the assistance or information is given or received by means of the telephone. Telephone calls may be either incoming or outgoing.
14. A farm or home visit is a call by the agent at a farm or home at which some definite information relating to extension work is given or obtained.
15. Days in office should include time spent by the county extension agent in his office, extension conferences, and any other work directly related to office administration.
16. Days in field should include all days spent on official duty other than those spent in office.
17. Letters written should include all original letters on official business. (Duplicate letters should not be included.)
18. An extension school is a school usually of two to six days' duration, arranged by the extension service, where practical instruction is given to persons not resident at the college. An extension short course differs from an extension school in that it is usually held at the college or other educational institution and usually for a longer period of time.
19. Records consist of definite information on file in the county office that will enable the agent to verify the data on extension work included in this report.

GENERAL ACTIVITIES

Report Only This Year's Activities and Results that can be Verified

1. List below the names, titles, and periods of service of the county extension agents whose work is included in this report.

J. E. Delfs, County Farm Agent, 12
(Name) (Title) (Number of service this year)

R. C. Carter, Asst. County Agent, 4710

2. County extension organization or association.

(a) Name Scott County Agricultural Advisory Board

(b) Number of members (1) Men 20
 (2) Women

3. Number of communities in county where extension work should be conducted 10

4. Number of above communities in which the extension program has been cooperatively worked out by extension agents and local committees 5

5. Number of different voluntary county or community local leaders or committeemen actively engaged in forwarding the extension program.

(a) Adult work (1) Men 50
 (2) Women 4

(b) 4-H Club work (1) Men 5
 (2) Women 3

(3) Older club boys 10
 (4) Older club girls 8

6. Number of clubs or other groups organized to carry on adult home demonstration work

7. Members in above clubs or groups

8. Number of 4-H Clubs 7

9. Number of different 4-H Club members enrolled 202 (a) Boys 85
 (b) Girls 117

10. Number of different 4-H Club members completing 148 (a) Boys 51
 (b) Girls 70

11. Number of different members enrolled in 4-H Club work for:

	34 Year	35 Year	36 Year	37 Year	38 Year	39 Year and Over
(a) Boys	<u>26</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>27</u>			
(b) Girls	<u>42</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>29</u>	

12. Number of different 4-H Club members enrolled according to age.

	Age	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Boys		10	10	11	6	9	13	9	7	6	1	1
Girls		13	14	15	9	14	15	13	9	8	7	

*Report the total number of different boys or girls enrolled in club work. This total should equal the sum of the project enrollments reported on page 8 (Table), less any duplications due to the same boy or girl enrolled on two or more subject-matter lines of work.
 †When, in sections where such data are obtained, agent is employed, each agent making a report should include under questions 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13 those boys and girls whom the agent has directly supervised.

5
GENERAL ACTIVITIES—Continued

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities and Results that are Verified

13. Number of 4-H Club members in school	200	Out of school	2	13
14. Number of 4-H Club teams trained	1	(a) Judging	1	14
		(b) Demonstration		
15. Number of groups organized for extension work with rural young people above the 4-H Club age				15
16. Members in above groups		(a) Young men		16
		(b) Young women		
17. Total number of farm visits ¹ made in conducting extension work	1764			17
18. Number of different farms visited	1565			18
19. Total number of home visits ¹ made in conducting extension work	925			19
20. Number of different homes visited	715			20
21. Number of calls relating to extension work		(a) Office	2015	21
		(b) Telephone	77	
22. Number of days agent spent in office	95			22
23. Number of days agent spent in field	324			23
24. Number of news articles or stories published ²	89			24
25. Number of individual letters written	905			25
26. Number of different circular letters prepared (not total copies mailed)	46			26
27. Number of bulletins distributed	610			27
28. Number of radio talks made				28
29. Number of events at which extension exhibits were shown	2			29
30. Training meetings held for local leaders or committees	(a) Adult work	(1) Number		30
		(2) Total men leaders attending		
	(3) Total women leaders attending			
	(b) 4-H Club	(1) Number	1	
	(2) Total leaders attending	6		
31. Method demonstration meetings held (do not include meetings reported under No. 30)	(a) Number	485	31	
	(b) Total attendance	2000		
32. Meetings held at result demonstrations	(a) Number	8	32	
	(b) Total attendance	175		
33. Tours conducted	(a) Adult work	(1) Number		33
		(2) Attendance		
	(b) 4-H Club	(1) Number		
		(2) Attendance		
34. Achievement days held	(a) Adult work	(1) Number		34
		(2) Total attendance		
	(b) 4-H Club	(1) Number	1	
		(2) Total attendance	200	

¹ List as farm or home visit according to principal purpose of visit.

² Include county and State press, agricultural journals, and home magazines. Do not count those relating to articles of meetings only.

GENERAL ACTIVITIES—Continued

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities and Events that can be Voted.

25. Encampments held _____	(a) Farm women	(1) Number _____ (2) Total members attending _____ (3) Total others attending _____	
<small>(Do not include picnics, rallies, or short courses, as these should be reported under other meetings.)</small>	(b) 4-H Club	(1) Number _____ (2) Total boys attending _____ (3) Total girls attending _____ (4) Total others attending _____	35
26. Other meetings of an extension nature participated in and not previously reported _____	(a) Adult work	(1) Number _____ (2) Total attendance _____	36
	(b) 4-H Club	(3) Total attendance <u>1355</u>	
27. Meetings held by local leaders or committeemen not participated in by agent and not reported elsewhere _____	(a) Adult work	(1) Number _____ (2) Total attendance _____	37
	(b) 4-H Club	(1) Number <u>30</u> (2) Total attendance <u>430</u>	

7

PROGRAM SUMMARY

List below information on each subdivision of the program of work. Include under each heading all of the work done with men, women, boys, and girls. If an assistant agent has been employed include his or her time with that of the agent. This page should not be filled out until the questions on the following pages have been answered. Estimate where records are not available.

Line of work	Number of communities or other units participating	Number of leaders or consultants assisting	Days spent actually behind with line of work	Days spent deriving to line of work	Number of meetings held in relation to line of work	Number of news stories published	Number of different circulars or leaflets issued	Number of home visits made	Number of other calls received	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	
26. Cereals (page 8)	15	5	3	20	7	10	7	65	70	28
29. Legumes and forage crops (pages 9, 10)	7		2	17	7	8	5	15	35	39
40. Potatoes, Irish (page 11)	1	1		1				2	2	40
41. Cotton (page 11)										41
42. Tobacco and other special crops (page 11)	100	3	10	50	100	10	6	400	217	42
43. Home gardens and home beautification (page 12)										43
44. Market garden and truck crops (page 12)										44
45. Fruits (page 12)	2		2	10	1	1	2	15	7	45
46. Forestry (page 12)										46
47. Rodents and miscellaneous insects (page 13)										47
48. Agricultural engineering (page 14)	1		3	1				6	1	48
49. Poultry (page 15)	7	18		12	3	3	2	50	25	49
50. Dairy (page 15)										50
51. Other livestock (page 15)	30	5	9	75	4	6	3	150	40	51
52. Farm management (page 16)	25		2	20	3	1		25	20	52
53. Marketing—farm and home (page 17)	25	20	5	60	10	6	10	125	60	53
54. Foods and nutrition (page 18)										54
55. Child training and care (page 19)										55
56. Clothing (page 20)										56
57. Home management (page 21)										57
58. Home furnishings (page 22)										58
59. Home health and sanitation (page 23)										59
60. Community activities (page 24)	10		1	9	3	4		60	30	60
61. Miscellaneous (page 24)	7	7	1	20	1	5	5	7	10	61
62. Building extension program of work	20	5	2	6		2	2	20	10	62
63. Organizational—extension association and committee	20		1	3	1		3	15	15	63

(The totals for these columns do not necessarily check with the information given on pages 4, 5, and 6, since one meeting, farm visit, circular letter, etc., may relate to two or more lines of related matter.)

¹ Under "building the extension program" include all work incident to the collection of economic and social data as a basis for determining programs, the conducting of program surveys, and the outlining of county, district, and community programs. Do not include work related to the execution of programs, or this should be reported under the projects shown.

² Under "organizational" include all work incident to maintaining extension associations, agricultural councils, home demonstration councils, advisory committees, project committees, community committees, and the like not reported under building the extension program.

LEGUMES AND FORAGE CROPS

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Reported by Reports

Item	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	Acres	Sweet clover	or Clover (red, white, pink)	Vetch	Lupinus	Others
72. Number of method demonstration meetings held.....			7		6	4
73. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year.....			10		100	4
74. Total number of acres included in adult result demonstrations.....					1500	20
75. Average increased yield per acre on adult result demonstrations due to recommended practices.....	bu. tons	bu. tons	bu. tons	bu. tons	bu. tons	XXXXX XXXXX
76. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled.....	(1) Boys					
	(2) Girls					
77. Number of 4-H Club members completing.....	(1) Boys					
	(2) Girls					
78. Number of acres grown by club members completing.....						
79. Total yield of crops grown by club members completing.....	bu. tons	bu. tons	bu. tons	bu. tons	bu. tons	XXXXX XXXXX

Notes.—Work relating to soils and fertilizers, insects, and plant diseases should be reported in connection with the crops concerned.

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

Seven meetings were held in as many important communities in Feb. and talks were given on the value of clover and other legumes in the maintaining and building soils. Also the value of legume hay for feeding young livestock.

*Indicate whether yield in bushels of seed or tons of cured forage.

LEGUMES AND FORAGE CROPS—Continued

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Supported by Records

Item	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	Hay tons	Cowpeas	Yield— tons	Field tons	Peas and beans	Other ¹
72. Number of method demonstration meetings held						72
73. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year	1					73
74. Total number of acres included in adult result demonstrations	4					74
75. Average increased yield per acre on adult result demonstrations due to recommended practices ²	bu. tons	bu. tons	bu. tons	bu.	bu.	bu. tons
76. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled	(1) Boys					76
	(2) Girls					
77. Number of 4-H Club members completing	(1) Boys					77
	(2) Girls					
78. Number of acres grown by club members completing						78
79. Total yield of crops grown by club members completing	bu. tons	bu. tons	bu. tons	bu.	bu.	bu. tons

Notes.—Work relating to soils and fertilizers, insects, and plant diseases should be reported in connection with the crops concerned.

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

¹ Includes crop by name.

² Indicates whether yield in bushels of seed or tons of cured forage.

POTATOES, COTTON, TOBACCO, AND OTHER SPECIAL CROPS

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Reported by Members

Item	00 10th year	01 11th year	02 12th year	03 13th year	04 14th year	
80. Number of method demonstration meetings held	1			400	80	
81. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year	1			149	81	
82. Total number of acres included in adult result demonstrations				1200	82	
83. Average increased yield per acre on adult result demonstrations due to recommended practices	20 bu.		bu.	300 bu.*	83	
84. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled	(1) Boys			55	84	
	(2) Girls			15		
85. Number of 4-H Club members completing	(1) Boys			32	85	
	(2) Girls			8		
86. Number of acres grown by club members completing				173 ³ ₄	86	
87. Total yield of crops grown by club members completing			bu.	bu.*	1922 ⁷ ₄	87

Note.—Work relating to soils and fertilizers, insects, and plant diseases should be reported in connection with the crops concerned.

(Use space below for C. in questions not listed above)

In February the Co. Agent assisted by the extension plant Pathobget treated tobacco seed for 150 farmers from all parts of the county. This work was done to control the disease of Blackfire and Wildfire. The seed treated was distributed to 1200 farmers.

* Indicate crop by name.

* Report yield of cotton in pounds of seed cotton

FORESTRY

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Supported by Records

95. Number of method demonstration meetings held	95
96. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year	96
97. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled	(a) Boys 97 (b) Girls
98. Number of 4-H Club members completing	(a) Boys 98 (b) Girls
99. Number of transplant beds cared for by club members completing	99
100. Number of acres of farm woodland managed by club members completing	100
101. Number of new areas reforested by planting with small trees according to recommendations	101
102. Acres involved in preceding question	102
103. Number of farms assisted in forest or woodland management	103
104. Acres involved in preceding question	104
105. Number of farms planting windbreaks according to recommendations	105
106. Number of farms following recommendations as to control of white-pine blister rust	106
107. Number of farms assisted in other ways relative to forestry (specify below)	107
107½. Number of farmers cutting timber on farm for construction or repair of buildings on recommendation of agent.	107½

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

RODENTS, OTHER ANIMAL PESTS, AND MISCELLANEOUS INSECTS

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Supported by Records

(Do not include work reported under "Crop" and "Livestock" headings)

Item	00	01	02
	Rodents	Other animal pests	Insects
108. Number of method demonstration meetings held			108
109. Number of result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year			109
110. Pounds of poison used			110

AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING
(FARM AND HOME)

Report Only This Year's Estimated Activities that are Suggested by Trends

111. Number of method demonstration meetings held	2	111
112. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into next year	2	112
113. Number of adults completing training in terracing and other engineering extension schools, or completing plans for some major engineering improvement		113
114. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled	(a) Boys _____ (b) Girls _____	114
115. Number of 4-H Club members completing	(a) Boys _____ (b) Girls _____	115
116. Number of units improved by 4-H Club members:		
(a) Acres terraced	(c) Articles made	
(b) Machines or equipment repaired	(d) Equipment installed	116

Engineering activities	Principal improvements being made	60		Total value of service or savings
		Number of farms	Number of units	
117. Terracing and erosion control			acres	\$ 117
118. Drainage practices			acres	118
119. Irrigation practices			acres	119
120. Land-clearing practices			acres	120
121. Better types of machines			mach.	121
122. Maintenance and repair of machines *			mach.	122
123. Efficient use of machinery			X X X X X	123
124. All buildings constructed *		20	20 bldgs.	124
125. Buildings remodeled, repaired, painted *		1	1 bldgs.	125
126. Farm electrification *				126
127. Home equipment *				127
128. Total of columns (a) and (c)	X X X X X	21	farms	\$ 128

* 129. Number of machines repaired as reported in question 122, by types:

(a) Tractors	(c) Harvesters and threshers	129
(b) Tillage implements	(d) Other	

* 130. Number of building and equipment improvements as reported in questions 124, 125, 126, 127, by types:

(a) Dwellings constructed according to plans furnished		
(b) Dwellings remodeled according to plans furnished		
(c) Sewage systems installed	(A) Dairy buildings	130
(d) Water systems installed	(C) Silos	
(e) Heating systems installed	(D) Hog houses	
(f) Lighting systems installed	(E) Poultry houses	
(g) Home appliances and machines	(F) Other <i>Tobacco Barns 20</i>	

FARM MANAGEMENT, CREDIT, INSURANCE, AND TAXATION

Report Only This Year's Statistical Activities that are Suggested by Bureau

145. Number of method demonstration meetings held	145
146. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year	146
147. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled in farm account work	(a) Boys _____
	(b) Girls _____
	147
148. Number of 4-H Club members completing	(a) Boys _____
	(b) Girls _____
	148
149. Number of farms keeping farm accounts throughout the year under supervision of agent	149
150. Number of farms keeping cost-of-production records under supervision of agent	150
151. Number of farms assisted in summarizing and interpreting their accounts	151
152. Number of farms assisted in making inventory or credit statements	152
153. Number of farm business or enterprise survey records taken during year	2 153
154. Number of farms making recommended changes in their business as result of keeping accounts or survey records	2 154
155. Number of other farms adopting cropping, livestock, or complete farming systems according to recommendations	2.5 155
156. Number of farms advised relative to loans	5 156
157. Number of farms assisted in obtaining credit	189 157
158. Number of different farms assisted in using outlook or other timely economic information as a basis for readjusting farm operations (Use best judgment in making conservative estimates)	65 158
159. Number of farms in preceding question making readjustments in—	159
(a) Wheat 40	(g) Dairy cattle _____ (m) _____
(b) Corn _____	(h) Beef cattle 20 (n) _____
(c) Cotton _____	(i) Hogs 10 (o) _____
(d) Potatoes _____	(j) Sheep 30 (p) _____
(e) Tobacco 30	(k) Poultry 5 (q) _____
(f) Truck crops _____	(l) _____ (r) _____

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

MARKETING (FARM AND HOME)

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Requested by Members

Item	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07
	Crops and feed	Cotton	Dairy products	Livestock	Fruits and vegetables	Poultry and eggs	Honey products	Other
160. Number of cooperative-marketing associations or groups ¹ organized during the year				2		1		total
161. Number of cooperative-marketing associations or groups ¹ previously organized assisted by extension agent this year								100
162. Membership in associations organized and assisted (161 and 162)								161
163. Value of products marketed by all associations worked with	\$	\$	\$	7456.55	\$	351.25		7807.80
164. Value of supplies purchased by all associations worked with	\$	\$	\$		\$			163
Number of cooperative-marketing associations or groups assisted with problems of--								164
165. Preliminary analysis								165
166. Organization				210		6		166
167. Accounting and auditing								167
168. Financing								168
169. Business policies								169
170. Production to meet market demand								170
171. Reduction of market losses								171
172. Use of current market information						1		172
173. Standardizing				2500				173
174. Processing or manufacturing								174
175. Packaging and grading								175
176. Loading								176
177. Transporting								177
178. Warehousing								178
179. Keeping membership informed				50		50		179
180. Merging into larger units								180
Number of farms or homes not in cooperative associations or groups assisted with problems of--								
181. Standardizing				75	6	25		181
182. Packaging and grading								182
183. Use of current market information								183

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

¹ Includes independent local associations, units of federations, branches of centralized organizations, terminal sales agencies, production associations which do buying or selling, and farm and home demonstration club members.

FOODS AND NUTRITION

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities (Include Separate 1. Records)

184. Number of method demonstration meetings held 184
185. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year 185
- | | Food selection and preparation | Food preservation |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 00 | 00 |
| 186. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled | (1) Girls | 186 |
| | (2) Boys | |
| 187. Number of 4-H Club members completing | (1) Girls | 187 |
| | (2) Boys | |
188. Number of homes assisted in planning family food supply for a year 188
189. Number of homes budgeting food expenditures for a year 189
190. Number of homes balancing family meals 190
191. Number of homes improving home-packed lunches according to recommendations 191
192. Number of schools following recommendations for a hot dish or school lunch 192
193. Number of children involved in preceding question 193
194. Number of homes using improved methods in child feeding 194
195. Number of individuals adopting recommendations for corrective feeding (such as weight control, anemia, pellagra, and constipation) 195
196. Number of jars of canned products preserved by 4-H Club members 196

(Use space below for State quest. as not listed above)

CHILD TRAINING AND CARE

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Supported by Receipts

187. Number of method demonstration meetings held	187
188. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year	188
189. Number of groups devoting major part of program to child training and care	189
190. Membership in these groups	200
191. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled	(a) Girls } 201 (b) Boys }
192. Number of 4-H Club members completing	(a) Girls } 202 (b) Boys }
193. Number of 4-H Club members not in special child training and care clubs who participated in definite child training and care work	(a) Girls } 202 (b) Boys }
194. Number of homes improving habits of school children (other than reported under "Foods and Nutrition" and "Home Health and Sanitation")	203
195. Number of homes substituting positive methods of discipline for negative ones	204
196. Number of homes providing recommended play equipment	205
197. Number of homes making recommended physical adjustments to better meet children's needs	206
198. Number of homes adopting better adult habits with respect to development of children	207

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

CLOTHING

Report Only This Year's Extending Activities that are Supported by Records

208. Number of method demonstration meetings held		208
209. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year		209
210. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled	(a) Girls (b) Boys	210
211. Number of 4-H Club members completing	(a) Girls (b) Boys	211
212. Number of individuals following recommendations in improving construction of clothing	(a) Women (b) Girls	212
213. Number of individuals using a clothing budget	(a) Women (b) Girls (c) Boys	213
214. Number of individuals making garments for themselves	(a) Women (b) Girls	214
215. Number of individuals improving children's clothing according to recommendations	(a) Women (b) Girls	215
216. Number of individuals following recommendations in improving care, renovation, and remodeling of clothing	(a) Women (b) Girls	216

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

HOME MANAGEMENT

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Suggested by Bureau

217. Number of method demonstration meetings held	217
218. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into the next year	218
219. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled	(a) Girls <input type="text"/> 219 (b) Boys <input type="text"/>
220. Number of 4-H Club members completing	(a) Girls <input type="text"/> 220 (b) Boys <input type="text"/>
220½. Number of 4-H Club members keeping personal accounts	220½
221. Number of homes keeping home accounts according to a recommended plan	221
222. Number of homes budgeting expenditures in relation to income according to a recommended plan	222
223. Number of homes following recommended methods in buying for the home	223
224. Number of women following a recommended schedule for home activities	224
225. Number of kitchens rearranged for convenience according to recommendations	225
226. Number of homes following recommendations in obtaining labor-saving equipment	226
227. Number of homes adopting recommended laundering methods	227
228. Number of homes adopting recommended methods in care of house	228
229. Number of homes assisted in an analysis of their home conditions with reference to a standard of living	229
230. Number of homes assisted in making adjustments in home making to gain a more satisfactory standard of living	230

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

COMMUNITY OR COUNTRY-LIFE ACTIVITIES

Report Only This Year's Extension Activities that are Supported by Records

253. Number of communities assisted in making social or country-life surveys, or in scoring themselves or their community organizations.....	253
254. Number of country-life conferences or training meetings conducted for community leaders.....	254
255. Number of community groups assisted with organizational problems, programs of activities, or meeting programs.....	255
256. Number of communities developing recreation according to recommendations.....	256
257. Number of community or county-wide pageants or plays presented.....	257
258. Number of community houses, clubhouses, permanent camps, or community rest rooms established.....	258
	(a) Adults.....
	(b) Juniors.....
259. Number of communities assisted in improving hygienic or public-welfare practices.....	259
260. Number of school or other community grounds improved in accordance with plans furnished.....	260
261. Number of 4-H Clubs engaging in community activities, such as improving school grounds, conducting local fairs, etc.....	261
261½. Total number of different communities assisted in connection with the community or country-life work reported on this page.....	261½

(Use space below for State questions not listed above)

BEES, WEEDS, HANDICRAFT, RABBITS, AND MISCELLANEOUS

Under This Heading Report Other Lines of Work not Included in the Preceding Pages, Such as Bees, Weeds, Handicraft, and Rabbit Work, Etc. Any Other Information that can be Reported Statistically and that Will Help to Give a Complete Account of the Year's Work

Item	(1) Bees	(2) Weeds	(3) Handicraft	(4) Rabbits	(5) Other Data
262. Number of method demonstration meetings held.....					262
263. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried into next year.....					263
264. Number of 4-H Club members enrolled.....	(1) Boys.....				264
	(2) Girls.....				
265. Number of 4-H Club members completing.....	(1) Boys.....				265
	(2) Girls.....				