

SCOTT COUNTY

EXTENSION PLAN OF WORK

CALENDAR YEAR 1963

A. Agricultural Production, Management and Natural Resource Development

1. Situation and Trends

Agricultural income in Scott County is low due to several factors. Foremost among these are small farms, poor quality low producing cattle, poor management and limited capital.

46.7% of the 2,509 farms are classified commercial farms. The remaining 53.3% are either semi-retired or earn their major income off the farm. Of the 1,171 commercial farms 81.1% have sales of farm products less than \$2,500.00. Another 15% market between \$2,500.00 and \$5,000.00 worth of farm products. Only 3.9% of the full time farmers market over \$5,000.00 worth of farm products.

Total cattle numbers are declining. Dairy cows, sheep, hogs and poultry are declining in numbers. Beef steers and beef cows show a slight increase.

Farms are getting larger. Size of farms increased from 63.8 acres in 1954 to 78.6 acres in 1959.

Mechanization is increasing at an accelerated rate. Farm tractors increased 50% from 1954 to 1959. This trend is limited to some extent due to rugged terrain of much of the county. More cropland acres are being returned to pasture and more acres are laying idle or growing up in brush. Livestock and crop production is increasing slowly.

The small farmer is being squeezed harder than ever. He must increase in size, find some additional source of agricultural income or turn from the farm for his living.

The four major phases selected in this project area offer possibilities for these small farmers to supplement their income or help increase production of their present operation.

A MAJOR EMPHASIS - EDUCATIONAL PLAN

PROJECT AREA: AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, MANAGEMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

PHASE: Agronomy - Corn Silage, Calendar Year: 1963

The Situation:

The 1959 Agricultural Census shows only 10 farms grew corn for silage. This number has doubled since 1959. There are over 600 farms larger than 100 acres most of which produce either beef cattle or milk.

The Agronomy Committee feels many of these farms could use silage in their feeding program to produce these products more economically, thus increasing income.

The Specific Problem:

Too little high quality forage is being produced.

The Program Objective:

To increase farm income by use of corn silage.

TEACHING OBJECTIVES	SOURCE OF SUBJECT MATTER	METHODS	WHEN	BY WHOM
To assist farmers: 1. To understand the economic value of silage. 2. With location and planning silos including methods of handling & feeding. 3. With using recommended production practices.	V.P.I. Bulletin 232 - Silos and Silage V.P.I. Circular 871 - Corn for Silage V.P.I. Circular 615 - Grow More Feed with a Forage Plan Va. Ag. Exp. Station Bulletin 516 - Corn & Other Crops for Silage in Virginia. Ext. Service Bulletin MA 2 - Alfalfa & Corn Silage Information. V.P.I. Leaflet 145 - Good Forages--The Key to Dairy Profits. V.P.I. Leaflet 146 - Feeding Corn Silage in Beef Cattle Production	1. Conduct four community silo tours 2. Write monthly news article on advantages of silage feeding 3. Devote at least 1 radio program per month to advantages of silage and silage success stories. 4. Individual follow-up for those persons stating interest. 5. Request Vo-Ag. Instructors devote at least 1 class period to silage. 6. Plan silo tour. 7. Conduct silo tour featuring silos and silo filling methods.	February-March January-June January-June As necessary March August September	Agent and Agronomy Committee & related farmers Agents Agents Agents & Committee Vo-Ag Instructors Agent & Agronomy Committee

EVALUATION:

The number of silos constructed, the total acres grown for silage and the yield per acre will be used to evaluate this program.

A MAJOR EMPHASIS - ORGANIZATIONAL PLAN

PROJECT AREA: AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, MANAGEMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

PHASE: Forestry Committee, Calendar Year: 1963

The Situation:

63% of Scott County is covered with timber. This includes 187,700 acres of privately owned woodland and 30,917 acres in the Jefferson National Forest. In 1961 thirty-two landowners set 120,400 tree seedlings in a reforestation program. Landowners fail to realize the importance of their woodland areas. They allow too much undesirable growth, do a poor job of woodland management and are lagging in reforestation. There is a nearby market for pulpwood as well as saw timber and veneer logs.

The Specific Problem:

Lack of coordinated program to help farmers realize the maximum returns from woodland.

The Program Objective:

To organize a forestry committee which will plan a comprehensive forestry program.

ORGANIZATIONAL OBJECTIVES	SOURCE OF ASSISTANCE	METHODS	WHEN	BY WHOM
1. To organize a County Forestry Committee 2. To develop a comprehensive forestry program.	County Forest Warden Extension Foresters Va. Division of Forestry "Working with Committees" & "Leadership Development" Bulletin by D. R. Fessler.	1. Select prospective committeemen 2. Personal contact with each prospective member to discuss proposed committee. 3. Call meeting of selected committee. 4. Provide necessary information to committee on forestry situation, trends, etc. 5. Assist with developing and carrying out forestry program.	February March-April May May As planned by Committee	SCD Superv. County Forest Warden, Other Professional Agri. Workers Agents, SCD Supervisors, County Forest Warden Agent Agent Agent

EVALUATION:

Number of selected committeemen who participate in program planning and follow-up.

3. Other Fields of Work

- a. Beef cattle - improve quality, particularly sires.
- b. Hogs - increase feeder pig production.
- c. Agronomy - increase tobacco production and quality
 - increase alfalfa acreage and production
 - general crop production.
- d. Poultry
- e. Small fruits and vegetables

E. Marketing and Utilization of Agricultural Products

1. Situation:

The only market outlets of farm products in Scott County are four Burley Tobacco Warehouses. There are no processing plants using farm products.

Three companies pick up manufacture grade milk, one cooperative picks up Grade "A" milk, wool is sold cooperatively through a pool, livestock is sold through markets in surrounding counties and to buyers in the field. Tomatoes are marketed at a cannery nearby. Forest products including pulpwood, saw timber and veneer logs have a ready market either within the county or nearby.

2. No major emphasis plans have been developed in this program area for 1963.

3. Fields of Work

- a. Tobacco markets including preparing crops for market.
- b. Wool pool
- c. Feeder calf sale
- d. Feeder pig sale
- e. Surrounding markets and processors

C. Extension Home Economics

1. Situation and Trends

The average income per capita for Scott County families is \$822.00. Many homemakers are working to supplement the family income. This low income makes it increasingly necessary for all homemakers to become better managers of money, time and energy. Homemakers are making clothing for their families, doing their own decorating and trying to cut down on food bills.

There are eleven Home Demonstration Clubs in the county with two hundred twelve members. Potential membership is much higher. Workshops and special interest meetings are planned to help bring information to non-club members.

The five hundred twenty-five girl 4-H Club members are most interested in Clothing, House Furnishings and Foods and Nutrition projects.

A MAJOR EMPHASIS - EDUCATIONAL PLAN

PROJECT AREA: EXTENSION HOME ECONOMICS

PHASE: Clothing, Calendar Year: 1963

The Situation:

In the past, emphasis has been given to clothing construction. Interest is still high in construction but the need has shifted toward selection. The majority of homemakers want to spend less money, time and effort in keeping themselves and their families well-dressed. Three hundred sixty-two 4-H Club girls are taking clothing projects.

The Specific Problem:

All homemakers need help in wardrobe planning and selection. Young homemakers and girls need help in learning basic sewing skills. Mothers have less time to teach their children about clothing.

The Program Objective:

To teach basic sewing skills and wardrobe planning to girls and women.

TEACHING OBJECTIVES	SOURCE OF SUBJECT MATTER	METHODS	WHEN	BY WHOM
To teach homemakers and older 4-H Club girls how to select and accessorize a basic outfit.	Extension Bulletins Agent training by Specialist Material from pattern companies. 4-H project material.	Demonstration.	January	Agent
		Hat Selection and Construction workshops	February and March	Agent and Leaders
		Style Revue of hats and basic dresses. Radio and news articles	April	H.D. Club members & others attending workshops
		Training meeting for 4-H leaders and older girls taking Make or Remake project 4-H County Dress Revue	March April	Agent and personnel from local store Agent, Clothing Committee and leaders
To teach basic sewing techniques	Extension Bulletins 4-H project material	Encourage each 4-H Club member taking a Clothing project to have a well equipped sewing box and learn to use the sewing machine through project instruction at Club meetings	At beginning and throughout project January-April	Agent and leaders Agent and leaders

TEACHING OBJECTIVES	SOURCE OF SUBJECT MATTER	METHODS	WHEN	BY WHOM
To teach how to select and make a belt and sleeve.	Extension Bulletins. Pattern companies, professional books and magazines.	Club exhibits and judging of articles made by 4-H Club members. Exhibit at County Contest Day. Junior Contest in 4-H County Dress Revue. Conduct Adult Sewing workshops where needed. Demonstration and practice.	November & December January February March April June- August September	Agent and leaders Agent, leaders & clothing committee. Agent Agent

EVALUATION:

Participation in workshops and dress revues. Number of homemakers reporting help from program.
Completion of 4-H projects.

A MAJOR EMPHASIS - EDUCATIONAL PLAN

PROJECT AREA: EXTENSION HOME ECONOMICS

PHASE: Foods and Nutrition, Calendar Year: 1963

The Situation:

Homemakers have less time to devote to the planning and preparation of meals. Adults and children are eating too many empty calories. 700-900 families receive surplus foods. 322 4-H Club members are taking the Foods and Nutrition project.

The Specific Problem:

Homemakers need help in planning nutritional meals for different income and age levels. Adults and children need help in the selection of snack foods.

The Program Objective:

To raise the nutritional level of the county diet.

TEACHING OBJECTIVES	SOURCE OF SUBJECT MATTER	METHODS	WHEN	BY WHOM
To help people receiving surplus foods plan and prepare a better diet.	Extension Bulletins. Agent research.	Demonstrations Personal contacts	Times selected by Agent, Welfare Dept. Commodity Food Clerk March-December	Agent Foods and Nutrition Committee
To help homemakers plan diets for small families & families eating at irregular hours.	Material from Extension Specialist. Extension Bulletins	Demonstrations. Personal contact. Radio and news articles.	October & November	Agent and leaders
To encourage children to eat a varied diet and good snacks.	4-H Foods and Nutrition project--Today's Girl	4-H project instruction. Demonstrations & exhibits by Club members.	January-December	Agent and leaders

EVALUATION:

Participation of persons receiving surplus foods. Number of homemakers reporting help through the program.
Number of 4-H Club members completing project.

A MAJOR EMPHASIS - EDUCATIONAL PLAN

PROJECT AREA: EXTENSION HOME ECONOMICS

PHASE: Home Management, Calendar Year: 1963

The Situation:

Through the Home Electromation program, the Home Demonstration Agent and Power Company Home Economist are planning a program on laundry areas and use of the automatic washer and dryer. Thirty one 4-H Club girls are taking Electric projects.

Control of Household Insects presents a constant and recurrent problem for the homemaker.

Homemakers have not been given recent information on Care and Cleaning of Rugs, Upholstered Furniture, Wooden Floors and Furniture.

Interest in Consumer Education does not equal the need.

The Specific Problem:

Homemakers need instruction in the buying, use and care of household equipment. They need instruction in the use of household insecticides and approved practices for eliminating household pests.

The Program Objective:

To improve home management practices. To include consumer education information in all information presented.

TEACHING OBJECTIVES	SOURCE OF SUBJECT MATTER	METHODS	WHEN	BY WHOM
To bring information on use and care of washer and dryer to women and girls.	Extension Bulletins. Appliance Manufacturer. Electromation Fact Sheets.	Demonstration on washing and drying methods for newer appliances and materials. Electromation Sheets be given to all appliance dealers. Radio and newspaper information.	February or March March	Power Company Home Economist Appliance Demonstrator Agent Agent
To present information on use, care & buying of electrical equipment.	4-H project material. Electromation Fact Sheets.	4-H Electric workshops on Use and Care of Appliances.	July	Agent & Power Company Home Economist
To teach approved methods of controlling Household Insects	Extension Bulletins.	Leader training meeting & H.D. Club demonstration. Radio and newspaper information.	February & March	Ext. Specialist & leaders
To teach approved methods of care and cleaning of rugs, upholstered furniture, wood floors & wooden furniture.	Extension Bulletins. Specialist help to agent.	Demonstrations. Newspaper and radio.	April & May	Agent

TEACHING OBJECTIVES	SOURCE OF SUBJECT MATTER	METHODS	WHEN	BY WHOM
To teach how to buy household equipment and supplies.	Specialist help to agent. Extension Bulletins.	Include in all of the information presented.	All year.	Agent

EVALUATION:

Number of persons attending Special Interest Meetings.

Number of persons reporting help from information.

Number of girls completing Electric projects.

A MAJOR EMPHASIS - EDUCATIONAL PLAN

PROJECT AREA: EXTENSION HOME ECONOMICS

PHASE: House Furnishings, Calendar Year: 1963

The Situation:

Many homemakers have furnishings too large for their homes. They cannot afford to buy new furniture. They do not know how to select the best accessories for their rooms. Seventy-six 4-H Club girls are taking House Furnishings projects.

The Specific Problem:

Homemakers need help in furniture arrangement and selection of accessories.

The Program Objective:

Help homemakers make the best use of the furnishings they already have. Help them to acquire accessories that are artistically beautiful and suitable to the place used.

TEACHING OBJECTIVES	SOURCE OF SUBJECT MATTER	METHODS	WHEN	BY WHOM
To teach principles of furniture selection and arrangement.	Extension Specialist. Extension Bulletins 4-H project material.	Demonstration Personal contact 4-H project instruction.	June Continuous January- April	Leaders & Agent Agent & Leaders
To teach selection & use and making of House Furnishing Accessories. Pictures and rugs	Extension Specialist. Extension Bulletins.	Special Interest Meeting Demonstration.	January July & August	Specialist Agent & Leaders

EVALUATION:

Number of persons receiving and using information.

C. 3. Other Fields of Work

Housing

Family Economics

Marketing Crafts

Child Care and Family Relations

D. 4-H and Other Extension Youth Activities

1. Situation:

There are 884 Club members (359 boys, 525 girls) organized into 24 4-H Clubs in Scott County. These clubs are served by seventeen adult and sixteen junior leaders. The average age of club member is 12.4 years, the average tenure 2.1 years. There are three community clubs meeting out of school, the other clubs meet in school. These three clubs furnish most of the leadership for county events. The senior 4-H club members who stay in 4-H are active, interested members. They take part in contests and demonstrations and support the county council. During 1963, major emphasis will be given to strengthening the Honor Club and the senior 4-H program. The securing and training of leaders will also be emphasized.

School drop outs are a county problem. Children need to be helped in seeing the practical necessity for staying in school. The Home Demonstration Clubs decided to sponsor meetings at each high school on "Career Opportunities for Young People".

A MAJOR EMPHASIS - ORGANIZATIONAL PLAN

PROJECT AREA: 4-H AND OTHER EXTENSION YOUTH PROGRAMS

PHASE: 4-H Honor Club, Calendar Year: 1963

The Situation:

The Honor Club has thirty one active members. Eleven girls and four boys were taken into the club in December 1962. At this meeting the club members voted to meet four times a year.

The Specific Problem:

To help the 4-H Honor Club become more active.

The Program Objective:

To strengthen the senior 4-H program.

ORGANIZATIONAL OBJECTIVES	SOURCE OF ASSISTANCE	METHODS	WHEN	BY WHOM
To help the Honor Club become more active providing leadership for senior 4-H program.	4-H State Staff. Extension Bulletins.	Regular meetings of Honor Club with a planned educational and recreational program.	March June September December	County Staff and Leaders

EVALUATION:

Increased interest in senior 4-H program.

A MAJOR EMPHASIS - ORGANIZATIONAL PLAN

PROJECT AREA: 4-H AND OTHER EXTENSION YOUTH PROGRAMS

PHASE: 4-H Leadership, Calendar Year: 1963

The Situation:

Scott County has seventeen organizational leaders serving 884 club members. There are fifteen junior clubs meeting in school, six senior clubs meeting in school and three community clubs meeting at night.

The Specific Problem:

Lack of trained leadership both organizational and project.

The Program Objective:

To increase the effectiveness of the county 4-H program through adult volunteer leadership development.

ORGANIZATIONAL OBJECTIVES	SOURCE OF ASSISTANCE	METHODS	WHEN	BY WHOM
To secure leaders.	Present leaders Home Demonstration Clubs Bulletin 270 Leaders Handbook Club members	Select possible leaders Contact leaders	February and March	County Staff, Club Members, Present Leaders
To train leaders		Pre-planning meeting Hold training meetings with leaders. Continue individual training	February or March As necessary	County 4-H & State Staff, District Agents, County Staff & State Staff County Staff

EVALUATION:

Number of new leaders secured. Questionnaire to determine if leaders needs were met.

A MAJOR EMPHASIS - ORGANIZATIONAL PLAN

PROJECT AREA: 4-H AND OTHER EXTENSION YOUTH PROGRAMS

PHASE: Livestock Projects - Sheep Chain, Calendar Year: 1963

The Situation:

Sheep numbers in Scott County are declining. At present no 4-H members are conducting sheep projects. A sheep enterprise adapts itself to the type of farming in this area. Small sheep flocks could substantially increase the income of many small farms. A sheep chain offers a means of interesting 4-H Club members in sheep production.

The Specific Problem:

Lack of interest in sheep, a livestock enterprise well suited to most of the county.

The Program Objective:

To establish a 4-H sheep chain which will demonstrate to Club members and farmers to realize the value of a sheep enterprise.

ORGANIZATIONAL OBJECTIVES	SOURCES OF ASSISTANCE	METHODS	WHEN	BY WHOM
1. To establish a 4-H sheep chain.	1. Civic organizations.	1. Outline project with rules & regulations & cost to establish. 2. Secure sponsor. 3. Locate 1 recipient of project. 4. Select sheep. 5. Place with Club member. 6. Closely supervise project. 7. Report to sponsor 8. Publicize success!!	January February April-May May August Monthly September When	Asst. County Agent A.C. Agent Ext. Staff & Sponsor Comm. Ext. Agents Ext. Agents Ext. Agents Ext. Agents & Sponsor

EVALUATION:

The organization of a sheep chain will evaluate this plan in 1963. The sheep chain will in successive years be scored and project records will evaluate its operation.

A MAJOR EMPHASIS - ORGANIZATIONAL PLAN

PROJECT AREA: 4-H AND OTHER EXTENSION YOUTH PROGRAMS

PHASE: Career Opportunities for Young People, Calendar Year: 1963

The Situation:

Young people need to be informed about career opportunities available to them. School drop-outs in Scott County are very high.

The Specific Problem:

Many young people do not know what they want to do as a life work.

The Program Objective:

Encourage young people to stay in school. Provide them with factual information on careers available both through college and technical training.

ORGANIZATIONAL OBJECTIVES	SOURCE OF ASSISTANCE	METHODS	WHEN	BY WHOM
To stimulate interest in school officials (superintendent, principals and guidance teachers) in holding meetings in each high school on "Career Opportunities for Young People". To furnish technical information for young people not planning to go to college, as well as opportunities available to college youth	Extension Bulletins Help from Specialist	To hold 4 meetings on "Career Opportunities for Young People". Radio. Newspapers. 4-H Club Meetings	November	Extension Specialist Agents Agents

EVALUATION:

Attendance at meetings.

D. 4-H and Other Extension Youth Programs

4-H Projects

To be selected by Club members.

Group Activities

Share-the-Fun
Public Speaking
Dress Revue
Demonstration Contest
Baby Beef Show
Achievement Day
National 4-H Club Week.

Camps

Junior Camp
Senior Camp
Regional Resources Development Conference
Conservation Camp
All Star
Short Course
Leadership
Electric Congress

E. Community and Public Affairs

1. Situation:

Scott County is officially classified as an underdeveloped area under the Area Re-Development Act of 1961. It is combined with Lee and Wise Counties and the city of Norton in the development of an Overall Economic Development Program which has been approved. The ARA Committee in Scott County has done only limited work in this area.

A small pilot project of the Monsanto Chemical Company is operating at Dungannon, Virginia.

The town of Gate City is in the planning stages of a sewer system. There is, at present, no sewage disposal system in the county except for some of the new school buildings.

A MAJOR EMPHASIS - ORGANIZATIONAL PLAN

PROJECT AREA: COMMUNITY AND PUBLIC AFFAIRS

PHASE: Home and Community Beautification, Calendar Year: 1963

The Situation:

The Home Demonstration Clubs chose Home and Community Beautification as their program of work for the year. The following aims and objectives were selected for the program: Aim: To stimulate interest of all Club members and communities in making places of beauty of our homes, lawns, communities and highways. Objectives: 1. Plan educational program on good out-of-doors manners designed to eliminate litter on highways and in roadside areas. 2. Enlist aid of all civic groups in planning and carrying out community projects. 3. Cooperate in promoting a Dogwood Drive. 4. Start a campaign in the community to keep brush and weeds down; fence rows, vacant lots and alleys clean. 5. Plan a study of shrubs, trees and wildlife to encourage intelligent conservation practices. 6. Encourage Club members to beautify mail boxes with proper name and box number. A Home and Community Beautification Committee has been active since the summer of 1962. This Committee has been meeting with the District Highway Landscape Engineer discussing roadside beautification.

The Specific Problem:

To plan and carry out a program of Home and Community Beautification for the entire county.

The Program Objective:

To stimulate the interest and participation of the county people in making places of beauty of their homes, lawns, communities and highways. To give landscaping and gardening information where needed.

ORGANIZATIONAL LEADERSHIP	SOURCE OF ASSISTANCE	METHODS	WHEN	BY WHOM
To work with the Home and Community Beautification Committee & H.D. Federation Program of Work Chairman in: 1. Interesting all County agencies in a Highway Beautification Project. 2. Each H.D. Club carrying out a local beautification project. 3. Presenting latest information on control of garden insects and diseases.	Extension Specialist	Letters, personal contacts, Committee meetings	January February	Agent, Highway Landscape Engineer
	Garden Club Representatives, District Highway Landscape Engineer	Committee meeting of all agencies with Highway personnel	January- April	H.D. Agent & Home & Community Beautification Committee
	Extension Specialist Extension Bulletins Extension Specialist	Leader Training	February	Highway Landscape Engineer
	Extension Specialist	3 Special Interest Meetings	March	Leaders, Ext. Specialist

EVALUATION:

Beautification projects completed.

A MAJOR EMPHASIS - ORGANIZATIONAL PLAN

PROJECT AREA: COMMUNITY AND PUBLIC AFFAIRS

PHASE: Rural Areas Development, Calendar Year: 1963

The Situation:

Scott County is among Virginia's underdeveloped areas. The annual per capita income is \$822.00. The annual median family income is \$2,637.00. There is much unemployment and even more underemployment. Small farms and rugged terrain force many farmers to live on very small incomes. Over half of the farms in the county have an outside income greater than the farm income. 81.1% of the commercial farms have a gross annual income of less than \$2,500.00. 54.6% of all families have annual income of less than \$3,000.00.

The Specific Problem:

Low income and unemployment.

The Program Objective:

To organize a Rural Areas Development Committee which will provide coordinated effort and leadership in developing the human and natural resources of the county.

ORGANIZATIONAL OBJECTIVES	SOURCES OF ASSISTANCE	METHODS	WHEN	BY WHOM
1. Organize a RAD Committee	Civic organizations. Municipal Government	1. Select prospective RAD Committee members.	January	Agents & local leaders
2. Develop & follow through with a comprehensive RAD Program.	U.S.D.A. Agencies Farm organizations Merchants Professional men Women's Clubs Churches	2. Inform this group of objectives! 3. Call meeting of group & T.A.P. 4. Present situation. 5. Encourage group to form RAD Committee 6. Plan and conduct RAD program	February February February February	Agents C. Agents RAD Committee, Agents, T.A.P.

EVALUATION:

Formation of RAD Committee and results of their efforts.

A MAJOR EMPHASIS - EDUCATIONAL PLAN

PROJECT AREA: COMMUNITY AND PUBLIC AFFAIRS

PHASE: Rural Civil Defense, Calendar Year: 1963

The Situation:

Scott County has an active Civil Defense Unit. This Civil Defense Unit does not; however, meet the needs of informing the rural population of the proper preparation for a possible nuclear attack. The international situation makes it clear that this area must be given prompt attention.

The Specific Problem:

Lack of Rural Civil Defense Readiness.

The Program Objective:

To convince rural people that survival is possible and emphasize particularly survival of people, survival of livestock and protection of food, fuel and water.

TEACHING OBJECTIVES	SOURCES OF SUBJECT MATTER	METHODS	WHEN	BY WHOM
1. To convince rural people they can survive	1. Rural Defense Fact Sheets.	1. Information designed to stimulate interest will be used on radio & newspaper at intervals throughout the year.	Throughout the year	Extension Agents
2. To teach people how to survive.	2. U.S.D.A. Radiological Training Manual.			
3. To teach people how to recover from an attack.	3. HGB# 77 - "Family Food Stockpile for Survival"			
4. To stimulate people to safeguard themselves & their property.	4. F.B. 2107 - Radioactive Fallout on the Farm	2. Bulletins will be available at Ext. office & other locations preferably at laundromats	April-December	Ext. Agents, Laundromat owners
5. To cooperate with other groups with these objectives.	Other U.S.D.A. & Defense Dept. Bulletins. Dept. of Defense Bulletin H-1 - Emergency Sanitation at Home H-6 - Fallout Protection H-7 - Family Shelter Designs L-12 First Aid Emergency Kit L-18 Facts about Fallout Protection MP-1 Home Protection	3. HGB# 77 will be placed in each grocery order during one weekend. 4. Cooperate with Local Health Dept. & CD Unit in conducting Medical Self-Help Classes	April June	Ext. Agents & Grocery Store Employees. Ext. Agents Health Dept. CD Unit

EVALUATION:

Number of Bulletins distributed.

In December a random sample questionnaire will be sent to fifty persons in the county to determine if program succeeded in getting information to rural people.

E. 3. Other Fields of Work

- a. Scott County Fair
- b. Scott County Tobacco Festival
- c. Civic Clubs