

## What savvy open scholars know and do



### Main messages

- Open scholarship has more impact
- Use preprints! Green vs. Gold
- Deposit data packages for reproducibility
- Take part in new publication models
- Check your biases

### About me

- Reproducibility PI Manifesto figshare, 2012
- The hard road to reproducibility" *Science*, Oct. 2016
- \*Repro Packs"

  Nature blogs, Apr. 2017

Lorena A. Barba group

Reproducibility PI Manifesto



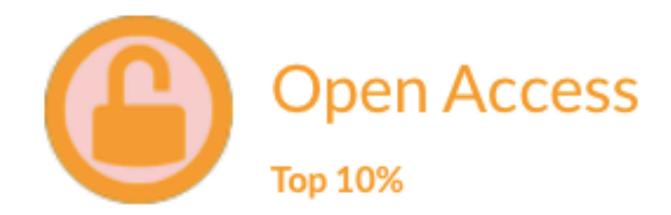
http://lorenabarba.com



### Lorena A. Barba 📵 💆

**OVERVIEW** ACHIEVEMENTS TIMELINE PUBLICATIONS

#### **ACHIEVEMENTS**



98% of your research is free to read online. This level of availability puts you in the top 2% of researchers.

### Reproducibility PI Manifesto

- I teach my graduate students about reproducibility
- All our research code (and writing) is under version control
- We always carry out verification & validation (and make them public)
- For main results, we share data, plotting script & figure under CC-BY
- We upload preprint to arXiv at the time of submission to a journal
- We release code at the time of submission of a paper to a journal
- We add a "Reproducibility" declaration at the end of each paper
- I develop a consistent open-science policy & keep an up-to-date web presence



By Lorena A. Barba

### The hard road to reproducibility

arly in my Ph.D. studies, my supervisor assigned me the task of running computer code written by a previous student who was graduated and gone. It was hell.



"My students and I continuously discuss and perfect our standards."

### nature.com

NATUREJOBS | NATUREJOBS BLOG

TechBlog: My digital toolbox: Lorena Barba

17 Apr 2017 | 12:00 BST | Posted by Jeffrey Perkel | Category: Blog, Technology

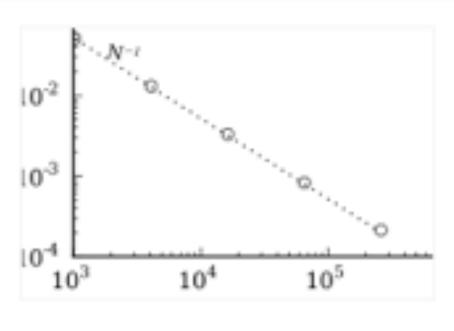
http://blogs.nature.com/naturejobs/2017/04/17/techblog-my-digital-toolbox-lorena-barba/

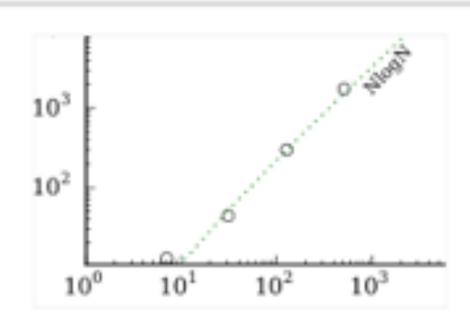
## ReproPacks

- For main results in a paper, we share data, plotting script & figure under CC-BY.
- File bundle with input data, running scripts, plotting scripts, and figure.
- We cite our own figure in the caption!



My data





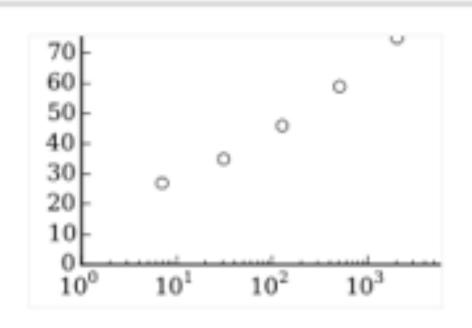


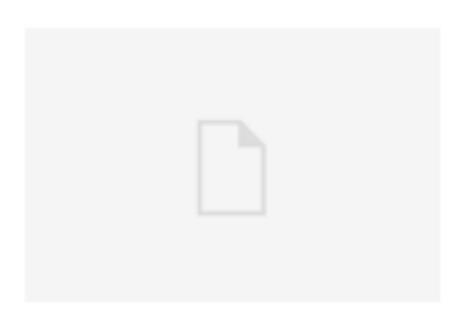


Figure5.pdf (15.72 kB)

Figure6.pdf (11.83 kB)

Figure7.pdf (11.43 kB)

PyGBeOrientatio... .zip (12.06 MB)



README (1.39 kB)

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5 files =

#### Grid convergence of PyGBe with a spherical molecule near spherical surface

Version 4 ∨ 29.01.2016, 08:56 (GMT) by Christopher D. Cooper, Lorena A. Barba

downloads

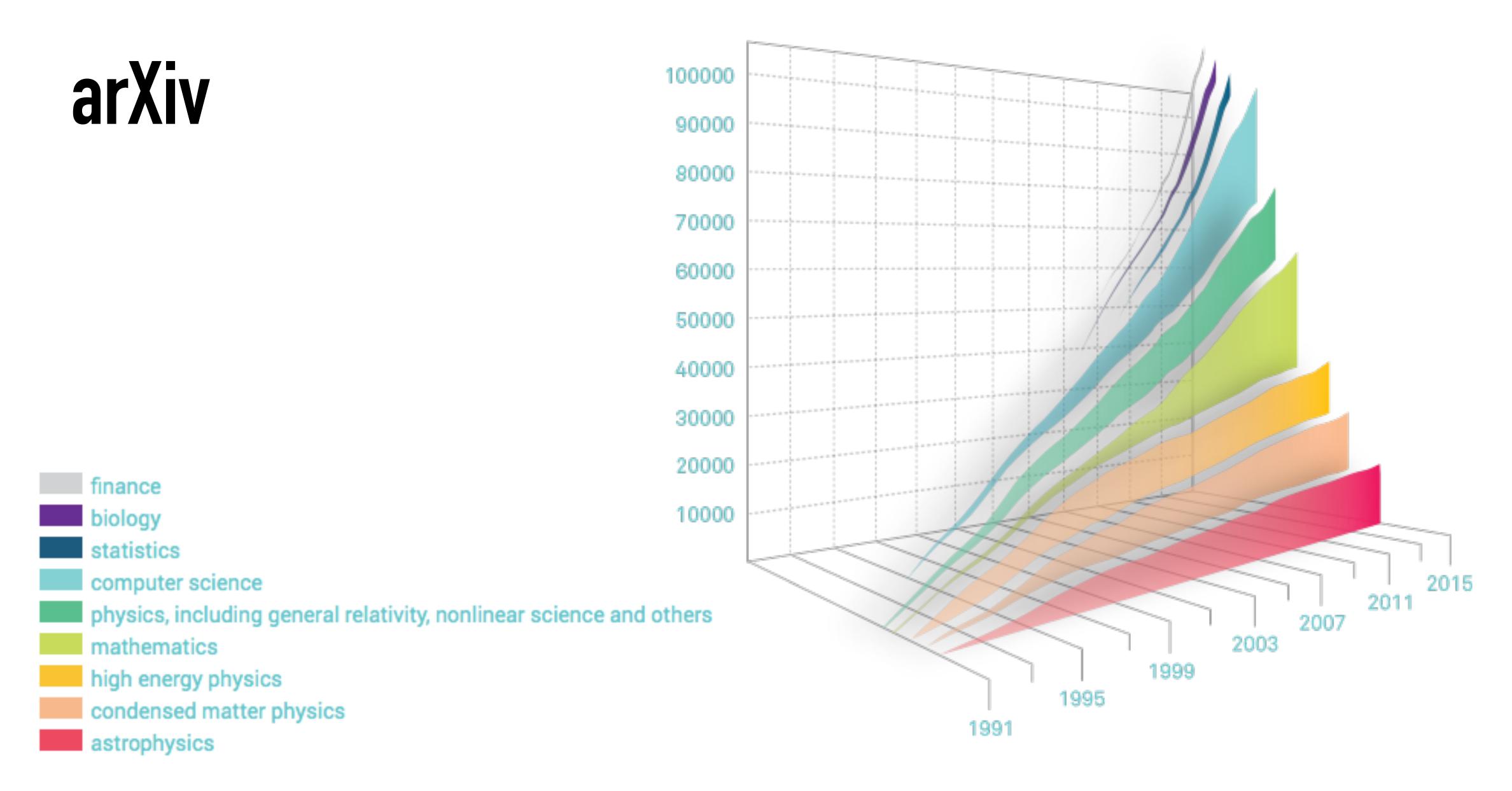
314

views

Reproducibility package containing data, running script, plotting script and final plot of

### Preprints

- In physics, math, CS... arXiv is a way of life
- Preprints growing by all metrics
- Explosion of 'Xiv sites

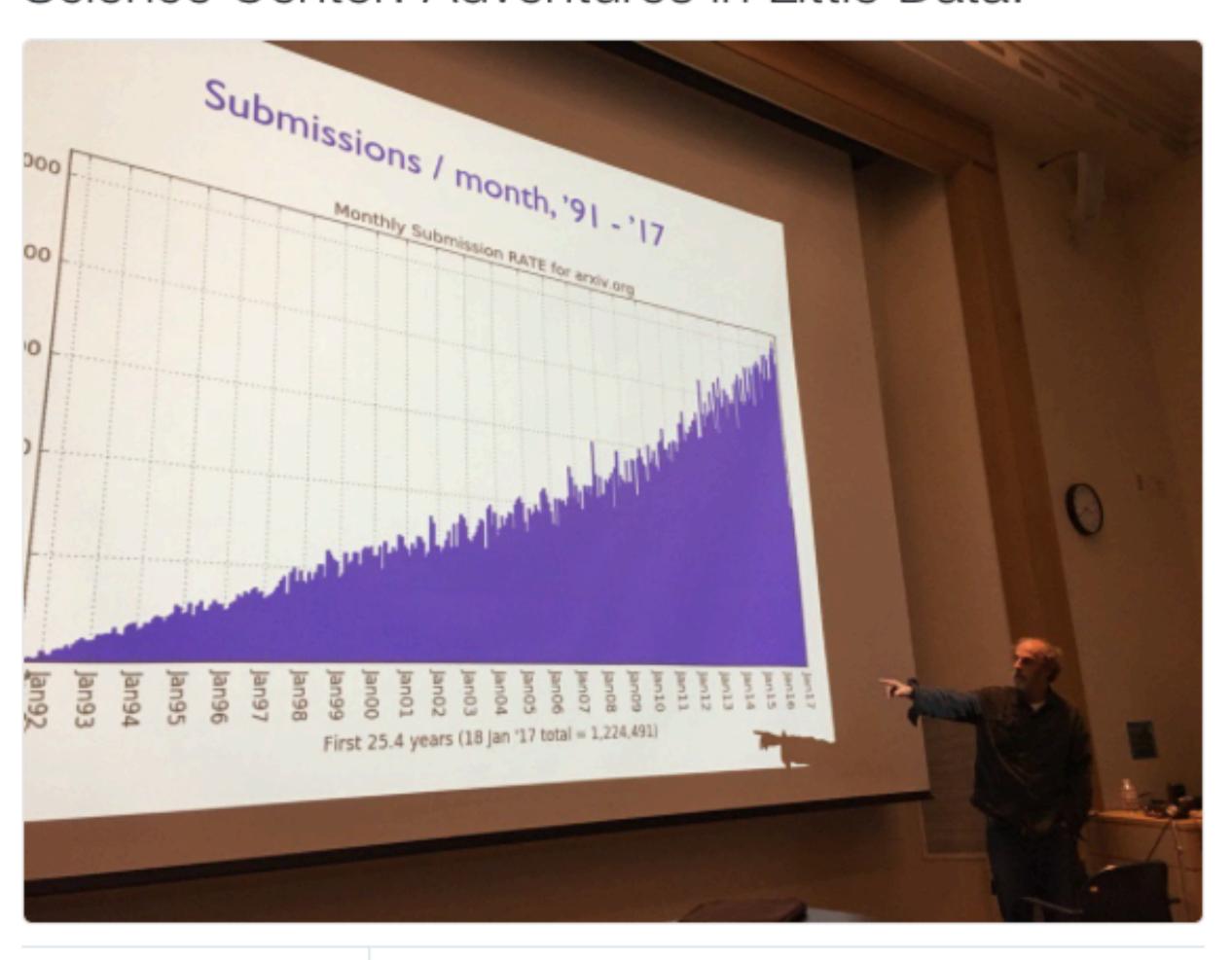


https://www.simonsfoundation.org/report2015/stories/arxiv.html





Paul Ginsparg (arXiv) is giving today's UW Data Science Center: Adventures in Little Data.





















Nature Publishing Group	Compatible	Communication between researchers includes not only conferences but also preprint servers. The ArXiv preprint server is the medium of choice for (mainly) physicists and astronomers who wish to share drafts of their papers with their colleagues, and with anyone else with sufficient time and knowledge to navigate it. [] If scientists wish to display drafts of their research papers				
IOP Publishing	Compatible	You m an IOF copyrig wordin IOP PI it. The submit uploac the Au	article by P's ollowing ournal]. erived from wish to stead of ay not post our article.	[11] &		
Oxford Journals	Compatible	on the subject This a	available in their as follows:	[12]௴		
Elsevier	Compatible	Submitted to preprint servers  Identifinate the Inform	ot Object er, please	[13] &		
Springer, incl. SpringerOpen Journals and BioMed Central (BMC)	Compatible	Postin List of academic journals by preprint policy,  Centra Wikipedia	en/Biomed I website.	[14]&[15]& [16]&		
Taylor & Francis	Compatible	"This is your original manuscript (often called a "preprint"), and you can share this as much as you like. If you do decide to post it anywhere, including onto an academic networking site, we would recommend you use an amended version of the wording below to encourage usage and citation of your final, published article."				

## "The rising tide of preprint servers"

Name	Fields	Start date	# 2016 submissions (approx.)			
Preprint servers	Preprint servers					
arXiv	Physics, mathematics, computing, quantitative biology, quantitative finance, statistics	1991	113,308			
bioRxiv	Life sciences	2013	4712			
PeerJ Preprints	General	2013	~1000			
Preprints (MDPI)	General	2016	~1000			
SocArxiv	Social sciences	2016	633			
PsyArXiv	Psychology	2016	191			
EngrXiv			35			
ChemRxiv			Not launched			
AgriXiv	Agriculture	Upcoming N				

### Open access

- Know your OA: Green vs. Gold
- You don't have to pay \$\$\$
- ▶ IR, preprint servers, free repositories



## Free data repositories:



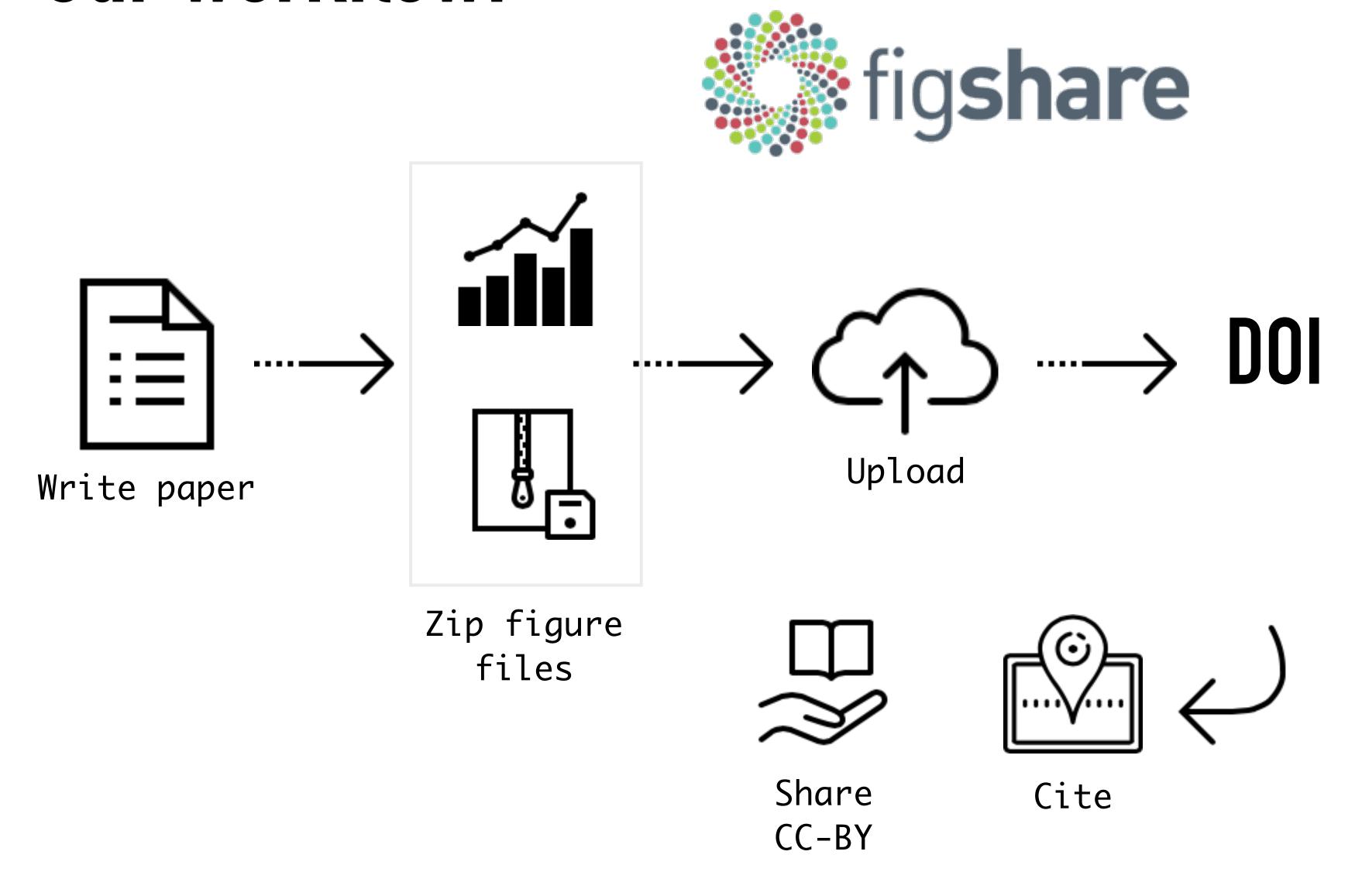








### Our workflow:



## New-wave journals

To slash the hurdles for researchers to receive academic credit for all their output, including software and data.



# The Journal of Open Source Software

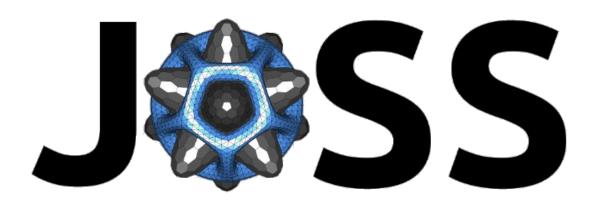
A developer friendly journal for research software packages.





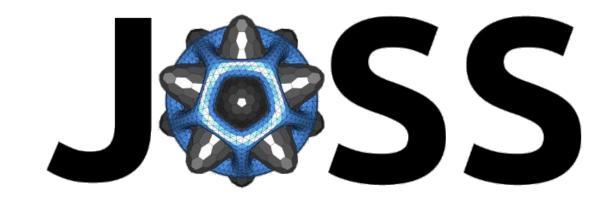
### JOSS infrastructure

- GitHub—open-source software hosting & collaboration
- Zenodo—data repository by CERN
- ORCID—author identification
- CrossRef—DOI minting
- custom web app and Ruby bot



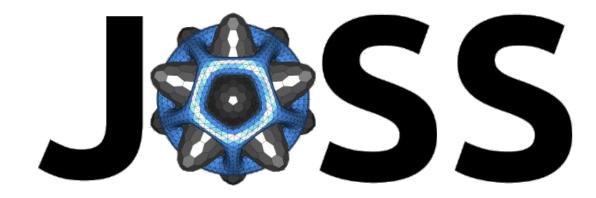
## JOSS sustainability model & licensing

- CrossRef membership \$275 /year
- CrossRef DOIs \$1 /article
- Heroku web hosting \$19 /month
- ▶ 1st year, ~\$6 / article



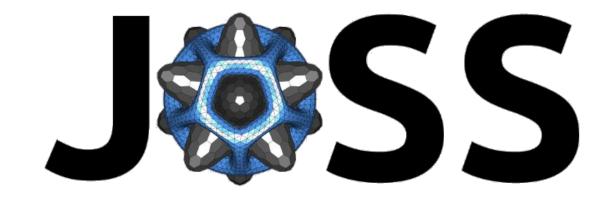
### JOSS peer-review process

- write article as paper.md file in code repo
- submit via web app and submission tool:
   code repo URL, author ORCID, metadata
- Pre-Review issue created; editor assigned.
- Editor finds reviewer, assigns, starts review.



## JOSS year 1: May 2016—May 2017

- ▶ 111 articles published, 41 under review
- median 32 days under review
- ▶ 93 unique reviewers



□ I confirm that I read and will adhere to the JOSS code of conduct

#### Submit software for review

☐ I certify that I am submitting software for which I am a primary author

#### Before you submit

Please make sure you've read the submission instructions before submitting. In particular please make sure there is a paper.md present in your repository that is structured like this. We promise this will make things go much more quickly during the review process \*

Title	Repository address				
What's the title of this paper?	What's the URL of your software?				
Software version	Suggested editor. View editors here »				
e.g. v1.0.0	Suggested editor \$				
Description					
Please give short (1-2 line) description of your software.					

① (	66 Open ✓ 357 Closed	Author ▼	Labels ▼	Projects <del>▼</del>	Milestones ▼	Assignee +	Sort <del>▼</del>
(!)	[REVIEW]: PlateReaderDataAnalyzer: a SAAS so reader collected data paused pending-major-enhance #381 opened on Aug 27 by whedon 10 of 18	cements review		h rates base	d on plate		Ç <b>9</b>
•	[REVIEW]: Histogram-weighted Networks for For Analysis in Neuroscience review #380 opened on Aug 26 by whedon 11 of 18		tion, Conne	ectivity and A	dvanced		<b>□</b> 7
•	[PRE REVIEW]: Finch: MinHashing for Sequenci Adaptive Filtering pre-review #378 opened on Aug 24 by whedon	ing Data with	Abundance	Calculation	and		<b>□</b> 11
(!)	[PRE REVIEW]: bikedata pre-review #375 opened on Aug 24 by whedon						₽ 8
(!)	[REVIEW]: dms2dfe: Comprehensive Workflow review #362 opened on Aug 12 by whedon 12 of 18	for Analysis	of Deep Mut	tational Scan	ning Data		Ç 9
(!)	[REVIEW]: prisonbrief: An R package that return review #361 opened on Aug 11 by whedon  0 of 18	ns tidy data f	rom the Wo	rld Prison Br	ief website		<b>₽</b> 7
(!)	[REVIEW]: ClimDown: Climate Downscaling in R						<b>□ 2</b>
•	[REVIEW]: Spectrum: Spectral Analysis in Pytho #348 opened on Aug 2 by whedon 2 18 of 18	on review					<b>□ 27</b>
•	[PRE REVIEW]: ELIXIR TeSS: The Training eSup #346 opened on Aug 1 by whedon	port System	pre-review				Ç <b>5</b>

JOSS was born to answer the needs of research software developers to thrive in the current merit traditions of science ...but we may have come upon a generalizable formula for digital science.

— article about JOSS, submitted

arXiv:1707.02264



## Free & Open-source Software (FOSS)

People can coordinate their work freely, within the confines of copyright law, while making access and wide distribution a priority.



### Open-source licenses:

It's not sufficient to make the source public to read. We must attach a **license** that allows others to modify and distribute the code.

- ▶ 92% of academics use research software
- ▶ 69% say that their research would not be practical without it
- ▶ 56% develop their own software
- ▶ 21% of those have no training in software development

S.J. Hettrick et al. (2014), *UK Research Software Survey* doi:10.5281/zenodo.14809



### Open-source licenses:

Everyone developing software in an academic setting should have working knowledge of software licenses.

#### Education

### A Quick Guide to Software Licensing for the Scientist-Programmer

#### Andrew Morin<sup>1</sup>, Jennifer Urban<sup>2</sup>, Piotr Sliz<sup>1</sup>\*

1 Department of Biological Chemistry and Molecular Pharmacology, Harvard Medical School, Boston, Massachusetts, United States of America, 2 Samuelson Law, Technology & Public Policy Clinic, School of Law, University of California Berkeley, Berkeley, California, United States of America

# Permissive vs. copy-left?

### Permissive licenses

- Fewest restrictions
- Allow use, distribution, modification
- Only require giving credit to code authors
- Best choice for academic use!
- e.g., Berkeley Software Distribution (BSD),
   MIT License, Apache License

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#### Conditions

#### Limitations

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Liability

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Modification

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Warranty

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http://choosealicense.com/licenses/gpl-3.0/

## License compatibility

Compatible licenses allow source code from different works to be combined to make new software. Not all licenses are compatible!

Backward compatible Upstream Forward compatible Downstream

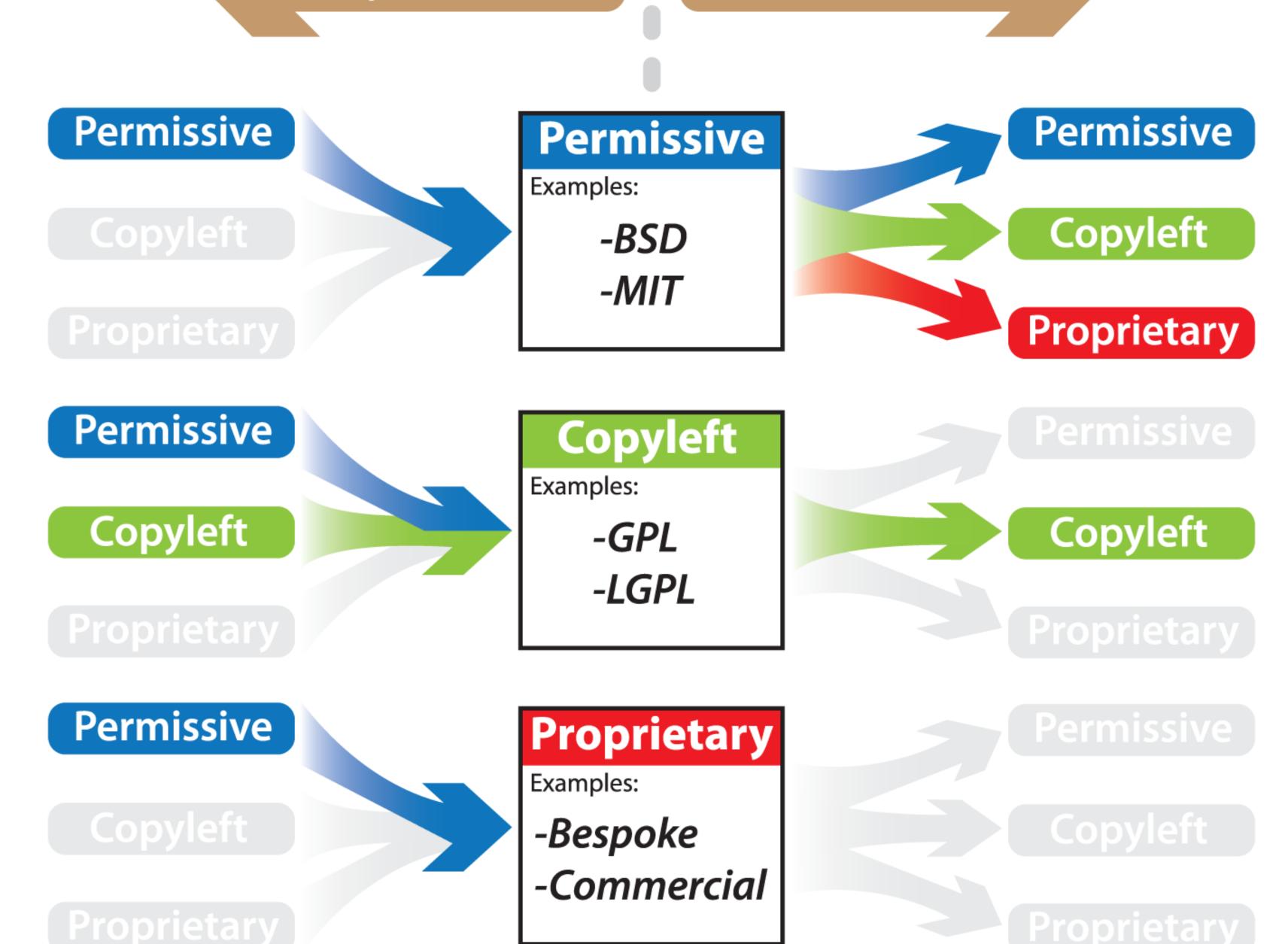
(2012)

al

et

Morin

Credit:



### How to choose?

For academic work: simple & permissive is best.

http://choosealicense.com/

### Subtlety: MIT vs. BSD 3-clause

#### MIT License:

"The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software."

#### BSD 3-clause:

"Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer."

### Bonus advice:

Write into your grant proposals that your research software will be released under an OSI-approved license.



## Check your bias

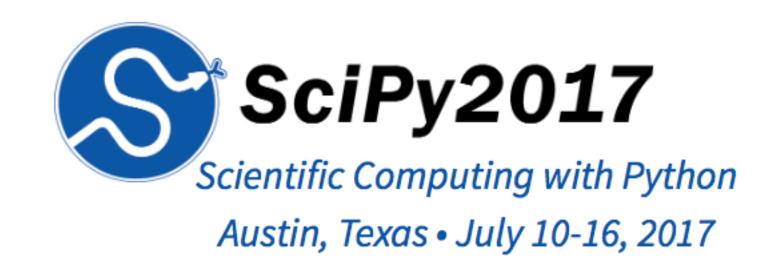
—known weakness of open review: it can disadvantage women and minorities, and researchers from institutions of lesser prestige, due to implicit bias.

Trends Pharmacol Sci. 2014 August; 35(8): 371–373. doi:10.1016/j.tips.2014.06.005.

### Threats to objectivity in peer review: the case of gender

Anna Kaatz<sup>1</sup>, Belinda Gutierrez<sup>1,2</sup>, and Molly Carnes<sup>1,2,3,4</sup>

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4552397/pdf/nihms715040.pdf



### SciPy 2017 Chair and Reviewer Guidelines

The Program Committee's job is to select the talks that maximize the benefit to the entire conference audience, within the space and time constraints given.

SciPy 2017 will implement a double-open review: authors and reviewers are known to each other. Area chairs will make acceptance decisions, informed by reviewer comments and conference schedule limits. The intention is to offer transparency in the process, building trust in the community. (There is also research attesting to higher quality in signed reviews, compared to anonymous reviews.)

But, research shows that peer review can suffer from implicit bias—just like the hiring processes—that disadvantages women, minorities and people from less-prestigious institutions. For this reason, we want to educate our reviewers about bias in the review process, and equip them with tools to interrupt this bias.

#### Bias in the review process

Human beings are consistently, routinely, and profoundly biased. We not only are profoundly biased, but we also almost never know we are being biased. (Interested?<sup>[1],[2]</sup>)



## What savvy open scholars know and do

